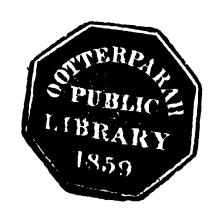
Act of Incorporation

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H.

## ACT OF INCORPORATION.

ACT NO. II OF 1857.

Passed on the 24th January.

An Act to establish and incorporate an University at Calcutta.

WHEREAS, for the better encouragement of Her Majesty's subjects of all classes and deno-Preamble. minations within the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal and other parts of India, in the pursuit of a regular and liberal course of education, it has been determined to establish an University at Calcutta, for the purpose of ascertaining by means of examination the persons who have acquired proficiency in different branches of Literature, Science, and Art, and of rewarding them by Academical Degrees as evidence of their respective attainments and marks of honor proportioned thereunto; and whereas, for effectiviting the purploses aforesaid, it is expedient that such University should be incorporated; It is enacted as follows (that is to **say**):--

Incorporation. | I. The following persons, namely, The Right Honorable Charles John Viscount Canning, Governor-General of India;

The Honorable JOHN RUSSELL COLVIN,
Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces;
The Honorable FREDERICK JAMES HALLIDAY,
Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal;

The Honorable SIR JAMES WILLIAM COLVILE, Knight, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Judicature in Bengal; The Right Reverend Daniel Wilson, Doctor of Divinity, Bishop of Calcutta; The Honorable George Anson, General, Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in India; The Honorable JOSEPH ALEXANDER DORIN, Member of the Supreme Council of India; The Honorable John Low, Major-General, Companion of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Member of the Supreme Council of India; The Honorable JOHN PETER GRANT, Member of the Supreme Council of India: The Honorable BARNES PEACOCK, Member of the Supreme Council of India; CHARLES ALLEN, Esquire, Member of the Legislative Council of India; HENRY RICKETTS, Esquire, Provincial Member of the Supreme Council of India; CHARLES BINNY TREVOR, Esquire, Judge of the Sudder Court in Bengal; Prince Gholam Muhammub; WILLIAM RITCHIE, Esquire, Advocate-General in Bengal; CECIL BEADON, Esquire, Secretary to the Government of India; Colonel HENRY GOODWYN, of the Bengal Engineers, Chief Engineer in Bengal; WILLIAM GORDON YOUNG, Esquire, Director of Public Instruction in Bengal; Lieutenant-Colonel WILLIAM ERSKINE BAKER, of the Bengal Engineers, Secretary to the Government of India; Lieutenant-Colonel Andrew Scott WAUGH, of the Bengal Engineers, Surveyor-General of India : KENNETH MACKINNON, Esquire. Doctor in Medicine; Hodgson Prait, Esquire, Inspector of Schools in Bengal; HENRY WALKER, Esquire. Professor of Anatomy and Physiology in the Medical College in Bengal: THOMAS THOMSON, Esquire, Doctor in Medicine.

Superintendent of the Botanical Gardens at Calcutta;

PREDERICK JOHN MOUAT, Esquire,
Doctor in Medicine and Fellow of the Royal College of
Surgeons;

Lieutenant WILLIAM NASSAU LEES, of the Bengal Infantry;

The Reverend WILLIAM KAY, Doctor of Divinity,

Principal of Bishop's College;
The Reverend ALEXANDER DUFF.

Doctor of Divinity;

THOMAS OLDHAM, Esquire,

Superintendent of the Geological Survey of India;

HENRY WOODROW, Esquire. Inspector of Schools in Bengal;

LEONIDAS CLINT, Esquire,

Principal of the Presidency College; PROSONNO COOMAR TAGORE,

Clerk, Assistant of the Legislative Council of India; RAMAPERSHAD ROY,

Government Pleader in the Sudder Court of Bengal;

The Reverend JAMES OGILVIE,

Master of Arts;

The Reverend Joseph Mullens,

Bachelor of Arts; Moulavy Muhammad Wujeeh,

Principal of the Calcutta Mudrasah;

ISWAR CHANDRA BIDYASAGAR,

Principal of the Sanscrit College of Calcutta;

RAMGOPAL GHOSE,

Formerly Member of the Council of Education;

ALEXANDER GRANT, Esquire,

Apothecary to the East India Company; HENRY STEWART REID, Esquire,

Director of Public Instruction in the North-Western Provinces.

being the first Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows of the said University, and all the persons who may hereafter become or be appointed to be Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, or Fellows as hereafter mentioned, so long as they shall continue to be such Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, or Fellows, are hereby constituted and declared to be one Body Politic and Corporate by the name of the University of Calcutta: and such Body Politic shall by such name have perpetual succession, and shall have a common seal; and by such name

shall sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, and answer and be answered unto, in every Court of Justice, within the territories in the possession and under the Government of the East India Company.

Power to hold and dispose of property.

Pose of property.

In law to take, purchase, and hold any property, moveable or immoveable, which may become vested in it for the purposes of the said University by virtue of any purchase, grant, testamentary disposition, or otherwise; and shall be able and capable in law to grant, demise, alien, or otherwise dispose of, all or any of the property, moveable or immoveable, belonging to the said University; and also to do all other matters incidental or appertaining to a Body Corporate.

III. The said Body Corporate shall consist of one Chancellor, one Vice-Chancellor, Constitution of Body and such number of ex-officio Corporate and of Senate. and other Fellows as the Governor-General of India in Council hath already appointed, or shall from time to time, by any order published in the Calcutta Gazette, hereafter appoint; and the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows for the time being shall constitute the Senate of the said University: Provided that, if any person being Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, or Fellow of the said University, shall leave India without the intention of returning thereto, his office shall thereupon become vacant.

IV. The Governor-General of India for the time being shall be the Chancellor of the said University, and the first Chancellor shall be the Right Honorable Charles John Viscount Canning.

V. The first Vice-Chancellor of the said University

Shall be Sir James William

Colvile, Knight. The office of

Vice-Chancellor shall be held for two years only; and the

Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated shall go out of

office on the first day of January, 1859. Whenever a

vacancy shall occur in the office of Vice-Chancellor of the

said University by death, resignation, departure from

India, effluxion of time, or otherwise, the Governor-General

of India in Council shall, by notification in the Calcutta

Gazette, nominate a fit and proper person, being one of the Fellows of the said University, to be Vice-Chancellor in the room of the person occasioning such vacancy: Provided that on any vacancy in the said office which shall occur by effluxion of time, the Governor-General of India in Council shall have power to re-appoint the Vice-Chancellor hereinbefore nominated or any future Vice-Chancellor to such office.

VI. The Lieutenant-Governor in Bengal and the North-Western Provinces, the Chief Fellows. Justice of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, or of any Court of Judicature hereafter to be constituted, to or in which the powers of the said Supreme Court may be transferred or vested, the Bishop of Calcutta and the Members of the Supreme Council of India, all for the time being, shall be ex-officio Fellows of the said University. The whole number of the Fellows of the said University, exclusive of the Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor for the time being, shall never be less than thirty; and whenever the number of the said Fellows, exclusive as aforesaid, shall by death, resignation, departure from India, or otherwise, be reduced below thirty, the Governor-General of India in Council shall forthwith, by notification in the Calcutta Gazette, nominate so many fit and proper persons to be Fellows of the said University as, with the then Fellows of the said University, shall make the number of such Fellows, exclusive as aforesaid, thirty. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the Governor-General of India in Council from nominating more than thirty persons to be Fellows of the said University, if he shall see fit.

VII. The Governor-General of India in Council may cancel the appointment of any person already appointed, or herelows may be cancelled.

The appointment of Felperson already appointed, or hereafter to be appointed, a Fellow of the University, and as soon as such order is notified in the Gazette, the person so appointed shall cease to be a

Fellow.

VIII. The Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows for Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows to superintend the affairs of the University. the time being shall have the entire management of and superintendence over the affairs, concerns, and property of the said

University; and in all cases unprovided for by this Act, it shall be lawful for the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows to act in such manner as shall appear to them best calculated to promote the purposes intended by the said University.

The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall have full power from time to time Bye-laws. to make and alter any bye-laws and regulations (so as the same be not repugnant to law or to the general object and provisions of the Act) touching the examination for Degrees and the granting of the same; and touching the examination for Honors and the granting of marks of Honor for higher proficiency in the different branches of Literature, Science, and Art; and touching the qualifications of the candidates for Degrees and the previous course of instruction to be followed by them, and the preliminary examinations to be submitted to by them; and touching the mode and time of convening the meetings of the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows; and, in general, touching all other matters whatever regarding the said University. And all such bye-laws and regulations when reduced into writing, and after the common seal of the said University shall have been affixed thereto, shall be binding upon all other persons, members of the said University, and all candidates for Degrees to be conferred by the same, provided such bye-laws and regulations shall have been first submitted to and shall have received the approval of the Governor-General of India in Council.

All questions which shall come before the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fel-Meetings of the Senate. lows, shall be decided [at a meeting of the Senate by the majority of the Members present; and the Chairman at any such meeting shall have a vote, and in cases of an equality of votes, a second or casting No question shall be decided at any meeting, unless the Chancellor or Vice-Chancellor, and five Fellows, or in the absence of the Chancellor and Vice-Chancellor, unless six Fellows at the least, shall be present at the time of the decision. At every meeting of the Senate, the Chancellor, or in his absence the Vice-Chancellor, shall preside as Chairman; and, in the absence of both, a Chairman shall be chosen by the Fellows present, or the major part of them.

X. The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows,
- for the time being shall have full
Appointment and remopower from time to time to ap-

of Examiners and point, and, as they shall see occasion, to remove all Examiners,

Officers, and servants of the said University.

YI. The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows, shall have power, after examination, to confer Degrees of Bachelor of Arts, Master of Arts, Bachelor of Laws, Licentiate of Medicine, Doctor of Medicine, and Master of Civil Engineering; they shall also have power, after examination, to confer upon the candidates for the said several Degrees, marks of honor for a high degree of proficiency in the different branches of Literature, Science, and Art, according to rules to be determined by the bye-laws to be from time to time made by them under the power in that behalf given to them by this Act.

XII. Except by special order of the Senate, no person

Qualification for admission of candidates for Degrees.

shall be admitted as a candidate for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts, Master of Arts, Bachelor of Laws, Licentiate of Medicine,

Doctor of Medicine, or Master of Civil Engineering, unless he shall present to the said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows, a certificate from one of the Institutions authorized in that behalf by the Governor-General of India in Council, to the effect that he has completed the course of instruction prescribed by the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows of the said University, in the bye-laws to be made by them under the power in that behalf given by this Act.

XIII. The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows
Examination for Degrees.

Shall cause an examination for Degrees to be held at least once in every year; on every such examination, the candidates shall be examined either by Examiners appointed for the purpose from among the Fellows by the said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows, or by other Examiners so to be appointed; and on every such examination, the candidates, whether candidates for an ordinary Degree or for a Degree with honors, shall be examined on as many subjects and in such manner as the said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall appoint.

Crant of Degrees.

Grant of Degr

XV. The said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows shall have power to charge such Fees. reasonable fees for the Degrees to be conferred by them, and upon admission into the said University and for continuance therein, as they, with the approbation of the Governor-General of India in Council, shall from time to time see fit to impose. Such fees shall be carried to one General Fce Fund for the payment of expenses of the said University, under the directions and regulations of the Governor-General of India in Council, to whom the accounts of income Annual Accounts. and expenditure of the said University shall once in every year be submitted for such examination and audit as the said Governor-General of India in Council may direct.

## ACT NO. XLVII OF 1860. Passed on the 6th October.

An Act for giving to the Universities of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay the power of conferring Degrees in addition to those mentioned in Acts II, XXII, and XXVII of 1857.

Whereas it is expedient to give to the Universities of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay,

Preamble. established under Acts II, XXII, and XXVII of 1857, the power of conferring Degrees

other than the Degrees in that Act expressly provided for; it is enacted as follows:—

I. It shall be competent to the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows of the Uni-Power of Universities to versities of Calcutta, Madras or confer Degrees. Bombay, respectively, to confer such Degrees and to grant such Diplomas or Licenses in respect of Degrees, as the said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows of any such University shall have appointed or shall appoint by any bye-laws or regulations made and passed or to be made or passed by them in the manner. provided in the said Acts, and submitted to and approved by the Governor-General in Council as far as regards the University of Calcutta, or by the Governor in Council of Madras or Bombay as regards the Universities of Madras and Bombay respectively.

II. All the provisions contained in the said Acts II,

Construction.

XXII, and XXVII of 1857,
with respect to the Degrees therein mentioned, and to the examinations for those Degrees,
shall apply to any Degrees which may be conferred under
this Act and to the examinations for such Degrees.

#### ACT NO. XXI OF 1875.

Received the assent of the Governor-General on the 14th
December 1875.

An Act to authorize the University at Calcutta to grant Honorary Degrees.

Whereas, under Act No. II of 1857, an University was established at Calcutta for the purpose of ascertaining by examination the persons who had acquired proficiency in different branches of Literature, Science, and Art, and of rewarding them by Academical Degrees as evidence of their respective attainments: and by section eight of the same Act the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows for the time being of the said University were empowered to make bye-laws and regulations touching the examination for such Degrees and the granting of the same;

And whereas, by section eleven of the same Act, it was provided that the said Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows should have power after examination to confer the

several Degrees therein mentioned;

And whereas, under Act No. XLVII of 1860, the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and Fellows for the time being of the said University were empowered to confer such Degrees as they should appoint by bye-laws and regulations made and approved as therein mentioned; and all the provisions of the said Act No. II of 1857 with respect to the Degrees therein mentioned, and the examination of those Degrees were declared to apply to Degrees conferred under the said Act No. XLVII of 1860, and to the examinations for such Degrees;

And whereas, under bye-laws and regulations made in exercise of the said powers, the executive government of the said University is now vested in a Syndicate consisting of the Vice-Chancellor and six of the Fellows of the said University; and it is the duty of the said Syndicate (among other things) to grant Academical Degrees;

And whereas it is expedient to authorize the said Syndicate to grant such Degrees to persons who have not undergone a previous examination; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Power to confer Honorary Degrees.

The said Syndicate for the time being may grant any Academical Degree to any person without

Provided that the said Vice-Chancellor, and not less than four of the other members of the said Syndicate for the time being, certify in writing that in his and their opinion such person is, by reason of eminent position and attainments, a fit and proper person to receive such Degree.

# III.

## BYE-LAWS.

#### THE SENATE.

1. The Senate,\* as constituted by Act No. II of 1857, shall meet ordinarily once a year, on the third Saturday in April,† and at other times when convened by the Vice-Chancellor.

2. The Vice-Chancellor shall convene a meeting of the

Senate on the requisition of any six of the members.

3. Nine Members of the Senate shall constitute a quorum, and all questions shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the Members present.

#### THE FACULTIES.

1. The Senate shall be divided into four Faculties, namely, Arts, Law, Medicine, and Engineering. Every Member of the Senate may be a Member of one Faculty at least, and any Member of the Senate may be a Member of more than one Faculty.

2. The Faculties shall be appointed by the Senate at its

Annual Meeting.

3. Each Faculty shall elect its own President. Every Meeting of a Faculty shall be convened by its President, or, in his absence, by the Senior Fellow belonging to that Faculty.

- 4. If any Faculty omit to elect a President before the Annual Meeting of the Senate, or, in case the office should become vacant during the year, to elect a President for the rest of the year within one month after the vacancy occurs, the Vice-Chancellor may appoint any Member of such Faculty to be its President.
- By the 8th Section of Act No. II of 1857, the Senate have power to make and alter Bye-laws and Regulations, subject to the approval of the Governor-General of India in Council.

† The Syndicate have power to alter all dates.

5. Three Members of any Faculty shall constitute a quorum of the Faculty.

#### THE SYNDICATE.

1. The Executive Government of the University shall be vested in a Syndicate consisting of the Vice-Chancellor and six of the Fellows, who shall be elected for one year by the several Faculties, in the following proportions:—

Three by the Faculty of Arts.
One by the Faculty of Law.
One by the Faculty of Medicino.
One by the Faculty of Engineering.

- 2. The elections, both of the Presidents of the Faculties and of the Members of the Syndicate, shall take place before the Annual Meeting of the Senate, and the names of the persons elected shall be declared at such Meeting.
- 3. The Syndicate shall meet ordinarily once a month, and at other times when convened by the Vice-Chancellor.
- 4. All Members of the Syndicate must be resident in or near Calcutta. If any Member be temporarily absent from Calcutta, the President of his Faculty may appoint a Member to officiate during his absence. Should the period of absence exceed three months, the Vice-Chancellor may declare his place vacant.
- 5. On every vacancy in the Syndicate, caused by death, resignation, absence from Calcutta, or otherwise, the Faculty, by whom the Member causing the vacancy was elected, shall proceed to elect a new Member for the remainder of the current year.
- 6. If any Faculty omit to elect a Member of the Syndicate within one month after a vacancy occurs, the Vice-Chancellor may appoint one from among the Members of that Faculty.
- 7. Four Members of the Syndicate shall constitute a quorum, and all questions shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the Members present.
  - 8. The Vice-Chancellor, or, in his absence, the Senior\*
- The ex-officio Fellows of the University are always the Senior Fellows in order of official precedence. The seniority of the other Fellows mentioned in the Act of Incorporation is according to the order in which their names appear there. The seniority of all other Fellows is according to the date and order of their appointment.

Fellow present shall preside at all Meetings of the Syndicate, and if the votes, including that of the President, are equally divided, the President shall have a casting vote.

9. It shall be the duty of the Syndicate to appoint, and if necessary to remove, the Examiners and all other officers of the University, except the Registrar; to order examinations in conformity with the Regulations, and to fix the times at which they shall be held; to grant Degrees, Honors, and Rewards; to keep the Accounts of the University; and to correspond on the business of the University with the Government and all other authorities and persons.

10. During the year, between the Annual Meetings of the Senate, the Syndicate may appoint any Member of the Senate to any one or more of the Faculties, and may

transfer any Member from one Faculty to another.

11. The Syndicate shall from time to time frame such Bye-laws and Regulations as may be necessary, subject to the approval of the Senate. Each Faculty shall report on any subject that may be referred to it by the Syndicate.

12. Any Faculty, or any Member or number of Members of the Senate, may make any recommendation to the Syndicate, and may propose any Bye-law or Regulation for

the consideration of the Syndicate.

- 13. The decision of the Syndicate on any such recommendation or proposition, or any matter whatever, may be brought before the Senate by any Member of the Senate at one of its Meetings, and the Senate may approve, revise or modify any such decision, or may direct the Syndicate to review it.
- ·14. No question shall be considered by the Senate that has not, in the first instance, been considered and decided on by the Syndicate.

#### THE REGISTRAR.

1. The Registrar shall be appointed by the Senate at the Annual Meeting. He shall be appointed for two years only, but at the end of every such term he may be re-appointed. The term of office of the Registrar shall commence on the first day of May next following his election. If a vacancy occur in the office of Registrar between

two Annual Meetings of the Senate, the Syndicate shall appoint a person to officiate until the next first day of

May.

2. It shall be competent to the Syndicate at their discretion to grant leave of absence for short periods to the Registrar, when such leave can be granted without public inconvenience or extra expense. It shall also be competent to the Syndicate once during the Registrar's two years' tenure of office to grant him leave of absence on medical certificate, without forfeiture of salary, for a period not exceeding three months; provided that a satisfactory arrangement can be made without extra expense for the discharge of the Registrar's duties during his absence. Should it be necessary for the Registrar, after enjoying one such leave of absence, to be absent a second time (otherwise than for a short period as already provided.) or should it be necessary for the Registrar at any time to be absent for more than three months, or to proceed to Europe, the office of Registrar shall thereupon become vacant.

3. The Registrar shall be the custodian of the Records, Library, Common Scal, and such other property of the University as the Syndicate shall commit to his charge.

4. All meetings of the Senate, the Syndicate, and the Faculties shall be convened through the Registrar, who shall keep a record of the proceedings of such meetings.

# IV. REGULATIONS.

### ARTS.

#### ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

1. The Entrance Examination shall commence annually at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, (the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year,) and shall be held in Calcutta and in such other places\* as shall from time to time be appointed by the Syndicate.

2. Any person, wherever he shall have been educated,

may be admitted to the Entrance Examination.

- 3. Every candidate for admission to the Entrance Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, either to the Registrar or to a local officer recognised by the Syndicate. Every such application must reach the office of the Registrar at least thirty days before the date fixed for the commencement of the examination.
- 4. A fee of ten rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar or to a local officer recognised by the Syndicate. A candidate who fails to pass or to present himself for the Examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Entrance Examinations on payment of a like fee of ten rupees on each occasion.
- 5. The Entrance Examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers, the same papers being used at every place at which the examination is held.

\* The following places have already been appointed:—
Hoogly, Berhampore, Kishnaghur, Dacca, Chittagong, Gauhati, Sylhet, Cuttack. Bhaugulpore, Patna. Bancoorah, Benares, Agra, Delhi, Bareilly, Ajmere, Lahore, Lucknow, Colombo, Kandy, Burrisaul, Simla, Peshawar, Darjeeling, Nagpore, Ranchee, Sehore, Musscorie, Jubbulpore, Rangoon, Allahabad, Sibsagar, Batticaloa, Indore, Midnapore, Rampore Baulia, Nowgong, Dhubri.

6. At the Entrance Examination, every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects:—

#### I.-LANGUAGES.

English; and one of the following languages:-

Greek. Bengali.
Latin. Oorya.
Arabic. Hindi.
Persian. Urdu.
Hebrew. Burmese.
Sanskrit. Armenian.
Pali.

Any other language may be added to this list by the Syndicate. Sentences in each language in which the candidate is examined shall be given for translation into the other language,

The papers in each language shall include questions on Grammar and Idiom.

#### III .- HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.

The outlines of the History of England and of the History of India. The Elements of Physical Geography, as in Blanford's Physical Geography. Chapters I, II, III, VIII, IX, and so much of general Geography as is required to elucidate the Histories.

The Historical Text-books will be fixed from time to time by the

Syndicate. (See Appendix B.)

#### III.—MATHEMATICS.

#### Arithmetic.

The four Simple Rules; Vulgar and Decimal Fractions; Reduction; Practice; Proportion; Simple Interest; Extraction of the Square Root.

#### Algebra.

The four Simple Rules; Proportion; Simple Equations; Extraction of Square Root; Greatest Common Measure; Least Common Multiple.

#### Geometry and Mensuration.

The first four Books of Euclid, with easy deductions. The mensuration of plane surfaces, including the theory of surveying with the chain, as in Todhunter's Mensuration, Chapters I to VIII and X to XV inclusive, and Chapters XLIV to XLVII inclusive.

7. At such time as the Syndicate shall determine, (the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year,) the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in three divisions, each in alphabetical order, with a column showing the age stated

by each candidate in his application. Every successful candidate shall receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

#### FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

1. The First Examination in Arts shall commence annually at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, (the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year,) and shall be held in Calcutta and in such other places\* as shall from time to time be appointed by the Syndicate.

2. Any undergraduate of the University may be admitted to this Examination, provided he has prosecuted a regular course of study in any affiliated institution for not less than two academical years after passing the Entrance

Examination.

- 3. Every candidate for admission shall send his application with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, either to the Registrar or to a local officer recognised by the Syndicate. Every such application must reach the office of the Registrar at least thirty days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.
- 4. A fee of twenty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall thave paid this fee to the Registrar or to the local officer recognised by the Syndicate. A candidate who fails to pass or to present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to any one or more subsequent First Examinations in Arts on payment of a like fee of twenty rupees on each occasion, provided he produces a certificate from the head of an affiliated institution showing that he has prosecuted a regular course of study for six months since the date of the last examination to which he was admitted.
- 5. The First Examination in Arts shall be conducted by means of printed papers, the same papers being used at every place at which the Examination is held.

The following places have already been appointed:—
Hooghly, Berhampore, Kishnaghur, Dacca, Patna, Benares, Agra,
Delhi, Bareilly, Ajmere, Lahore, Lucknow, Colombo, Simla, Darjeeling, Schore, Allahabad, Mussoorie, Cuttack, Chittagong, Jubbulpore,
Batticaloa, Indore, Midnapore, Rampore Baulia, Nowgong,
Rangoon, Nagpur.

† The Syndicate have power to make exceptions to this rule in

favour of Deputy Inspectors of Schools and Schoolmasters.

- At the First Examination in Arts every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects:-
  - I.—Languages.

II.—History.

III.—Mathematics—Pure and Mixed.

IV.—Logic.

V.—One of the following to be selected by the candidate:—

(a) Psychology.

(b) The Chemistry of the Metalloids.

#### I.—LANGUAGES.\*

English: and one of the following languages:-

Greek. Latin. Sanskrit. Hebrew. Arabic. Persian. Pali.

Any other classical language may be added to this list by the Syndicate. Sentences in each language in which the candidate is examined shall be given for translation into the other language

The papers in each language shall include questions on Grammar

and Idiom.

#### II.—HISTORY.

Ancient History.

The Historical questions shall include questions relating to the geography of the countries to which they refer.

The text-books will be fixed from time to time by the Syndicate.

(See Appendix B.)

#### III,-MATHEMATICS-PURE AND MIXED.

#### Arithmetic.

#### Algebra.

(The following in addition to the subjects at Entrance):—

Quadratic Equations; Proportion and Variation; Permutations and Combinations; Arithmetical and Geometrical Progressions; the Binomial Theorem; Simple and Compound Interest; Discount; Annuities; the nature and use of Logarithms.

#### Geometry.

(The following in addition to the subjects at Entrance):— The sixth book of Euclid; the eleventh Book to Prop. XXI. deductions.

 The Examination in languages will be such as to test a lower degree of competency than what is required for the B. A. Degree,

#### Plane Trigonometry.

As far as the Solution of Triangles.

#### Mechanics.

Composition and Resolution of Forces; Equilibrium of Forces at a point in one plane; the Mechanical Powers; and Centre of Gravity.

IV.—Logic.

Deductive Logie, as in Fowler (Clarendon Press Series).

V.

One of the following to be selected by the candidates:—

- (a) Psychology, as in Reid's Inquiry, or in Abercrombie's-Intellectual Powers.
  - (b) Chemistry of the Metalloids, as in Rosece.
- 7. At such time as the Syndicate shall determine, (the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year,) the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in three divisions, the first in order of merit, and the second and third in alphabetical order. Every candidate shall on passing receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

#### BACHELOR OF ARTS.

1. An Examination for the Degree of B. A. shall be held annually in Calcutta and Agra, and shall commence at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, (the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year.)

2. Any undergraduate of the University may be admitted to the Examination, provided he has prosecuted a regular course of study in any affiliated institution / r not less than two academical years after passing the First Examination in Arts.†

- 3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least thirty days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.
- 4. A fee of thirty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No caudidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations for the

Including experimental illustrations.

† The Syndicate has power to make exceptions to this rule in favour of Deputy Inspectors of Schools and Schoolmasters.

Degree of B. A. on payment of a like fee of thirty rupees on each occasion, provided he produces a certificate from the head of an affiliated institution showing that he has prosecuted a regular course of study for six months since the date of the last examination to which he was admitted.

5. The Examination for the Degree of B. A. shall be

conducted by means of printed papers.

6. At the Examination for the Degree of B. A., every candidate shall be examined in either of the two following courses, marked A. and B.:—

#### A

#### I.-LANGUAGES.

English; and one of the following languages:-

Greek. Latin. Sanskrit. Hebrew. Arabic. Persian. Pali.

Any other classical language may be added to this list by the Syndicate.

Passages in each of the languages in which a candidate is examined shall be given for translation into the other language.

#### II.-MIXED MATHEMATICS.

#### Mechanics.

The general laws of Motion; the motion of a falling body in free space and along an inclined plane.

Hydrostatics, Hydraulies, and Pneumatics.

Elementary propositions respecting the nature, transmission, and intensity of fluid pressure; the condition of equilibrium of floating bodies; nature and simple properties of elastic fluids and the pressure produced by them; specific gravity and the modes of determining it; the Barcmeter; Air-pump; Common pump; Forcing pump; Siphon; Diving-bell; Thermometer.

#### Astronomy.

Descriptive (as distinguished from Practical and Physical)
Astronomy; the Solar System; Phenomena of Eclipses.

#### III and IV.

Two of the following three subjects marked (a), (b), and (c) to be selected by the candidate:—

(a)

- 1. Mental Philosophy, Hamilton's Lectures.
  - 2. Moral Philosophy as in Fleming,

or

Butler's Analogy, Part I. Dissertation on Virtue. Sermons, I, II, III,

or

Logic, as in Fowler's Inductive Logic.

(b)

1. History of England, Green's Short History of the English people.

2. History of India during the Hindu, Muhammadan, and British periods down to 1835,

and

3. Arnold's Lectures on Modorn History,

01

Mill on Representative Government,

OT

The History of the Jews, from the beginning of the Monarchy to the Destruction of Jerusalem by Titus.

The historical text-books will be fixed from time to time by the Syndicate. (See Appendix B.)

1. Algebra ... as laid down in the Course 2. Plane Trigonometry ... as laid down in the Course for Honors.

В.

I.—English.

II.—Mathematics, as (II) of the (A) Course.

III.—Inorganic Chemistry, as in Rosece.

IV.—Physical Geography, and one of the following to be selected by the candidate:—

- (d) Acoustics ... Thermotics ... Optics ... as in Ganet.

  Magnetism ... Electricity ...
- (e) General Physiology, Animal Physiology, Zoology.

(f) General Physiology. Vegetable Physiology, Botany.

- (g) Geology.
  Mineralogy.
  Palæontology.
- 7. At such time as the Syndicate shall determine, (the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year,) the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in three divisions, the first in order of merit, and the second and third in alphabetical order.

## REGULATIONS FOR THE EXAMINATIONS OF FEMALE CANDIDATES.

#### GENERAL.

1. Female candidates shall be examined in a separate

place under the superintendence of ladies.

2. No female candidate shall be admitted to any examination without presenting a certificate in the form to be prescribed by the Syndicate, signed by a member of the Senate, or the head of an affiliated institution.

3. In all examinations, the fees paid by female candi-

dates shall be the same as those paid by males.

4. No unsuccessful candidate shall be entitled to a refund of her fee.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS OF FEMALE CANDIDATES.

- 1. The Entrance Examination shall be the same for females as for males.
  - F. A. Examination of Female Candidates.
- 1. Female candidates may be admitted to this examination without studying in an affiliated institution. No candidate, however, shall be allowed to present herself for this examination until two years have elapsed from the time of her passing the Entrance Examination.
- 2. Every female candidate shall be allowed to take up the subject prescribed by the University of Calcutta for the F. A. Course, with the option of substituting French, German, Italian, or an Indian Vernacular for the second language.

3. Female candidates shall also be allowed to substitute Botany for the subjects included in the second Mathema-

tical paper in the F. A. Examination.

B. A. Examination of Female Candidates.

1. Female candidates may be admitted to this examination without studying in any affiliated institution. But no candidate shall be allowed to present herself for this examination until two years have elapsed from the time of her passing the F. A. Examination.

2. Female candidates shall also be allowed to take up the subjects prescribed by the University of Calcutta for the B. A. Course, with the option of substituting French, German, Italian, or an Indian Vernacular for the second language.

- Female candidates shall also be allowed to substitute Political Economy for the Mathematical subjects in this examination.
- The names of those female candidates who may succeed in passing the B. A. Examination shall be submitted to the Senate every year before the convocation, with a view to their being admitted to the degree of Bachelor of Arts.

#### HONORS IN ARTS.

- Examinations for Honors in Arts shall be held annually in Calcutta, commencing at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year.
- Any candidate who passes the B. A. Examination within four academical years from the date of his passing the Entrance Examination, may, at the Honor Examination next ensuing, or at that of the following year, be examined for Honors in one or more of the following branches:-
  - (1.) Languages.

- (2.) History(3.) Mental and Moral Philosophy.
- (4.) Mathematics—Pure and Mixed.
- (5.) Natural and Physical Science.
- A fee of rupees fifty shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee.
- Every candidate for Honors shall intimate to the Registrar the subject or subjects in which he desires to be examined. Such intimation must reach the office of the Registrar at such time as the Syndicate shall determine. (the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year.)
- Honors in languages shall be awarded in Latin, in Greek, in Sanskrit, in Arabic, in Persian, in Hebrew, and also in English for candidates whose vernacular language is not English.

The subjects in languages shall be selected by the Syndicate two years before the Examination.

The Examination shall include translation into English from the language professed by the candidate, and into that language from English.

It shall also include written answers by the candidate in English to questions relating to the books selected for the Examination.

It shall also include questions on Comparative Grammar, with

special reference to the language professed by the candidato.

Every candidate shall be required to write an Essay in English on a subject connected with the History or Literature of the language professed by him.

- 6. Candidates for Honors in History shall be examined in the following subjects:—
- (a) History of a stated period (in modern times,) including political and personal events, manners, and literature.

(b) Constitutional History of England, as in Hallam.(c) History of Modern Civilization, as in Guizot.

(d) Political Economy.

(e) Taylor's Historical Evidence (Transmission of Ancient

Books).

The examination in History shall include such questions on Geography and Ethnography as the subjects suggest. The candidates shall be required to write an Essay in English on a historical subject.

7. Candidates for Honors in Mathematics shall be examined in the following subjects:—

Algebra, including the Theory of Equations.

Analytical Geometry, plane and solid.

Differential and Integral Calculus.

Spherical Trigonometry.

Statics.

Dynamics.

Hydrostatics, Hydraulics, and Pneumatics.

Optics.

Astronomy.

(See Appendix B.)

8. Candidates for Honors in Natural and Physical Science shall be examined in the following subjects:—

Mill's Logic, Books III and IV.

And in one of the following Sciences. A general acquaintance with the subjects enumerated in brackets, treated as subordinate to the chief subject, and as far as they are necessary to the comprehension of the latter, is also expected.

(a) Zoology.
[Comparative Anatomy and Physiology, Organic Chemistry, Palæontology, and Physical Geography.]

(b) Botany.

[Botanic Physiology, Organic Chemistry, Palæobotany, and Physical Geography.]

(c) Geology.
[Physical Geography, Chemistry, Mineralogy, and Palæentology.]

(d) Mineralogy.
[Chemistry, Optics, Crystallography, Petrology, Mineralogy, and Technology.]

- (e) Physics, viz., Heat, Electricity, and Magnetism. [Chemistry.]
- 9. Candidates for Honors in Mental and Moral Philosophy shall be examined in the following subjects:—

Logic.

Mental Philosophy.
Moral Philosophy.
History of Philosophy.

History of Philosophy.

Also in one of the following subjects, to be selected by the candidate:—

(a) Natural Theology.

(b) Elements of Jurisprudence.

- (c) Evidences of Revealed Religion, as in Butler's Analogy and Paley's Evidences.
- 10. As soon as possible after each Examination for Honors, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in three divisions, each in the order of merit. Candidates shall be bracketed together, unless the Examiners are of opinion that there is clearly a difference in their merits.
- 11. The candidate who shall be placed first in the first division in each branch shall receive a Gold Medal and a prize of books to the value of one hundred rupees; and the second student of the first class in each branch shall receive a Silver Medal, and a prize of books to the value of one hundred rupees.

#### EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF M. A.

- 1. Every Bachelor of Arts who has obtained Honors in Arts shall be entitled to the Degree of Master of Arts without further examination or fee.
- 2. Any Bachelor of Arts may, on sending to the Registrar (at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year) an application (specifying the branch in which he desires to be examined), with a certificate of having passed the Examination for the Degree of B. A., and on payment of a fee of fifty rupees, be admitted to the Honor Examination in any branch in view to obtaining the Degree of M. A.

8. If a candidate fail to pass the Examination, the fee shall not be returned to him. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations on payment of a

like fee of fifty rupees on each occasion.

- 4. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates, arranged in alphabetical order. Each successful candidate shall receive with his Degree of M. A. a certificate setting forth the branch in which he was examined.
- 5. Any Master of Arts may, on payment of a fee of fifty rupees, be admitted to the M. A. Examination in any branch other than that in which he was previously examined, and may, if his attainments come up to the standard prescribed for the Degree of M. A, be granted a certificate to that effect. A candidate who fails to pass, or to present himself for examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of his fee.

#### BACHELOR IN LAW.

1. An Examination for the Degree of Bachelor in Law shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year.

2. Any Graduate of the University may be admitted to the Examination, provided that he has prosecuted a regular course of study in a school of law recognized by the Syndicate for not less than three academical years, two of which

shall be after passing the B. A. Examination.

- 3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least thirty days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.
- 4. A fee of thirty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate, who fails to pass or present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations on payment of a like fee of thirty rupees on each occasion.
  - 5. The examination shall be written and oral.
- 6. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects:—\*

The Principles of Jurisprudence. The Theory and Law of Property.

\* List of Text-books given in Appendix B.

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The Law relating to persons in their public and private capacities.

The History and Constitution of the Courts of Law and Legislative Authorities in India.

The Land Tenures of Bengal and the Revenue Laws.

The Law of Mortgage, Registration, Limitation, and Prescription.

The Hindu and Mahomedan Law in general use and application, as modified by the Acts and Regulations of the Bengal Code.

The Law of Contracts and Torts.

The Principles of Judicial Inquiry in matters of fact, and the Rules of Evidence in use in the Mofassil Courts.

Criminal Law and Criminal and Civil Procedure.

- 7. Six papers shall be set at the Examination, and the subjects shall be distributed in the following manner:—
- i. The Principles of General Jurisprudence; the Theory and Law of Property; the Law relating to persons in their public and private capacities; and Legal History and Constitution.

ii. The Land Tenures in Bengal; the Revenue Laws, the

Law of Mortgage, Registration, Limitation and Prescription.

- iii. The Hindu and Mahomedan Law.
- iv. The Law of Contracts and Torts.
- v. Civil Procedure and Evidence.
- vi. Criminal Law and Criminal Procedure.
- 8. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in two divisions, each in order of merit. The first student of the first class shall receive a Gold Medal, provided that he is considered by the Examiners to have evinced sufficient merit. The Syndicate shall be at liberty to award one or more special prizes if they deem it expedient.

#### EXAMINATION FOR HONORS IN LAW.

- 1. An examination for Honors in Law shall be held annually in Calcutta, commencing at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year.
- 2. Any candidate who has passed the Examination for the Degree of Bachelor in Law may be examined for Honors.
- 3. Every candidate for Honors shall send his application to the Registrar at least one month before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.
- 4. A fee of 100 rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to

pass or present himself for Examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee.

The Examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers.

6. Candidates for Honors in Law shall be examined in the following subjects:-

(a.) General Jurisprudence.(b.) Hindu Law.

(c.) Mahomedan Law.
(d.) The Law of Mortgage.

(e.) The Law of Succession to the property of deceased persons.

(f.) The Law of Limitation and Prescripas administered India.

- (g.) The Law relating to the purchase and sale of immoveable property, including sales for arrears of rent and revenue.
- (h.) The Law of Tenure of immoveable property.
- 7. There shall be six papers, of which two at least shall be in Hindu and Mahomedan Law; and there shall also be a viva voce examination of each candidate, if the Examiners think fit.
- 8. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in order of merit. Candidates shall be bracketed together, unless the Examiners are of opinion that there is clearly a difference in their merits.

#### DOCTOR IN LAW.

- 1. No special Examination shall be held, but any person who has graduated as Bachelor in Law, and has at any time passed the Honor Examination, may be admitted to the Degree of Doctor in Law without examination, provided that-
- (1.) Two members of the Faculty of Law or two Doctors in Law shall testify, to the satisfaction of the Syndicate, that since graduating he has practised his profession with repute for five years, and that in habits and character he is a fit and proper person tor the Degree of Doctor; and
- (2.) He shall produce an Essay, approved by the President of the Faculty of Law for the time being, on some subject connected with Law or Jurisprudence.

2. A fee of rupees one hundred shall be payable for the Degree of Doctor in Law. No candidate shall be admitted unless he have previously paid this fee to the Registrar.

#### LICENCE IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

1. An Examination for the Licence\* in Medicine and Surgery shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year. The Examination shall consist of two parts, entitled respectively the First and Second Licentiate Medical Examinations.

#### FIRST LICENTIATE MEDICAL EXAMINATION.

- 2. Any undergraduate of the University who can produce certificates to the following effect, may be admitted o the Examination:—
  - (a.)—Of having completed his nineteenth year.

(b.)—Of having been engaged in Medicul studies for three Academical years after passing the First Examination in Arts.†

(c.)—Of having attended the following courses of lectures at a School of Medicine recognized by the Syndicate,

Two Courses of 70 Lectures.

Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy. Chemistry. Materia Medica. General Anatomy and Physiology.

One Course of 20 Lectures. ‡

Botany.

One Course.

Practical Chemical Exercises in testing the nature of ordinary poisons, and in examination of animal secretions and urinary deposits.

- (d.)—Of having studied Practical Pharmacy for three months, and of having acquired a practical knowledge of the preparation and compounding of Medicines.
- (s.)—Of having dissected during three winter terms, and of having completed at least twelve dissections in each term.
- 3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form
- \* The holder of this Licence shall be styled Licentiate in Medicine.
- † This certificate will be required at the Examination in March 1878 and thereafter.
- ‡ Practical demonstrations will be given at the Betanical Garden &

entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for commencement of the Examination.

A fee of twenty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate, who fails to pass or present himself for Examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations on payment of a like fee of twenty rupees on each occasion.

5. The Examination shall be written, oral, and practical.

6. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects:---

Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.

Elementary Chemical Physics, including the general laws of Light, Heat, Electricity, and Magnetism; also Chemistry, Organic and Inorganic, having special reference to Practical Medical Science.

Botany.

Materia Medica and Pharmacy. General Anatomy and Physiology.

Practical Chemistry, so far as regards the testing of the presence and nature of ordinary poisons, and the examination of animal secretions and urmary deposits.

The Syndicate shall notify, three months before the Examination, the portions of Botany\* in which candidates shall be examined.

- 7. As soon as possible after the Examination the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in alphabetical order. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.
- Any passed student of any Vernacular School of Medicine, if recommended by the Principal of an affiliated Medical College for distinguished merit, may be admitted to this Examination, on producing certificates to the following effect:-
- (a.) Of having passed the First Arts Examination of the University.

(b.) Of having completed his nineteenth year.(c.) Of having passed the final Examination of the Vernacular School of Medicine with marked distinction.

(d.) Of having, subsequently to qualifying in the Vernacular classes, been engaged for one year in the study of Medicine and Surgery, and during that time of having attended, in a School of Medicine recognized by the Syndicate, a course of lectures in each of the following subjects:—

Anatomy.
Physiology.
Botany.
Chemistry.

## SECOND LICENTIATE MEDICAL EXAMINATION.

- 9. Any candidate who can produce certificates to the following effect, may be admitted to this Examination:—
- (a.) Of having passed the First Licentiate Medical Examination at least two years previously.
- (b) Of having, subsequently to passing the First Licentiate Medical Examination, attended the following courses of lectures at a School of Medicine recognized by the Syndicate:—

Two Courses of 70 Lectures.

Medicine (including Hygieno). Surgery. Midwifery.

One Course of 40 Lectures.

General Pathology and Morbid Anatomy.

Two Courses of 50 Lectures.

Medical Jurisprudence.

One Course of 20 Lectures.

Diseases of the eye.

- (c.) Of having subsequently to passing the First Licontiate Medical Examination, dissected the surgical regions, and performed surgical operations during two Winter Sessions; the certificate to state the number and nature of operations so performed.
- (d.) Of having duly and carefully performed six post-mortem examinations, and having regularly attended one course of practical demonstrations in the Dead House.
  - (e.) Of having conducted at least six Labours.

Certificates on this subject will be received from any legally

qualified practitioner in Medicine.

(f.) Of having attended Hospital and Dispensary Practice during the last three academic years of study in the following manner, viz.:—

Three months of attendance at the Out-door Dispensary of a

recognized Hospital.

Fifteen months of attendance at the Surgical practice of a recognized Hospital, and Lectures on Clinical Surgery during such attendance.

Fifteen months of attendance at the Medical Practice of a recognized Hospital, and Lectures on Clinical Medicine during such attendance.

Three months of attendance at the practice of an Eyo-Infirmary.

- (g.) Of having drawn up, in his own handwriting, six Medical and six Surgical cases, during his period of service as Clinical Clerk or dresser.
- (h.) Of general character and conduct, from the Principal of the College or School of Medicine at which he has studied.
- 10. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.
- 11. A fee of twenty-five rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate, who fails to pass or present himself for examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations on payment of a like fee of twenty-five rupees on each occasion; and in the case of a candidate who has already failed to pass, on the production of a certificate of having attended a further course of hospital practice and clinical instruction, subsequently to his last failure, for one academical year.
- 12. The Examination shall be written, oral, and practical.
- 13. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects:—

Principles and Practice of Medicine.

Ditto ditto of Surgery.
Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery.
Midwifery.
Medical Jurisprudence.
Hygiene and Pathology.
Practical Toxicology.

The Clinical Examination shall be conducted in the Wards of a Hospital.

## 14. Every candidate shall be required—

To examine, diagnose, and treat cases of Acute or Chronic Disease to be selected by the Examiners, and to draw up careful histories of the cases; also, if required, to perform and report in detail necroscopical examinations of any of the selected cases that may have died in Hospital.

To apply apparatus for great surgical injuries and explain the objects to be attained by them, as well as the best manner of effecting those objects.

To examine, in presence of the Examiners, morbid products chemically and by the aid of the microscope, demonstrating the results obtained.

To perform capital operations upon the dead subject, after detailing to the Examiners the pathological conditions in which such operations are necessary, the different modes of operation adopted, and the reasons for preferring any particular mode of procedure.

15. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates, arranged in alphabetical order. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

## BACHELOR IN MEDICINE.

1. An Examination for the Degree of Bachelor in Medicine shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the Calendar for the year. The Examination shall consist of two parts, entitled respectively the First and Second M. B. Examinations.

## FIRST M. B. EXAMINATION.

- 2. Any undergraduate of the University, who can produce certificates to the following effect, may be admitted to this Examination:—
- a. Of having passed the First Examination in Arts; Latin having been one of the languages in which he was examined.\*
- b. Of having, subsequently to passing the First Examination in Arts, been engaged in Medical studies for three academical years.
- c. Of having attended the following courses of lectures at a School of Medicine recognized by the Syndicate:—

Two Courses, each of n Lectures.

Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy. Chemistry. Materia Medica. General Anatomy.

Two Courses, each of 20 Lectures. †

Botany.

One Course of 40 Lectures.

Comparative Anatomy and Zoology.

One Course.

Practical Chemical Exercises in testing the nature of ordinary poisons, and in examination of animal secretions and urinary deposits.

- \* The words here printed in italics are to take effect as soon after 1869 as the Syndicate may order.
  - † Practical demonstrations will be given at the Botanical Gardens.

d. Of having studied Practical Pharmacy for three months, and of having acquired a practical knowledge of the preparation and compounding of Medicines.

e. Of having dissected during three Winter Terms and of

having completed at least twelve dissections in each term.

- 3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.
- 4. A fee of twenty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate, who fails to pass or present himself for examination, shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations, on payment of a like fee of twenty rupees on each occasion and in the case of a candidate who has already failed to pass, on the production of a certificate of having attended a further course of hospital practice and clinical instruction, subsequently to his last failure, for one academical year.
  - 5. The Examination shall be written, oral, and practical.
- 6. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects:—

Descriptive and Surgical Anatomy.

Elementary Chemical Physics, including the general laws of Light, Heat, Electricity, and Magnetism; also Chemistry, Organic and Inorganic, having special reference to Practical Medical Science.

Botany.

Materia Medica and Pharmacy.

General Anatomy and Physiology.

Comparative Anatomy and Zoology.

Practical Chemistry, so far as logards the testing of the prosence and nature of ordinary poisons, and the examination of animal secretions and urinary deposits.

7. As soon as possible after the commencement of the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the candidates who have passed, arranged in two divisions, the first in order of merit, and the second in alphabetical order. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

## SECOND M. B. EXAMINATION.

8. Any candidate who can produce certificates to the following effect, may be admitted to this examination:—

(a.) Of having passed the First M. B. Examination at least two

years previously.

(b.) Of having subsequently to passing the First M. B. Examination, attended the following courses of lectures at a School of Medicine recognized by the University.

Two Courses each of 70 Lectures.

Medicine (including Hygiene).

Surgery.

Midwifery.

One Course of 40 Lectures. General Pathology and Morbid Anatomy.

Two Courses of 50 Lectures.

Medical Jurisprudence.

One Course of 25 Lectures.

Diseases of the Eye.

(c.) Of having, subsequently to passing the First M. B. Examination, dissected the surgical regions, and performed surgical operations during two Winter Sessions; the certificate to state the number and nature of the operations so performed.

(d.) Of having duly and excefully performed six post-morten examinations and of having egularly attended one course of

practical demonstrations in the Dead House.

(c.) Of having conducted at least six Labours.

Certificates on this subject will be received from any legally qualified practitioner in Medicine.

(f.) Of having attended Hospital and Dispensary Practice during the last three academic years of study in the following manner, viz.: -Three months' attendance at the Out-door Dispensary of a recognized Hospital.

Fifteen months of attendance at the Surgical Practice of a recognized Hospital, and Lectures on Clinical Surgery during such

**att**endanc**e.** 

Fifteen months of attendance at the Medical Practice of a recognized Hospital and Lectures on Clinical Medicine during such attendance.

Three months of attendance at the practice of any Eye-Infirmary.

- (g.) Of having drawn up in his own handwriting, Medical and Surgical cases during his period of service as Clinical Clerk or dresser.
- (h.) Of general character and conduct, from the Principal of the College of School or Medicine at which he has studied.
- 9. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.
- A fee of thirty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may

be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations on payment of a like fee of thirty rupees on each occasion.

11. The examination shall be written, oral, and prac-

tical.

12. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects:—

Principles and Practice of Medicine.

Ditto ditto of Surgery.
Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery.
Midwifery.
Medical Jurisprudence.
Hygiene and Pathology.
General and Comparative Physiology.
Practical Toxicology.

The Clinical Examination shall be conducted in the Wards of a Hospital.

## 13. Every candidate shall be required—

To examine, diagnose, and treat cases of Acute or Chronic Disease to be selected by the Examiners; and to draw up careful histories of the cases; also, if required, to perform and report in detail necroscopical examinations on any of the selected cases that may have died in Hospital.

To apply apparatus for great Surgical injuries, and explain the object to be attained by them, as well as the manner of effecting

those objects.

To examine, in presence of the Examiners, morbid products chemically and by the aid of the microscope, demonstrating the results obtained.

To perform capital operations upon the dead subject, after detailing to the Examiners the pathological conditions in which such operations are necessary, the different modes of operation adopted, and the reasons for proferring any particular mode of procedure.

- 14. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates, arranged in two divisions, each in alphabetical order.
- 15. Any Licentiate of three years' standing may be admitted to this Degree, on paying a fee of fifty rupees, and producing certificates to the following effect:—
- (a.) Of having passed the First Examination in Arts,\* Latin having been one of the languages in which he was examined.†
- \* Any Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery may proceed to the First Examination in Arts or to the B. A. Examination, without completing the two years' attendance at an affiliated Institution required under para. 2 of the First Arts and B. A. Regulations.

+ The words here printed in italics are to take effect as soon after?

1869 as the Syndicate may order.

(b.) Of having attended, at a School of Medicine recognized by the Syndicate, a course of lectures in Comparative Anatomy and Zoology, consisting of at least 40 lectures.

(c.) Of having passed an examination in Comparative Anatomy

and Zoology and in General and Comparative Physiology.

16. Any candidate who has passed the Licentiate Examination before 1867, or the Senior Diploma Examination of the Medicai College, may be admitted to this Degree, without further examination or fee, on producing a certificate of having passed the First Examination in Arts,\*

Latin having been one of the languages in which he was examined.

#### HONORS IN MEDICINE.

1. Any candidate, who has been placed in the first division at the Second Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Medicine, may be examined for Honors in one or more of the following branches:—

Surgery. Medicine. Midwifery. Medical Jurisprudence.

- 2. The Examination shall take place in the week following the completion of the Second Examination, and shall be conducted by means of written papers and practical tests.
- 3. As soon as possible after each Examination for Honors, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates, arranged in order of merit. Candidates shall be bracketed together, unless the Examiners are of opinion that there is clearly a difference in their merits.

### DOCTOR IN MEDICINE.

- 1. An Examination for the Degree of Doctor in Medicine shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the calendar for the year.
- \* Any Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery may proceed to the First Examination in Arts or to the B. A. Examination, without completing the two years' attendance at an affiliated Institution required under para. 2 of the First Arts and B. A. Regulations.

+ The words here printed in italics are to take effect as soon after

1869 as the Syndicate may order.

- 2. Any Bachelor in Medicine may be admitted to this Examination, provided he can produce certificates to the following effect:—
- (a.) Of having been admitted to the Degree of Bachelor of Arts.\*
- (b.) Of having, subsequently to passing the M. B. Examination, completed—

Five years of certified practice of the Medical profession, or Two years' Hospital practice and two years' private practice or

Two years' practice, either hospital or private, if the candidate be a Graduate in Medicine with Honors.

- (c.) Of good moral character, signed by two persons of respectability.
- 3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least one month before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.
- 4 A fee of one hundred rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless be shall have paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for Examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations on payment of a like fee of one hundred rupees on each occasion.
  - 5. The Examination shall be written, oral, and practical.
- 6. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects:—

Medicine, including the Practice of Physic.

Surgery. Midwifery.

Hygiene and Pathology.

7. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates, arranged in alphabetical order.

8. Any candidate who is not a Bachelor in Medicine, may be admitted to the Examination for the Degree of Doctor in Medicine, on producing certificates to the following effect:—

Any Bachelor in Medicine may proceed to the B. A. Examination without completing the two years' study at an affiliated Institution required under para. 2 of the B. A. Regulations.

- (a.) Of having passed the Senior Diploma Examination of the Medical College or the Licentiate Examination in Medicine and Surgery of the University.
  - (b.) Of having attained the age of 35 years,
- (c.) Of having practised the Medical profession with repute for five years.

(d.) (If fitness, moral and social, for the degree.

(e.) Of having passed the B. A. Examination,\* Latin having

been one of the languages in which he was examined ;+ or

The following preliminary Examination for those candidates only who had completed their Medical Education in or before the Session of 1859:

## English.

Subjects of Examination shall not be appointed, but the answers of the candidates in all subjects must be such as to show a competent knowledge of the English language.

#### Mental and Moral Science.

Mental Science;—as contained in Abercrombie on the Intellectual Powers

Moral Philosophy;—as contained in Payne and Abercrombie.

## LICENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

- 1. An Examination for a Licence<sup>‡</sup> in Civil Engineering shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the calendar for the year.
- 2. Any undergraduate of the University may be admitted to this Examination, provided he has prosecuted a regular course of study in a School of Engineering recognized by the Syndicate, for three academical years after passing the Entrance Examination.
- 3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.
- \* Any person who has passed a University Examination for a Licence in Medicine and Surgery in or before 1864, may proceed to the B. A. Examination without passing the First Examination in Arts or completing the two years of study at an affiliated Institution required under para. 2 of the B. A. Regulations.

† The words here printed in italics are to take effect as soon after

1869 as the Syndicate may order.

The holder of this Licence shall be styled a Licentiate in Civil Engineering.

- 4. A fee of twenty-five rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he has paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for Examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations on payment of a like fee of twenty-five rupees on each occasion.
- 5. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects:—
  - I. Mathematics.
  - II. Mechanical Philosophy.
  - III. Natural and Experimental Science.
  - IV. Construction.
  - V. Drawing.
  - VI. Geodesy.

#### I. MATHEMATICS.

Arithmetic.

🕻 Algebra.

Simple and Quadratic Equations, Ratio, Proportion, and Variation, Arithmetical and Geometrical Progression.

Binomial Theorem.

Logarithms.

Geometry.

Euclid—Books 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 11 to Prop. 21, with Deductions. Conic Sections, treated geometrically.

Trigonometry.

As far as the solution of all cases of plane triangles.

Mensuration.

Mensuration of surfaces and solids.

#### II. MECHANICAL PHILOSOPHY.

Statics.

Composition and resolution of forces, centre of gravity. Mechanical Powers.

Friction.

Dynamics.

General laws of motion.

Motion of falling bodies in free space and down inclined planes. Vibration of simple Pendulums.

Collision of bodies.

Hydrostaties.

Equilibrium of fluids. Specific gravity. Equilibrium of floating bodies. Centre of pressure.

Elastic fluids.

Principles of the Barometer and Thermometer, and application to determine height of mountains; of the Air-pump, Condenser Pump, Siphon, and Hydrostatic Press.

Hydrodynamics.

Motion of fluids through a small orifice.

Percussion and resistance of fluids.

Optics.

Laws of reflection, refraction and radiation for plane and spherical surfaces. Formation of images; simple and compound Lenses; the Eye; Principles of the Sextant, Telescope, Microscope.

## III. NATURAL AND EXPERIMENTAL SCIENCE.

Chemistry.

The elements of Inorganic Chemistry, as laid down in Chambers,' Course, and as applied to the preparation of wrought-iron, steels and coments.

Heat.

Elementary laws of heat, with reference to steam and combustion of fuel.

Mineralogy.

Physical characteristics of Minerals.

Physical Geography.

With special reference to that of India.

IV. Construction.

Materials.

Stones.

Preparation of Bricks and Tiles, Mortars and Cements, Paints, Iron and Steel, Preservation of timber.

Practice of Building.

Earthwork.

Construction of Roads.

Construction of Railroads.

Selection of line, cutting and embankments, tunnels, gradients, curves.

Practice of Bridge-Building.

Carpentry.

Scarfs, joints, centres for bridges, roofs.

Hudraulic Works.

Flow of water in pipes and open channels, and over weirs, tanks, canals, sluices, locks.

## Strength of Materials.

Resistance of iron and wood to compression, tension, transverse and langitudinal strains, and detrusion. Deflection of beams. Various forms of beams, solid and hollow.

## Stability of Structures.

As applied to retaining walls, bridges, abutments, walls of buildings, and framed structures.

#### Mechanism.

Motion; Machines, advantage and uses of.

Elementary forms; levers; cranks; rolling contacts; sliding contacts; mechanism for modifying motion; accumulation and regulation of motion.

Sources of power-Gravity, Wind, Heat, Muscular action.

The Steam Engine in detail.

Hydraulic Machines-Water wheels and Turbines.

## Designs.

An original design for a work on given data, with report specification, and estimate.

#### V. DRAWING.

Geometrical, Mechanical, Engineering, and Architectural, Perspective, Isometrical Perspective, Topographical, and Landscape Drawing.

(Attested specimens of each kind to be submitted to the Examiners, in addition to the specimens to be executed during the Examination, to which marks will be assigned.)

#### VI. Geodesy.

Use of the Scales, Prismatic Compass, Level, Theodolite, and Plane Table.

Topographical Survey of limited areas.

Practice of levelling.

Route Surveying and laying out curves.

(Attested Surveys, executed by the candidate, will be submitted to the Examiners, to which marks will be assigned.)

6. The Examination shall be conducted by means of printed papers, and a paper of questions shall be set in each of the following subjects:—

Arithmetic and Algebra.

Geometry and Conic Sections.

Practical Trigonometry, Logarithms, and Mensuration.

Statics and Dynamics.

Hydrostatics and Optics.

Chemistry and Heat.

Mineralogy and Physical Geography.

Practice of Building.

Earthworks and Construction of Roads and Railways.

Corporary and Mochanism.

Hydraulic Works. Strength of Materials and Stability of Structures. Drawing and Geodesy.

7. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in two divisions, each in order of merit. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.

## BACHELOR IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

- 1. An Examination for the Degree of Bachelor in Civil Engineering shall be held annually in Calcutta, and shall commence at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the calendar for the year.
- 2. Any candidate\* may be admitted to the Examination, provided he has prosecuted a regular course of study at a school of Engineering recognized by the Syndicate, for three academical years, after passing the First Examination in Arts.
- 3. Every candidate for admission to the Examination shall send his application, with a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A, to the Registrar, at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.
- 4. A fee of thirty rupees shall be payable by each candidate. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he has paid this fee to the Registrar. A candidate who fails to pass or present himself for Examination shall not be entitled to claim a refund of the fee. A candidate may be admitted to one or more subsequent Examinations on payment of a like fee of thirty rupees on each occasion.

5. Every candidate shall be examined in the subjects and in the manner ordered in paras. 5 and 6 of the Regulations for Times of Times of the Regulations for Times of Ti

lations for a Licence in Civil Engineering.

- 6. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates arranged in two divisions, each in order of merit. Every candidate shall, on passing, receive a certificate in the form entered in Appendix A.
- \* Any Licentiate in Engineering may proceed to the First Examination in Arts and the Bachelor of Arts Examination without completing the two years of study at an affiliated Institution required ander para. 2 of the First Arts and B. A. Regulations.

7. The first candidate of the first class shall receive a

gold medal to the value of one hundred rupees.

8. Any Licentiate in Civil Engineering, who has passed the First Examination in Arts, may, on paying the usual fee, be admitted to the Degree of Bachelor in Civil Engineering without further Examination.

## HONORS IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

1. An Examination for Honors in Civil Engineering shall be held annually in Calcutta, commencing at such time as the Syndicate shall determine, the date to be approximately notified in the calendar for the year.

2. Any candidate who has passed the Examination for the Degree of Bachelor in Civil Engineering, or for a Licence in Civil Engineering, may be examined for Honors.

- 3. Every candidate for Honors shall send his application to the Registrar, at least fourteen days before the date fixed for the commencement of the Examination.
  - 4. The Examination shall be written and oral.
- 5. Every candidate shall be examined in the following subjects:—
  - I. Mathematics.
  - II. Mechanical Philosophy.
  - III. Natural and Experimental Science.
  - IV. Geodesy.

#### I. MATHEMATICS.

Spherical Trigonometry as applied to Goodesy. Descriptive Geometry.

#### II. MECHANICAL PHILOSOPHY.

Central Forces.

Rotation and Oscillation of Bodies. Centrifugal Forces.

Motion of Fluids.

Geometrical Optics.

The Elements of Astronomy, and its application to Geodesy.

#### III. NATURAL AND EXPERIMENTAL SCIENCE.

Heat, with reference to Steam and Combustion.

Chemistry, as applied to Cements and preservation of Materials.

Practical application of Electrical Science.

General Principles of Geology and Mineralogy, and their applications to Engineering.

## IV. CONSTRUCTION.

Practice of Building.

Theory and Practice of Bridge-Building.

Roads and Railways.

Hydraulic works.

Equilibrium of Structures, theory of Machines with special reference to the Steam Engine.

Principles of design.

## V. GEODESY.

Surveying.

Topographical Drawing.

6. The candidates' qualifications shall be tested by written papers on the first three and the fifth subjects, and by written papers and vivâ voce examination on the fourth subject.

7. As soon as possible after the Examination, the Syndicate shall publish a list of the successful candidates,

arranged in order of merit.

## MASTER IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

- 1. No special Examination shall be held, but any person who has graduated as B. C. E. and has at any time passed the Honor Examination, may be admitted to the Degree of Master in Civil Engineering without Examination, provided that—
- (1.) Two members of the Faculty of Engineering or two Masters in Civil Engineering shall testify to the satisfaction of the Syndicate that, since graduating, he has practised his profession with repute for four years, and that in habits and character he is a fit and proper person for the Degree of Master.

(2.) He shall produce an Essay approved by the President of the Faculty of Engineering for the time being, on some subject connect-

ed with Engineering.

2. A fee of one hundred rupees shall be payable for the Degree of Master in Civil Engineering. No candidate shall be admitted, unless he have previously paid this fee to the Registrar.

## GENERAL.

1. No question shall be put at any University Examination, so as to require an expression of religious belief on the part of the candidates; and no answer or translation given by any candidate shall be objected to on the ground of its expressing any peculiarities of religious belief.

2. The Syndicate shall have power in any case to admitto any University Examination in any Faculty any person who shall present a certificate from any Institution authorized on that behalf by the Governor-General of India in Council, showing that in such Institution he has attended courses of study, passed Examinations, or taken Degrees corresponding to those which, in connection with such Examinations, are exacted from students of the University.

# Appendix A.

#### ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

#### APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University.

The Entrance fee\* of 10 rupues is forwarded herewith.

1 rm, &c., &c.

#### CERTIFICATE.

This certificate is to be signed by the Principal or Head Master of the College or School† at which the candidate has been educated continuously since the 1st July next preceding the examination, or if he has not been a pupil of any one School continuously since that date, by the principal of an affiliated College, or by a Government Inspector of Schools.

I certify that I know nothing against the moral character of the above named candidate; that he has not already passed the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University; that there is in my opinion a reasonable probability of his now passing it, and that he has signed the above application.

The

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Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate: -

Name.

Age on the 1st of January next.

Religion.

Race (i. e., nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

Where educated.

Present position (i. e. at school, or present occupation).

Whether he has appeared at the Entrance Examination of any previous year.

Town or village, where resident.

Name of father or guardian.

Where to be examined.

Language in which, besides English, to be examined.

Language into which translation to be made.

\* The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

† It is in the power of the Syndicate to refuse to recognize any school unless it is certified by a Government Inspector of schools, as having been in existence since the 1st March next preceding the Examination, and as qualified to teach up to the Entrance standard

#### FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

#### APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR.

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing First Examination in Arts of the Calcutta University.

The fee\* of 20 rupees is forwarded herowith.

I am, &c., &c.

#### CERTIFICATE,

I certify that the abovenamed candidate has satisfied me by the production of the Registrar's certificate is to be signed by a Principal or Head Master of an affiliated Institution.

The certificate is to be signed by a certificate that he has passed the Entrance Examination of the University of Calcutta, that I

know nothing against his moral character; and that I believe the subjoined account to be true.

The

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Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate:-

Age.

Date of Entrance.

Race (i. e., nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

Religion.

Present occupation.

Where to be examined.

Whether he has appeared at the First Arts Examination of any previous year.

Language in which, besides English, to be examined.

Alternative subject (Psychology or Curmistry.)

Period or Periods of Study since passing the Entrance Examination.

	Period or Periods of continuous Study.	Signature† of Principal or Head Master of affiliated Institution.
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\* The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

† In the case of broken periods of study at different Institutions, it is expected that Principals or Head Masters will satisfy themselves that the different periods of study amount in the aggregate to two years before admission to the Examination.

## B. A. EXAMINATION.

#### APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts in the Course.

I am, &c., &c.

#### CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the abovenamed candidate has satisfied me by the production of the Registrar's The certificate is to be signed by a Principal or Head Master of an affiliated Institution.

The certificate is to be signed by a certificate that he has passed the First Examination in Arts of the University of Calcutta; that I know nothing against his moral character; and that I believe the

know nothing against his moral character; and that I believe the subjoined account to be true.

The

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Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate :-

Age.

Date of Entrance.

Date of passing First Examination in Arts.

Race (i. e., nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

Religion.

Present occupation.

Where to be examined.

Whether he has appeared at the B. A. Examination of any previous year.

Subjects in which he desires to be examined:—

A. Course-

2nd Language,

Alternative Subjects,

or B. Course—

Alternative Subject.

Period or Periods of Study since passing the First Examination in Arts.

Affiliated Institution or Institutions at Period or Periods of pal or Head Master which Candidate continuous Study. has studied. Signature of Principal pal or Head Master of affiliated Institution.

<sup>.</sup> State whether in the A. or B. Course.

# Forms of application for admission of Female Candidates. ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

#### APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR.

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University.

The Entrance fee\* of 10 rupees is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

#### CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the abovenamed candidate has not already passed

This certificate is to be signed by a
Principal or Head Master of an affiliated Institution or a Member of the
Senate.

The Entrance Examination of the
Calcutta University, and that she
has signed the above application
Senate.

The

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Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate :-

Name.

Religion.

Race (i. e., nation, tribe, &c.)

Where educated.

Present position (i. e., at school or present occupation).

Whether she has appeared at the Entrance Examination of any previous year.

Town or village where resident.

Name of father or guardian.

Where to be examined.

Language in which, besides English, to be examined.

Language into which translation to be made.

## FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

#### APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing First Examination in Arts of the Calcutta University.

The fee\* of 20 rupees is forwarded herewith.

I am, &c., &c.

\* The fee must be paid in cash, or by a Treasury Draft, or Post Office Order. Postage stamps will not be received.

#### CERTIFICATE.

This certificate is to be signed by a Principal or Head Master of an affihated Institution or a Member of the Senatc.

I certify that the above-named candidate has satisfied me, by the production of the Registrar's Certificate, that she has passed the Entrance Examination of the University of Calcutta; and that

I believe the subjoined account to be true.

The

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Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate: -

Date of Entrance.

Race (i. e., nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

Religion.

Present occupation.

Where to be examined.

Whether she has appeared at the First Arts Examination of any previous year.

Language in which, besides English, to be examined.

Alternative subject (Psychology or Chemistry).

(Botany or 2nd paper in Mathematics). do. Dυ.

#### B. A. EXAMINATION.

#### APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Examination for the Degree of Bachelor of Arts in the\* Course.

I am, &c., &c.

#### CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the above-named candidate has satisfied me, by the production of the Registrar's This certificate is to be signed by a Principal or Head Master of an affi-Certificate, that she has passed liated Institution or a Member of the the First Examination in Arts of Senate. the University of Calcutta; and

that I believe the subjoined account to be true.

The

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Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate:—

Date of Entrance.

Date of passing First Examination in Arts.

Race (i. e., nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

State whether in the A. or B. Course.

Religion.

Present occupation.

Where to be examined.

Whether she has appeared at the B. A. Examination of any previous year.

Subjects in which she desires to be examined:-

A. Course-

2nd Language,

Alternative Subjects,

or B. Course-

Alternative Subjects.

#### M. A. EXAMINATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Examination for the Degree of Master of Arts in

I am, &c., &c.

Particulars to be filled in by the Candidate:-

Age.

Date of Graduation in Arts.

Race, (i. e., nation, tribe, &c., &c.)

Religion.

Present occupation.

#### CERTIFICATE.

I certify that the above-named candidate has satisfied me, by the production of his diploma, that he has passed the Bachelor of Arts Examination of the University of ; that I know nothing against his moral character; and that I believe the above account to be true.

#### BACHELOR IN LAW.

#### APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Examination for the Degree of Bachelor in Law.

I am, &c., &c.

#### CERTIFICATE.

To be signed by the Principal of the College at which the Candidate

#### has studied.

I certify that has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 2 of the Regulations as to Law.

#### APPENDIX A.

#### DOCTOR IN LAW.

#### APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request to be admitted to the Degree of Doctor in Law. I am, &c., &e.

#### CERTIFICATE.

To be signed by the President of the Faculty of Law.

I certify that has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 1 of the D. L. Regulations.

#### LICENCE IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

#### FIRST EXAMINATION.

APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR,

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing First Examination for a Licence in Medicine and Surgery.

I am &c., &c.

#### CERTIFICATE.

To be signed by the Principal of the College at which the Candidate

has studied.

I certify that has, to the best of my behef, completed his nineteenth year; that I know nothing against his moral character, and that he has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 2 of the Regulations as to Medicine.

The Applications and Circlificate of the following Examinations to be in the same form as the foregoing.

Licence in Medicine and Surgery, Second Examination. Bachelor in Medicine, First Examination. Bachelor in Medicine, Second Examination.

#### DOCTOR IN MEDICINE.

#### APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR.

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Examination for the Degree of Doctor in Medicine.

I am, &c., &c.

#### CERTIFICATE.

To be signed by the President of the Faculty of Medicine.

I certify that has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 2 of the M. D. Regulations.

#### LICENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

#### APPLICATION.

To the Registrar of the Calcutta University.

SIR.

I request permission to present myself at the ensuing Examination for a Licence in Civil Engineering.

I am, &c, &c.

#### CERTIFICATE.

To be signed by the Principal of the College at which the Candidate has studied.

I certify that has fulfilled the requirements contemplated under para. 2 of the Regulations as to Civil Engineering

#### BACHELOR IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

The Certificate and Application for the Degree of Bachelor in Civil Engineering to be in the same form as the foregoing.

#### MASTER IN CIVIL FNGINEERING.

The Certificate and Application for the Degree of Master in Civil Engineering to be in the same form as for the Degree of Doctor in Law, with the exception that the certificate is to be signed by the President of the Faculty of Engineering.

#### CERTIFICATES OF PASSING.

#### Entrance.

I certify that aged , duly passed the Entrance Examination held in the month of has been placed in the The 18 . Registrar.

First Examination in Arts. Same form as foregoing.

## Licence in any Faculty.

This is to certify that passed the Examination for Licence in at the Annual Examination in the year 18, and that he was placed in the University of Calcutta,

University of Calcutta, The 18

Registrar.

First Examination for Licence in Medicine and Surgery.

This is to certify that duly passed the First Examination for at the Annual Examination in the year 18, and that he was placed in the University of Calcutta, The 18.

## Bachelor in any Faculty.

This is to certify that obtained the Degree of Bachelor in in this University at the Annual Examination in the year 18, and that he was placed in the Division.

University of Calcutta, The 18 Chancellor, or Vice-Chancellor.

## Doctor or Master in any Faculty.

This is to certify that Doctor or Master in amination in the year 18 obtained the Degree of in this University at the Annual Ex-

University of Calcutta, The 18. Chancellor, or Vice-Chancellor.

#### Honors.

This is to certify that passed the Honor Examination in in the year 18, and was placed in the Division.

University of Calcutta, The 18

Registrar.

# Appendix B.

# SUBJECTS IN LANGUAGES

## ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 1881

English.

Readings from English History selected and edited by Joh Richard Green, Part III.

Richard Green, l	Part III.	•
		Greek.
Xenophon Homer	•••	Anabasis, Books I and II Iliad, Book I.
		Latin.
Ovid Cæsar	•••	* { Tristium Elegia * { Miscellanea De Bello Gallico, Isook IV
		Sanskrit.
Rijupat, Part	Hitopadesha, III.	, Vishnupurána, and Mihábhárat, i
U pakramaniká		Arabro.
Selections by Ma	ajor Fuller.	
	<b>BA</b>	Per si an.
<b>.</b> .		
Iqd-1-gul Iqd-1-Manzum.	***	Pages 1 to 105.
		Hebrew.
The Book of Ger	nesis,	
		Rengalı.
Selections* by the	he Rev K M	Banerjea, D L
		Ur du
Selections* in Poselections* in Poselections		Sivaprasad, C. S. I. Browning.
,		Hındı.
Rámáyana Rajniti	•••	Bálkanda The first two chapters.
	• That	cker, Spink & Co.

#### Uriya.

Rámáyana ... Sundra Kánda.

Jiban Charita ... Translation from Iswarachandra

Vidyasagara by Fakeer Chand Senapati.

Raghuvansa ... The whole.

Armenian.

History of Armenia ... Books I-III.

Burmese.

Zeneka

Dhamma Pada-ga-hta ... Selections (Rangoon Mission Press, 1873).

#### Pali.

(i). Pali Miscellany, by Professor Trenckner (28 pages of text.)
(ii.) Selections from the Játakas (Professor Fausbóll's edition), the Apannakajataka (36 pages of text.)

## ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 1882.

#### English.

Lethbridge's Selections from Modern English Literature. (The portions to be read will be notified during the year.)

#### Greek.

Xenophon ... Anabasis, Books I and II.

Homer ... ... Iliad, Book I.

Latin.

Ovid ... ... Metamorphoseon Fabulæ,\* I-XIV, both inclusive.

Cicero ... De Amicitia.

Sanskrit.

Sanskritapath ... Part II by Pandit Harischandra Kabiratna.

Upakramanika.

Arabic.

•Selections by Major Fuller.

Persian.

Iqd-i-gul ... ... Pages 1 to 105.

Iqd-i-Manzum.

Hebrew.

The Book of Genesis.

Bengali.

\*Selections by the Rev. K. M. Banerjea, D. L.

Thacker, Spink & Co.

Urdu.

\*Selections in Prose by Raja Sivaprasad, C. S. I.

\*Selections in Poetry by Mr. Browning.

Hindi.

Rámávana ... Balkánda.

Rájniti ... ... The first two Chapters.

Uriya.

Rámáyana ... Sundra Kúnda.

Jiban Charita ... Translation from Iswarachandra

Vidyasagara, by Fakeer Chand Senapati.

Raghuvansa ... The whole.

Armenian.

History of Armenia ... Books I--III.

Burmese.

Zeneka

Dhamma Pada-ga-hta

... Selections (Rangoon Mission Press, 1873.)

Pali.

(i). Pali Miscellany, by Professor Trenckner (28 pages of text).

(ii). Selections from the Játakas (Professor Fausböll's edition), the Apannakajataka (36 pages of text).

## ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 1883.

Greek.

Xenophon ... Anabasis, Books I and II.

Homer ... Iliad, Book I.

Latin.

Cæsar ... Commentarii de Bello Gallico,

Book I.

Arabic.

\*Selections by Major Fuller.

Persian.

Iqd-i- gul

.. Pages 1 to 105.

Iqd-i-Manzum.

Hebrew.

The Book of Genesis.

Bengali.

\*Selections by the Rev. K. M. Banerjea, D. L.

Urdu.

\*Selections in Prose by Raja Sivaprasad, C.S.I.

\*Selections in Poetry by Mr. Browning.

Hindi.

Rámáyana ... Balkánda.

Rajniti ... The first two chapters.

• Thacker, Spink & Co.

		APPEND	IX B, 75
		Uri	<i>14</i> .
Rámáyana	•••		Sundrakánda.
Jiban Charita	***	•••	Translation from Iswara Chandra Vidyasagara, by Fakeor Chand Senapati.
		Armer	
History of Armenia	a		Books I—III.
and the second	~	70	
Vonobo		Burn	1686.
Zeneka. Dhamma Pada-ga-	hta	•••	Selections (Rangoon Mission Press, 1873.)
(i). Pali Miscellan	v. by P	rofessor T	renckner (28 pages of text).
			(Professor Fausböll's edition), the
Ap innakajataka			
•	`	,	•
FIRS'	T EXA	MINATI	ON IN ARTS, 1881.
		Engl	ish.
*Milton	•••	•••	Paradise Lost, Book II
*Cowper	***	•••	The Task. Books IV, V, VI.
	lyron, S	cott, Moo	re, Wordsworth &c.
*Robertson -	***	•••	History of Charles V. Book I.
*Paley	•••	••	Selections from Natural Theology.
*Selections from t	he Spec	tator and	Rambler.
Hutton	•••	•	Life of Scott (Morley's English Men of Letters).
		Gre	
Euripides			Medea.
Herodotus	•••	•••	Euterpe, Book II.
		Lat	• '
*Tibullus			Selections.
*Propertius	***	•••	Selections.
Livy	•••	•••	Book V.
	•••		krit.
		Nans	
Raghuvansa	• • •	***	Books I to VIII, inclusive.
Bhattikavya	•••	•••	Books I to V, do.
		Arc	abic.
*Selections by Mr	:. Kemp		
		Hel	rew.
Genesis.			
Ruth,	r <b>T</b>		
Psalms, I—LXXI Job, Chapters I—			
wor, Onapers 1-	. ▲ •	Day	rsian.
Sih nasr-i-zahuri		1 67	First 25 pages.
Raquat-i-Mirza I	3edil	<b>10-</b>	Ditto.
Oasaid-i-Urfi		***	Ditto

Sih nasr-i-zahuri Rúquat-i-Mirza Bedil Qasaid-i-Urti Sokandar Namah Ditto. Ditto.

• Thacker, Spink & Co.

#### Pali.

- (i.) Jatakas (Fausböll's edition); Vaggo I—IV, inclusive, pages 95-234.
- (ii.) Dhammapada (Fausböll's edition); the first Bhanavaram, pages 1-35.

Bengali Subjects for Female Candidates.

Sivanath Sastri ... Nirbasitarvílap. Akshay Kumar Dutt ... Dharmaniti.

## FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS, 1882.

## English.

		Engusn.
Milton Johnson	•••	L' Allegro and Il Penseroso. Vanity of Human Wishes
Wordsworth	•••	Selections by Turner, in Riving- ton's English School Classics Edited by F. Storr.
Longfellow	•••	Evangeline.
Collins	•••	Homer's Iliad (Ancient Classics for English Readers).
Rosamond Waite	•••	The Duke of Wellington (Historical Biographies edited by Creighton).
Black	***	Life of Goldsmith (Morley's English Men of Letters).
		Greek.
Herod <b>otus</b> Euripides	•••	Book•IV Hecuba.
-		Latin.
Catullus Martialis Cicero	•••	Selections.* Selections * Orations against Catilic III and IV.
		Sanskrit.
Raghuvansa Bhattikávya		Books I to VIII inclusive Books I to V inclusive. Arabic.
*Selections by Mr.	nompson.	
		Hebrew.

Hebrew.

Genesis. Ruth. Psalms I-LXXII. Job, I-V.

#### Persian.

Sih nasar-i-Zahuri	***	First 25 pages.
Ruquat-i-Mirza Bedil	•••	Ditto.
Qasaid-i-Urfi	•••	Ditto.
Sekandar Namah	•••	Ditto.

<sup>\*</sup> Thacker, Spink & Co.

## Pali.

(i.)	<b>Jatakas</b>	(Fausböll's	edition);	Vaggo	I—IV,	inclusive,	pages
98	5—234.*	•	•	•			

(ii.) Dhammapada (Fausboll's edition); the first Bhanavaram, pages 1-35.

## Bengali Subjects for Female Candidates.

Sivanath Sastri ... ... Nirbásitarviláp. Akshay Kumar Dutt Dharmaníti.

#### FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS, 1883.

#### English.

		Lingo	69/1.
Goldwin Smith	••	***	Life of Cowper (Morley's English
Collins	100	•••	Men of Letters Series.) Homer's Odyssey (Ancient Classics for English Readers).
Blackie		•••	Self-Culture.
Stopford Brooke	•••	**	Primer of English Literature, page 108 to the end, (Litera-
			ture Primers edited by J. R. Green, M.A.)
Cowper	•••	111	The Task, Books I and IV (Hales.)
Gray	***	•••	Poems (Rivington's English School Classics)
Wordsworth	***	•••	Excursion, Book I, The Wander- er: (Rivington's English School Classics.)

#### Greek.

Herodotus ... Book IV-Euripides ... Hecuba, Latin,

Virgil .. .. .. Æncid, Book VI.
Cicero ... .. Orations against Catiline, III
and IV.

#### Sanskrit.

Raghuvansa ... Books I to VIII inclusive.
Bhattikavya ... Books I to V inclusive.

Arabic.

\*Selections by Mr. Kempson.

Hebrew.

Genesis, Ruth. Psalms I—LXXII. Job, I—V.

Sih nasar-i-Zahuri ... First 25 pages.
Ruquat-i-Mirza Bedil ... Ditto.
Qasaid-i-Urfi ... Ditto.
Sekandar Namah ... Ditto.

Thacker, Spink & Co.

#### Pali.

(i.) J	Tatakas	(Fausböll's	edition);	Vaggo	I-IV,	inclusivo,	pages
95-	-234.	•	• •	Ų.	•	雅	• •

(ii.) Dhammapada (Fausboll's edition); the first Bhanavaram, pages 1-35.

## Bengali Subjects for Female Candidates.

Sivanath Sastri Akshay Kumar Dutt

Nirbásitarviláp. Dharmaníti.

## B. A. EXAMINATION, 1882.

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Ene	111	1.0	n	
44100	10	"	/€	4

Macbeth, Richard III, Midsum-Shakespeare mer Night's Dream.

Milton ... Lycidas, L'Allegro, Il Pensoroso, Hymn on the Nativity.

Excursion, Book I (Rivington's Wordsworth School Classics).

Essays Bacon

Huxley ... Life of Hume ) Morley's English . . Life of Gibbon | Men of Letters. Morrison

John Stuart Blackie Self Culture.

Greek.

Sophocles ••• Philoctetes. Demosthenes De Corona. ...

Latin.

Georgies, Books I and II. Virgil Tacitus ... ...

Histories, Books I and II.

Sanshrit.

Kumar Sambhava Books I to VII.

Meghaduta.

Sakuntalá (Devanagari Recension ) Hebrew.

Deuteronomy. Psalms I—XLI. Isaiah 1—XXXIX. Daniel I-VII.

Froverbs.

#### Arabic.

Tarikh-i-Yamani Hamasah, first 31 pages Mutanabbi

As contained in Selections by Colonel Lees.

Persian.

Veqai Neamat Khan Ali Durra-i-Nádiri Qasaid Kháqáni Qasaid Badar Chachi

The first half.

50 pages, from page 181. First 50 pages. • • • Ditto.

Pali.

Kacchayano (Senart's edition).

(ii.) Abhidamma Sangaha.

Bengali Subjects for Female Candidates.

Kernarjuna Kavya first six Cantos, by Baladeva Palita. Vahyavastur sahita Manavaprakritir Sambandha Vichar, by Akshay Kumar Datta.

Thacker, Spink & Co.

## B. A. EXAMINATION, 1883.

## Engles.

			12/09/0001
Shakespe	are	•••	King Lear, Julius Cæsar, Mer- chant of Venice.
Milton	•••	•••	Paradise Lost, Books III—VI, inclusive.
Keats	••	***	Hyperion.
Burke	•••	•••	Reflections on the French Revo- lution.
Morley	•••		Life of Burke (English Men of Letters).
Church Stopford		•••	Spenser (Énglish Men of Letters) Primer of English Literature.
<b>.</b>			
			Greck.
Sophocle Demosth		••	Philoctetes. De Corona.
_ ,			Latin.
*** 11			
Virgil	• •	***	Georgies, III and IV. Pro Cluentio.
Cicero	***	***	Tro Chientio. Germania.
Tacitus	•••	•••	
			Sansbrit.
Kumar S Meghadi	ambhava	141	Books I to VII.
Sakuntal		•••	(Devanagari Reconsion.)
10 (122)			Hebrew.
Deutero	namv		ATE OF CICE
	I—XIA.		
	_XXXIX	.•	
Daniel I			
Proverb	8.		
			Arabic.
Tarikh-	i-Yamani	•••	As contained in Selections by
Hamasa	<b>h, first 39</b> j	pages	Colonel Lees.
Mutanal	bbi	•••	)
			Persian.
Vegai N	Camat Kh	an Ali	The first half.
Durra-i-			50 pages, from page 181.
	Kháqáni	•••	First 50 pages.
	Badur Cha	chi	Ditto.
=			Pali.
/± \ 17	<b></b>	/Cl 11	\

(i.) Kaechayano (Senart's edition).(ii.) Abhidamma Sangaha.

Bengali Subjects for Female Candidates.

Karnarjuna Kavya first six Cantos, by Baladeva Palita. Vahyavastur sahita Manavaprakritir Sambandha Vichar, by Akshay Kumar Datta.

## B. A. EXAMINATION, 1884.

Eng	1	:.	7.	
LNU	ι	63	n	

			Engl	lish.
Myers		•••	•••	Wordsworth (Morley's English Men of Letters.)
Fowler	. • •	***	••	Locke (Morley's English Men of Letters.)
Locke		•••	•••	Conduct of the Understanding (edited by Fowler.)
Arnold's	Selections	from the S	poeta	tor, pages 1—228.
Shakespea		•••	•	
Milton	•••	•••	•••	Paradise Lost, Books VIII, IX and X.
Palgrave	o's Golden	Treasury, I		IV, edited by Peter Peterson, M.A.
			Gr	cek.
Sophocles	3	•••	• • •	Philoctetes.
Demosthe		•••	•••	De Corona.
			Lat	tin.
Horace			444	Odes, Books I and II.
Oisans	•••	4-4	•••	The 101 1 1 1
Tacitus	•••	•••	•••	<i>C</i> 1
	•••	•••	Sans	krit.
Kumar S Meghadu	ambhava ta.	44+	•••	*
Sakuntal		•••	• • •	(Devanagari Recension.)
			$H_{\ell}l$	rew.
Deuteron Psalms I Isniah I— Daniel I— Proverbs	–XII. -XXXIX. –VII.			
			$\boldsymbol{A}$	rabic.*
Tarikh-i- Hamasah Mutanab	ı, first 39	pages	•••	As contained in Selections by Colonel Lees.
Durra-i-l Qasaid E Quasaid	Chaqani Badar Cha	••	  Pa	The first half. 50 pages from page 181. First 50 pages. Ditto.
	hidamma `			•

(ii.) Abhidamma Sangaha.

Bengali Subjects for Female Candidates.

Karnarjuna Kavya first six Cantos, by Baladeva Palita. Vahyavastur sahita Manavaprakritir Sambandha Vichar, by Akshay Kumar Datta.

\* Thacker, Spink & Co.

## HONOR EXAMINATION, 1882 AND 1883.

## English.

		23764	V0070•
	I	oetry and	d Drama.
Shakespeare	•••	•••	Othello, Antony and Cleopatra. Coriolanus, Much Ado about
			Nothing, Merry Wives of
TM a4ah am			Windsor.
Fletcher	***	•••	Two Noble Kinsmen.
Spenser	***	•••	Fairy Queen, Books I and II.
Tennyson Dryden	•••	•••	Princess,
Drygen	•••	•••	Absalom and Achithophel.
		Pro	8C.
Ascham	•••	•••	The Schoolmaster.
Browne	•••	•••	Religio Medici
Lowell	•••	•••	My Study Windows.
Matthew Arnold	•••	,,,	Culture and Anarchy.
Freeman	***		Historical Essays, First Series.
Trollope	•••	•••	Life of Thackeray (English Men of Letters).
	HONO	R EXA	MINATION.
		Gre	EK,
Homer	•••	•••	Iliad, first twelve Books.
Pindar	•••	***	Olympic Odes.
Alschylus	•••	•••	Prometheus and Agamemnon.
Sophocles	•••	•••	Œdipus Tyrannus and Antigone.
Euripides	•••	•••	Hecuba and Medea.
Aristophanes	•••		Knights, Clouds and Frogs.
Herodotus	••	•••	Books II and III, to the end of Chap. LXVI.
Thueydides		•••	Books VI and VIII.
Demosthenes	•••	***	Orations against Loptines and Meidias.
Plato	•••		Republic.
Aristotle	•••	•••	Politics.
	HONO	R EXA	— MINATION.
		LAT	IN
T7' '1		22/14	
Virgil	***	•••	Georgics; Æneid, first six books.
Horace	•••	•••	Odes, Epodes, Satires I (except 2 and 8). Epistles I, De Arte Poetica.
Juvenal		•••	Satires (except 2, 6, 9.)
Persius	•••	•••	Satires.
Lucretius	•••	•••	Books I and VI.
Catullus	***	***	1, 2, 3, 4, 0, 12, 22, 30, 31, 46, 49, 51, 63, 64, 65, 66,
Plautus		400	Aulularia.
Terence			Andria.
Livy	***	***	Books XXI to XXV.
Sallust	444	***	Bollum Catilinarium.
	***	•••	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A

Cicero	•••	•••	Orations against Catiline, first book of Letters to Atticus, and De Officiis.
Tacitus		•••	Histories.
	HONOR	EXA	MINATION.
		ARABI	IC.
Hammasah	***		
Mutanabbi	•••	(	The whole.
Makamát-i-Hariri	•••	. '	The whole.
Saba-i-Moallakah	•••	•	
			MINATION.
		Persia	N.
		Poetr	y.
Firdausi			Shahnamah, Vol. I.
Khákáni	***	***	Tuhfat u'l Irakayn.
Badar Cháchi	•••	•••	Kasáid.
Hakim Sanái		•••	Hadikoh.
Anwari	•••	•••	Diwán.
Habil Kááni	•••	•••	Kasáid, 1st half.
		Prose	9.
Sásáu V	•••	• • • •	Dasátir.
Fuzlu'llah Shirázi		•••	Wassáf, Vols. I, II, III.
Abu'l Fazl	•••	•••	Akbar Namah, Vol. I.
Mulla Tughra		***	Ruksát.
Munshi Muhammad	Mahdi	***	Durrai Nadiri.
		Rhetor	
Shamsúddín Fakir	•••	***	Hadáiku'l Balághat.
		Prosod	
Sayfi	***	•••	Urúz.
Jámi	•••	• • • •	Kawáfi.
Candidates are al	so required	d to po	ssess a knowledge of Arabic, to
the extent laid down	n in the Co	ourse 10	or the First Examination in Arts.
	HONOR	EXA	MINATION.
	ł	Sanski	RIT.
Kalidasa	•••		Vikramorvasi.
Bhartribari	•••	•••	Bhattikavya. VI—IX.
Bhavabhuti	710	•••	Viracharita, Uttaracharita.
Súdraka	•••	***	Mrichchakatika.
Bánabhatta Sriburaha	•••	•••	Kadambari.
Sriharsha	***	. ••	Naishadhacharita, II, III, XIV, XVII.
Magha	***	•••	Sisupalabadha, XIII—XVI, inclusive.
Vyása and Sankara	***	7,4	Vedánta Sutra, with Sankara Bhashya, II Adhyáya, 2nd Pada.

Katha Upanishad with Sankara Bháshya.

Rig Veda Sanhita ... 1st and 2nd Adhyayas.

Mammata Bhatta Kávya Prakása.

Jagadisa Tarkamrita.

Vachaspati Misra Tattwa Kaumudi.

Panini ... Karaka, Samasa, as in the Siddhanta Kaumudi

For the History of Sanskrit Literature, the following books are recommended:—

(1) Weber's History of Indian Literature.

- (2) Colebrooke's Miscellaneous Essays, edited by Professor E. B. Cowell.
- (3) Max Muller's History of Ancient Sanskrit Literature.

(4) Goldstucker's Panini.

(5) Wilson's Essays on the Religion of the Hindus, (Rost's Edition).

# HONOR EXAMINATION, 1882.

### History.

(a). As a period—

The History of England, 1603 to 1688.

#### Books recommended.

Macaulay's History of England.

Clarendon's History of the Rebellion.

Carlyle's Life and Letters of Cromwell.

Burnet's History of his own Times.

Mahon's Life of Conde.

Hallam's History of English Literature.

Russell's History of Modern Europe.

Whitelock's Memorials.

Guizot's Cromwell and the English Common wealth.

Aunals of England (John Henry and James Parker).

- (b). Hallam's Constitutional History of England.
- (c). Guizot's History of Modern Civilization.

(d). Political Economy.

(e). Taylor's Historical Evidence.

# HONOR EXAMINATION, 1883 AND 1884.

#### History.

(a). As a period—The History of England in the reign of George III.

The following books are recommended:—

Massey's History of England during the reign of George III.

Erskine May's Constitutional History of England.

Stanhope's History of England.

Stanhope's Life of Pitt.

Trevelyan's Early Life of C. J. Fox.

Brougham's Men of Letters of the time of George III.

Jesse's Memoirs of the Reign of George III.

Alison's History of Europe.

- (b). Constitutional History of England as in Hallam.
- (c). History of Modern Civilization as in Guizot.

(d). Political Economy.

e). Taylor's Historical Evidence (Transmission of Ancient Books.)

# TEXT-BOOKS IN ARTS.

#### ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

History.

Lethbridge's Easy Introduction to the History of India.
Miss Edith Thompson's England, being Vol. II of the Historical
Course for Schools, edited by E. A. Freeman, D. C. L.

Geography.

C. B. Clarke's Geographical Reader and Companion to the Atlas.

#### FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

History.

Taylor's Student's Manual of Ancient History.

Psychology and Logic.

Psychology: Reid's Inquiry, or Abercrombie's Intellectual Powers. Logic: Fowler's Deductive Logic (Clarendon Press Series).

#### B. A. EXAMINATION.

History.

History of England: Green's Short History of the English People. Elphinstone's History of India. [Vol. 11. Macfarlane's British India, or Marshman's History of India,

# TEXT-BOOKS IN PHYSICAL SCIENCE FOR THE B. COURSE FOR THE B. A. DEGREE.

Physical Geography.

\* Ansted's Physical Geography, 5th Edition, Parts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

Blanford's Physical Geography of India.

(d)—Physics

Acoustics
Thermotics
Optics
As in Ganot.

Magnetism
Electricity

General Physiology
Animal Physiology
Animal Physiology
Alleyne Nicholson's Introductory Text-book of Zoology.

(f)—Botany

Acoustics
Thermotics
Optics
As in Ganot.

Magnetism
Electricity

Lessons in Physiology, and Alleyne Nicholson's Introductory Text-book of Zoology.

General Physiology
Vegetable Physiology
Course of Botany by MasBotany

Course of Botany by Mastors, viz., a general

acquaintance with Parts I, III, and IV; and of Part II (Systematic Botany) the following only:—

# DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERS OF THE NATURAL ORDERS.

(For the Examination of 1882 and 1883.)

Ranunculaceas,	Combretaceæ,	( Loranthacea,
Dilleniaceæ.	Lythracea,	Euphorbiaceæ,
Menispermacea,	Cucurbitaceæ,	Casuarinacea,
Nymphæaceæ,	Compositæ,	Piperaceae,
Cappar dacea,	Asclepindacea,	Pandanaceæ,
Tamaricacea,	Convolvulacea,	Dioscoroacem,
Sterculiaceæ,	Boraginacea,	Smilaceæ,
Sapindaceæ,	Verbenacea,	Linaceæ.
Meliacow,	Bignoniaceæ,	Orchidacew,
Anacardiacew,	Scrophulariaceæ,	Graminess,
Leguminosæ,	Nyctaginacea,	
Rosacea,	Chenopodiacere,	1

and the general characters of Horse tails, Ferns. Mosses, Algre, Lichens, and Fungi.

A. B.—The candidate will be required to give demonstrations of the general characters of plants upon specimens provided by the Examiners, for which purpose each candidate may bring a knife and pocket lens into the Examination Hall.

(g).—Geology { Geology | As in Lyell's Student's Elements | Of Geology | And in Ramsay's MiPalwontology | Delay (Weale's Series,) Chapter

1; and the following Minerals:-

The Native Elements.

Sulphides and Arsenides, viz.:—Nickeline, Smaltine, Blende, Galena, Copper-glance, Cinnabar, Iron Pyrites, Antimonite, Mispickel, Copper Pyrites, Tetrahedrite.

Chlorides, &c., viz.: -- Rocksalt, Fluor Spar

Oxides, viz.:—Cuprite, Magnetite, Spinel, Corundum, Hæmatite, Limonite, Cassiterite, Pyrolusite, Quartz, Opal.

Carbonates, viz. :-- Arragonite, Cerusite Calespar, Magnesite,

Dolomite, Chalybite, Chessylite, Malachite.

Silicates, viz.:—Olivine, Hypersthene, Diopside, Diallage, Augite, Tremolite, Actimolite, Hornblende, Apophyllite, Talc. Serpentine, Topaz, Garnet Epidote, Micas, Felspar, Stilbite, Analcime, Tourmaline.

Sulphates, Nitrates, &c, viz.:—Barytine, Gypsum, Saltpetre, Borax, Apatite.

N B.—Specimens of some of these Minerals will be given to be identified and described.

#### HONOR EXAMINATION.

## Pure Mathematics.

Algebra, as in Todhunter or Wood, omitting the theory of Probabilities and Indeterminate Equations of a degree higher than the first.

Trigonometry, as in Todhunter, omitting Articles 318 to the end.

Theory of Equations, as in Todhunter, Chaps. I—XVIII, Articles 242-248, and Chap. XXV to the end.

Geometry of two dimensions, as in Turnbull and Salmon, with the exception of Involution, Infinitesimals, and Projections.

Geometry of three dimensions, as in Aldis, omitting Chap IX on Functional and Differential Equations to families of surfaces: or the corresponding propositions in Frost and Wolstenholme.

 $oldsymbol{N}.$   $oldsymbol{B}.$ —Tetrahedral and Quadriplanar co-ordinates will not be re-

quired.

Differential Calculus, as in Todhunter.

Integral Calculus, as in Todhunter, Chaps. I-IX, omitting Articles 90-96.

Differential Equations, only as required for the propositions in which they appear.

Spherical Trigonometry, as in Todhunter, Chaps. I-VIII, and Chap. XII.

N. B.—All limits are inclusive.

#### Mixed Mathematics.

Statics, as in Parkinson and Todhunter, with the exception of Poisson's proof of the Parallelogram of Forces, La Grange's proof of Virtual Velocities; also Chaps. VII, IX, and the articles upon the attraction of Spheroids, Ivory's Theorem and Potentials.

Particle Dynamics, as in Tait and Steele. omitting Chaps. VI, XI, XII, the more complicated problems of constrained motion upon surfaces, and all propositions involving the application of the Calculus of Variations.

Hydro-mechanics, as in Besant's elementary treatise, with the exception of the theory of sound; also the larger treatise of the same author, omitting Chaps. VII, X, XII, and all propositions involving the Dynamics of a rigid body.

N. B.—In Chap. VIII, only propositions involving resolution along

lines of motion are required.

Optics, as in Parkinson, omitting the formulæ for the calculation of spherical aberration and the propositions at the end of Chap. VI on refraction and reflection at different surfaces in any manner.

Astronomy, as in Main's Practical and Spherical Astronomy, with the exception of the articles mentioned below:—

Chap. II.	Articles	17-19, 33, 36.
" <sup>-</sup> III.	,,	10.
", V.	,,	11, 12.
,, VI. (1)	<b>71</b>	4-8.
" VI. (2)	"	9 - 12.
,, VI. (3)	<b>3</b> 1	10, 11, 19, 24, 25.
"_VII.	"	7-15, 18.
"VIII.	>>	9-11, 16-21.
" <u>X</u> .	**	6-8, 34-36.
" XI.	,,	12 to end.

Text-Book in Political Economy for the B. A. Examination Female Candidates.

Manual of Political Economy by Professor Fawcett.

# TEXT-BOOKS IN LAW.

## B. L. EXAMINATION.

1. Principles of General Jurisprudence and Law of Property; the Law relating to persons in their public and private capacities and Legal History and Constitution—

Markby's Elements of Law (including Supplement).

Stephen's Blackstone, Book I; Book II. Introduction and
Part 2, Chapters 1, 2, and 4; Book IV, Part I, Chapters
2 and 6.

Cowell's Tagore Law Lectures, 1870, pp. 1—226. Ditto 1872.

Macpherson's Civil Procedure, Notes to Sections 5 and 6. Act XXI of 1870 (The Hindu Wills Act, 1870), and such of the Sections of the Indian Succession Act, 1865, as are therein specifically referred to. except Parts XXXI and except Parts XXXIII—XL.

2. The Land Tenures of Bengal; the Revenue Laws; the Law of Mortgage, Registration, Limitation, and Prescription—

Regulations I and VIII of 1793 (Permanent Settlement).

Regulation VIII of 1819 (Putnee Talooks).

Regulation XI of 1825 (Accretions).

Act XI of 1859, Sections 9-15, 33-37.

Act XIX of 1873, Sections 146, 150, 166-168,

Act VIII of 1869 (B. C.), Sections 2-20. )

Act XVIII of 1873, Sections 4--23.

Macpherson on Mortgages.

Registration Act of 1877.

Limitation Act of 1877.

3. The Hindu and Mahomedan Law.

Cowell's Tagore Law Lectures, 1871, pp. 95-224.

Macnaghten's Mahomedan Law, except Chapters 3, 9, 11, and 12.

4. The Law of Contract and Torts.

Macpherson on Contracts,

Stephen's Blackstone, Book V. Chapters 7 and 8.

The Indian Contract Act of 1872.

5. Civil Procedure and Evidence.

The following Chapters of the Code of Civil Procedure—

Chapter I.

Chapter II, Sections 15-18; 20-25.

Chapter III, Sections 26-35.

Chapter IV.

Chapter V, Sections 48-50; 59-63.

Chapter VI. Sections 64—71.

Chapters VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII.

Chapters XVI, XVII.

Chapter XIX, Sections 223-229; 266-285.

Chapters XX, XXI, XXII.

Chapters XXX, XXXI, XXXIII, XXXV, XXXVI, XXXVII, XXXIX, XL.

Chapter XLI, Sections 540-544.

Chapter XLVI.

The Indian Evidence Act of 1872.

6. Criminal Law and Criminal Procedure-

The Penal Code (except Sections 109—120, 124-140, 205-229, 236-211, 243-298, 312-318, 162—190, **321--338**, 392-402, 426-443, 447-462, 478-510, and all such parts of the Code as relate exclusively to the amount of punishment to be inflicted for an offence).

The Code of Criminal Procedure, Act X of 1872, Parts IV, V, VI, and X, the other parts being omitted altogether.

The amendments of the Penal Code, so far as they relate to the sections not above excluded.

# SUBJECTS IN BOTANY.

FOR THE FIRST L. M. S. AND FIRST M B. EXAMINATIONS.

(See Regulations, First L. M. S., para. 2; First M. B., para. (2.) Elementary Anatomy, Histology, and Physiology of flowering plants, the principles of Hooker and Bentham's system of classification of plants; a detailed account of eight\* natural orders which are especially important in Bengal.

For the First Examination in Arts of Female Candidates.

Oliver's First Book of Indian Botany; the whole of Part I and Chapter 1 of Part II. viz., the Elements of Morphology and Physiology of flowering plants, the Principles of their natural classification, and the Diagnosis and detailed accounts of the following six natural orders:

1. Malvacoæ.

- 4. Urticacca.
- 2. Leguminosa.
- 5 Aroidea.
- 3. Cucurbitaceæ.
- 6. Gramineæ.
- \* To be notified from time to time by the Syndicate. See. L. M. S. Regulations, para. 6

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1858.	H Scott-Smith, Esq., B.A.
1862.	{ J. G. Medlicott, Esq., B.A., Rev. J. Richards, M.A., } Officiating.
1863.	H. Scott-Smith, Esq., B.A.
1864.	J. Sutcliffe, Esq., M.A., Officiating.
1865.	J. Sutcliffe, Esq., M.A.
1873.	W. G. Willson, Esq., M.A., Officiating.
1873.	J. Sutcliffe, Esq., M.A.
1875.	H. Woodrow, Esq., M A. W. G. Willson, Esq., M.A. Officiating. J. Sutcliffe, Esq., M.A.
1876.	{ J. Sutcliffe, Esq., M.A. } Officiating.
1877.	Charles H. Tawney, Esq., M.A.

# EXAMINERS.

# Entrance Examination, 1881.

English	•1	Rev. J. Edwards. W. Young, Esq. J. Mann, Esq. Rev. W. Johnson.
Greek and Latin	•4	A. Clarke Edwards, Esq. H. M. Percival, Esq. Baboo Nakuleswar Banerjee.
Bengali and Sanskrit	•	,, Rajanikanta Gupta. ,, Gopalchandra Gupta. ,, Bereswar Chatterjea.
Hindi and Oriya	••	Rev. K. M. Banerjea, D.L.
Arabic, Persian and Urdu	••1	Major H. S. Jarrett.
History and Geography	••	R. Carter, Esq. Rev. Lalbehari Dey. Baboo Prasannakumar Ray. Rev. A. F. Rudolf Hærnle.
Mathematics	••	Rev. E. S. Summers. Very Rev. D. Van Impe, S.J. J. A. Martin, Esq. Rev. G. H. Rouse.
First Arts and B.		vaminations, 1881-82.
English Greek and Latin	•••	Rev. R. J. Bell. W. T. Webb, Esq. A. Clarke Edwards, Esq. U. M. Percival, Esq.

Arabic and Persia	n	Major H. S. Jarrett.
Sanskrit	•••	Rev. K.M. Bancrjee, D. L. Pandit Maheschandra Nyaya- ratna.
History	•••	Rev. J. Robertson.  M. J. White, Esq.
Mathematics and	i Natural	
sophy	•••	( W. N. Boutflower, Esq.
Mental and Mora	l Science	Rev. W. Hastie A. R. Thomson, Esq.
Physical Science	•••	Dr. Murray Thomson. A. Ewbank, Esq.
Botany	•••	Dr. Geo. King.

#### Law

### B. L. Examination, 1881.

C. Piffard, Esq. | B. L. Gupta, Esq.

Honors in Liv.
C. Piffard, Esq. | B. L. Gupta, Esq.

#### MEDICINE.

L. M. S. and M. B. First and Second Examinations, 1881.

Anatomy	***	• • •	Dr. K. McLeod.
Chemistry	••		Dr. C J. H Warden.
Medicine and Mi	dwifery	•••	Dr. R. C. Chandra.
Surgery and Opl	athalmic Su	rgery	Dr. D. O'C. Raye.
Physiology and	Comp. Ana	tomy	Dr. T. R. Lewis.
Materia Medica	•••	••	Dr. R. Harvey,
Pathology and I	Iygione	• • •	Dr. C. H Joubert.
Medical Jurispru	idence	***	Dr. F. C. Nicholson.
Botany	• • •	***	Dr. D. Cunningham.

## Honors in Midwifery.

R. C. Chandra, Esq., M.D.

# REGULATIONS REGARDING ACADEMICAL COSTUME.

Graduates shall wear a European dress with a College Cap, or a white Chapkan and Trowsers, with a Shawl Pagree and black Taz. They also shall wear Gowns and Hoods for the several degrees, as described below—

# For the Degree of B. A.

A black silk or stuff Gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, edged on the inside with a border of dark blue silk.

# For the Degree of B. L.

A black silk or stuff Gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, edged on the inside with a border of green silk.

#### For the degree of B. M.

Black silk or stuff Gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, edged on the inside with a border of scarlet silk.

## For the Degree of B. C. E.

A black silk or stuff Gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, edged on the inside with a border of orange-coloured silk.

For the Degree of M. D. or Muster in any of the Faculties.

A black silk or stuff Gown. The Hood shall be of black silk or stuff, with a lining of silk corresponding in colour with the inside border of the Hood for Bachelors of the Faculty.

For the Degree of Doctor-in-Law.

A violet silk (fown with full sleeves. The Hood shall be of scarlet silk with a lining of white satiu.

# 

# Endowments.

#### PREMCHAND ROYCHAND STUDENTSHIPS.

Premchand Roychand, Esq., of Bombay, in a letter to the Government of India, offered to make a donation of two lakins of Rupees to the Calcutta University, and on the 9th February, 1866, paid over this amount to the Government of India, to be transferred to the University, and held by it as a Body Corporate under Section 2 of Act II of 1857. Mr. Premchand Roychand further expressed a hope "that the money should be devoted to some one large object or to a portion of some large object for which it might in itself be insufficient."

The Senate, at a meeting on the 21st July, 1866, accepted Mr. Premchand Roychand's munificent donation, and directed that it should be invested in 5 per cent. Government Securities. The Senate also sanctioned the following plan for appropriating the proceeds of the donation:—

1. Five studentships, to be called Premchand Roychand Studentships, of Rs. 2,000 a year each, to be founded and maintained by the interest of the two lakes and its accumulations during the next five years.

2. Any M.A. of this University to be eligible for one of these studentships during eight years from the time that he passed the Entrance Examination.

3. Such studentship to be tenable for five years, and one election

to be made annually after Examination.

- 4. Candidates to give notice of intention to appear six months before the Examination, and to select not more than five of the following subjects, each to receive a maximum of 1,000 marks:—
  - 1. English.
  - 2. Latin.
  - 3. Greck.
  - 4. Sanskrit.
  - 5. Arabic.
- 6. History of Greece, Rome, England, and India; and a general view of the History of Modern Europe from Guizot, Hallam, &c. To include Political Economy
  - 7. Moral Sciences :- viz., Ethics, Montal Philosophy, Logic.
  - 8. Puro Mathematics.
  - 9. Mixed Mathematics.
  - 10. Physical Science.
- 5. The names of the students to be printed in the Calendar after the Fellows, and after them the names of ex-students.

#### DUFF SCHOLARSHIPS.

The subscribers to a fund, raised for the purpose of commemorating the services of the Rev. Dr. Duff, directed the investment of the amount collected (Rs. 20,000) in Government Securities; and offered to transfer the same to the University of Calcutta on the following conditions:—

1. The interest of the money shall be applied to establish:-

I.—A Scholarship of Rs 15 a month, tenable for one year by the student who shall obtain in the First Arts Examination the highest number of marks for Languages.

II.—A Scholarship of Rs 15 a month, tenable for one year by the student who shall obtain in the First Arts Examination the highest

number of marks for Mathematics.

III.—A Scholarship of Rs. 15 a month, tenable for one year by the student who, having been educated for at least one year in the Free Kirk Institution, shall obtain the highest number of marks in all the subjects of the First Arts Examination taken together.

IV.—A Scholarship of Rs. 15 a month, tenable for one year by the student who, being a Christian in religion, and having been educated for at least one year in any of the affiliated Institutions for the education of Europeans and Eurasians, shall obtain the highest number of marks in all the subjects of the First Arts Examination taken together.

2. The above Scholarships shall be called "Duff Scholarships,"

and shall be tenable with any other Scholarships.

3. The surplus of the funds, after paying any small incidental expenses, shall be suffered to accumulate, and used for the purpose of giving rewards to any students of the University, who shall pass with credit in the Evidences of Revealed Religion, Natural

Theology and Moral Philosophy in the Examination for Honors, or for Degree of M. A., such rewards to be called "Duf Prizes."

- 4. Should the accumulations appear to the Syndicate greater than is necessary to carry out Rule 3, they may add to the value of the Duff Scholarships, or increase their number.
- 5. The Syndicate shall have the power of putting a fair interpretation on any doubtful point in the above rules.

The Senate, at a meeting on the 21st July, 1866, accepted this benefaction from the subscribers of the Duif Memorial Fund.

#### ESHAN SCHOLARSHIP.

Baboo Eshan Chundra Bose, of Calcutta, bequeathed, by his will, to the University, the sum of Rs. 12,000 in Government Securities of the 5 per cent. loan, for the purpose of founding a Scholarship, to be awarded annually in accordance with the terms specified in the following extract from the will:

"I direct my said Executors, immediately on my decease, if the same shall not be contributed during my lifetime, to set apart out of my estate. Government Securities of the late East India Company, or of the Government of India, or both of them, for the amount of Rupees twelve thousand, of some 5 per cent. loan, or otherwise that my Executors shall immediately, after my decease, invest a sufficient part of my estate in the purchase of similar Government Securities for Rupees twelve thousand, of some five per cent. loan, so as to provide an annual income of Rupees six hundred, and to endorse over and transfer the same to the Government of Bengal, or the President. for the time being, of the Syndicate of the Calcutta University, subject to the trusts hereinafter mentioned concerning the same, that is to say, interest to found a Scholarship in the Calcutta University, to be called 'Eshan's Scholarship,' to be awarded to the first scholar, being a Hindu Native of India, on the B. A. list for the year in the order of merit, in consideration of his continuing his studies at the Calcutta Presidency College with a view to the attainment of the higher Degree of M. A., and to be paid to him upon or in case of his attaining that Degree, but not otherwise."

#### Scholars.

1869,	Kartikchandra Mitra	•••		Presy. Coll
1870.	Saradacharn Mitra	•••	***	Ditto.
1871.	Isanchandra Basu	• •	•••	Ditto.
1872.	Rajaninath Ray	•••	***	Ditto.
1873.	Saratchandra Mukhopadh	ıyay	•••	Ditto.
1874.	Prasannakumar Lahiri	•••	***	Ditto.
1875.	Nilkanta Sarkar	***	***	🚣 Ditto.
1876.	Bipinbibari Gupta	•••	***	Ditto.
1877.	Chandrasekhar Sarkar	***	***	Ditto.
1878.	Suryyakumar Agasti	***	***	Ditto.
1879.	Atulkrishna Ray	***	***	Ditto.
1880.	Digambar Chatterjee	***	***	Ditto.

# TAGORE LAW PROFESSORSHIP.

The Hou'ble Prasauna Coomar Tagore, C S. I., bequeathed, by his will, to the University, a monthly allowance of Rs. 1,000, for the purpose of founding a Professorship of Law in connection with the University, to be called the "Tagore Law Professorship." The terms of the bequest are given in the following extract from the will:—

"I am desirous of founding a Law Professorship, to be called 'The Tagore Law Professorship,' and of providing an adequate remuneration for the Professor who shall fill the chair provided by me. I direct that my Trustees or Trustee do, and shall, as soon as may conveniently be after my death, invest in Government Securities such a sum of money taken from my personalty or by degrees from the income of my real estate, at the discretion of my Trustees or Trustee, as will produce the monthly sum of Rs. 1,000, and that when such sum has been invested, the same may be assigned, transferred, and made over to the University of Calcutta to be held upon the following trusts, that is to say: In trust to pay out of the interest accruing due therefrom the annual sum of Rs. 10,000 by equal monthly payments to the 'Tagore Law Professor' for the time being, and in trust to apply the residue of the interests in the manner hereinafter mentioned. And I desire that until such sum shall have been so invested and made over as hereinbefore directed, my said Trustees or Trustee shall either from the proceeds of my personal estate or from the rents, issues, and profits arising from my real property, pay the sum of Rs. 1,000 a month to the University of Calcutta, to be applied by the University in the same manner and for the same purposes as the interest to accrue due from the funds which I have hereinbefore directed to be made over to the University. And I declare that the right of appointing a Professor to the said 'Tagore Law Professorship' and removing or dismissing the incumbent therefrom shall be vested in the Senate of the University. And that the first appointment shall be made so as to begin to take effect not later than the end of one year from the date of my death; my will is that the 'Tagore Law Professor' shall read or deliver at some place within the town of Calcutta one complete Course of Law Lectures without charge to the students and other persons who may attend such lectures. Within six months after the delivery of each course of lectures, the lecture shall be printed, and not less than 500 copies thereof shall be distributed gratuitously. I desire that the expense of such printing and distribution may be defrayed out of the residue of the annual interest of the said fund. Whatever portion of the residue may remain after defraying the expenses, I desire that it may be devoted to the printing and publication of approved works on Law or Jurisprudence. It is my will that the said 'Tagore Law Professorship' shall, save as herein provided, be as to the kind of law which is to be taught and in all other matters and things regulated by and subject to the control of the Senate to the said University."

The Senate has adopted the following scheme for lectures:—
1. That in the month of August in each year, the Faculty of Law shall name four or more subjects, upon one of which (to be selected by himself) the Professor for the following year shall be required to

deliver a course of at least twelve lectures.

2. That immediately after the subjects shall have been thus named, advertisements shall be published in such newspapers as the Syndicate may think proper, stating the subjects for the lectures, and inviting candidates for the Professorship.

3. That the candidates shall thou send in their names to the Registrar on or before the 1st of January following; and each candidate shall be required to state upon which of the subjects he is

willing to lecture.

4. That the election of the Professor shall then take place in the month of March; and that he shall be appointed for one year only.—the Senate being at liberty to re-elect him, if they shall think proper.

#### PROFESSORS.

Herbert Cowell, Esq. 1870. Herbort Cowell, Esq. 1871. 1872. Herbert Cowell, Esq. 1873. Babu Shama Churn Sarkar. 1874. Babu Shama Churn Sarkar. 1875. A. Phillips, Esq. 1876. Babu Rashbihari Ghosh. 1877. E. J. Trevelyan, Esq. **1878**. Dr. Gooroodass Bancriee. 1879. Dr. Trailokyanath Mitra. 1880. Babu Rajkumar Sarbadhikari. 1881. W. F. Agnew, Esq.

### UNIVERSITY LIBRARY.

Babu Upendranath Mitra.

**18**82.

Babn Joykissen Mookerjee, of Ooterpara, made a donation of Rs. 5,000 to the University, on the 20th July, 1869, for the purpose of forming a Library. The amount was invested in four percent, securities till the completion of the University building.

In 1874, the sum of Rs. 3,500 was added to the Library Fund from the surplus income of the University of that year: and the Syndicate, having thus at their disposal more than Rs. 9,000, appointed a Committee to report on the steps it was advisable to take to form a Library. The Committee reported (see Minutes, Vol. XVIII, page 22) that they thought "it desirable to begin with procuring such books as shall render the Calcutta University Library supplementary to other Libraries now existing in Calcutta." general principles laid down by the Committee, and the mode of procedure they proposed for adoption, were approved by the Syndicate; and further transfers have, from year to year, been made to the Library fund from the surplus income of the University. Several instalments of books have been received, and the Library now . contains, besides English works of reference, and the chief authorities on Indian antiquities, fairly complete sots of the Sanskrit, Arabic, Latin, French and German classics. The following Regulations have been approved by the Syndicate:-

Regulations for the management of the University Library.

1. (a.) The Library shall be under the management of a Committee consisting of not less than appointment of the Committee. Give Resident Fellows of the University, who shall be appointed annually by the Syndicate. The Registrar shall be ex-officio Librarian and Secretary of the Committee.

(b.) Members of the Committee, who may leave India during their year of office, with the intention of not returning before the end of their time of office, shall be considered to have vacated their membership.

(c.) Vacancies which may be caused by the retirement or departure of Members, or otherwise, at any time during their year of office, shall be reported to the Syndicate, who may then, at their dis-

cretion, nominate other Fellows to the office vacated.

(d.) The Syndicate may at any time, at their discretion, appoint additional Members to the Committee.

- 2. (a.) It shall be competent to the Committee to make such bye-laws, rules and arrangements, as Powers and duties of Committee. they may think fit, for holding meetings, and generally for conducting the business pertaining to their office, provided that all such rules and arrangements are consistent with the provisions of the Act of Incorporation, the Byc-laws of the University, and with these present Regulations.
- (b.) The Committee shall decide on the purchase of books with the moneys placed at their disposal for that purpose by the Syndicate.
- The Committee shall establish a regular and authentic record of all books borrowed from the labrary and returned to it, together with the name of borrowers, the dates of borrowing and returning and such further details as they may deem advisable.
- 3. The Library is for the use of Resident Fellows of the University, and they alone have the privilege Privileges of Fellows. touse it, subject to the present Regulations and to such further rules and orders as may be agreed to by the **Library Committee under Regulation 2** (a).
- (a) Persons residing in Calcutta, not being Fellows of the University, may receive special permis-Admission of Non-Fellows. sion from the Syndicate to use the Library for the purpose of literary research. Such permission will be granted only on the recommendation of the Library Committee.
- (b.) In recommending any person to the Syndicate under this Regulation, the Library Committee shall specify in writing. for the information of the Syndicate, the grounds on which they base their recommendation.
- (c.) Persons not being Fellows of the University may consult the Library for the purpose of literary research, without removing the books from the Library, between the hours of half-past ten A. M. and half-past three P. M., on the written recommondation of a Member of the Library Committee to the Librarian, but not otherwise.
- 5. (a.) Subject to the exceptions specified in Regulation 7, Fellows and other persons allowed to use Conditions of borrowing and the Library under Regulation 4 (a) may returning books. borrow and temporarily remove such

books as they may require, provided that one person shall not at one and the same time have more than ten volumes, in his possession on loan from the Library. In this Regulation the term "volumes" shall

include pamphlets and parts of works separately sewn.

(b.) No books shall be issued and delivered except to the authorised borrower in person, or to some one having written authority from him to receive it on behalf of the authorised borrower.

- (c) Every volume borrowed shall be returned to the Library within two calendar months of the date on which it was removed from the Library. In case any borrower fails to return any book within this period, a notice shall be sent to him by the Librarian calling for the return of the book.
- (d.) If a book called for under the previous section be not returned within one week after the receipt of the Librarian's notice, the person who has borrowed the book from the Library shall be subject to a fine of one rupee for each volume so retained, and to a further fine of an equal amount for each additional week that he may retain it after the expiration of the second week.
- (e.) Subject to the provisions of Regulations 6, 7, 8, and 9, a book returned to the Library may be again borrowed by the same person, provided that no other Fellow or person entitled to use the Library has lodged with the Librarian an application for the same work. If such application has been made, the book may not be taken out by the original borrower until returned by the second applicant.

6. The privilege of any Fellow or other person to use the Library shall be suspended, so long as he retains any book which, under these Regulations, he is not entitled to retain, or so long as he leaves unpaid any fine which may have been imposed on him under Regulations 5, 8, and 9.

- 7. (a.) Books which are valuable on account of their rarity or Books not to be removed.

  Which belong to a series, and which being out of print, it may be difficult or impossible to replace if lost, or books required for constant reference, shall not be removed from the Library.
- (b.) A list of the works excluded from removal under this Regulation shall be drawn up by the Library Committee, and will be subject to revision and extension from time to time.
- 8. (a. The Librarian shall report to the Committee all cases in Mutilation and disfigurement of books have been mutilated, disfigured by writing on the margin or otherwise injured, while in the posses-
- sion of readers.
- (b.) Any person guilty of such an offence shall be required to replace the injured, by an uninjured copy of the book, and shall be liable to the cost of its proper binding and other charges. Further, he shall be fined and suspended from the privileges of the Library at the discretion of the Committee.
- 9. (a.) A general inspection of the Library and of the record

  Annual inspection of Library.

  of books issued and returned, shall be made annually in the first week of

  April by the Library Committee, or by one or more Members of the Committee deputed by them for that purpose.

(b.) During this period of inspection the Library shall be closed, and all books whatever and by whomseever borrowed shall be returned to the Library by the 31st March of each year.

(c.) Any person who fails to return, in accordance with this Regulation, all books borrowed by him, shall be subject to a fine of not less than two rupees for each volume retained, and if such volume is not returned before the expiration of one week after the last day of the impection, a further fine of an equal amount shall be imposed for

each volume for each additional week until that volume is returned or until a copy of the same edition and of equal value is placed in the Library in its stead, and all expenses connected therewith paid by the borrower.

10. The Library shall be closed on Sundays and all public holi-Days of opening and closing. days and on all days for holding public examinations. Subject to the exception of Regulation 9, it shall be open on other days between the hours of half-past ten A. M. and half-past three P. M.

#### MOUAT MEDAL.

The Committee of the Mouat Testimonial Fund made over to the University the sum of Rs. 2,040, to be invested in six per cent. Municipal Debentures, with a request that the University would apply the annual interest to carry out the following purpose:—

1. That an annual Gold Medal be instituted bearing the words

"Mount Medal" on one side.

2. That it be awarded to the Premchand Student of the year, and presented to him publicly at the annual Convocation for conferring degrees.

The Senate at the annual meeting in 1872 thankfully accepted this benefaction for carrying out the object of the Fund.

#### RADHAKANTA MEDAL.

The subscribers to the Radbakanta Memorial made over to the University the residue of the Memorial Fund, after providing for the Bust and Portrait of the deceased Rajah, amounting to Rs. 2,000, in Municipal Debentures, with a request that the annual interest on the Debentures might be applied "in awarding a Gold Medal to the best Sanskrit scholar among the successful candidates for the Degree of B. A. of each year." At the annual meeting of the Senate in 1873, this benefaction was thankfully accepted.

#### MEDALLISTS.

1874.	Prasannakumar Lahiri,		Presidency College.
1875.	Juanendranath Das,	•••	Ditto.
1876.	Haraprasad Bhattacharyya,	• • •	Ditto.
1877.	Prasannanarayan Chaudhuri,	•••	Free Church Instn.
1878.	Kunjalal Nag,	•••	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
	Kadamath Russ	•••	Ditto.*
1880.	Ramprasauna Mukhopadhyay,		Presidency College.
1881.	Manihan Lahimi	•••	Ditto.

# HARIS CHANDRA PRIZE.

Rajah Harischandra Chandhuri, a Zemindar of Mymensing made over to the University a six per cent. Municipal Debenture bond for Rs. 2,000, in order to found a prize to be called the "Harischandra Prize," to be awarded to the best student in Mathematics at the B. A. Examination of the year, being a Hindu native of

Bengal, in consideration of his prosecuting his studies in Mathematics with a view to the attainment of the Higher Degree of M. A., and to be paid to him upon his attaining that Degree in that subject, but not otherwise.

#### WOODROW MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIP.

The subscribers to the fund, raised for the purpose of commemorating the services of the late Mr. Woodrow, made over to the University of Calcutta Rs. 4,800 in Government Promissory Notes of the four per cent Loau, in order to establish a science scholarship to be awarded to the best student in Chemistry and Physics at the B. A. Examination of the year, being a native of Bengal, who does not hold any University, Government, or Private scholarship, on condition that he pursue his studies in some well organized Institution for the degree of Master of Arts in science.

#### SCHOLARSHIP-HOLDERS.

1879.	Brajaballabh Datta,	•••	Krishnaghar	College.
1880.	Biharilal Sarkar,	•••	Presidency	College.
1881.	Prasannakumar Guha,	•••	Dacca	College.

#### PACHETE SANSKRIT PRIZE.

Maharaja Nilmani Sing Deo Bahadur. Zemmaar of Pachete made over to the University of Calcutta two Government Promissory Notes of Rs. 1,000 each, of the 4½ per cent. Loan of 1879, in order to found a Prize to be called "the Pachete Sanskrit Prize" to be awarded to the student who stands highest in Sanskrit among the successful candidates at the First Arts Examination of the year.

#### HERSCHEL MEDAL.

The Committee of the Herschel Testimonial Fund made over to the University the sum of Rs. 1.800 in 4 per cent. Government Promissory Notes on the following conditions:

1. That an annual Gold Medal be instituted bearing the words 4 Herschel Medal" on one side.

2. That the Medal be presented publicly every year at the annual Convocation for conferring degrees to that candidate among the successful candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Arts who obtains the highest marks in Dynamics and Astronomy.

### COBDEN MEDALIST.

" OHO	O. 1. 1 TP 14		
791A	Sukul Kalisankar,	4.4	Presidency College.
1880.	Manmathanath Ghosh,		Times (Illustrate Trailing)
	AMERICAN CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY	***	Free Church Institution.

# INSTITUTIONS AFFILIATED TO THE UNIVERSITY.

#### IN ARTS.

# (Up to the B. A. Standard.)

- 1. Presidency College, affiliated in 1857.
- 2. Hugli College, 1857.
- 3. Dacca College, 1857.
- 4. Krishunghar College, 1857.
- 5. Berhampore College, 1857.
- 6. Doveton College, Calcutta, 1857.
- 7. St. Paul's School, Darjeeling, 1857.
- 8. Free Church Institution, Calcutta, 1857.
- 9. La Martiniere College, Calcutta, 1857.
- 10. London Missionary Society's Institution, Bhowampere, 1857.
- 11. Scrampore College, 1857.
- 12. Agra College, 1860.
- 13. Benares College, 1860.
- 14. Jabalpur High School, 1860.
- 15. Sanskrit College, 1860.
- Bishop & College, 1860.
- 17. Ajmere College, 1862.
- 18. Bareilly College, 1862.
- 19. Patna College, 1862.
- 20. St Xavier's College, 1862.
- 21. St. John's College, Agra, 1862.
- 22. Jaynarain's College, Benares, 1862.
- 23. Lahore Government College, 1864.
- 24. Delhi Government College, 1864.
- 25 St. Thomas' College, Colombo, 1864.
- 26. St. Stephen's College, Delhi. 1864.
- 27. General Assembly's Institution, Calcutta, 186 k.
- 28. Lahore Mission School, 1864.
- 29. Cathedral Mission College, Calcutta, 1865.
- 30. Victoria College, Agra, 1865.
- 31. Church Mission School, Umritsar, 1865.
- 32. Bishop Cotton School, Simla, 1866.
- 33. Christ Church School, Cawnpore, 1866.
- 34. Canning College, Lucknow, 1867.
- 35. La Martiniere College, Lucknow, 1869.
- 36. Mussocrie School, 1869.
- 37. Allahabad High School, 1869.
- 38. Muir Central College, Allahabad, 1872.
- 39. Ravenshaw College, Katak, 1876.
- 40. Rajshahye College, 1878.
- 41. Trinity College, Kondy, 1878
- 42. Metropolitan Institution, Calcutta, 1879.
- 43. Muhomedan Oriental College, Aligarh, 1881.

# (Up to the First Arts Standard.)

- 1. Gowhatty High School, 1866.
- 2. Caloutta Madrassa, 1867.
- Sehore High School, 1868.
- 4. Chittagong College, 1869.

- 5. St. Peter's College, Agra, 1870.
- 6. London Mission School, Benares, 1871.
- 7. London Mission School, Mirzapore, 1872.
- 8. Midnapur College, 1873.
- 9. Jaypur Maharajah's College, 1873.
- 10. Patialah Maharajah's School, 1874.
- 11. Wesley College, Colombo, 1876.
- 12. Wesleyan Central Institution, Batticaloa, 1877.
- 13. Residency College, Indore, 1877
- 14. Rungpur College, 1877.
- 15. St. Francis De Sales's School, Nagpur, 1879.
- 16. Government High School, Rangoon, 1879.
- 17. Christian Boarding School, Batala, 1880.
- 18. Rajkumar College, Nowgong, 1880.
  - 19. City College, Calcutta, 1881.

#### IN LAW.

- 1. Presidency College, 1857.
- 2. Hugli College, 1864.
- 3 Dacca College, 1864.
- 4. Krishnaghar College, 1864.
- 5. Berhampore College, 1864.
- 6. Patna College, 1864.
- 7. Agra College, 1868.
- 8. Ravenshaw College, Katak, 1869.
- 9. Chittagong College, 1869.
- 10. Canning College, Lucknow, 1870.
- 11. Muir Central College, Adahabad, 1872.
- 12. Rajshahye College, 1880.

#### In Medicine.

1. Medical College, Calcutta. 1857.

#### IN ENGINEERING.

- 1. Thomason College, Rurki, 1864.
- 2. Government Engineering College, Howrah, April, 1880.

#### AFFILIATION.

1. Institutions, or departments of Institutions, may be affiliated in Arts. Law, Medicine, and Civil Engineering.

2. The power of affiliating rests, under the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, with the Syndicate, to whom all

applications for affiliation must be addressed through the Registrar. In the case of a Government Institution, application must be made by the Director of Public Instruction or other chief educational afficer of the province in which the Institution is situated.

In the case of any other Institution, application must be made by the chief controlling authority of such Institution.

Every application must be countersigned by two Members of the Senate, and if thought necessary in the case of distant Institutions, by the Secretary to the Government of the province in which the Institution is situated.

3. The application must contain-

- (a.) A declaration that the Institution has the means of educating up to the standard under which it desires to be affiliated.
- (b.) A statement showing the provisions made for the instruction of the students up to the same standard.
- (c.) Satisfactory assurance that the Institution will be maintained on the proposed footing for five years at least.
- 4 The Syndicate may, with the sanction of of the Gevernor-General of India in Council, at any time, withdraw the privilege of affiliation from any Institution.

# Presidency College.

# AFFILIATED, 1857.

The Presidency College was established on the 15th June, 1855, under orders from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors in their Despatch No. 62, dated 15th September, 1854, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction of Bengal.

The College is open to all classes of the community, and the course of instruction is adapted to the requirements of the University for Degrees in Arts, and Law.

General Department.—Students who have passed the University Entrance Examination are admissible to this department.

There is an admission fee of Rs. 10, and the monthly tuition fee is Rs. 12, except in the case of students holding Junior Scholarships, who pay only Rs. 10.

Seven Scholarships, founded in commemoration of the donors whose names they bear, are attached to the College, and are tenable by Graduates, in Arts for one year after taking the Degree of B. A., viz.:—

The Burdwan Scholarship ... value Rs. 50 a month,
, Dwarkanauth Tagore ... , , 50
, Bird Scholarship ... , 40
, Ryan Scholarship ... , 40
Three Hindu College Scholarships ... , 80

Law Department.—Students are admissible to this department who have passed the First Examination in Arts. Candidates for admission, who are not already members of the General Department, are required to pay an entrance fee of Rs 10. During the first year students pay a monthly tuition fee of Rs. 5, and during the second and third years they pay Rs. 10 a month.

# · Instructive Staff. General Department.

General Department,				
Principal and Professor of Engli	sh Mr. C. H. Tawney, M.A.			
Ofig. Professor of Mental and Mor	nl Dr. A. F. Rudolf Hoernle.			
	Mr. J. Eliot, M.A.			
•	74 A 13 77			
The state of the s	Mr. A. Pedler.			
Professor of Natural Philosophy at Astronomy	Jair. A. M. Mani, Ridi.			
·	(Mr. W. Booth, B.A.			
Professors of Mathematics .	Mr. W. Booth, B.A. Mr. H. W. M'Cann, M.A. D. Sc.			
	(Mr. W. T. Webb, M.A.			
*** ** ** ** ** **	Babu Prasannakumar Sarba-			
Professors of English Literature	dhikari.			
Professor of History	Mr. M. Prothero, B.A.			
Assistant Professor of Sanskrit .	Babu Nilmani Mookerjee, M.A.			
Assistant Professor of English .	Mr. H. M. Percival, M.A.			
4,3	Babu C. C. Banerjea.			
Teacher of Sanskrit	Babu Harischandra Bhatta-			
Toacher of Sanskin	charyya.			
Teacher of Arabic and Persian	Maulavi Ahmad.			
Law Department.				
	Mr J. G. Apcar,			
	Mr. W. F. Agnew			
T 4				
Lecturers in Law	Babu Trailokyanath Mitra,			
	M.A., D.L			
	(Mr. Amir Ali, M.A.			
with the state of				

# Hooghly College.

AFCILIATED, 1957.

This Institution was founded in 1836, and was originally supported from funds bequeathed by Mahomed Mohsin, a wealthy Mahomedan gentleman, who, dying without heirs in the year 1806, left his large property, yielding an annual income of Rs 45,000 to Mahamedan Trustees "for the service of God." Owing to the misappropriation of the funds. Government assumed the office of Trusteeship. The right of assumption was opposed by the original Trustees, but upheld both by the Courts in India and by the Privy Council in England. The period of litigation extended over many years, during which the annual income accumulated, forming a surplus of Rs. 8,61,100. The surplus was devoted to the foundation and endowment of the Hooghly College, and was further increased by a portion of the original zemindurec that became available on the death of one of the Mootawallees of the Hooghly Imam. barah, an Institution which also derives its support from Mahomed Mohsin's legacy. The College endowment was further increased by the accumulation of unexpended revenue, until the income amounted to Rs. 51,000 per annum. In 1873, the Government of India resolved to transfer the whole of the Mohsin endowment to the purpose of . Mahomedan education throughout Bengal, and accordingly increased

the provincial assignment for education in Bengal by Rs. 50,000 a year, in order to most the expenses of the Hooghly College, which has now become an Institution maintained by the Government.

The College consists of three Departments, an English, an Arabic, and a Law Department, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Bengal. The English Department is open to all students who have passed the University Entrance Examination, the fees being one rapee per mensom for Mahomedaus, and Rs. 6 for all others. In the Law Department the fee is Rs. 5 per mensom for the 1st year class, and Rs. 7 for the 2nd and 3rd year classes.

In 1846, a sum of Rs. 5,000 was given by Ranee Kuttianee, a large landed proprietress, for the foundation of a Senior Scholarship in the Hooghly

College, to be competed for by the students of this Listination alone. Owing to some misapprehension, the Scholarship remained nuawarded for some years, during which the principal was considerably increased by the accumulation of interest, so that it now yields an income of about Rs. 320 per annum; this being more than sufficient to support the existing Scholarship of Rs. 16 per measem, it has been detormined to open another, equal in value, as soon as the yearly saving afford an adequate fund.

Two Junior Scholarships, of Rs. S per monsom, are attached to the

Zemindarce Scholarchin

\*D C Smyth, Esq Maharajah Dhiraj Mahtab Chane Bahadoor.

Baboo Dwarka Nath Tagore.

- " Callynath Moonshee. Pran Chunder Roy.
- " Srce Narain Chowdry.

Collegiate and Branch Schools, preference being given to students of the latter. These Scholarships were founded in 1813, and are supported by the surplus of the liberal contributions under by wealthy zemindars\* of the district for the purpose of building the Branch School.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Professor of Mathematics	Mr. W. Griffiths, M.A
Professor of History and Eng-	Rev. Lalbihari Day.
Professor of Logic and English Literature	Mr. J. Manu, M.A.
Offg. Lecturer on Botany	Mr. W. H. Gregg, R.A., M.B.
Offg. Lecturer on Chemistry and Physical Geography	Mr. A. C. Dutt.
Law Lecturer	Babu Nabiukrishna Mookerje M.A., B.L.
	Babu Gopalchandra Gupta.
Asst. Profr. of Arabic	Maulvi Abul Klmir, M.A.

# Ducen College.

Affiliated, 1857.

The College is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Bengal.

It was originally opened as a school, by the General Committee of Public Instruction, in the year 1835. In 1841 it was converted into a College, when a Principal was appointed, and an increase made to the staff of teachers. The College building was erected partly by public subscription, in 1841.

Any undergraduate of the University may be admitted, and instruction is given up to the standard of the M. A. Examination in Honors of the University of Calcutta. Lectures in Law also are delivered, and students are prepared for the B. L. Examination.

Students in the General Department pay a monthly fee of Rs. 6, and in the Law Department, of Rs. 7.

A silver medal, called the Donnelly Prize, the value of the interest on Rs 1,000 subscribed by the native assistants of the late Abkarce Commissioner's office, in memory of the late A F. Donnelly, Esq., and a prize called the Lewis Prize, the value of the interest of Rs. \$500, subscribed by students of the college, in memory of G. Lewis, Esq., one of the former Principals of the college, are awarded annually, the former for proficience in History and the latter for proficience in English.

Two Scholarships, called the Nawab Absanullah Scholarships, are

held in the 3rd and 4th years respectively.

Attached to the College and under the control of the Principal is the Raj Chandra Hindu Hostel, founded in momory of the late Babu Raj Chandra Das, Zemindar and Banker of Dacca. It is supported by an annual contribution from his son, Babu Protap Chandra Das, Zemindar and Banker, and a monthly capitation grant from the Government of Bengal.

Under the control of the Principal are the Collegiate School and the Survey School. The staff of the former consists of a Head Master, eleven Anglo-Vernacular Masters, three Pandits, and one Maulvi; the latter, of a Head Master and two Assistant Masters.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

General Department. Principal .. (Vacunt.) Offg. ditto and Professor of Mr John van Someren Pope, M.A. Professor of Logic, Mental and Mr. P. K. Ray, D. Sc. Moral Philosophy. Professor of English Literature, Mr. G. A. Stack, (on deputation). Professor of Natural Science... Mr. A. Macdonoll, M.A. ... Mr. W. B. Livingstone, (on depu-Lecturer on English Lecturer on English, Bábn Nilkantha Majumdar, M.A. porary) Bába Mathuranáth Chattopá-Lecturer on Mathematics dhyaya, M.A.

Medical Officer and Lecturer or Chemistry	Bábu Priyanáth Basu, L.M.S.		
Asst. Professor of Sanskrit	Bábu Ramánath Ghosh, M.A.		
Lecturer on Arabic and Persian			
Law Di	PARTMENT,		
Law Lecturer	Rajanikantha Chandhuri, B. A., B. L.		
COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.			
Head Master	. Bábu Kailáschandra Ghosh.		
Survey	SCHOOT.		
Head Master	Bábu Haricharn Nág.		
Donnelly Medalists.	LEWIS PRIZEMEN.		
1878. Biginbihari Sen.	' 1878. (None awarded).		
1879. Mahendrakumár Ghosh.	1879.   Hridaynath Majumdar.   Saradaprasad Sen.		
	Basautakumar Ghosh.		
1880. Kunjabihari De.	1880. Kalachand Mitra Anantakumár Basu.		
1881. Umacharan Banerico. Girischandra Datta.	1881. (Girischandra Sen. Chandrakumar Chat-		

#### PRINCIPALS.

terji.

1841	***	•••	J. Ireland, M.A.
1844	***	•••	T. Wise, M.D.
1846	***	***	G. Lowis.
1856	***	***	W. Brennaud (offg.)
1856	***	•••	L. Clint, B.A.
1857	•••	***	W. Brennand (offg.)
1857		***	W. Brennand.
1873	***	***	A. W. Croft, M.A. (offq.)
1871		•••	A. W. Garrett, B.A. (offg.)
1875		***	A. W. Garrett, B.A.
1875	•••	•••	A. Ewbank, M.A.
1878	***	***	J v. S. Pope, M.A. (offg.)

# Krishnaghar College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This College was founded by Government in 1815, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Bengul.

Any person who has passed the University Entrance Examination

may be admitted. Students pay a mouthly fee of Rs. 5.

The College is a handsome building, standing upon 8 bighas of land, and surrounded by an enclosed compound of upwards of 100 more. It was erected in 1856 at a cost of Rs. 66,876: Rs. 17.000 of which was collected by private subscription. In consideration of the liberality thus manifested in the district, a donor of Rs 1,000 is allowed to place a boy, free of expense, at the College in perpetuity, and another, for every Rs. 500 additional he may

have subscribed. Part of the ground occupied was purchased by Government; for the remainder, the College is indebted to the munificence of the Maharaja of Nuddea and the Maharani Sarnamayi, of Cossimbazar.

In 1871, the B.A. classes (the third and fourth year classes) were abolished by Sir George Campbell, then Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal; and for some years the College only afforded instruction up to the First Examination in Arts. In 1875, however, Sir Richard Temple, on the petition of the chief inhabitants of the district, consented to restore the College to its former status, provided that a considerable share of the increased cost was subscribed for by the community. A sum, amounting to more than Rs. 40,000, was subscribed during the year, and with this endowment the College was re-established on its original footing.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

General Department.

Principal and Professor of English Literature ... F. J. Rowe, M.A.

Offig. ditto ... W. H. Paulson, B.A.

Professors ... J. A. Martin, B.A.

Umeschandra Datta.

Babu Nakuleswar Bandyopadhyay.

Babu Baradaprasad Ghosh, M.A.

Babu Nilkauta Sarkar, M.A.

Babu Ambikacharan Sen, M.A.

(on leave for 5 years).

# Law Department.

Law Lecturer ... Babu Baranasi Ray, B.L.

Succession List of Principals.

1845. Capt. D. L. Richardson. 1858. A. Smith, M.A.

1846. M. G. Rochfort. 1870. S. Lobb, M.A.

1855. E. Lodge, B.A. 1874. E. Lethbridge, M.A.

1857. J. Graves, M.A. (offg.) 1877. F. J. Rowe, M.A.

1857. L. Clint, B.A. (offg.)

# Berhampore College.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

It was opened as a College in 1853.

It was raised to the status of a College, giving instruction up to the standard of the B.A. Examination of the University of Calcutta in 1865.

A Law Department was added in 1864. The status was, however, reduced in 1872, and instruction is now given up to the First Arts Examination of the University of Calcutta. The Law Department was abolished in 1875. It is open to all classes of the community, and any University undergraduate is admissible.

The foundation stone of the building, one moiety of the cost of which was paid by the community, was laid in 1863, and it was occupied in 1869.

There is attached to the College a Hindoo Hostel, the boarder's fee being Rs. 4 for students, and Rs. 6 for teachers, per mensem. Efforts are being made to build a new Hostel in connection with the College In aid of this a public meeting was convened in December 1880, at which a public subscription was commenced by the wealthy gentlemen of the district. The plans of the building have been already prepared.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	•••	•••	•••	W. B. Livingstone.
Professor	•••	***		Haridas Ghosh.
Asst. Professor	r of Sa	nskrit		Madhabchandra Tarkasiddhanta.
Lecturer on Ch	iomisti	ry and		
Botany	•••	***	•••	Benimadhab Basu.
Head Master	•••	***	•••	Nilmani Ganguli.

## Ten teachers in the Collegiate School.

## Principals.

- 1853. A. S. Harrison, B.A.
- 1856. A. Smith, M.A.
- 1858. R. L. Martin, M.A., Head Master in charge.
- 1858. S. W. Bradbury, ditto.
- 1859. R. L. Martin, M.A., ditto.
- 1861. R. Hand.
- 1875. G. Bellett, M.A.
- 1877. Prasannakumar Sarbadhikari (offg.)
- 1880. W. B. Livingstone.

# Dobcton College.

#### AFFILIATED 1857.

This College is attached to the Parental Academic Institution, a day and boarding-school which was established on the 1st March, 1823, by a body of Christian parents who were anxious to secure for their children the benefits of liberal education, its affairs being conducted by a Committee of Management elected chiefly from among the parents.

In 1855 a legacy of ruppes Two Lakhs and Thirty Thousand was bequeathed to the Institution by the late Captain John Doveton, which enabled the Committee of Management to extend its sphere of usefulness by the addition, in 1856, of an Infant School or Initiatory Department, and the establishment of a College Department, named in honor of the donor. A few years later a Girls' Department was added.

In 1871 other bequests were made to the Institution by the late Mr. Lawrence Augustus de Souza, of the Firm of Messrs. Thomas de Souza, and Sons of Calcutta. These consist, first, of the interest on a sum of rupees Three Lakhs, made permanently applicable to the maintenance and education of a certain number of boys and girls of East Indian parents of a certain class, who are admitted as boarders, on the "Lawrence de Souza Foundation," at the age of 10, and kept at school till the age of 18; and second, of the interest on a sum of Rs. 15,000 for the establishment of a Scholarship in English litera-

ture, styled the "Lawrence de Souza Scholarship." It is of the value of Rs. 50 per mensem, and is tenable for one year at the Doveton College; but it is open to any East Indian boy from any School or College, the successful candidate of one year being at liberty to compete for and hold the Scholarship from year to year until he graduates.

In addition to the above, Mr. L. A. de Souza bequeathed a further sum of Rs. 30,000, the interest of which is to be applied towards the education in England of an East Indian youth of ability, with the view of enabling him to compete for the Covenanted Civil Service of India. This is open to any East Indian candidate, whether educated at the Doveton College or elsewhere.

Chairman of Committee of Management .- J. H. Belchambers. Secretary.—H. A. Twidale.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Prip. and Profr. of Classics and Phil. Rev. J. J. B. Coles, M.A. (Oxford).

... Mr. C. A. Andrews, B.A. Profr. of English and History (Cantab).

Profr. of Mathematics and Chemistry, Mr. J. Hardie, M.A., (St. Andrews University).

List of Principals:

1850. Rev. A. Morgan, 1869. R. Dick, M.A.

1869 Rev. R. Robinson. 1855. George Smith, LL. D.

1870. H. Roberts. 1859. J. W. McCrindle, M.A.

1866. J. Sime, B.A. 1877. Rev. J. Robertson, M.A. 1881. Rev. J. J. B. Coles, M.A.

# St. Paul's School, Barjeeling.

AFFILIATED, 1857.

This School was founded in 1845, and was formerly located in Chowringhee, Calcutta. In 1863, the want of a good school in the hills was much felt, and Calcutta being well supplied with schools, the old premises were sold, and with the proceeds an estate was purchased in Darjeeling, and a new school bearing the same as the school in Calcutta was built.

In 1858, two scholarships, worth 20 rupees a month, were founded as a memorial of Bishop Wilson, who had been from the beginning a warm friend to the school. One is given every year, and held for two years.

In 1863, Mr. Patrick Arson of Calcutta bequeathed to the school Rs. 3,500—Government securities 5 per cent.—to establish an "Arson scholarship."

The school is managed by a Committee meeting in Calcutta, of which the Bishop of Calcutta is President and the Archdeacon The present Secretary is the Rev Welbore Vice-president. MacCarthy, senior Chaplain of the Cathedral. There is also a Referee in Darjeeling, who inspects the accounts and consults with the Rector in emergencies.

The course of study is that prescribed by the University for its examinations for degrees in Arts, with the addition of religious training upon the principles of the Church of England.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Mr. R. Carter, B.A., Queen's College, Oxford Mr. G. W. Scott, B.A., Calcutta	Rector and Head Master.
	1st Assistant:
	2nd Ditto.
Mr. H H. Hedra,	3rd Assistant and Drawing Master.
Ashraf Hussin,	Munshi.
List of	Rectors :
1847. Rev. J. Kyd, M.A.	1864. Rev. J. C. Nesfield, M.A.
1849. Rev. S. Slater.	1866. Rev. G. M. Wilson, M.A.
1852. Rev. J. Richards, M.A.	1877. Rev. L. F. Phillips, M.A.
1855. Rev. G. Pridham, B C.L.	(offy.)
1859. Rev. W Ayerst, M.A.	1878. Mr. R. Certer, B.A.
1862. Rev. F. C. Cardew, M.A.	

### Free Church Enstitution, Calcutta.

#### APPIDIATED, 1857.

Originally established by Dr. Duff in August, 1830, for the education of native yeaths under the name of the General Assembly's Institution, and since 1843 designated the Free Church Institution, being supported by the Free Church of Scotland.

The Institution since 1875 has been in a handsome new edifice, Nimtollah Street, which has been creeted at a cost of upwards of

£15,000.

It consists of two departments—a College Department and a

Preparatory School.

In the College Department all the branches of a higher education in English Literature, Science, Philosophy, with Bengali and Sanskrit, are taught, in immediate connection with systematic instruction in the doctrines and evidences of natural and revealed religion.

#### Scholarships.

1. There is an endowment of Rs. 80 per month for small Scholarships of Rs. 5 per month each, which are allotted only to those who pass the University Examinations.

2. There are two endowed Theological Scholarships, of Rs. 16 per month each, called "the Duff Scholarships," designed for students who are candidates for the Christian ministry.

3. There is also an endowed "Hawkins Scholarship," of Rs. 8 per month, founded by the liberality of the gentleman whose name

it bears.

#### Annual Prizes.

1. Indowed Prizes:—The Hawkins Gold Medal of Rs. 80, to the most successful student in the Institution.

The Macdonald Prize.

The Ewart Memorial Prize of Rs. 50.

The Kelloe Prize of Rs. 40 founded by the late Mr. Buchan of Kelloe.

These are usually allotted for the best essays on prescribed subjects.

2. Besides these, prizes for general Scholarship and regular attendance are awarded in all the classes; with several more for special exercises or essays.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rev. William C. Fyfe, Principal Babu Kali Cl (Europe.) B L.

, James Robertson, M.A., Offg. Principal.

" John Hector, M.A.

" Roderick N. Macdonald, M.A.

Babu Kali Charan Banerjee, M. A., B L.

" Umesh Chandra Chatterjea.

" Dev Sankar Dey, M.A.

" Haridas Gargari, M.A. Pandit Brajanath Sarma.

### La Martiniere, Calcutta.

Affiliated, 1857.

La Martiniere of Calcutta, together with similar Institutions at Lucknow and Lyons, was founded by General Caude Martin, a native of the latter place, and a General in the service of the King of Oudh.

General Martin bequeathed a large sum of money to be devoted to the establishment of a school for the Christian inhabitants of Calcutta, under the direction of the Supreme Court. The School was opened on the 1st March, 1836, and was, according to the provision in General Martin's will, named "La Martiniere,"

By decrees of the Supreme and High Courts, a body of Governors has been constituted, consisting of the Governor-General, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the Chief Justice of the High Court, the Bishop of Calcutta, the Commander-in-Chief, the Members of Council, the two Semor Barrister Judges of the High Court, the Advocate-General for the time being, and the Chairman of the Justices of Calcutta. The ex-opticio Governors elect annually four other Governors, who, with one of the ex-officio Governors, form a Board of Acting Governors, to whom the general control of the Institution is entrusted.

By the decree of the Supreme Court, there must be upon the Foundation not less than 75 boys and 40 girls. The Foundationers are entirely supported from the funds of the School, and receive an apprentice-fee or other allowance on leaving the School.

The Foundationers are chosen from amongst the Christian population of Calcutta; and must not be at the time of election less than four, or more than ten, years of age.

Boarders and Day Scholars are also received on payment of a monthly fee.

#### Acting Governors.

The Venerable Archdeacon Baly.

Colonel W. Chitty.

The Rev. G. S. Gillian, M.A.

The Hon'ble Sewell White.

The Rev. Welbore MacCarthy, Sonr. Cathedral Chaplain.

Secretary and Medical Officer.

H. Cayley, Esq., Surgeon-Major, Indian Medical Service. Head Master, F. J. Biden, M.A.

# London Missignary Society's Enstitution, Bhowanipore.

Affiliated, 1857.

This Institution was founded by the London Missionary Society in the year 1838. In 1854 the large and handsome building now used, consisting of a library, a hall, and sixteen class-rooms, was first opened.

The Institution is divided into three departments, viz., a College Department for undergraduates of the University, a School Department, and a Theological class for training Christian natives for missionary work.

The course of study comprehends English, Sanskrit, and Bengali Literature, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Mathematics History, and Geography, together with the Sacred Scriptures and Christian evidences.

The number of students and scholars amounts to more than 700. A branch school at Behala, four miles to the south-west of Calentta, contains 150 boys.

INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rev. J. P. Ashton, M.A., Principal. " W. Johnson, B A, offg. ditto.

" J. F. Taylor, B.A.

Babu Gangadhar Banerjee, M A. Pandit Ramkumar Chakrabarti. Babu Debendranath Ray, B.A. Sixteen Teachers in the School Department.

# Serampore College.

Affiliated, 1857.

This Institution was founded in 1818 under the patronage of the Marquis of Hastings, then Governor-General of India, by the Revs. Dr. Caroy, Dr. Marshman, and W. Ward, who, together with Colonel Krefting, the Danish Governor of Serampore, and J. C. Marshman, Esq., formed the first Council.

In 1821 it received a munificent donation from the King of Denmark, consisting of certain premises to the north-west of the College, and this act of liberality was followed in 1828 by the grant of a Royal Charter giving perpetuity to the Institution and its At the cession of Serampore to the East India endowments. Company, this Charter was confirmed at the especial request of the Danish Sovercign.

The ground on which the College stands was purchased chiefly by subscription; the entire expense of the buildings, amounting to about £15,000, was met out of the private funds of the Serampore Missionaries, who were the first promotors of the undertaking. After the death of Dr. Marshman, the funds for carrying on the operations of the College were provided partly by the endowments, but chiefly by the liberality of J. C. Marshman, Esq., the only surviving member of the original Council. On his departure from India in 1856, the College was placed under the general direction of the Baptist Missionary Society, which has since contributed towards its support and become identified with its operations,

It is conducted by three European professors, assisted by twelve native teachers. The number of youths in the College Department

is about seventy; in the School, three hundred.

The interest of funds raised by the late Mr. Ward in Europe and America supports wholly, or in part, several European youths connected with the Mission or wishing to become so, and also a boarding school for the children of native preachers. Scholarships to the amount of about Rs. 40 monthly are distributed amongst the most deserving of the native students in the College classes.

An education fee, exacted from the European sendents, contributes

to the preservation and improvement of the library.

The course of study is intended to impart a liberal education, and

special attention is paid to the principles of Christianity.

The present members of the Council are:—R. Scott-Moncrieff, Esq., Revs. J. Trafford, and C. B. Lewis.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	***	Rev. Albert Williams.
Profe of Mathematics	•••	{ Rev E. S. Summers, BA., Trin. Col., Camb.
Sanskrit Professors		Babu Umeschandra Banerjes. "Jadabchandra Banerjes.

# Agra College.

#### AFFILIATED, 1860.

The Agra College was founded in 1823, and affiliated to the University in 1860. It was originally endowed by the late Gungadhur Pandit with the revenues of certain villages in the Agra, Aligarh, and Mathura Districts. Subsequently, the Government added to its income, and raised it to its present status. The College consists of two departments, the College Proper and the School. The staff of the former consists of a Principal and two Professors; the latter of a Head Master, ten Anglo-Vernacular Masters, and seven Maulvis and Pandits.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAPF.

Principal	***	K. Deighton, M.A.
Professor of Literature	***	A. Thomson.
Ditto Mathematics	***	Ramassukar Misra.
Feed Master	***	J. Statham.

### Benares College.

#### AFFILIATED, 1860.

Benares College is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, North-Western Provinces and Oudh—It is divided into two departments, the Sanskrit College and the English College, under the immediate charge and superintendence of the Principal.

#### I.—SANSKRIT COLLEGE.

The Benares Sanskrit College was founded in 1791, for the cultivation of the language, literature, and, as inseparably connected with these, the religion of the Hindus. It teaches Grammar, Literature, Iaw, Philosophy, and Mathematics. No tuition or outrance fee is exacted. The number of students on the roll of this College is 430. Monthly Government Scholarships amounting to Rs. 100 per menseur, are awarded to deserving students, and an annual donation of Rs. 100 from the Maharrjah of Benares is bestowed in prizes. There is also a small endowment by Radhubibi, the interest of which is given as a scholarship.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Pandit	Harmath Dube,	Professor of Poetry.
3,	Ramamista Sastri,	Dirto Grammar
1)	Kadaschandia Bhattacharjea	Ditto Logie.
,1	Sitalprosád Tiwari,	Transfer of the Control of the Contr
21	Bechanarám Tiwari,	The Charles Name 1 Inches
99	Babu Deva Sastri, C.I.E	Ditto Mathematics.
27	Venkeresh Sastri,	1523 4 772 3 4 4
"	Devakrishna Misra,	Thomas Abababa a

#### ASSISTANT PROFESSORS.

Paudit	Damodar Sastri,		Asst. Prof	essor (	of Grammar.
	Bhawaniprasád Dikshit,	•••	Ditto	1>	Logie.
,,,	Kámakrishna Sastri,	***	Ditto	,,	Sankhya.
10	Gangádhara Sastri,		Ditto	7	fathematus.

#### II —ENGLISH COLLEGE.

This College, teaching Arts and Mathematics up to the M.A. standard, has a School Department attached. There are 70 students in the College, and 430 in the School Departments. The tuition fees vary from Rs. 5 to 3 in the College, and from Rs. 1-8-0 to 0-6 0 in the School Department. Each class has its fixed rate of fee. The College and School are accessible to all classes on payment of an entrance fee of 1 rupse. Government Scholarships are awarded according to the results of the University and departmental Examinations. There are also local Scholarships amounting to about Rs. 100 per measure.

Connected with this College is the boarding-house for the district students. The number of Boarders at present is about 80. Many of them get Government stipends.

# Instructive Stays. College Department.

Dr. G. Thibaut,	Principa.
Mr. J. Kibble, M.A	Profr. of English Literature
Babu Lakshmisankar Misra, M.A	Ditto Physical Science.
Umesáchandra Sanyai, M./	Ditto Mathematics.
Maulavi Muhammed Musa,	Ditto Arabic.
Pandit Vindhyaprasad Sukla,	Ditto Sanulerit

# Iabalpur High School.

(FOUNDED, 1836.)

AFFILIATED, 1860.

This institution, originally located in Sagar, but transferred to Jabalpur in May, 1837, is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Inspector-General of Education, Central Provinces. The School teaches up to the First Examination in Arts from a Standard two years below Entrance. All students who pass the High School Scholarship Examination, a local standard, are admitted on payment of an entrance and monthly tuition fee. In the College classes the fee is two rupees; in the School, one rupee. The entrance fee is one rupee.

Connected with the School is a hearding-house, in which the majority of the students are provided with free quarters.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

President	•••	**	W. Young.
lat Assistant		***	J. H. Firth.
2nd ditto	***		K. C. Datta.
3rd ditto	•••	•••	Dwarkanath Sarkar.
4th dirto	•••	•••	Lala Kunjbihari Lal.
5th ditto			B. Ghantava.

# Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

AFFILIATED, 1860.

This is a Government Institution.

It was founded in 1824 for the encouragement of the study of the Sanskrit language and literature, and at first Sanskrit was studied exclusively. At present English is taught here up to the F. A. Standard and Sanskrit to the standard prescribed for the Honor Examination in Sanskrit as also for the Sanskrit Title Examination in several branches.

The College is open to Hindus, occupying a respectable position in Hindu society, irrespective of casto. The schooling fee is Rs. 5 per month in the College Department, and Rs. 8 and Re. 1 in the School Department. The privilege of the lower fee of Rs. 2 is con-

ceded to 20 students of the College Department and Ro. 1 to 100 students of the School Department who are descendants of bona fide pandits. There are three Graduate Scholarships of Rs. 50, 35, and 25, respectively, and there are fourteen senior Scholarships, varying from Rs. 10 to Rs. 20 per month. There are also eight junior Scholarships of Rs. 8 each.

A valuable Sanskrit library of manuscripts and printed works is attached to the College, and a Government grant of Rs 600 per annum is applied to the purchase of standard English and Sanskrit

works.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Offg. Principal	•••	••	Pandi	t Mahesachandra Nyayarat <b>na.</b>
		· <b>J</b>	Inglish	•
Lecturer	••	•••		Sibchandra Gui, M.A., B.L.
Ditto	•••			Bireswar Chatterjee, M.A., B.L.
Head Master	***	• • •	"	Jadunath Mukerjee.
Second ditto	***		٠,	Rammath Chatterjee, M A.
Third ditto	•••	•••	31	Siddheswar Banerjee, B.A.

And three other English Masters.

#### Sonskrit.

Professor of Rhetoric Professor of		and  and	Pandit	Mahesachandra Nyayaratna.
Grammar Professor of L Asst. Professo		and	"	Girischandra Vidyaratna. Madusudan Smritiratna.
Grammar	***	•••	n athan	Ramnarayan Tarkaratna.

# Bishop's College.

(FOUNDED, 1820.

#### AFFILIATED, 1860.

This College, founded by Dr. Middleton, the first Bishop of Calcutta, is under the management of the Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts. It was designed by its founder to be a Missionary Institution, promoting in various ways the spread of the Christian religion among the native population of India, especially by instructing native and other Christian youths in the doctrines and discipline of the Church, in order to their becoming preachers, catechists, and schoolmasters. In accordance with this, its primary object, only those are admitted students who are candidates for the Christian ministry or for other missionary offices.

#### Foundation.

One Fellowship,—founded by the late Rev. John Natt.

Twenty-one Scholarships,—founded by various societies and individuals.

#### Visitor.

THE RIGHT REV. THE LORD BISHOP OF CALCUTTA.

### Principal.

REV. JOHN W. Cor, D.D.

### List of Principals.

1821. W. Hodge Mill, D. D.
1841. G. Undy Withers, D.D.
1867. Thomas Skelton, M.A.
1849. William Kay, D.D.
1867. Thomas Skelton, M.A.
1873. Robert M. Stewart, M.A.
1875. Rev. John W. Coe, D.D.

# Ajmere College.

#### AFFILIATED, 1862.

This Institution was opened originally as a School, which, after having been closed for several years, was re-established on a wider basis in the year 1851. On April 1st, 1868, it was raised to the status of a College, the instructive staff being at the same time augmented and improved to meet its wants.

The endowment is the "Thomason Scholarship" of Rs. 8 per month for the most proficient scholar in mathematics. An annual donation of Rs. 500 from His Highness the Maharajah of Jeypore is distributed into Junior Scholarships. Connected with the College are a well-supported library, and commodious boarding-houses for the reception of pupils from the District Schools.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal ... F. L. Reid.
Head Master ... T. Harris, B.A.

Teacher of Mathematics ... Shyamsundar Lal, B.A.
Asst. ditto ditto ... Pandit Amoluck Chand.

#### And ten Junior Masters.

Head Sanskrit and Hindi Teacher Misra Salug Ram Shastri. Head Arabic and Persian Teacher Maulvi Muhammad Hussen.

#### And six Junior Oriental Teachers.

Connected with the College is a Branch School in the City of Ajmere, opened on 1st May, 1876.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master ... M. Hazari Mull.

And two English Teachers, seven Oriental Teachers, and two
Monitors.

# Bareilly Collegiate School.

Affiliated, 1862.

This College is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, North-Western Provinces and Oudh. It was opened as a School in 1836, and constituted a College in 1852. In 1876 it was reduced to the status of a High School.

The College is open to all classes on payment of an entrance and monthly tuition fee, which varies accordingly to the class.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master ... E. A. Phillips. Offg. Ditto ... P. Kennedy, M.A.

The Head Master is assisted by a large stuff of English and Oriental teachers.

# Patna College.

### AFFILIATED, 1862.

This College is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

It was opened as a Collegiate School in 1862, and raised to a College in 1864. All students are admissible who have passed the University Entrance Examination, and instruction is given up to the standard of the B. A. Examination of the University of Calcutta.

A Law Department was added in May, 1864, and a Lecturer was

appointed.

There is an admission fee of Rs. 6; and a monthly tuition fee of Rs. 6 in the General Department; and of Rs. 7 in the Law Department. Two Junior Scholarships, each of the value of Rs. 10 per month, and tenable for two years, were founded by Harbullub Narayan of Sonebursa. They can be held only by those students from the Bhagulpore High School or Monghyr Zillah School who fail to gain Government Scholarships.

There is also a Pearson Scholarship of Rs. 8, tenable for two years which is available only for students from Mozufferpore Zillah School.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

### General Department.

Principal ... A. Ewbank, M.A.
Professor ... M. Mowat, M.A.
Ditto S. Robson, M.A.
Asst. Professor ... J. Behrendt.
Asst. Lecturer on Science
Asst. Professor of Sanskrit
Head Maulvie ... Synd Imdad Imam.

Law Department.

Law Lecturer ... Nabinchandra De, B.A., B.L.

### St. Tabier's College.

#### Affiliated, 1862.

This Institution was established under the direction of the Society, of Jesus, in January 1860, in the large building, No. 10, Park Street formerly appropriated by the late Dr. Carew for St. John's College. Since 1868, the adjoining house enlarged and improved, forms part of the College.

Its object is to give to Catholic youths a full course of liberal education, and to train up their hearts to virtue. Pupils of other religious persuasions are also admitted on the same principle of non-interference as the old St. Xavier's College which broke up in 1846.

The College has an Infant class, a Lower and an Upper School Departments, averaging over 400 pupils, and a College Department of about 90 to 100 students. The course of studies embraces all subjects up to the M. A. Standard.

Competitions are held during the year, and medals and prizes in books are awarded to the best scholars at the Christmas Examination.

A solar spectro-copic observatory, a meteorological observatory, and a spleudid museum of Physical Science Instruments are attached to the College.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rector and Profr. of Philosophy	The Very Rev. D. Van Impe, S.J.
Professors of English Literature	Studies.
	Rev. R. Deefholts, S.J.
Professor of Physical Science	Rev. E. Lafout, S J.
The Conserve of Maddiamention	( Rez. E. Younau, S.J. ( Rev. P. Hipp, S.J.
Professors of Mathematics	Rev. P. Hipp, S.J.
and Physical Geography	Rev. V. Campiguealles, S.J.
TO A COURSE P. T. A.C.	( Rev. A. De Bie, 8 J.
Professors of Latin	f Rev. A. De Bie, 8 J. f Rev. R. Deefholts, S.J.
Professor of Sanskrit	Pandit O. C. Tarkalankara,
	Maulvi Mearajuddin Ahmed.
	•

#### List of Rectors.

Very Rev. J. De Vos. S.J., 1860. Very Rev. H. Depelchin, S.J., 1864. Very Rev. E. Lafont, S.J., 1871. Very Rev. D. Van Impe, S.J., 1879.

# St. John's College, Agra.

### Атгилатев, 1862.

This College was established in 1850 in connection with the Mission of the Church Missionary Society at Agra, chiefly at the instance of an influential body of Civilians and Military officers then forming the Committee of the Local Church Missionary Association, who wished to have an Educational Institution of a high order connected with the Mission.

The large and handsome Gothic building in which the classes are now held, erected from the design of Major Kittoe, was completed in 1853.

### Scholarships.

- 1. The College is endowed with two Scholarships founded in memory of the late Mr. Thomason and bearing his name, value Rs. 10 per month each and tenable for one year. These Scholarships are assigned at the annual Christmas Examination to the two most proficient students in English literature.
- 2. There are also two endowed Theological Scholarships founded in 1861, value Rs. 5 per month, and tenable for one year, assigned to the two students who show themselves best acquainted with the doctrines and principles of the Christian religion.
- 3. Other Scholarships, to the value of nearly Rs. 40 per month, are given from the general funds of the College for proficiency in English, Mathematics, Hindi, and Persian.

#### Line

Every student is required to pay 2 rupees fee af entrance; and schooling fees ranging from amas 4 to Rs. 5 per month according to the income of his parent or guardian.

1850	Principals. Rev. T. Valny French, M.A.
1858.	" H. W. Shackel, M.A.
1861.	" J. Barton, M.A.
1863.	" C. Ellard Vines, M.A.
1878.	,, J. A. Lloyd, M A.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	•••	•••	Rev. J. Lloyd, M.A.
Head Master	400		Mr. A. H. Wright.
Asst. Muster	***	***	Babu Haricharan Chakarba
Ditto	•••	***	Babu Damin Lall, B.A.
Ditto	111	•••	Mr. Samuel Thomas.
Ditto	•••	***	Muttra Dass.
Monlvie	• • • •	•••	Maulvi Abdul Mahbud
Pandit .	L'. •••	•••	Kali Das.
			11

# Joy Narain's College, Benares.

#### AFFILIATED, 1862.

A free school was founded in the year 1817 by Raja Joy Narain Ghosaul, Bahadur, in gratitude for his recovery from a protracted illness.

He endowed it with a monthly sum of Rs. 200, to which Govern-

ment added an endowment grant of Rs. 252-12 per meusem.

The founder appointed the Committee of the Sigra (Benares) Church Missionary Association, for the time being, trustees with directions that they should "appoint such members as shall be able to satisfy the inquiries of the learned of this city on subjects of science, history, and religion."

In 1858 the spacious school-room, provided by Joy Narain, having been found insufficient for the number of students, the present building was creeted; at the same time the School was raised to a Col-

lege, and named after the founder.

The College Department was closed in 1875.

### Scholarships.

Thomason	•••			Rs.	52
	***	***	,	,,	260
Munshi Situl Singh's	•••		***	,,	200
Raja Sattyn Auand Gl		***	•••	••	60
Ditto ditto a gold med	al, valuo	•••		1,	100
Dr. Muir's Sanskrit di	tto	•••	•••	33	200

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	•••	Rev. Brockleshy Davis, M.A.	
_		late fellow St. Peter's Colleg	e,

Cambridge.

Head Master ... Timothy Luther Second ditto ... Bisheshwar Pandya...

And ten English Teachers and 23 Teachers for the classical and vernacular languages of India.

### Lahore Cobernment College.

#### Affiliated, 1864.

This institution was opened in 1864, and is under the control of

the Director of Public Instruction, Panjab.

It is affiliated to the Calcutta University, but receives considerable grants for scholarships from the Panjab University College. By sanction of the Government, it prepares students both for the Panjab University College and the Calcutta University Examinations; and the Arts scheme of the former has been so arranged as to make it possible for students to read for the examinations of both Institutions at the same time.

The Delhi Government College has been incorporated with it since 1st April 1877. All students passing the Matriculation Examination of the Calcutta University, or the Panjab University College, are admitted on payment of a monthly tuition fee of Rs. 2. The number of students on the 1st March, 1878 was 120, distributed over five classes.

A gold and a silver medal, in memory of the late Mr. Arnold are given to those students in the Panjab who pass highest in the M.A. and B.A. examinations of the Calcutta University respectively.

Besides Scholarships and medals, prizes for general proficiency are awarded annually in all the classes.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal		G. W. Leitner, M.A., Ph. D.,
Senior Professor	•••	Barrister-at-Law. J. Sime, B.A.
Professor	***	R Dick, MA.
Ditto		C. R. Stulpnagel, Ph. D.
Professor of Natural S	cienco	J. C Oman.
Officiating Professor	•••	F. L. Reid,
Ditto ditto	***	Babu Sasibhushan Mukerji,
		M.A., B L.
Assistant Professor	***	W. J. D Johnstone.
Ditto of Arabic	•••	Maulvi Muhammad Husain,
Ditto of Sanskrit	•••	P. Bhagwan Das.

# Belhi College.

### Afficiated, 1864.

An Oriental College, founded in 1792, and supported by the voluntary contributions of Mahomedan gentlemen, acquired a large accession of income in 1829 by the munificent gift of Bs. 1.70,000 of the late Nawab Itmad-ud-Dowlah, formerly Minister at Lucknow. The College was then divided into two departments, an Oriental and English; and in 1841 Mr. F. Boutros was appointed first Principal; in 1855 the Instruction, up to that time under the supreme direction of a Managing Committee, was placed under the control of the Director of Public Instruction for the North-West Provinces. In 1857 the very valuable Oriental Library was plundered and destroyed by the mutineers, after which, in 1858, a new school was founded, which is now, by affiliation to the Calcutta University, the present Delhi College. Students pay fees of Rs. 2 and Rs. 5.

### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	794 	B. Dick, M.A (offg.).
Professor Asst. Professor	***	G. R. A. Markay (offer)
TEST I TOTOSMOL	.44	Babu Isanchaudra Ghosh (offg.).

Arabic and Persian Profr. Maulvi Ziauddin Khan (offg.) Sanskrit Teacher ... Pandit Kashinath Kanti (offg.)

This College is also affiliated to the Punjab University College, and prepares its students for the examinations of that Institution as well as for those of the Calcutta University.

The College has connected with it, under the management of the Principal, a District School, teaching up to the Entrance Examination, four Anglo-Vernacular Schools, and six purely Vernacular Schools.

### Former Principals.

F. Boutros.

A. Sprenger, M.D. J. Cargill, B.A.

F. Taylor, M.A. E. Willmot, B.A. C. R. Cooke, B.A.

S. Sime, M.A.

## The College of St. Thomas the Apostle, Colombo, Ceylon.

Founded by the Right Reverend James Chapman, D.D., First Bishop of Colombo, A.D. 1851.

Affiliated, 1864.

Visitor Warden The Lord Bishop of Colombo.

The Rev. Edward Francis Miller,
M.A. (St. John's College,
Cambridge).

Sub-Warden

The Rev. T Felton Falkner, M.A. (Christ's College, Cambridge).

Tutor and Lecturer Librarian Organist

The Rev. Henry D. Meyrick.
The Rev. Henry D. Meyrick.
Mr. Harry Drew, Assoc. Mus., Trinity
College, London.

# COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.

HEAD MASTER.

The Rev. T. Felton Falkner, M.A.

Assistant Masiers.

Mr. Harry Drew. Mr. F. H. Pereira.

Ě

Mr. A. D.A. Seneviratne.

Lower School.

HEAD MASTER.

Mr. J. S. Ainley, Culham Training College.

Divinity

#### ASSISTANTS.

Mr. F. B. Nicholas.

H. W. Navasivayum.

Mr. J. R. Peiris.

E. D. Janez.

The College Course includes Divinity, Classics, Mathematics, History, Logic, Philosophy, and the English Language. The subjects read during each year are those required by the Syndicate of the University of Calcutta for the Examinations in Arts.

In connection with the College there are the following Scholarships, Studentships, and Exhibitions.

The 'Edinburgh' Scholarship,

The 'Gregory' Scholarship, "

founded by Sampson Rajepakse Modeliyar, each of the value of Rs. 480 per annum, tenable for three years, and open to all inhabitants of Ceylon between the ages of 16 and 21;

Ten Divinity Studentships.

each of the annual value of Its. 300, open to young men intending to take Holy Orders, or otherwise devote themselves to Mission work in the Diocese; and

Four 'Prince of Wales' Exhibitions,

founded for the purpose of aiding the children of poor and deserving parents in obtaining a higher education than their means would otherwise admit of.

Every pupil of the Collegiate School who has passed the Entrance Examination, must either enter the College or cease his connection with the Institution.

### The General Assembly's Enstitution, Calcutta.

AFFILIALL D. 1864.

This Institution was established in 1830, by the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland - It is the oldest Institution of the kind in India; for it was hero that the system, new all but universally followed, was first tried, -of imparting the highest forms of knowledge, including sound Christian instruction, through the medium of the English language. Before this experiment, Bengali or Sanskrit had been exclusively favoured in Bongal by the Government, by Oriental Scholars, and even by Missionaries themsoives. The new system was introduced by Dr. Duff, who began his Missionary labours by founding this Institution. Valuable help in the way of procuring pupils was given at the commencement by the famous Rajah Ram Mobun Roy. The success of the Institution soon surpassed all expectations. The Governor-General declared publicly that it had produced "unparalleled results." After having been carried on for some years in various hired premises, the Institution was removed in 1839 to the present building, which is most conveniently situated in Cornwallis Square, in the very centre of the Hindu population.

The Institution was temporarily closed in 1814, in consequence of the secession of the Missionarios with the Free Church. But it was re-opened in 1846 by the Church of Scotland, under the superintendence of the late Rev. Dr. Ogilvie, by whom it was carried on uninterruptedly, and with great efficiency, till his death in 1871. Dr. Ogilvie was succeeded by Dr. Robert Jardine who retired in 1876; after which Mr. James Wilson officiated as Principal for the next two

Vorts.

The General Assembly's Institution is divided into two departments,—the College Department and the School Department.

The College Department, which has been affiliated in the Faculty of Arts to the University of Calcutta since 1864, was attended in 1880 by 360—409 students, divided into five classes, and paying a monthly fee of Rs. 5 each. In these classes the regular subjects of the University curriculum are taught, embracing the English language and Literature, the Sanskrit language and Literature, History, Mathematics, pure and applied, Chemistry, Mental Philosophy, and the doctrines and evidences of the Christian religion.

The School Department was attended in 1880 by 620 pupils, divided into fourteen classes, and paying fees in the different classes from 8 annas to Rs. 2-8 a month Instruction is given in these classes in English, Bengali, and Sanskrit, History and Geography, Arithmetic, Algebra, and Geometry, according to the degree of advancement which they have attained. Careful attention is also given to instruction in religious knowledge.

The Government Grant to the General Assembly's College has been raised in 1881 from Rs. 350 to Rs. 600 a month in consequence of the large increase in the number of students.

### Scholarships and Prizes.

- 1. The Macfarlane Gold Medal is awarded every year to the student of the fourth-year class who shows the greatest proficiency in all the College examinations of the year
- 2. The Ogilvie Memorial Scholarship, of at least Rs. 5 per mensem, is awarded every alternate year to the student of the second-year class who takes the highest position in all the College examinations, and succeeds in passing the F.A. Examination of the University. This Scholarship is tenable in the General Assembly's College for the two years after passing the First Examination in Arts.
- 3. The Macleod Memorial Scholarship is awarded to a Christian student, who, being an undergraduate of the Calcutta University, is preparing for the ministry of the Christian Church.
  - 4. The Gregory Gold Medal is given for Scripture knowledge.
- 5. The Maha Rance Surnomoyee has made a donation of Rs. 600 to be awarded to the two most distinguished B.A. Graduates of 1882, who continue to study for Honors.
- 6. Several prizes and scholarships are awarded for general proficiency in the College examinations.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal and Prof. of Philosophy	Rev. W. Hastie, M.A., B.D.
Prof. of English Literature	Mr. J. Wilson.
Prof. of English Literature	Rev. J. Edwards, M.A.
* Profr. of English	Mr. W. Fish, M.A.
Profr. of Mathematics	Babu Gaurtsanker De. M.A.
Profe, of Chemistry and Botany	Dr. N. Ray, M. B. C. M. (Edin.)
Profr. of Sanskrit	Pandit Bireswar Vidyaratna
Profr. of Sanskrit	Pandit Harischandra Tarka
,	lankar.

# Lahore Mission School.

#### APPILIATED, 1864.

This Institution was founded on the 19th December, 1849, soon after the annexation of the Panjab, and is the oldest English School in the province.

The four religious represented in the School are the Hindu, Mussulman, Sikh, and Christian. The greater part are Hindus. The number of Sikhs is small, owing to the fact that they compose a small part of the community.

The instructive staff consists of the Rev. C. D. Forman M.A., Principal; U. B. Newton, B.A.; Mr. R. C. Dass, Head Master; and seventeen other Teachers.

# Victoria College, Agra.

#### Affiliated, 1865.

This School was founded in 1862 by Pandit Bunsee Dhar and other respectable natives of Agra—It is managed by a Committee of native gentlemen, presided over by Judge Keene as Patron of the Institution; the chief supporters being the Maharnjahs of Jeypore, Ulwur, and Bhurtpore, and Pandit Ajoodhya Nath, the late Secretary. The Government also gives a liberal grant-in-aid.

The cutrance fee is Re. 1. The monthly tuition fee varies with the income of the parents. Free scholars, however, are admissible without the payment of the latter fee.

### Prizes and Scholarships.

There are two endowed Scholarships of Rs. 5 and 4 each, the former founded by the Maharajah of Jeypore, in commemoration of the visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and called the Jeypore-Wales Scholarship, and the latter out of the subscriptions collected by the Secretary from other friends of the Institution. Other Scholarships, to the amount of Rs. 20 per mensem, are given half-yearly to the most proficient students of the three senior classes.

#### Secretaries.

1862. Pandit Ajoodhya Nath.

1869. Lala Bahal Rai.

1873. Pandit Jugun Nath.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master ... Mr. S. Sharman, B.A.

1st Asst. and Math. Master ... Babu Murli Dhar.

2nd Assistant ... Mr. E. Williams.

Sanskrit Teacher ... Pandit Joogul Kishore. Persian Teacher ... Moulvie Goolzar Ali.

Eight other Auglo-Vernacular Teachers, one Moonshi, and one Pandit.

# Bishop Cotton School, Simla.

### Affiliated, 1866.

This School was founded by Bi-hop Cotton in 1863, under the name of the Simla Public School. At first it was placed at Jutog, four miles from Simla. In 1866 the name was changed to its present form. In 1868 the School was removed from Jutog to Simla, where it now is. The building is adapted for 150 boys, with the necessary masters. At present there are about 130 boys on the books. The lower classes of the School receive instruction in Latin, English, Scripture, and elementary Mathematics.

In the upper classes boys are prepared for Roorkee, the Survey, and the Calcutta Entrance Examinations. The government of the School is vested in the following Board:—

#### Visitor.

### His Excellency the Viceroy of India.

### Governors (ex-officio).

The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Panjab. The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Calcutta. The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Lahore. The Commissioner of Umbalia.

#### Four Local Governors ciected.

The Venerable Archdeacon Katthew.
Captain Nishet.
Major Westmorland.
J. Walker, Esq.
C. B. Leupolt, Esq.

#### TUITIONAL STAFF.

Rev. S. Slater.
Mr. A. H. Hildesley, B.A.
Mr. E. E. J. Chanter.
Mr. R. J. Taylor. Mr. W. H. Lett.

There are 20 Exhibitions of the value of Rs. 10 a month each, in the gift of the Governors.

# Thrist Church Mission School, Campore. Appiliated, 1866.

This School was established after the mutiny in connection with the Local S. P. G. Mission, and is supported mainly by the Govern-

ment grant-in-aid and the S. P. G.

Scholarships of the value of Rs. 50 a month are distributed among deserving pupils, and special Scholarships, named after the late Bishop Cotton, have been founded for promoting the study of Scripture.

The salar os of the Principal and the Head Master are paid by the S. P. G.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal ... Rev. S. B. Barrell, B.A.
Offg. Principal ... Rev. D. H. G. Dunne.
Head Master ... Mr. R. Thomas.

And thirteen Assistant Teachers, who are old pupils of the School.

### Canning College, Lucknow.

AFFILIATED, 1867.

This College, founded by the Talookdars of Ondh in memory of the late Earl Canning, was opened on the 1st of M.y. 1864. The Institution comprises four departments,—the College Proper, a Law Department, an English School, and an Oriental Department, in which

only Sanskrit, Persian, and Arabic are taught.

Canning Cellege is supported by the Talookdars of Oudh, aided by Government. By a summed duly executed, the Talookdars unanimously endowed the College in perpetuity with a percentage of the revenues of their talooks. This sum, amounting on an average to forty-one thousand rupees per annum, is collected by the officers of Government, and is deposited in the Government Treasury for the use of the College. A Government grant-in-aid to the amount of twenty-five thousand rupees is also enjoyed by the College, so that its total income from endowment, grant-in-aid, and fees, aggregates seventy-one thousand rupees per annum.

The Institution is open to all classes, and its object, as declared by the rules, is to impart instruction in the English language and literature, in Mathematics and Science, in Law, in the Oriental classical languages, and the vernacular languages of the Province of Oudh. Its management is vested in a Committee, consisting of the Commissioner of Lucknow, the Deputy Commissioner, the Inspector of Schools, Oudh Circle, the District Judge, the Executive Engineer, the Principal, and the representatives of the Talookdars.

The students of the College Department and of the Entrance and Preparatory Entrance classes pay a fee of one rupee. The fee for the Law class to students in Arts is one rupee; to all others it is two rupees for the first year and three rupees for subsequent years.

In addition to Government scholarships, there are local scholar-

chips to the value of Rs. 130 per measem.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	• • •	Mr. Michael J. White, M.A.
Professor of Science	•••	Mr. J. Gall, M.A., LL.B. (Lond.)
Ditto of English Literature,	•••	Mr. A. H. Pirie,
Law Lecturer	•••	Babu Rajkumar Sarvadhikari, B.L.
Professor of Sanskrit	•••	Babu Rajkumar Sarvadhikari, B.L.
Ditto of Persian	•••	Munsbi Ramkissen.
Head Master of School	•••	Babu Saratchandra Mookerjee, M.A., B.L.

# La Martiniere College, Lucknow.

#### Affiliated, 1868.

This Institution was established in 1840, pursuant to the will of Claude Martin, a native of France, and a Major-General in the service of the Honorable East India Company. He was born at Lyons, 1735; died at Lucknow, 13th September, 1800; and was buried within the building.

For the support of the College at Lucknow, the sum of sicca rupees eight hundred and sixteen thousand four hundred and fortyfour was decreed by the High Court of Judicature out of the estate of the founder.

The pupils consist of foundationers (100), boarders (100), and day-scholars (about 40). A foundationer is educated and maintained free of charge to his friends. Boarders pay for board, lodging, and education, at rates varying according to the means of the parents, from Rs. 15 to Rs 35 per mensem.

The general management of the affairs of the Institution is vosted in a Visitor and ex-officio Governors. The Chief Commissioner of Oudh is ex-officio Visitor, and the Judicial and Financial Commissioners, with the General commanding at Lucknow, and the Commissioners of Lucknow, are ex-officio Governors.

The educational staff consists of a Principal, Hoad Master, and six Assistant Masters, besides Native Teachers.

#### Prizes and Scholarships.

The former consist of books, mathematical instruments, &c., and are distributed to the most descrying boys in each class on prizeday, 1st December in each year; the latter are two in number, value Rs. 50 per mensem each, and are bestowed on the two most deserving lads, who have passed the Roorkee Entrance Examination, to enable them to pursue their studies at that College. Each Scholarship is tenable for 18 months.

### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	***	Mr. T. G. Sykes, B.A.
Head Master	•••	Mr. J. Gannon, B.A.
Ant. ditto	***	Mr. T. Reid, M.A.

# Mussoorie School.

#### APPILIATED, 1869.

This School was founded by the late Rev. R. N.-Maddock, M.A., in 1850. In 1867 (Jan. 1st) it was transferred by purchase to the Diocesan Board of Education; the funds for the purpose being raised by subscriptions in answer to an appeal to the Indian public by the late Bishop Cotton. Mr. Maddock gave to the School a sufficient sum to found three annual exhibitions of the value of Rs. 250, 150 and 100, respectively. The School is under the control of the Diocesan Board of Education.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master	•••	Rev. A. Stokes, M.A.
Second ditto		T. A Rambart, B.A.
Head Assistant ditto	••	Mr. H. Allen.
Assistant ditto	••	Mr. W. C. Horst, B.A.
Ditto ditto	***	Mr. A. G Wolfe.
Ditto ditto		Mr. A. D. Turner.

# Allahabad High School.

#### AFFILIATED, 1869.

This Institution was founded in 1861, and is conducted upon the principles of the Church of Eugland, but it is made available for the children of European and Eurasian parents of all denominations; instruction in the distinctive formularies of the Church not being compulsory.

The School is under the auspices of the Calcutta Diocesan Board of Education, and is managed by a Local Committee, of which the Civil Chaplain is ex-officio member. Boys are prepared for the Entrance Examination of the University of Calcutta, and for the Thomason College, Roorkee.

The fees for day-scholars are Rs. 5 per month, and for boarders Rs. 25 and Rs. 20, according to age.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Hoad Master	Mr. W. C. Horst, B.A.
Second ditto	Mr. G. J. Wright.
	Mr. H. E. Smyth. Mr. A. E. Wordsworth. Mr. F. P. McTighe.
Asst. Masters	{ Mr. A. E. Wordsworth.
	( Mr. F. P. McTighe.
Munshi	Janki Pershad.

# Muir Central College, Allahabad.

#### AFFILIATED, 1872.

In 1870-71, Sir William Muir, then Lieutenant-Governor, acceding to a generally expressed wish, invited the co-operation of the Chiefs and Fendatories of the North-Western Provinces and territories

adjacent in founding a Central College at Allahabad, the seat of Government. His proposal having been warmly responded to, the College was temporarily opened in a hired building on the 1st July, 1872.

This Institution admits all classes of students who have passed the University Entrance Examination, and is affiliated in Arts and Law. The Course of Instruction embraces the University require-

ments for degrees in those branches.

In order also to meet the needs of those who, by their attainments, are unable to compete for the High Court Pleaderships and the University B. L. Degree, there is an Urdu Law Class for students seeking to pass the High Court Examination for Pleaderships in the subordinate Courts of the Provinces, Oudh, and the Panjab.

Oriental classes will shortly be added to the General Department, to carry on those who have passed the middle class vernacular examination, which corresponds in all respects to the University Matriculation test in English, to another equally answering to the

University First Arts standard.

A handsome stone structure is being erected for the accommodation of the College on a site immediately to the north of the Alfred Park, and donations to the amount of more than 1½ lakhs of rupees have already been received towards its cost. The foundation stone was laid by Lord Northbrook, Viceroy and Governor-General, in December, 1873.

A fund of sixty-three thousand rupees in Government four per cent. notes, endowed by H. H. the Nawab of Rampore, the Maharajahs of Vizianagram, Rewah, Punnah, Chirkaree, and others, furnishes fourteen local Scholarships, ranging in value from twenty to ten rupees monthly. These are tenable with Government Scholarships. There are also four minor stipends.

The late Nawab Ali Azghar Khan, C. S. I., of Rampore, by a wanf nama dated 13th November, 1872, endowed scholarships to the value of Rs. 50 monthly "to be given to those students who pass in

Arabic."

# INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

# General Department.

Principal ... A. S. Harrison, B.A.

Profr. of History and Philosophy... W. H. Wright, B.A.

Ditto Mathematics ... W. N. Boutflower, B.A.

Ditto Physical Science ... S. A. Hill, B Sc.

Ditto Oriental Literature ... Maulvi Zakaullah.

Ditto Sanskrit ... Pandit Aditya Ram, M.A.

#### Law Department.

Professor of Law ... C H. Hill, B.A.
Sub-Professor ... Pandit Ajodhyanath.

# Rabenshaw College, Batak. Arfiliated, 1876.

This College is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Provinces.

It was opened as a Zilla School in 1811, raised to a High School in 1868, and to the status of a full College in February 1876. Instruction is given up to the BA. Degree Examination of the Calcutta University. Students pay a monthly fee of Rs. 4.

A Law Department is added this session.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal		***	S. Ager.
Asst. Professor			Lakshinarayan Das. M.A., B.L.
Ditto			Abinaschandra Chatterjee, B.A.
Locturer in Science	•••	•••	Girischandra Basn, M.A.
Do. in English		•••	Devendra Nath Basu, M A.
Ditto in Sanskrit		•••	Ramprasanna Tarkaratna.
Head Master			Ramdas Chakravarti.
		Law Depo	artment.
Law Lecturer	•••		Lakshinarayan Das, M.A., B.L.

### Rajshahye College.

AFFILIATED, 1878.

The College is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Bengul.

It is a Government Institution, originally established as a Zilla School in 1836. In 1873, it was raised to a Second Grade College (High School), and in 1878, to a First Grade College, the additional expenditure on this account being met partly by a state contribution and partly by local subscriptions and the proceeds of an estate granted in perpetuity to Government by Raja Hara Nath Roy Bahadur of Dubalhati. Instruction is given up to the standard of the B. A. Examination of the Calcutta University. Lectures in Law also are delivered and students are prepared for the B. L. Examination. The students in the General Department and also those in the Law Department pay a monthly fee of Rs. 3. There is one Free Studentship called the Mayo Free Studentship tenable for two years open to the students in the 3rd year class.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Offg. Principal	•••	•••	Mr. A. Clarke Edwards, M.A.
Professor	***	•••	Babu Haragovinda Sen.
Asst. Professor	of Mathem	atics	Bipinbihari Gupta, M.A.
Lecturer on Phy			Hiralal Mookerjee, M.A.
Assistant Profes			Baikanthnath Tarkabhushan.
Head Master, O			Kalikumar Das, B.A.
2nd Master,	ditto		Loknath Chakravarti, B.A.
			sters, two Pandits, and a Persian
Teacher.			,
T. P. C.	1	AW DEP	ARTMENT.
_1 _2			

Law Locturer ... Mohendranath Sanyal, B.A., B.L.

# Trinity College, Kandy, Ceylon.

AFFILIATED, 1878.

This Institution which was established by the Church Missionary Society in 1872, with the special object of teaching the higher classes of the up-country Singhalese, is now affiliated up to the standard for the B. A. Degree.

New Lecture-rooms and Dormitories have been crected, partly by a donation from the Church Missionary Society, and partly by local subscriptions. There is accommodation for about 21 boarders and a Resident Assistant Tutor.

Instruction is given in English, Latin, Mathematics, and other necessary branches of liberal education.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	Rev. R. Collins, M.A.
Vice-Principal	Mr. Thos. Duun.
Resident Asst. Tutors	Mr. C. N. Edwards. ,, J. W. Wirekoow. ,, A. Weeresoouye. ,, W. E. Goonetillike.
Singhalese Pandit	,, G. Gunesêkora.

### Metropolitan Enstitution, Calcutta.

AFFILIATED, 1879.

This Institution was originally founded in 1859, under the name of the Calcutta Training School, by Babus Thakurdas Chakravarti, Madhava Chandra Dhara, Patitpavana Sen, Ganga Charan Sen, Jadava Chandra Palit, and Baistava Charan Addi, with the late Babu Shama Charan Mullick as its patron. It continued up to 1861 under the management of a committee of native gentlemen, consisting of the founders and a few other additional members. In 1864 the management devolved entirely on Pandit Iswarchandra Vidyasagar, and the present name of the Institution was substituted for the Calcutta Training School.

The Institution consists of three departments—a College Department, a Preparatory School, and a Vernacular Department. It has also a branch Preparatory School at Shampukur, which was opened in January 1874.

#### College Department.

In this Department, the course of instruction is adapted to the requirements of the University for Degrees in Arts.

There is an admission fee of Rs. 5; and the monthly tuition fee is Rs. 3.

### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

#### Babu Surendranath Banerji, B.A.

- " Prasannakumar Lahiri, M A.
- " Baidyanath Basu. M.A.
- " Suryyakumar Adhikari, B.A.
- " Khudiram Basu, B A.
- " Chandidas Ghosh, M.A.

Pandit Nabinchandra Vidyaratna.

#### School Department.

This Department imparts instruction up to the University Entrance Course. There is an admission fee of Rs. 3; and the monthly tuition fee is Rs. 3.

There are twenty-one Teachers, six Pandits, and two Superintendents in this Department.

#### Vernacular Department.

This Department teaches boys Reading, Writing, and Arithmetic in Bengali. The admission fee is Re. 1; and the tuition fee is Re. 1 per month.

There are three Pandits and one Superintendent in this Department,

### Gauhati High School.

#### AFFILIATED, 1866.

This School is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Inspector of Schools in Assam.

In 1834 a Zilla School was opened at Gauhati for giving instruction in English and Bengali. This Zilla School was raised in May, 1866, to a High School, when it was affiliated in Arts to the Calcutta University up to the First Examination in Arts. In 1870 it was affiliated in Law, and a Law Lecturer was appointed.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master	•••		Srinath Sen.
2nd ditto	***	***	Chandra Mohan Gosvami.
3rd ditto	•••	-40	Dina Nath Sen, B.A.
Head Pandit	***	•••	Pandit Nabakumar Bhattacheryya

And six Euglish Teachers and one Pandit.

# Calcutta Madrasah.

#### AFFILIATED, 1867.

This Institution was founded by Warren Hastings in 1781, with the view of enabling Muhammadaus of Bengal to acquire such a knowledge of Arabic literature and law as would qualify them for the Judicial Department, and was endowed by him with a zamindari yielding an estimated rental of Rs. 29,000. In July, 1819, the zamindari was resumed, and the rental was commuted to a fixed annual charge on the treasury of Rs. 30,000.

In 1873, the interest of the Muhammad Muhsin Legacy, amounting to Rs. 51,000, which had hitherto been expended on the Hooghly College, was set free and was devoted to Muhammadan education in Bengal. Several new Madrasahs were founded; and the sum of Rs. 35,000 plus the schooling fees, was fixed as the annual charge of the Calcutta Madrasah and the Colingah Branch School.

The Institution consists of two departments and a Branch School. In the Arabic Department, Arabic and Persian literature, logic, rhetoric, and Muhammadan law are taught. The course extends over six years. Of modern sciences, arithmetic (taught in the vernacular) was made compulsory in 1874, and arrangements have been made to allow students to take up some of the English subjects taught in the Anglo-Persian Department. The monthly fee is eight amas; average number of students, 180. The Anglo-Persian Department is a collegiate school, and teaches up to the Entrance Examination. The monthly fee is Re. 1; average number, 380.

The Branch School is a middle class English school, and has an Oriental Department attached to it, which prepares students for the Madrasah. The monthly fee is 8 and 4 annas; average number of students, 320.

There are 16 Muhsin Scholarships of Rs. 10-8-6 awarded in the Arabic Department; 9 Muhsin Scholarships of Rs. 5-4-3 in the Anglo Persian Department; and four Muhsin Scholarships of Rs. 3 in the Branch School. Two junior Muhsin Scholarships of Rs. 10, tenable for two years, are annually awarded to successful Entrance students.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal ... ... ... Archibald E. Gough, B.A.
Offg. Do. ... ... Dr. A. F. Rudolf Hoernle.
Head Maulvi, Arabic Department ... Maulvi, Abdul Hai.
Head Master ... ... Babu Nandalal Das.
Eight Maulvis, eleven English Teachers, one Paudit.

Former Vrincipals.

Col. S D. Riley.

A. Sprenger, M.D.

Capt. E. St. George.

J. Sutchife, M.A.

H. Blochmann, M.A.

# Sehore Migh School.

#### Affiliated, 1868.

This School was founded in October, 1839, by Launcelot Wilkinson, Esq., Bombay Civil Service, Political Agent of Bhopal, for the instruction of the Malwa youth in the vernaculars only, the funds being supplied by the Begum of Bhopal and the neighbouring Chiefs.

In 1849 it was re-organized by Captain J. D. Cunningham, and a large and commodious building in the Saraceniostyle, erected at a cost of Rs. 30,000, supplied by the Begum and the Chiefs of the district.

In February, 1857, an English Department was added to the School, the Begum of Bhopal subscribing Rs. 4,545-7-3, and the neighbouring Chiefs Rs. 3,448-3-1, per annum towards its support.

It was eventually, at the solicitation of Lieutenant-Colonel Willoughby Osborne, C.B., Political Agent of Bhopal, placed on the same

footing as other Government schools, and subjected to the inspection of the Government Inspector of Schools for the adjoining circle; and lastly, at his solicitation, it was affiliated to the Calcutta University, December 23rd, 1867.

It owes its support to subscriptions and donations from the Begum of Bhopal and the Chiefs surrounding, supplemented by an annual subscription from Government of Rs. 5,127-4-5.

There are two Scholarships in each department, of the monthly value of Rs. 6 and Rs. 4 each, tenable for one year.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master	••	•••	•••	A. Mears.
2nd English Ma	ster	•••	•••	Deo Pershad.
3rd ditto		•••	***	Ramvullabh
Head Pandit	***	•••		Gunesh Shastri.
Head Maulvie	•••	••	•••	Syed Mahomed.
With two junior	English	Teachers, fi	vo Pand	lits, and four Maulvies.

### Chittagong College.

#### Affiliated, 1869.

The College is supported by Government, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction, Lower Provinces.

It was originally opened as a School in the year 1836. In January, 1869, it was converted into a High School, and some increase was made to the staff of teachers.

Students in the General Department pay a monthly fee of Rs. 3, and in the Law Department (preparing for the Senior Pleadership Examination) a monthly fee of Rs. 5.

The Goluk Babu's scholarship of Rs. 8 per month, tenable for two years, is awarded to the best student, who fails to obtain a Government Junior Scholarship, on passing the Eutranco Examination from any school in the Chittagong District.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master	•••	•••	Babu Chandramohan Majumdar, M.A.
2nd Master	•••	•••	,, Rajkumar Sen, B.A.
3rd Master	•••	• • •	(Vacant).
Law Lecturer	•••	•••	Babu Nabinchandra Das, M.A., B L.
Senior Pandit	•••		,, Piyarimohan Bhattacharyya.
		Mast	ers, a Pandit, and two Maulvies.

# St. Peter's College, Agra.

#### AFFILIATED, 1870.

This Institution was founded in 1846 by Bishop Borgi, of the order of Capuchins, in a spacious building erected by means of contributions from Catholics in Europe and India, together with a large grant from the funds of the Agra Mission. It was already known before the Mutiny as one of the best seminaries in the North-Western Provinces. Having been plundered by the Mutineers in July, 1857, it re-opened in January, 1858. Since its foundation, St. Peter's

College has been under the patronage of the Vicars Apostolic of the Agra Mission, and the management of two priests as Rector and Vice-Rector, assisted by a staff of teachers, both religious and lay-Though by far the greater number of the pupils are Roman Catholics, children of other religious persuasions are admitted on the principle of non-interference. The course of studies embraces all the subjects required for the Calcutta University Examinations in Arts, the first and second departments of the Thomason College at Roorkee. and the survey. The fee for boarders is Rs. 15 a month, besides an annual charge of Rs. 10 for the use of books, stationery, and medical attendance; that for day-scholars is Rs. 4 a month for tuition, and Rs. 5 a year for the use of books and stationery. The average number of boarders is 35, and of day-scholars, 30: St. Peter's College has been in receipt of a grant-in-aid from the Educational Department, North-Western Provinces, over since 1856, when it was fixed at Rs. 125 a month; and it remained so till 1867, when it was raised to Rs. 250. Written examinations are held three times a year, and reports of the progress, health, and conduct of the boys are sent to their parents.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rector and Prefect of studies
Very Rev. Fr. Symphorim, O.C.
Rev. Fr. Julius, O.C.
Rev. Fr. Symphorim, O.C.
Rev. Fr. Symphorim, O.C.
Rev. Fr. Julius, O.C.

### London Mission School, Benares.

#### AFFILIATED, 1871.

This Institution was established in the year 1869, by the union of two schools of the Mission. It is situated in the suburbs of Benares, yet sufficiently near to the city to receive therefrom a considerable number of students. It has from four hundred to four hundred and fifty on the rolls.

Instruction is given in English, Sanskrit, Persian, Hindi, Urdu, and Bengali.

The Maharajah of Vizianagram, K.C.S.I., has endowed the Institution with a sum of money for the purchase of a gold medal annually of the value of eight pounds, called the 'Vizianagram Medal,' to which is attached a small monthly Scholarship. In addition, the Institution awards several Scholarships to deserving students, tenable for twelve months.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal ... Rev. John Hewlett, M.A., (London.)
Professor of History and
Physical Science Rev. G. M. Bulloch.

Head Master of the Upper } Rev. Kashi Nath Dutt.

Head Master of the Junior }

Babu Chotkan Lal.

Professor of Mathematics ... Babu Gopal Lal, B.A., B.L.

And fourteen Teachers of English, four Pandits, one Maulvie, two Moonshees, and one Bengali Pandit.

# London Mission School, Mirzapore.

#### AFFILIATED, 1872.

This Institution was formed by the union of two schools which had existed in connection with this Mission, one on its premises since its commencement in 1838, and the other in the city since 1862. The Institution was afterwards enlarged by several small Vernacular schools being incorporated with it.

The present building was opened in 1868. Its style is gothic. It

is conveniently situated in the heart of the city.

The Institution is divided into three Departments—Anglo-Vernacular, Persian and Urdu, Sanskrit and Hindee. Instruction is given in the Anglo-Vernacular Department up to the First Arts standard of the Calcutta University.

The expenditure of the Institution is met by a grant from the London Missionary Society, the scholars' fees, subscriptions, and a Government grant-in-aid.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal ... Rev. Thomas Insell.

Head Master ... Mr. Archibald Ross.

Six Assistant English Teachers, three Maulvies, three Pandits.

# Midnapur College.

#### Affiliated, 1873.

This Institution was founded as a Zillah School in 1834, and was converted into a High School in 1873. Since Government Orders of the 16th October, 1877, changing the nomenclature of Government School, it has been called Midnapur 2nd Grade College. It is supported partly by Government and partly by the interest of an Endowment Fund, raised by the people of the District of Midnapur. Like all other Government Institutions of the kind, it is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction and a District School Committee.

It consists of a College and a School Department, Into the former, such students are admitted as have passed the University Entrance Examination and intend to study for the First Examination in Arts

The schooling fee in the College Department is Rs. 5 a month, and that in the School Department varies from one rupee in the lowest to three rupees in the highest class.

A Law Department was also opened in 1873, and a Law Lecturer was appointed.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master	•••	•••	Babu	Gangadhar Acharyya.
2nd ditto	•••		27	Syamacharan Das.
<b>3</b> rd ditto	•••	•••	23	Isanchandra Datta, M.A.,
				B.L.
Head Pandit		•••	19	Bholanath Chakrabarti.
With eight other	English		rs. o	ne Pandit and one Persian
Teacher.	6		-, -	

### Jappur Maharajah's College.

AIFILIATED, 1873.

This College was founded in the year 1844. It originally consisted of four departments, in which English, Sanskrit, Arabic, and Persian were respectively taught. Within a few years the number of pupils rose, till in 1875 it presented a total of eight hundred and thirty-two. The Institution is entirely supported by the Jaypur State, the sum of rupees twenty-four thousand being annually expended towards its maintenance. The Coilege sent up its first batch of candidates for the Entrance Examination in the year 1867, and the results of successive years having shown that the sphere of its work might be considerably enlarged and its usefulness increased, an application was made to the Syndicate for its affiliation to the University of Calcutta, and sanction to the proposal was obtained from the Government of India in March, 1873. A College Department, teaching up to the standard of the First Examination in Arts, was, accordingly, constituted, and a competent staff of Professors appointed to undertake its management.

Instruction in the Institution is given gratis, while to provide for the higher requirements and tastes of the upper classes, a separate school is maintained in connection with the College, to which the sons of the leading Rajpoots resort. At present the institution is divided into three departments, viz., an English Department, in which the course of instruction is adapted to the requirements of the Calcutta University; a Hinden Department where English constitutes the second language; and a Persian Department. In the two latter, the course is specially contrived to fit the pupils to become efficient servants of the Raj.

Scholarships of the value of rupees two hundred per measem are awarded to the undergraduates in the College and the most deserving pupils in the other departments of the institution.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	***	·		Babu	Dinanath Mukerji, B.A.
Head Master	***		***		Chandranath Ray.
Second Master	. ***	. '		>>	Amritalal De, B.A., B.L.

Head Maulvi ... Rashid-ud-din.
Second Maulvi ... Abd-ur-Rahman.
Sanskrit Teachers ... Pandit Gobind Ram.
, Nanoo Jal.

And eleven other English teachers and eight Maulvies and four Hindi teachers.

#### Principals.

1844. Pandit Sheodin. 1855. Moonshee Kishen Sharup.

1865. Kantichandra Mukerji.

1876. Krishnabihari Sen, M.A.

1877. Dinanath Mukerji, B A. (offy.)

1879. Chandranath Basu, M.A.

# Patiala Maharajah's College.

#### AFFILIATED, 1874.

This School originally established by His Highness Maharajah Narinder Singh, was thoroughly reorganized by His Highness Maharajah Mahinder Singh, the late Maharajah of Patiala, in 1870, who, when he was invested with the full powers of Government, established an Educational Department under the control of a Director of Public Instruction.

Education is now given in the English, Persian, Arabic and Sanskrit languages. In January 1874 this School was affiliated to the Calcutta University. The School is also affiliated to the Panjab University College, and prepares its students for the examinations of that institution, as well as for those of the Calcutta University. The School is entirely maintained by funds paid by His Highness the Maharajah from his Treasury, and the schooling fee varies with the income of the parents. Annual prizes and monthly scholarships to the value of Rs. 6,500 are awarded to the deserving pupils of the School. Poor boys are admitted free and receive stipends for their maintenance. A Gold Medal of Rs. 70 is annually awarded by His Excellency Lord Northbrook to the first boys of the school for general proficiency, in commemoration of his visit to Patiala, and laying the foundation stone of the Mahinder College in March 1875.

Under the orders of the Council of Regency, a First Arts class was opened in the year 1880 and a Principal appointed also. In the English Department, instruction is now given up to the standard of the First Examination in Arts of the Calcutta University and the Proficiency Examination of the Panjab University College.

The Sanskrit, Persian and Arabic Departments train up students for the following Examinations of the latter University:—the Shastri, Bisharada, Pragya, and Entrance Examinations in Sanskrit; the Munshi Fazil, Munshi Alim, Munshi, and Entrance Examinations, in Persian; the Maulvi Fazil, Maulvi Alim, Maulvi, and Entrance Examinations in Arabic.

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#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Jogendranath Mookerjee,	M.A.,	
B.L	•••	Principal.
Harimohun Basu	***	Head Master Sanskrit Department.
Lala Din Doyal	•••	Head Muster, Persian Department.
Vacant	•••	Head Master, English Department.
Maulvi Mahomed Hossen	•••	Head Master, Arabic Department.
Maulvi Yusuf Ali	•••	First Persian teacher.
Munshi Sookhanlal	•••	Second Persian teacher.
Pandit Ganeshilal	•••	First teacher of Mathematics.
Pandit Ramkissen	•••	First teacher of Sanskrit.
Pandit Basdev	***	Second teacher of Sanskrit.
Bhai Jodh Singh		Teacher of Goormukhi.

Assisted by five junior English teachers, three Maulvis, four Pandits, five Persian teachers and three teachers of Mathematics.

# WAeslegan Central Enstitution, Battiealoa, Ceylon.

#### AFFILIATED, 1877.

This Institution is supported by the funds of the Wesleyan Mission, and educates at present up to the First Arts standard.

Pupils from this Institution may compete for the "Crowther" Scholarship, of the annual value of Rs. 100.

They may also compete for two annual Scholarships, of the value of Rs. 120 and Rs. 80, called the "Kilner" Scholarships; and for one of the annual value of Rs. 60, called the "Squance" Scholarship.

From the Upper School, Christian young men may be sent to a Central Training Institution in which they receive a free education whilst being trained for future Mission service.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Superintendent	•••	•••	Rev. J. G. Pearson.
Principal	•••	••	Rev. G. J. Trimmer.
Vice-Principal	•••	•••	Rev. R. N. Setukavaler, M.A.
Pandit	•••	•••	T. Sanmogan.

# The Residency College, Indore.

#### AFFILIATED, 1877.

This College was established in 1876. It has special classes for the sons of native chiefs. The revenue is derived from local funds, fees, and the interest of an accumulated fund. There are upwards of 200 students on the rolls.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Principal	1.4	Mr. Jos. W. Alexander.
Professor	•••	,, Guru Pershad. M.A.
Head Master	***	, N. M. Khory.
Second Master	•••	Babu Makaradhwaja Sinha

And nine other teachers.

# Rungpur College.

#### AFFILIATED, 1877.

In 1875, Sir Richard Temple, Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, proposed to convert the Zillah School of Rungpur into a High School, on condition that one-third of the cost should be borne locally. The amount required was raised by subscription, and the college classes were opened in January, 1877.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Head Master ... Chandranath Bhattacharyya. Head Pandit ... Syamacharan Chatterji.

### Medical College of Bengal.

#### Afficiated, 1857.

1. The Medical College of Bongal was founded by Lord William Bentinek in the year 1835.

The government of the College and Hospital is vested in the Principal, aided by a Consultative Council, composed of all the Professors, subject to the general control of the Director of Public Instruction.

#### THE PRIMARY OR ENGLISH CLASS.

This class consists of scholarship-holders, free students, and paying students. The number of free students in the College is limited to ten (10), and nomination to the free list has been left, by the Director of Public Instruction, in the hands of the Principal.

Free presentations are made entirely with reference to the ability of applicants, as shown by the position they may have held in Arts at the University.

Paying students are required to pay an admission fee of Rs. 15 and Rs. 5 per mensem during their stay in the College.

They are required to follow the curriculum of the College as laid down for the primary or English class, and are subject to the same rules regarding discipline.

Students who do not intend to graduate at the Calcutta University, or who are desirous of attending single courses of lectures, may enter as casual students: they are not required to follow the College curriculum, but in other respects are amenable to the College regulations. If they enter for more than a single course of lectures, they are required to comply with the rules which regulate the admission of other applicants to the primary class.

Casual students pay in advance fees of Rs. 40 for each course of lectures, and Rs. 60 for each six months' attendance on the different departments of hospital practice.

The expenditure on Scholarships of the primary class is limited to Rs. 400 a month, and this sum is ordinarily distributed among the students of the five years as follows:—

To students of the 4	th and 5th	* years,					
Scholarships, at Rs.					240	0	Û
To students of the 3	rd year, 10	Junior Sc	holarships	3,			
at Rs. 8 a month	•••	•••	***	"	80	0	0
To students of the 2nd	year, 10 J	unior Sc	holarships	١,			
at Rs. 8 a month	***	•••	•••	,,,	80	0	0
	Tot	al per me	nsem		400	0	0

The Senior Scholarships are awarded according to the results of the "First Licentiate Examination." But they are not awarded to students who gain University Scholarships at such Examination. They are tenable for two years on condition that the conduct and progress of the holder are satisfactory.

The Junior Scholarships are awarded upon the results of the College examination at the end of the 1st year. They are tenable for

two years on the same condition as above.

In the event of a Scholarship being forfeited, the amount already

drawn is not liable to be refunded by the holder.

Any Scholarship falling vacant by the death, resignation, &c., of the holder, may be awarded to students of the same term, next in order of merit, who may be without a Scholarship, and may be possessed of the requisite qualifications

The Goodeve Scholarship (value Rs. 12 a month) may be held in

conjunction with any Scholarship awarded under these rules.

Students of this class, excepting casual students, are required to follow the subjoined curriculum, which is framed for obtaining the Calcutta University Licence in Medicine and Surgery.

<sup>\*</sup> For students of the 5th year, the Goodeve Scholarship is also available.

Curriculum of Studies for the Primary Class.

Descriptive and Sur- Descriptive and Sur- Comparative Anatomy General Anatomy.  Botany.  Dissections.  Chemistry.  Botany.  Physiology.  Physiology.  Physiology.  Physiology.  Surgical and per Surgical Chemistry.  Physiology.  Physiology.  Surgical contiled on the don	Thir Comparat and Zoo Dissection Materia J Practical General J	Third Year.  arative Anatomy l Zoology. ctions. ria Medica. rical Chemistry. ral Anatomy and ystology.	(including ns).  risprudence, of regions formance of operations cad body.	Fourth Year.  Fitth Year.  Redicine.  Rigery (including Surgery (including operations).  Idwifory.  Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery.  Surgery.  Surgery.  Surgery.  Surgery.  Surgery.  Surgery.  Surgery.  Surgery.  Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery.  Surgery.  Surgery.  Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery.  Surgery.  Ophthalmic Medicine and Surgery.  Surgery.  Ophthalmic Actions of regions. And Dentistry.  On the dead body. Dissections of regions and
		Medi.  Wards,  Surgi  Wards,  Wards,  Clinical  Wards,  Wards,  Gitto.  Wards,  Wards,  Wards,  Wards,  Witto.	Clinical Instruction.	Performance of surgical operations on the dead body.  Pathology.  Hygicue.  Redl. Wards.  3 months.  Surgl. do. do.  Eye Infilmary  Outdoor Dis- persary, do.

Nore.—Students are recommended also to attend lectures on Surgery and Medicine, or any of the junior subjects with which they may not feel themselves familiar during their third year.

### PRESENT STAFF OF PRIMARY OR ENGLISH CLASS.

J. M. Coates, M.D. Principal Professor of General Anatomy D. D. Cunningham, M.B. and Physiology Professor of Comparative Ana-J. Anderson, M.D. tomy, Offg. Professor of Anatomy D. O'Connell Raye, M.B. Professor of Botany G. King, M.B. R. C. Chandra. Professor of Materia Medica Professor of Chemistry C. J. H. Warden, M D. J. M. Coates, M.D. Professor of Medicine K. McLeod, A.M., M.D. Professor of Surgery T. E. Charles, M.D. Professor of Midwifery R. Harvey, M.D. Do. Do. Professor of Medical Jurispru-S. C. Mackenzie, M.D. dence Professor of Ophthalmic Medicine H. Cayley. and Surgery Professor of Pathology J. F. P. McConnell, M.B. Professor of Hygiene R. Lidderdale, M.D. Lecturer on Dentistry W. T. Woods. First Demonstrator of Anatomy Gobindachandra Chatterjee. 2nd ditto ditto. Rajmohau Banerjeo.

#### SUCCESSION LISTS.

#### Principals.

1853. M. J. Bramley. 1863. N. Chevers, M.D. 1856. J. McRae, M.D. 1872. D. B. Smith, M.D. 1856. T. W. Wilson, M.D. 1873. N. Chevers, M.D. 1857. W. C. B. Eatwell, M.D. 1876. D. B. Smith, M.D. 1860. S. B. Partridge, F.R.C.S. 1877. J. M. Coates, M.D. (offg.) 1878. D. B. Smith, M.D., (offg.). 1861. N. Chevers, M.D. M.R.C.P., London. 1865. C. R. Francis, M.B. (offg.) 1880. J. M. Coates, M.D. 1866. J. Ewart, M.D. (offg.)

#### Secretaries.

1837. David Hare. 1854. E. Goodeve, M.B. 1841. F. J. Mouat, M.D. 1855. F. N. Macnamara, M.D.

## Thomason Civil Engineering College, Boorkee.

39. WH. ID.

## AFFILIATED, 1864.

The Thomason College was founded in 1847 by the Hon'ble James Thomason, Lieutenant-Governor, N. W. P. It is designed to sup-

ply the Public Works Survey Departments with Assistant Engineers, Overseers, Sub-Overseers, Estimators, Draughtsmen, and Head Artificers, and to furnish professional works either on loan or purchase

through its Library, Press, and Book Depôt.

The College contains three principal classes, viz., an "Engineer Class," an "Upper Subordinate Class," and "Lower Subordinate Class," open to candidates of all ranks and classes—intended to recruit the Engineer, Upper Subordinate, and Lower Subordinate Departments of the Public Works Department. It also conducts examinations of outsiders for several grades of the P. W. D.

#### Engineer Class.

The Course lasts two years, when the passed students receive certificates as Assistant Engineers of the P. W. D. The first eight passed students (whether European or Native) receive appointments as Apprentice Engineers on Rs. 100 a month: the remaining passed students are not guaranteed appointments. Candidates for this class must be between the ages of 18 and 22, and must all pass a competitive entrance examination in language, literature, history, mathematics and Elementary drawing and physical science.

All European students pay a college fee of Rs. 10 monthly. Three Scholarships of Rs. 50, one of Rs. 40, and one of Rs. 35 per mensem, tenable for two years, are annually open to native students. Several valuable prizes are given annually; one of Rs. 1,000 to the best student; one of Rs. 250 and one of Rs. 100 for the two best native students; besides two prizes of Rs 100 and five of Rs. 50, open to all.

#### Upper Subordinate Class.

The College Course lasts two years, when the passed students receive certificates as Sub-Engineers or Overseers of the P. W. D., and are then sent for a year's probation on to the Public Works as "Apprentice Overseers," after which, if approved, they are appointed 1st, 2nd, or 3rd grade Overseers in the P. W. D.

All candidates for admission must pass a competitive entrance examination in English reading and writing, arithmetic, elementary geometry, mensuration, and drawing, and in Urdu and Hindi; and

Civilian candidates must be between the ages of 18 and 24

Soldier students receive a "college allowance" of Rs. 11 monthly. Three Scholarships of Rs. 30 each, and three stipends of Rs. 10 each, all tenable for two years, are annually allotted to students of 2nd and 3rd grades respectively.

Students of third grade, if not stipend-holders, pay a college fee of Rs. 1-8 monthly. College prizes in each of the principal subjects

of the course are annually given.

During the "apprentice year," a "staff allowance" is given to soldier students, raising their pay to a total of Rs. 80, together with free quarters and the usual "family allowances." Second and third grade apprentices receive salaries of Rs. 60 and 40 respectively; free quarters are also given to those of the second grade.

#### Lower Subordinate Class.

This Class, intended for natives of India only, consists of Soldiers and Civilians. Most of the students remain for one year only at College, and if successful, receive certificates as Sub-Overseois, Estimators, or Draughtsmeu of 1st, 2nd or 3rd grade, according to qualification, and are appointed to the P. W. D., according as vacancies occur: there is no guarantee of appointment. Six of the most promising students are each year selected for a further year's train-

ing. They have the preference in selection for vacancies.

The Entrance Examination is competitive, and in the Urdu language. For Military candidates it comprises reading, writing, and arithmetic; and for Civilian candidates, for class A, elementary mathematics, Indian history, and geography, and the use of English figures and words. For class, B, a recommendation by an Executive Engineer that the candidate is a useful man only is required. Civilian candidates for class A, must not be more than 22, nor less than 18, years of age. Military students receive a "college allowance" of Rs. 5 monthly. There are two scholarships of Rs. 20 a month and four of Rs. 15 for students selected for second year's training. For first year students, Class A, there are sixteen scholarships of Rs. 5, and for Class B. twelvo of Rs. 10 a month. Non-stipend-holders pay a college fee of Rs 1-8. College prizes in each of the principal subjects of the course are annually awarded.

Note —There is every probability that the course for this class will be reduced to one year or a year and a half, and very considerably altered.

### Courses of Study in principal Classes.

These vary very much, but include mathematics, civil engineering, surveying, drawing, and Urdu for all the above principal classes,—the extent read being of course very different in each class,—besides experimental science and photography for the Engineer class.

#### Native Military Surveying Class.

A class of 25 native N. C. O. and Sepoys of the Q. O. Guides Corps are annually passed through a ten months' course in simple Military Engineering and Surveying.

[With the exception of the small college fees above noted, the instruc-

tion in College is entirely gratuitous.]

#### Outside Examinations.

The College holds also examinations, and grants certificates (of qualification only) for the grades of Assistant Engineer, Sub-Engineer, 1st grade Overseer, Assistant Examiners of Accounts, and 4th grade Accountant of the P. W. D., for all candidates who present themselves under certain rules.

#### Subsidiary Departments.

These are-

- 1. A free Public Library containing over 13,500 volumes.
- 2. A large Press which executes printing, binding, lithographs, and woodcuts, for the College, Government, and public.
- 3. A BOOK DEPOT for sale of the College publications and Text-books.
- 4. A VOLUNTEER COMPANY: all European Civilian students are enrolled in the College Volunteer Company.

### Staff.

The principal Staff of the College is as follows:— Principal Major A. M. Brandreth, R E. Capt. Allan Cunningham, RE., Hon. Fel. of King's Coll., Assistant Principals London. Lieut. J. H. C. Harrison, R.E. Experimental Mr. Murray Thomson. M.D., Professor Science F.R.S.E., and Fel. U.C. Head Master, Upper Subordi- Mr. C. C. Sullivan. Drawing Master, Upper and Mr. G. T. Sparke. Five Assistant Masters, Upper Subordinate Class ... [Various.] Head Master, Lower Subordinate } Babu Lala Behari Lal. Seven Assistant Masters, ditto ... [Various.]

For further detailed information, see the Thomason College Calendar published at Boorkee, N. W. P. price Rs. 4-12.

## Cobernment Engineering College, Howrah.

#### Affiliated, 1880.

The College was opened on the 5th April 1880, and is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction of Bengal. All classes of the community are admitted, and the course of instruction is adapted to the requirements of the following:

- . (1.) Civil Engineers.
- (2.) Mechanical Engineers.
- (3.) Civil Overseers.
- (4.) Mechanical Overseers.

Pupils for the two higher classes are admitted on producing a certificate of having passed the University Entrance Examination: their theoretical course, including three hours daily in the shops, is completed in four years, and the fifth or last year is spent by Civil Engineers at Akra to learn brick-making, and on works in actual course of instruction, by Mechanical Engineers, in supervising actual work in the shops.

For admittance to the lower classes there is an Entrance Examination, but any candidate who has passed the University Entrance Examination in English and Mathematics is admitted without further test. The theoretical course for these classes, including 4 hours daily in the shops, continues for 3½ years and the remaining 1½ year is spent by Civil Overseers as by Civil Engineers, whereas Mechanical Overseers work entirely in the shops during the last year and a half.

With regard to fees and Scholarships the following is extracted from the resolution issued with the Calcutta Gazette, dated 17th December, 1879.

In regard to the charge for education at the institution, the Lieutenant-Governor has decided, after careful consideration, that the fee for the two higher engineering classes shall be Rs. 8 per mensem during the four years of their instruction in class, but that existing students of the Civil Engineering Department of the Presidency College, who may elect one of the engineering courses in the new institution, may be allowed to continue their studies on a payment of Rs. 5 a month. For Civil Overseers the charge will be Rs. 3 per mensem during the 3} years of their instruction in class, and for draftsmen the fee will be the same. No fee will be charged to any student after the completion of his theoretical course. The Mcchauical Overseer class will consist exclusively of regular apprentices, who must be boarders; and the charge will be for Europeans and Eurasians, up to 30 in number, Rs. 5 each per mensem, and for natives up to 40 in number Rs. 3 per mensem; but apprentices may be received in excess of that number on payment, if Europeans and Eurasians, of the full fee of Rs. 15 per mensem, and if natives, of Rs 8 per mensem. Existing Dehree students who join the institution will be allowed to continue on the terms on which they were originally received.

The Lieutenant-Governor has decided that one scholarship of Rs. 20, three of Rs. 15, and six of Rs. 10, tenable for two years, shall be given annually to students entering the Engineer classes of the institution; and that scholarships of the same number and value shall be again competed for at the end of the second year's course; provided that the number of scholarships awarded does not exceed one half the number of candidates presenting themselves for examination. These scholarships will be given independently of the scholarships now open to those who pass the Entrance Examination of the University. For the Civil Overseer classes ten scholarships of Rs. 7 per measure, tenable for 3½ years, subject to diligence and good conduct, will also be granted annually; provided, as in the Engineer classes, the number of scholarships awarded does not exceed one half the number of candidates.

In lieu of the five stipends of Rs. 50 a month, tenable for two years, which are at present given to the best five students of the Civil Engineering College who pass the final examination, either ten stipends of Rs. 50, or else four of Rs. 50 and ten of Rs. 30 each, will be granted to those engineer students at the new institution who pass the best examination at the end of the fourth year. Similarly, at the end of the 3½ years' course of Civil Overseers, either ten stipends of Rs. 20, or else four of Rs. 20, and ten of Rs. 12, tenable for 1½ years will be granted. These stipends will be paid by the Public Works Department, and will be liable to forfeiture in case of misconduct.

To Mechanical Overseers, as apprentices, the system of scholarships will not be applicable. An equivalent for this will be provided by allowing those who make the best progress a share in the value of the work done by them after the expiration of the first year of their apprenticeship.

It will be obligatory in the case of apprentices (class 4) that they should board on the premises; and the boarding system will be extended as far as possible, so as to include all other students who may desire to take advantage of it. Any boarding-house, that may thus be established for other than apprentices, will be conducted on the principle of paying its own expenses, rent only excepted. It is hoped that a boarding charge of Rs. 20 a month for Europeans and Eurasians in the Engineer classes, and Rs. 15 in the Overseer classes, and a uniform charge of Rs. 8 for the native boarders will be found sufficient.

In addition there are two scholarships, each worth Rs. 10 a month, attached to this College, which were founded in memory of the late Major-General Forbes. These scholarships are tenable for one year, and are awarded after the annual College Examination in May to the most deserving students in the second-year Engineer class.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

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) Mr. S. F. Downing, B.A. L.C.E.
Principal and Professor of Civil
    Engineering.
                                      Dublin.
                                    Mr. J. S. Slater, C.E.
Offg. Do.
                                    Mr. C. Fouracres, C.E.
Superintendent of Work Shop
Professor of Civil Engineering
                                    Mr. E. F. Mondy.
                               •••
                                    Mr. J. H. Gilliland, B.A.
Professor of Mathematics
Professor of Chemistry and Phy-
                                ... } Vacant.
    sical Science
                                    Mr. J. T. Bartlett.
Professor of Drawing...
Teacher
                                    Mr C. Gilmore
Asst. Teacher
                                     Babu Dwarka Nath Dutt.
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Note.—There is every probability that the course for this class will be reduced to one year or a year and a half, and very considerably altered.

## Batala Christian Bops Boarding School and College.

#### Affiliated, 1880.

This establishment was opened in April, 1878 for the reception of the sons of Native Christians of a class that should be able to pay fees. It is intended to afford to students advantages of such an education as may fit them for future Government employment or professional careers. The establishment is a Church Missionary Institution. It was affiliated in 1880 to the Calcutta University. Students prepare in it for the First Arts Examination.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Honorary Principal,		•••	Rev. F. H. Baring, M.A.
Asst. Professor,	•••		Babu J. C. Singha.
Ditto	***	•••	Maulvi Qudrat-ullah.

## St. Francis de Sales' College, Nagpur.

#### AFFILIATED, 1879.

This Institution was founded in 1867 by the Society of St. Francis de Sales.

It receives a Government grant-in-aid of Rs. 200 a month.

The object of this College is to educate Catholic youth, but it is at the same time open to children of other persuasions on the principle of non-interference. The course of studies embrace all the subjects required for the F. A. Examination of the Calcutta University.

Prizes are annually awarded to the best scholars.

#### Fees.

The students of the College pay an entrance fee of Rs. 5. The schooling fees range from Rs. 5 to annas 8.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

Rev. C. Pelvat,	Prin. and Prof. of Mathematics and
•	Natural Science.
Rev. P. Wall,	Prof. of English.
Rev. C. R. Montagnoux,	Prof. of Classies and History.
Rev. J. M. Girard,	Prof. of Mathematics and Philoso- phy.
Jaganuath Ganesh D	Sanskrit.

#### Masters.

Bro. C. Gailliard,
Mr. C. E. Martin,
Bro. J. Panisset,
There are besides eight other Assistant Masters.

## Gobernment Migh School, Kangoon.

Affiliated, 1879.

College Department.

#### INSTRUCTIVE STAFF.

R. G. Hodson, ... Principal (Offg.)

E. Forchhammer, Ph. D. Leipsig,... Professor of Pali.

A. R. Hayes, M. A., Trinity Hall, Cambridge, ... Teacher of Mathematics.

R. Romanis, P Sc, Edinburgh, . Teacher of Science.

A uniform monthly fee of 4 rupees is charged throughout the College and High School classes.

Attached to the school is a boarding establishment accommodating about 100 boarders (chiefly Burmese) under the direct management of resident European Masters.

A Normal School, with English and Anglo-Vernacular departments, trains teachers for employment in Government and Aided schools throughout British Burma.

Art classes for free-hand and mechanical drawing: also, Surveying classes form a part of the school department.

## The Mahomedan Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh.

#### Affiliated, 1881.

This Institution has been established by the educated and more advanced portion of the Mahomedans of Upper India, under the leadership of Syed Ahmed Khán Bahadur, C.S.I. The objects in view are to place the benefits of a liberal education within the reach of the Mahomedan community, who have markedly failed to avail themselves of Government Educational Institutions, and to reconcile the Mahomedans to the study of Western Science and Literature by founding a scheme adapted to meet the special educational wants of the Mahomedan community. However the Institution is catholic in its character and is open to students of every creed and race.

This Institution was first opened as a School in June 1875, and in January 1878 it was converted into a College and was, from the beginning of that year, affiliated to the Calcutta University up to the standard of the First Arts Examination. Lately a B. A. Class has been opened, and the College Committee has applied to the University for the affiliation of the College up to the B. A. Standard.

The College consists of two departments: (1), The English Department—in which all subjects are taught in the English language, and Arabic, Persian, or Sauskrit is taken as the Second Language. (2), The Oriental Department—in which Arabic or Persian form the Classics, and Arts and Science are taught in Urdu; while English forms the Second Language.

The College is under the guidance and control of the following three Committees:—

1. The College Fund Committee, with which rests the financial management of the College.

P

- 2. The Committee of Directors of Instruction, which consists of three branches:—
- a. The Directors of Instruction in various Languages and secular learning.
  - b. The Directors of Instruction in the Sunai Theology.
  - e. The Directors of Instruction in the Shia Theology.

3. The Managing Committee.

The College Fund Committee has established two separate tunds for this College, which are known by the names of the Capital and Building Funds respectively.

The Capital fund consists of-

1. Government Promissory notes and immovable property purchased from the sums raised by private subscriptions.

- 2. Government Promissory note for Rs. 10,000, granted by the Right Honorable the Earl of Northbrook, the late Viceroy and Governor-General of India, for the foundation of certain scholarships for the Mahomedan students of the College.
- 3. Interest accruing on the Government Promissory note for Rs. 30,000, deposited by His Highness Nawab Mahomed Kalb-i-Ali Khan Bahadur, G.C.S.I. of Rampore.
- 4. Government Promissory note for Rs, 10,000, granted by the late Maharaja of Patiala, for the foundation of Scholarships.
- 5. Government Promissory note for Rs. 5,000, granted by Nakhuda Mahomed Ali Roghay of Bombay.
- 6. Permanent jagir of the annual income of Rs. 3,600, granted by the Government of the Nizam of Hyderabad.
- 7. Permanent jagir of the annual income of Rs. 1,200, granted by His Excellency Sir Salar Jung Bahadur, G.C.S.I.
- 8. Permanent endowment of Rs. 1,800 a year made by the late Maharaja of Patiala.
- 9. Permanent endowment of Rs. 500 a year made by Raja Amir Hassan Khan Bahadur, Talukdar of Mahmoodabad, Oudh, from his Taluk.
- 10. Permanent endowment amounting to Rs. 240 a year made by the late Maharaja of Vizianagram for the foundation of Scholarships.
- 11. Annual donation of Rs. 500 granted by His excellency the Marquis of Ripon. Viceroy and Governor-General of India for the period of his stay in India.

The Building Fund has been established for the construction of the College and Boarding house buildings which are now in course of erection. The cost of the construction of the College alone is estimated at Rs. 245,111.

The tuitional fees range from 1 to 5 rupees, except in special cases. But in College classes the minimum fee is Rs 3.

Boarders have to pay for their board and lodging. Their number at the close of 1880 was 100.

The following statement shows the grant-in-aid allowed by the Government:—

From the establishment of the College till the close of January 1878—Rs. 4,200 per annum. From February 1878 till the close of March 1879, Rs. 4,440 per Annum. The grant-in-aid has been now raised to Rs. 6,000 per annum.

Scholarships varying from Rs. 4 to 16 per mensem are tenable both in School and College classes.

A scholarship of Rs. 10 a month, founded by the College Committee, in commemoration of Sir William Muir, LL.D. K.C.S I late Lieutenant-Governor of the N. W. Provinces, is tenable by the best Arabic scholar for one year, Thirteen Scholarships bearing the names of their donors are also given:—

- 3 Northbrook scholarships-Value each Rs. 4 to 12 a month.
- 4 Mahindar Singh Scholarships-Value each Rs. 4 to 12 a month.
- 3 Vizianagram Scholarships Value each Rs. 4 to 12 a month.
- 2 Mahomed Amin Roghay Scholarships-Value each Rs. 10 to 12 a month.
  - 1 Sher Singh Scholarship---Value Rs. 5 a month.

A silver medal is awarded every year in the name of Sir John Strachey, G.C.S.I. and another in the name of Mr. G. L. Lang, Collector and Magistrate of Aligarh.

The staff of the College consists of a European Principal, a Professor of Mathematics and Natural Sciences, a European Head Master, eight English teachers, two Arabic teachers, five Persian Gachers, and one Sanskrit teacher.

#### VISITORS.

Sir William Muir, LL.D., K.C.S.I. Nawab Mukhtarul Mulk Sir Salar Jung Bahadur, G.C.S.I. Sir John Strachey, G.C.S.I.

#### DIRECTIVE STAFF.

College Fund Committee.

Kunwar Lutf Ali Khan,—President. Raja Syed Bakir Ali Khan,—Vice-President. Syed Ahmed Khan Bahadur, C.S.I.,—Honorary Secretary.

Directors of Instruction in various Languages and secular Learning.

K. Deighton, Esq.,--President.

Maulvi Mahomed Sami-ullah, P. Khan Bahadur,—Vice-President. Syed Ahmed Khan Bahadur, C.S.I., Honorary Secretary.

Directors of Instruction in Sunni Theology.

Mahomed Inayat-ullah Khan,—President.

Maulvi Mahomed Sami-ullah Khan Bahadur,-Honorary Secretary.

Directors of Instruction in Shia Theology.

Maulvi Syed Ali Mahomed Mujahid,—President. Maulvi Chiragh Ali,—Honorary Secretary.

#### MANAGING COMMITTEE.

Maulvi Syed Farid-nddin Ahmed Khan Bahadur,—President.
Mahomed Ismail Khan,—Vice-President.
Maulvi Mahomed Sami-ullah Khan Bahadur,—Life Honorary
Secretary.

Syed Ahmed Khan Bahadur, C.S.I.—Honorary Secretary. Maulvi Khwaja Mahomed Yusuf—Hony. Co-Secretary.

#### Instructive Staff.

Mr. H. G. J. Siddons,

Babu Saradaranjan Rai, M.A.

Mr. A. A. J. Nesbitt, B.A. Maulvi Mahomed Akbar Maulvi Syed Abbas Hasain,

Babu Ganesh Chandra

... Professor of Mathematics and Natural Sciences.

... Head Master.

Principal.

... Arabic Professor, Suni Sect ... Arabic Professor, Shia Sect.

Sanskrit Teacher.

Eight subordinate English Teachers. Five other Persian Teachers.

## Wesley College, Colombo.

### Affiliated, 1876.

This College was founded in 1874. The classes are divided into two divisions, Upper and Lower. The first four classes read the subjects prescribed yearly by the Syndicate of the University of Calcutta for the First Arts and Entrance Examinations, in English, Latin, History and Geography, Mathematics, Logic and Chemistry. The course also includes Divinity, Botany, and Physics.

"The Gogerly Scholarship," of the value of Rs. 120 a year, tenable for two years, is open to competition by all students of the College.

Incorporated with the College is a normal Institution for the training of Mission teachers.

#### Instructive Staff.

Visitor—The Rev. John Scott, General Superintendent of the South Ceylon Wesleyan Mission.

Principal—The Rev. S. R. Wilkin.

Head Master—The Rev. Arthur Shipham.

Lecturer in Divinity and English } The Rev. J. Otley Rhodes. Literature

Assistant Masters: C. P. Dias, C. Chellappa, A. W. Siebel, and seven others.

## Graduates.

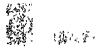
	HONG	DRAR	RY D.	L.			
H. R. H. ALBERT ED	WARD P	RINCE	OF W	ALES,	K. G.		1875.
Monier Williams	•••	***	•		•••	***	1876.
Rev. K. M. Banerjca	***	***	•	••	••	•••	1876.
Rajendralala Mitra	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	1876.
		<b>D</b> . 1	<b>L</b> .				
Bandyopadhyay, Guru	das		1877	Presid	ency C	ollege.	
Mitra, Trailokyanath			1877		Ditto		
	HONO	RS I	N LA	W.			
Mitra, Trailokyanath		•••	1867	Preside	ency Co	ollog <b>ë</b> .	
Ghosh, Rasbihari		•••	1871		Ditto.	•	
Bandyopadhyay, Guru	das	•••	1876	1	Ditto.		
Ray, Bipinchandra			1878	]	Ditto.		
Bhattacharyya Jogend	ranath	•••	1880	]	Ditto.		
		R 1					

#### B. L.

## In Alphabetical Order.

	All ZEUpie	woer	activ O	uor.
Abdul Bari		•••	1872	Presidency College.
Adya, Asutosh		•••	1869	Houghly College.
Aich, Radhakant	ta.	• • •		Presidency College.
Aikath, Saradaki		.,,		Patna College.
Akhileswar Pras	ad		1878	Ditto.
Ameer Ali		•••	1869	Hooghly College,
Bagchi, Annadaj	orasad	•••		Presidency College.
,, Brajago		•••	1879	
,, Durgan		•••	1869	Berhampore College.
" Harisch	andra			Dacca College.
" Upendr	anath	•••	1879	Presidency College.
Bandyopadhyay,		•••	1875	Ditto.
"	Abinaschandra	•••	1867	Ditto.
"	Abinaschandra	••	1868	Ditto.
<b>37</b>	Asutosh	***	1879	Ditto.
<b>))</b>	Bamacharan	•••	1866	Ditto.
))	Bhairabchandr	O.	1863	Ditto.
9)	Bhubanmohan		1873	Ditto.
;;	Bidubhushan	***	1876	Ditto.
<b>3</b> 1	Bidubhushan	•••	1879	Ditto.
3)	Biharilal		1875	Ditto.
27	Binodbihari	***	1873	Ditto.
23,	Chandmohan	•••	1878	Dacca College.
<b>)</b>	Gaugadhar	***	1874	Presidency College.
2)	Gopalchandra			
¹ <b>22</b>			2) 1879	Krishnaghar College.
<b>)</b> 7	Gopikrishna	990		Hooghly College.
	-			<del>-</del> -

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1864 Presidency College.
Bandyopadhyay, Gopinath
                                               Ditto.
                                    1866
                 Gurudas
                                               Ditto.
                 Haricharan
                                    1870
         ,,
                 Harinath
                                    1880
                                               Ditto.
         "
                 Homehandra
                                    1866
                                               Ditto.
         "
                 Indranath
                                    1871
                                                Ditto.
         "
                                    1874
                                                Ditto.
                 Jadunath
         "
                 Jagatchandra ...
                                                Ditto.
                                    1870
         11
                                                Ditto.
                 Kailaschandra ...
                                    1868
         ,,
                                    1870 Patna College.
                 Kailaschandra ...
         ,,
                                    1870 Presidency College
                 Kalicharan
         "
                                    1873
                                                Ditto.
                  Kantichandra ...
          23
                  Karunamay
                                     1869
                                                Ditto.
          27
                 Kedarnath
                                     1875
                                                Ditto.
          • •
                  Mahendranath ..
                                     1875
                                                Ditto.
          27
                  Mahendranath ...
                                     1869
                                                Ditto.
          97
                                     1877
                  Mahendrauath ..
                                                Ditto.
          "
                  Mahendranath ...
                                     1878
                                                Dirto.
          ,,
                  Maheschandra ..
                                     1873 Patna College.
          ,,
                  Nabinchandra ...
                                     1870
                                                Ditto.
          "
                  Nilmadhab
                                     1868 Presidency College.
          21
                  Nilratan
                                     1874 Hooghly College.
          "
                  Nistaran
                                     1877 Presidency College.
          ,,
                  Nibaranchandra
                                     1876
                                                Ditto.
          "
                                     1864
                  Paresnath
                                                Ditto.
          91
                  Pramadacharan
                                     1869
                                                Ditto.
          ,,
                  Pramathanath ...
                                     1867
                                                 Ditto.
          ,,
                  Priyanath
                                     1870
                                                 Ditto.
          33
                                     1878
                  Rajkrishna
                                                 Ditto.
          "
                  Ramlal
                                     1869
                                                 Ditto.
          99
                  Ramnarayan
                                     1874
                                                 Ditto.
          31
                                     1875
                  Ramtaran
                                                 Ditto.
          "
                  Rebatichandra.
                                     1871
                                                 Ditto.
          3,
                  Saratchandra .
                                     1869
                                                 Ditto.
          ,,
                  Sasibhushan
                                     1869
                                                 Ditto.
          ,,
                  Satyadayal
                                     1869
                                                 Ditto.
          ,,
                  Sibehandra
                                     1869 Patna College-
          ,,
                  Sibuath
                                     1872 Presidency College.
          **
                   Syamacharan
                                      1873 Patna College.
           >>
                   Taradas
                                      1875 Krishnaghar College
          "
                   Tarapada
                                      1869
                                                 Ditto.
           **
                   Taraprasanna
                                      1870 Presidency College.
           93
                   Tinkari
                                      1877
                                                 Ditto.
 Banerjea, P. N.
                                      1869
                                                 Ditto.
  Bardan, Mahinimohan
                                      1866
                                                 Ditto.
  Basak, Gobindachandra
                                      1870 Dacca College.
         Gobindachandra
                                      1875
                                                 Ditto.
         Jagatdurlabh
                                      1871 Presidency College.
     27
         Rasbihari
                                      1880
                                                 Ditto.
     "
         Rohinikumar
                                      1870 Dacca College.
  Basu, Akshaykumar
                                      1872 Presidency College.
       Amarnath
                                      1865
                                                 Ditto.
       Ambikacharan
                                      1868
                                                  Ditto.
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Basu	, Anantakumar	,	1879	Presidency College.
22	Annadaprasad		1875	Ditto.
29	Asvinikumar	•••		Dacca College.
"	Atulchandra -	***	1874	Presidency College.
,,	Basantakumar	•••	1872	Ditto.
,,	Bîharilal	•••	1870	Ditto.
,,	Bijaykrishna	••	1871	Ditto.
"	Bipinkrishna	•••	1872	Ditto.
"	Birajaprasad	•••	1868	Ditto.
"	Bishnupada		1876	Ditto.
"	Chandrenath		1867	Ditto.
"	Dakshinaprasad	•••	1864	Ditto.
	Debendralal	•••	1864	Ditto.
"	Debendranarayan		1860	
"	Dinanath	•••	1870	Ditto.
78	Durgadas	•••	1879	Ditto.
>)	Durgaram		1873	Ditto.
1)	Girischandra	•••		
>,	Gopalchandra	•••	1873	
>>	Gopalchandra	•••	1868	
.,	Hariballabh	•••	1876	Ditto.
91	Hemebandra	•••	1870	Ditto.
"	Isanchandra	•••	1874	Dicto.
**		• • •	1874	
13	Jogindrachandra	•••	1873	
23	Jogindranath (No. 1)	•••	1869	Ditto.
**	Jogindranath	•••	1869	Ditto.
13	Kalikumar		1870	Berhampore College.
17	Karunadas	***	1868	Presidency College.
**	Kesabkumar	***	1873	Krishnaghar College.
25	Kshetramohan	••	1870	Presidency College.
27	Kunjabihari		1871	Hooghly College.
**	Lalitkumar	•••	1875	Presidency College.
"	Mahendranath		1870	Ditto.
27	Mahitchandra	• • •	1872	Ditto.
**	Manmathakumar	•••	1876	Ditto.
12	Mathuranath	•••	1868	Ditto.
,,	Nabinchundra	•••	1871	Ditto.
2.5	Nimaichandra	••	1870	Ditto.
,,	Nepalchandra	•••	1870	Ditto.
**	Paresnath		1874	Ditto.
,,	Pramathanath		1877	Ditto.
23	Prasannakumar		1862	Ditto.
91	Prasannakumar		1874	Ditto.
3 5	Pratapchandra		1873	Ditto.
>>	Rajaniuath	•••	1872	Ditto.
,,	Rajendrakumar	•••	1867	Ditto.
9>	Rameschandra	***	1864	Ditto.
7.0	Saradaprasad	***	1878	Ditto.
29	Saratchandra	•••		Dacca College.
79	Sasibhushan	***	1866	Presidence College
);	Sasibhushan		1870	Presidency College.
**	Sasibhushan	- • •	1874	Houghly College.
22	Syamkisor	•••	_	Ditto.
••	<u>-</u>	***	#405	Presidency College.

m. m. M. Barranadili	1870 Presidency College.
Basu, Trailokyanath	1872 Ditto.
" Trailokyanath	1870 Ditto.
", Udaychandra	1873 Ditto.
"Upendranath	1880 Ditto.
Batavyal, Atulchandra	1879 Patna College.
Bhagwan, Sahay	1870 Presidency College.
Bhanja, Kalidas	1868 Ditto.
Bhar, Trailokyanath Bhatta, Napharchandra	1864 Ditto.
Bhattacharyya, Beniprasad	1877 Canng. Col., Lucknow.
Hwarkinali	1868 Presidency College.
Dwarkanath	1871 Patna College.
" Heranath	1870 Presidency College.
" Jadunath	1869 Krishnaghar College.
" Jogindranath	1874 Presidency College.
Krishnakamal	1872 Ditto.
" Mahendranath	1871 Ditto.
Prasannakumar	1875 Ditto.
" Radhakisor	1877 Ditto.
" Srischandra	1879 Ditto.
"Tarinikanta	1868 Ditto.
Bhaumik, Krishnachaitanya	1869 Ditto.
Bhupsen, Singh	1871 Ditto.
Bisi, Kesabnath	1867 Ditto.
Biswas, Asutosh	1876 Ditto.
Bhubanmohan	1880 Ditto.
Prankrishna	1875 Ditto.
Rudrakanta	1866 Ditto.
Chakrabarti, Adityachandra	1877 Dacca College.
Akunchanura	1874 Presidency College.
Chandramohan	1872 Patna College.
Girindramohan	1868 Presidency College. 1865 Ditto.
Girischandra	2000
" Gopalchandra	1871 Ditto. 1877 Dacca College.
" Harachandra	1879 Presidency College.
" Haranchandra	1871 Dacea College.
,, Haricharan	1869 Presidency College.
"Harimobau	1869 Ditto.
, Isanchandra	1863 Ditto.
Iswarohandra	1880 Ditto.
Jogendranath	1873 Krishnaghar College.
Ramgopal	1866 Presidency College.
" Syamacharan	1872 Patna College.
,, Syamaldas	1870 Presidency College.
Syamamohan Taranath	1870 Ditto.
	1870 Ditto.
Chandra, Brajendranath	1870 Berhampore College.
Jogneswar Priyanath	1879 Presidency College.
Chattopadhyay, Aghornath	1871 Ditto.
A bahay kumar	1873 Patna College.
Amarendranath	
Amirtalal	1862 Ditto.

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1873 Presidency College.
Chattopadhyay, Atulchandra
                Banamali
                                    1880
                                               Ditto.
       >>
                                    1869
                                               Ditto.
                Bankimchandra
       ,,
                                    1868
                                               Ditto.
                Bhagabanchandra
       "
                Bipinbihari
                                    1876
                                               Ditto.
       92
                                               Ditto.
                Bipradas
                                    1870
       ,,
                Bireswar
                                    1871
                                               Ditto.
                Bishnuchandra ...
                                    1875
                                               Ditto.
       ,,
                                    1880 Patna College.
                Dwarkanath
       "
                Girischandra
                                    1868 Presidency College.
                Girischanda (No.2)
                                    1868
                                               Ditto.
       33
                                    1875
                                               Ditto.
                Gopalchandra
                                ...
       ,,
                Harakrishna
                                    1870
                                               Ditto.
       7>
                Haridas
                                    1878
                                               Ditto.
       "
                Hemchandra
                                    1868 Hooghly College.
       "
                                ... 1879 Patna College
                Iswarchandra
       23
                                    1861 Presidency College.
                Jadunath
       2,
                Jogeschandra
                                    1873 Krishnaghar College.
       "
                Kalidhan
                                    1871 Presidency College.
       "
                Kaliprasanna
                                    1868
                                                Ditto
                Kirtichandra
                                    1863 Patna College.
       ,,
                Kisorimohan
                                    1669 Presidency College.
       ,,
                Krishnachandra...
                                    1865
                                                Ditto.
       ,,
                Krishnalal
                                    1880
                                                Ditto.
       "
                Manmathanath ...
                                    1879
                                                Ditto.
       33
                Nilkanta
                                    1874
                                                Ditto.
       22
                Nityagopal
                                    1876
                                                Ditto.
       ,,
                Paresnath
                                    1878
                                                Ditto.
       53
                Pitambar
                                    1869 Hooghly College.
       ,,
                Prabhatchandra ...
                                    1878 Presidency College.
       "
                Pramathanath
                                    1880 Patna College.
       "
                Pratapchandra ...
                                    1860 Presidency College.
       33
                Pratulchandra
                                    1870
                                                Ditto.
       •
                Privanath
                                    1879
                                                Ditto.
       "
                Sajanikanta
                                    1874 Krishnaghar College.
       ,,
                Saratchandra
                                    1879 Presidency College.
       33
                Sasibhushan
                                    1871
                                                Ditto.
       77
                                    1867
                Sibchandra
                                                Ditto.
       "
                Srigopal
                                    1871 Krishnaghar College.
       33
                Srivati
                                    1880 Presidency College.
       ,,
                Umakanta
                                    1868
                                                Ditto.
       ,,
                Umeschandra
                                    1878 Hooghly College.
       97
                Upendranath
                                    1874 Presidency College.
Chaudhuri, Akshaychandra
                                    1875
                                                Ditto.
            Apurbakrishna
                                    1873
                                                Ditto.
     "
            Binodbihari
                                    1869
                                                Ditto.
     12
            Girischandra
                                    1865
                                                Ditto.
     ,,
            Girischandra
                                    1876
                                                Ditto.
     **
            Jadabchandra
                                    1880
                                                Ditto.
     ,,
            Jogendrachandra
                                    1879 Krishnaghar College.
     32
            Jogindranath
                                    1869 Presidency College.
     32
            Kaliram
                                    1880
                                                Ditto.
     Ą>
            Narendranath
                                    1871
                                                Ditto.
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48 . N Thurs	1080 TO 11 6 11
Chaudhuri, Prasannanarayan	1879 Presidency College,
" Purnachandra	1877 Ditto.
" Rajanikanta	1872 Dacca College.
" Sasibhushan	1874 Houghly College.
,, Sirischandra	1873 Presidency College.
,, _ Srikumar	1875 Patna College.
Currie, F.	1873 Presidency College.
Das, Baikanthanath	1871 Dacca College.
" Bhairabchandra	1873 Presidency College.
"Bipinbihari	1874 Ditto.
" Bipinbihari	1879 Ditto.
" Brajeudramohan	1877 Patna College.
,, Chandrakumar	1866 Presidency College.
" Dinanath	1870 Ditto.
" Gorachand	1871 Ditto.
" Gobindachandra	1870 Dacca College.
" Haricharan	1878 Presidency College.
,, Hariprasad	1871 Ditto.
" Harischandra	1870 Ditto.
,, Hemnath	1871 Ditto.
,, Iswarchandra	1871 Ditto.
,, Jadunath	1868 Ditto.
,, Jagatchandra	1871 Ditto.
" Jagatmohan	1876 Dacoa College.
" Jnanendranath	1877 Presidency College.
"Krishnachandra	1868 Ditto.
" Lakshminarayan	1869 Ditto.
,, Lalmohan	1872 Ditto.
Madhusudan	1878 Ditto.
Mahendranath	1874 Ditto.
,, Nabinchandra	1877 Ditto.
" Nilmani	1868 Ditto.
,, Parbaticharan	1867 Ditto.
" Raghunath	1877 Ditto.
" Sarbananda	1871 Ditto.
,, Suryyanarayan	1876 Ditto.
" Tarakchandra	1879 Ditto.
,, Taraprasanna	1863 Ditto.
,, Umeschandra	1876 Ditto.
Datta, Akshaychandra	1867 Ditto.
,, Ambikacharan	1877 Ditto.
" Apurnacharan	1874 Ditto.
" Asvinikumar	1880 Krishnaghar College.
,, Baidyanuth	1873 Presidency College.
,, Baishnabcharan	1875 Ditto.
", Balaichand	1870 Ditto.
,, Benimadhab	1869 Ditto.
,, Bharatchandra	1873 Ditto.
, Bhadanicharan	1864 Ditto.
,, Bhabanicharan	1871 Ditto.
Bípinbihari	1869 Ditto.
,, Bipinbihari	1876 Ditto.
Charnehandra	1870 Ditto.

Datte	, Girischandra	ı ehn	Desidence Call
	Isanchandra	1873	Presidency College.
,,	Jagatbandu	1870	Ditto. Ditto.
79	Janakinath	1873	
37	Kailaschandra		Ditto.
"	Kanaschandra Kalikadas		Dacca College.
"	Kamalkrishna		Presidency College.
,,	Lalbihari	1880	Ditto.
,,	Lalgopal	1880	Ditto.
2)	Mahendranath	1865	Ditto.
,,	Manmohan	1879	Ditto.
**	Nandalal	1879	Ditto.
**	Narasinha	1879	Ditto.
,,	Priyanath (No. 2)	1872	Ditto.
27	Priyanath (No. 2)	1871	Ditto.
"	Purnachandra	1873 1877	Ditto.
,,	Purnachandra	1878	Ditto. Ditto
**	Rajendranath		Ditto.
,,	Ramgopal	1877	
,,	Ramial		Berhampore College.
92	Ramlal,	1879	Presidency College. Duto.
**	Sasibhushan	1870	Ditto.
"	Surendrakrishna	1873	Ditto.
"	Taraknath	1861	Ditto.
,,	Trailokyanath	1871	Ditto.
>> >>	Umacharan	1868	Ditto.
	Advartaprasad,	1879	Ditto.
	Amritalal	1870	Ditto.
,,	Ambikacharan		Muir Col., Allahabad
-	Asutosh,	1879	Presidency College.
	Dulalchandra	1870	Ditto
"	Gaurcharan		Dacoa College.
	Gaurisankar		Presidency College.
	Gobindachandra	1873	Ditto.
"	Jadabchandra	1860	Ditto.
7:5	Jogeschandra	1873	Ditto.
>>	Jugalkisor	1878	Ditto.
79	Krishnadas	1869	Ditto.
<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	Lulbihari	1874	Ditto.
	Nabinchandra	1863	Ditto.
,,	Nilmadhab	1874	Ditto.
**	Purnachandra	1874	Ditto.
2,	Rajmohan	1870	Dacca College.
• • •	Sambhuchandra		Presidency College.
	Sibehaudra	1868	Ditto.
	Bhautnath	1876	Ditto.
	Gopendrakrishna	1874	Ditto.
	Upendrachandra	1871	Ditto.
ואמעניי	, Asntosh	1874	Ditto.
* **	Dinanath	1871.	Hooghly College.
,	Gokulchandts Kalingth	1867	Presidency College.
. برو	Kalinath Nilmani	1870	Dacca College,
"	Nilmani	1874	Presidency College.

Til	1868 Hooghly College.
Dhar. Syamchand	1876 Presidency College.
Dhirajkarn	1876 Ditto.
Durgaprasad	1880 Dacca College.
Fazlul Karim	1868 Presidency College.
Gangopadhyay, Jagabandhu Kalikrishna	1874 Patna College.
Kisorimohan	1877 Presidency College.
" Nabinchandra	1861 Ditto.
" Piyarilal	1878 Ditto.
Rajanikanta	1877 Ditto.
"Rabiehandra	1864 Ditto.
,, Satyacharan	1879 Ditto.
Ghatak, Janakinath	1874 Ditto.
Ghosh, Abinaschandra	1878 Ditto.
Ambanath	1863 Ditto.
A kehaykumar	1880 Hooghly College.
Amritalal	1873 Presidency College.
Ambikacharan	1871 Ditto.
Anontaram	1864 Ditto.
Annadanrasad	1876 Ditto.
Atalkrishna	1878 Ditto.
Atulhihari	1870 Ditto.
Abinaschandra	1876 Ditto.
Racharata	1874 Ditto.
Ribarilal	1878 Ditto.
Nirailerishna	1873 Ditto.
Chandidas	1880 Dicto.
"Chandranath	1874 Ditto.
Dobandrachandra	1867 Ditto.
Debendranath	1872 Ditto.
Dhankrishna	1568 Ditto.
Gahindachandra	1867 Ditto.
Ashindachandra	1870 Ditto.
Hammath	1880 Ditto.
" Haridas	1876 Ditto.
Tewarchandra	1873 Dacca College.
77 Tadahchandra	1878 Presidency College.
" Jadunath	1874 Ditto.
" Jaygopal	1870 Ditto.
,, Jogendranath	1877 Ditto.
, Jogindranath	1874 Ditto.
, Kaileschandra	1871 Berhampore College.
" Kalipada	1880 Presidency College.
,, Kedarnath	1875 Ditto.
"Kshetrachandra	1870 Ditto.
" Mahimachandra	1869 Ditto.
" Manmathakumar	1880 Ditto.
, Nandalal	1871 Hooghly College.
, Prasaunakumar	1871 Krishnaghar College.
Priyanath	1874 Presidency College.
Rajendrauath	1874 Ditto.
Ramaprasanna	1876 Ditto.
Ramsakha	1876 Ditto.

Ghosh, Rasbihari	•••	1867	Presidency College.
,, Saradaprasad	400		
"Saradaprasad	•••	_	
,, Saratchandra	4	-1880	Dacca College.
" Sureschandra	•••	1874	Presidency College.
,, Tariuicharan	•••	1867	
" Tarinicharan	•••		
Umeschandra	•••		Krishnaghar College.
,, Umeschandra	•••		Hooghly College.
,, Upendrachandra			Presidency College.
Ghoshal, Gopaichandra	***	1871	
" Saratkumar	•••	1874	
., Umanath	•••	1878	
Gobindacharan		1877	Patna College.
Goswami, Herambalal	•••		Presidency College.
Guba, Anathbandhu	•••	1875	Ditto.
, Asmankumar		1873	
"Kaminikumar	•••	1876	Dirro.
" Piyarılal	114	1865	
,, Piyarimohan	***	1871	Dacca College.
, Rebatimolian	• • •	1877	
Guî, Sibelandra	•••	1869	Presidency College.
Gupta, Gopalchandra	***	1873	Ditto.
" Gwindrakumur	• • •	1879	Krishnaghar College.
., Jagadiswar	•••	1871	
" Kunjabigari		1874	Presidency College.
" Ranceati	***	1870	
Hajra. Ag norchundra	•••	1577	
Haidar, Brajalal	•••	1870	
,, Matilal	• • •	1870	
" Ramchandra		1870	
,, Syamlal	•••	1870	
Hanuman, Prasad			Canning College.
Islam, Serajal	•••	1873	Dacca College.
Ized Baksh	***	1879	Presidency College.
Joardar, Mahimchandra	•••		Berhampore College.
Kanjilal, Kniloschandra	***		Krishnaghar College.
Kar, Girischandra		1874	Presidency College.
Umacharan	***	1876	Hooghly College.
Khan, Ramdurlabh	***	1870	Presidency College.
, Ramgopal	***		Krishunghar College.
Kshetriya, Lakshminarayan	• - •		Presidency College.
Kundu, Nandalal	***	1874	Ditto.
Lahiri, Asutosh	•••	1877	Dirto.
, Jogendranath	4	1878	Ditto.
Rameschandra Lal Sing	• • •	1869	Ditto.
	***	1875	Ditto.
Mahomed Daom		1874	Ditto.
", Wajed Maitra, Atalbihari	•••	1871	
	***		Krishnaghar College.
, Bijaykrishna Hariballakk			Presidency College.
ilariballabh	***	<b>_</b>	Cuttack High School.
,, Kasinath	•••	1330	Presidency College.

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Maitra, Kcdareswar
                                    1876 Presidency College.
        Radhagobinda
                                    1860
                                               Ditto.
   **
        Sasicharan
                                    1876 Hooghly College.
   "
       Syamacharan
                                    1877 Presidency College.
Majumdar, Ambikacharan
                                    1878
                                               Ditto.
                                    1874
           Anandanath
                                               Ditto.
           Bimalacharan
                                    1874
                                               Ditto.
           Chandramohan
                                    1873
                                               Ditto.
     37
           Dakshinacharan
                                    1880
                                               Ditto.
           Jagatduriabh
                                    1866
                                               Ditto.
     "
           Kailaschandra
                                    1870
                                               Ditto.
     77
           Kedarnath
                                    1863
                                               Ditto.
     22
           Pratapchandra.
                                    1869
                                               Ditto.
     "
           Syamacharan
                                    1868
                                               Ditto.
     "
           Upendranarayan
                                    1873
                                               Ditto.
Mallik, Akhilcharan
                                    1871
                                               Ditto.
       Atulcharan
                                    1866
                                               Ditto.
   "
       Balarent
                                    1866
                                               Ditto.
   "
       Biharilal
                                    1869 Hooghly College.
   3)
       Lalitmudhab
                                    1873 Presidency College.
   23
       Mahendranath
                                    1876
                                               Ditto.
       Ramcharan
                                    1880
                                               Ditto.
   53
       Srikanta
                                    1864
                                               Ditto.
                                ...
   ,,
       Upendrachandra
                                    1866
                                               Ditto.
Mandal, Binodbihari
                                    1875
                                               Ditto.
Masanta, Parbaticharan
                                    1873
                                                Ditto.
Matilal, Surendranath
                                    1877
                                                Ditto.
Maulik, Jogindrachandra
                                    1873 Krishnaghar College.
Mazhar-ul-Anwar
                                    1880 Hooghly College.
Mendics, H.
                                    1368 Presidency College.
Mura, Akshaykumar
                                    1874 Hooghly College.
       Abinaschandra
                                    1869 Presidency College.
       Ambikacharan
                                    1879 Hooghly College
       Benimadhab
                                    1865 Presidency College.
   12
       Bhubanmohan
                                    1873
                                               Ditto.
   ,,
       Biharilal
                                    1877
                                               Ditto.
   ,,
       Binodbihari
                                    1870
                                               Ditto.
   ,,
       Bipinbikari
                                    1873
                                                Ditto.
   ,,
       Biswambhar
                                    1874
                                               Ditto.
   33
       Charuchandra
                                    1877
                                               Ditto.
       Debendranath
                                    1877
                                               Ditto.
   95
       Dwarksnath
                                    1867
                                               Ditto.
   "
       Girindranath
                                    1880
                                                Ditto.
       Girischandra
                                    1867
                                               Ditto.
   1)
        Gobindachandra
                                    1876 Patua College.
   97
       Gopallal
                                    1879 Presidency College.
       Haricharan
                                    1874
                                                Ditto.
   5)
       Hiralal
                                    1874
                                                Ditto.
   40
       Jadunath
                                    1869
                                                Ditto.
       Jogendranath
                                    1875
                                                Ditto.
                                ...
   22
       Jegeschandra
                                    1870 Berhampore College.
   52
       Kartikchandra
                                    1874 Presidency College.
       Madaumohan
                                    1874
                                                Ditto.
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Mitra, Mahondrachandra
                                    1871 Hooghly College.
       Mahendralal
                                    1861 Presidency College.
   ,,
       Mahendranath
                                    1867
                                               Ditto.
   ,,
       Mahondranath
                                    1870
                                               Dirto.
   ,,
                                    1875
                                               Ditto.
       Mahendranath
   ,,
       Manmohan
                                    1876
                                               Ditto.
   17
                                    1878
                                               Diuto.
       Mohanchand
   **
                                                Ditto.
       Narasinhachanāra
                                    1874
   ٠,
                                    1873 Hooghly College.
       Nalinmath
   72
       Prasannakumar
                                    1880 Krishnaghar College.
   "
       Purnachandra
                                    1866 Presidency College.
   "
                                    1873
       Purnachandra
                                                Ditto.
   .
       Parnachandra (No. 65)
                                    1876
                                                Ditto.
       Purnachandra
                                    1880
                                                Ditto.
   ,,
       Radhikacharan
                                    1870
                                                Ditto.
   ,,
                                    1871 Hooghly College.
       Rajaninath
   "
                                    1869 Presidency College.
       Rameharan
   17
       Rameschandra
                                    1861
                                                Ditto.
   ,,
                                    1873
       Saradacharan
                                                Ditto.
                                    1879
                                                Ditto.
       Saratchandra
   17
       Surendranath
                                    1880
                                                Ditto.
   ,,
                                    1865
       Tarabilas
                                                Ditto.
   ,,
                                    1864
                                                Ditto.
       Trailokyanath
   ,,
       Trailokyanath
                                    1865
                                                Ditto.
   ٠,
                                    1871
       Upendrachandra
                                                Dirto.
   : >
       Upendranath
                                    1862
                                                Ditto.
                                    1870
                                                Ditto.
       Upendranath
                                    187+ Hooghly College.
Mukhopadhyay, Adyanath
                                    1879 Presidency College.
                Amarchandra
                Ambikacharan
                                    1577
                                                Ditto.
        13
                                    1869
                Asutosh
                                                Ditto.
        17
                 Abinaschandra ...
                                    1873
                                                Ditto.
        13
                 Becharam
                                    1869
                                                Ditto.
        "
                 Bholanath
                                    1874
                                                Ditto.
        "
                 Bidhubhushau
                                    1875 Canning College.
        ,,
                 Biharilal
                                    1871 Presidency College.
        "
                 Bipinbihari
                                    1872 Krishnaghar College.
        "
                 Bipinbihari
                                    1877 Presidency College.
        ,,
                 Bipradas
                                    1869 Krishnaghar College.
        ,,
                 Durgadas
                                    1871 Hooghly College.
        ,,
                 Girijabhushan
                                    1874 Presidency College.
        ,,
                 Girischandra
                                    1867
                                                Ditto.
                                    1869
                 Gopalchandra
                                                Ditto.
        91
                 Gopalchandra
                                    1872
                                                Ditto.
        ,,
                 Gopallal
                                    1871
                                                Ditto.
        **
                                     1870
                 Gopimoban
                                                Ditto.
        ,,
                 Govindadeb
                                     1874 Hooghly College.
        **
                 Haragobinda
                                    1867 Presidency College.
        11
                 Harabilas
                                 ... 1875
                                                Ditto.
        ,,
                 Haranchandra
                                     1879
                                                Ditto.
        31
                 Harendranath
                                     1877
                                                Ditto.
        77
                 Haridus
                                     1875
                                                Ditto.
        > 3
                 Harilal
                                     1879
                                                Ditto.
        ٠,
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1872 Krishnaghar College.
Mukhopadhyay, Hariprasanna
                                                 Ditto.
                Hemchandra
                                     1880
       ,,
                                     1861 Presidency College.
                Jadunath
       79
                                      1867
                                                 Ditto.
                Janakinath
       "
                                                 Ditto.
                Jaygonal
                                      1874
       ..
                                                 Ditto.
                                      1878
                Jogendrachandra
       92
                                      1877 Patna College
                Jogendranath
       ,,
                                      1877 Presidency College
                Jogendranath
       ,,
                                                  Ditto.
                                      1874
                Jogendranath
       ,,
                                      1864
                                                  Ditto.
                Jogeneswar
       ,,
                                      1864
                                                  Ditto.
                Kailaschandra
       93
                                      1878
                                                  Ditto.
                 Kalidhan
       "
                                      1873 Krishnaghar College.
                 Kalinath
       27
                                      1874 Presidency College.
                 Kalipada
                                  • • •
       ,,
                                      1864
                                                  Ditto.
                 Kaliprasanna
       "
                                  . . .
                 Kanailal
                                      1867
                                                  Ditto.
       ,,
                                                  Ditto.
                                      1874
                 Kanailal
       ,,
                                                  Ditto.
                                      1876
                 Kantichandra
       ,,
                                                  Ditto.
                 Kapaliprasanna
                                      1869
        1)
                                                  Ditto.
                 Karunasindhu
                                      1879
        93
                 Krishnamohan
                                      1863
                                                  Ditto.
                                       1873
                                                  Ditto.
                 Kshetramohan
        53
                                       1864
                                                   Ditto.
                 Kshetramasad
        ,,
                                                   Ditto.
                                       1877
                  Kumadinikanta ...
         21
                  Mahendranath
                                       1874
                                                   Ditto.
         ,,
                                       1876
                                                   Ditto.
                  Manmathanath
                                       1862
                                                   Ditte.
                  Nabinkrishna
         ,,
                                                   Ditto.
                                       1868
                  Nabinkrishna
         33
                                       1866
                                                   Ditto.
                  Nilambar
         22
                  Nilmani
                                       1869
                                                   Ditto.
         39
                                       1871
                                                   Ditto.
                  Nibaranchandra ...
         •
                                        1830 Krishnaghar College.
                  Nilalohit
         ,,
                  Nrisinhaohandra...
                                                   Ditto.
                                        1869
         23
                                        1864
                                                   Ditto
                  Piyarımohan
         ,,
                  Pramadauath
                                        1874 Hooghly College.
         70
                                        1873 Presidency College.
                  Priyanath
         ,,
                                                   Ditto.
                                        1868
                  Rajkrishna
         ,,
                  Rajmohan
                                        1865
                                                    Ditto.
         33
                                        1879
                                                    Ditto.
                  Kajuarayan
         22
                  Rajanikanta
                                        1877
                                                    Ditto.
         27
                                                    Ditto.
                  Ramchandra
                                        1875
         73
                                                    Ditto.
                  Ramdhan
                                        1873
         ,,
                                        1865
                                                    Ditto.
                  Rumlal
         ,,
                  Saratchandra
                                        1874 Patna College.
         ,,
                                        1879 Presidency College.
                  Saratchandra
         15
                  Sasibhushan
                                                    Ditto.
                                        1864
         ,,
                  Sasibhushan
                                        1873
                                                    Ditto.
                                    ...
         ,,
                                                    Ditto.
                                        1869
                  Sitanath
         27
                                                    Ditto.
                  Srikrishna
                                        1871
         ,,,
                  Srisohandra
                                        1879
                                                    Ditto.
         ,,
                                                    Ditto.
                  Taraprasanna
                                        1861
         . .
                  Teichandra
                                        1876
                                                    Ditto.
         5)
                                        1872
                  Umakali
                                                    Ditto.
                  Upendrachandra ..
                                        1876
                                                    Ditto
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35.11 21	
Mukhopadhyay, Upendranath	, 1879 Presidency College.
Mustaphi, Chandragati	1877 Ditto.
Nag, Bamacharan	1876 Ditto.
"Baradacharan	1875 Ditto.
,, Haradhan	1880 Ditto.
" Jagadbandhu	1873 Dacca College.
,, Kunjabihari	1870 Presidency College.
,, Mahendranath	1873 Ditto.
,, Sambhuchandra	1868 Dacca College.
"Sibchandra	1876 Ditto.
,, Syamakanta Nagriput Salam	1880 Ditto.
Nagwant Sahay	1879 Patna College.
Naha, Anangamohan Nandan, Hemchandra	1875 Dacca College.
Nandi, Rumanath	1869 Presidency College.
	1862 Ditto.
,, Ramanchandra	1873 Ditto.
Narayanprasad	1877 Patna College.
Narayan, Sibpratab	1873 Ditto. 1873 Ditto. 1875 Ditto. 1875 Ditto.
Nath, Harihar	1873 Ditto.
Niogi, Basantakumar	1875 Ditto.
,, Saradaprasad	1875 Ditto.
, Trailokyamohan	1876 Presidency College.
Obeyd-al-Raliman	1869 Berhampore College.
Pain, Amritalal	1875 Presidency College.
,, Chandrakanta	1872 Krishnaghar College.
, Nandadulal	1874 Presidency College.
Pal, Abhaycharan	1876 Ditto.
,, Amritalal	1868 • Disto.
" Apurbakrishna	1878 Ditto.
Baikantanath	1852 Ditto.
Biharilal	1876 Ditto.
Kartikchandra	1869 Hooghly College.
Nanigopal	1879 Presidency College.
Sripath	1869 Hooghly College.
Palit, Taraknath	1868 Presidency College.
, Umoschandra	1880 Ditto.
Pandit, Jwalanath	1877 Ditto.
" Prannath	1876 Ditto.
, Surajnarayan	1877 Canning College.
Patak, Ramratan	1870 Berhampore College.
Pramanik, Jasadanandan	1873 Krishnaghar College.
Prayagnath	1876 Patna College.
Ray, Amritalal	1875 Presidency College.
,, Bamacharan	1873 Ditto.
" Baranasi	1870 Ditto.
,, Benimadhah	1867 Ditto.
· ,, Benimadhab	1877 Ditto.
" Bijaykrishna	1877 Ditto.
"Bipinchandra	1876 Ditto.
,, Chandrakumar	1870 Ditto.
,, Chandrakumar	1873 Berhampore Collego.
, Debendranath	1877 Presidency College.
Dhaneschandra	1868 Patua College.
THE TOTAL THE WOLLDWING THE STATE OF THE STA	TOO THATE COURSE.

				T
Ray,	Dineschandra	••		Presidency College.
,,	Durgasundar	• 4		Dacca College.
23	Girischandra	• (		Presidency College.
2)	Harendranarayan	• •		Dacca College.
33	Harinarayan	•		Presidency Collogo.
29	Harinath	•	1877	
3)	Juanendralal	•		Krishnaghar College.
` <b>,</b>	Jogeschandra – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –	•		Presidency College.
23	Kaliprasanna	•	1868	
27	Kedarnath	•		Dacca College.
"	Kesabchandra	٠	1870	
,,	Kisorimohan	•	1869	
,,	Krishnanath	•		Hooghly College.
72	Kuladakin <b>k</b> ar	•	1880	Presidency College.
99	Mahendrauath	•	1871	Presidency College.
,,	Mahendranath	•	1875	Patna College.
>>	Mukundanath	•		Presidency College.
"	Nabadwipchandr <b>a</b>		1880	
22	Nagendranath	•		Berhampore College.
23	Nabinchandra		1877	
,,	Nilmadhab			Patna College.
*;	Piyarilal			Presidency College.
,,	Prasannachandra		1866	
,,	Prasannagopal		1877	
2,	Prasannakumar ·		1868	
,,	Purnachandra			Krishnaghar College.
19	Rajchandra			Presidency College.
9,	Saradaprasanna		1871	·
23	Satischandra		. 1877	
**	Sitanatli		1880	
7)	Sudhansubhushan		, 1870	
"	Syamchand			Krishnaghar College.
Ray	chaudhuri, Dobendrakuma	r		Presidency College.
	" Kshotvamohan		, 1868	_
	,, Matilal		1869	
Sah	a, Gopalchandra		. 1874	_
Sah	ay, Jadunath		, 1873	
2	, Raghubansa		. 1870	_
Sam	anta, Nilmadhab		. 1868	
	del, M. L.		. 1867	
San	yal, Bhubanmohan		. 1873	
	,, Harischaudra		. 1871	
	" Jogindranath		. 1874	
	" Krishnagopal			Muir Col., Allahabad.
	" Mahendranath			Hooghly College.
	,, Ramlal			Presidency College.
Sar	kar, Akshaychandra		. 1868	
•	" Chandrasekhar		. 1879	
	,, Dinanath			Krishnaghar College.
	" Gopalchandra			Presidency College.
	Kedarnath		. 1872	
	Kisorilal		. 1869	
	Krishnachandra		. 1868	Berhampore College.

c: 1	36 (2.1	1007	10 11 A 21
Sarks	ır, Matilal		Presidency College.
"		1880	Ditto.
29		1876	
**		1867	
91			Patna College.
"			Presidency College.
"		1873	_
		1862	
Sarb	adhikari, Amritakumar –	1874	
_	Rajkumar		Canning College,
	a, Nabinchandra	1878	Presidency College.
	ed, Khyrat Ahmed		Patna College
Sen,	Adityachandra	1876	
,,	Akhilchandra	1868	
>>	Akshaykumar	1873	Houghly College
23	Ambikacharan	1876	Presidency College.
27	Asutosh	1876	
"	Baikanthanath	1864	•
13	Baradagobinda	1869	
>>	Batakrishna	1874	
>)	Bipinbahari		Krishnaghar College.
,,	Chandramohan		Dacca College.
,,	Dinanath		Gauhati High School.
**	Dinabandhu		Dacca College.
"	Durgacharan		Presidency College.
,,	Gaurballabh	1879	
"	Girischandra	1875	Ditto.
"	Guruprasad	1865	
,,	Haricharau	1873	
,,	Jatraniohan	1876	
"	Jogneswar	1874	
"	Kalikumar	1877	
"	Kamalakanta	1869	
2,	Kamalakanta (No. 2)	1869	
>>	Kanailal	1874	Ditto.
29	Kasikanta	1869	Ditto.
53	Kedarnath	1880	
99	Lalgopal		Krishnaghar College.
>7	Prasannakumar		Presidency College.
27	Radhakrishna	1866	
*	Radhanath	1877	
27	Rajkrishna	1867	
"	Ratneswar	1874	
"	Saradaprasad	1870	
21	Sasibhushan	1866	
>>	Satyakinkar	1870	
27	Taracharan	1874	and the second s
,,	Taraprasanna	1879	
. 29	Umeschandra		Dacca College.
	ta, Kalidas		Presidency College.
Set,	Girischandra	1876	
n 23	Manilal	1879	
" 1>	Rajeudranath	, 1871	Ditto.

Sil, Brajendrakumar ,, Gobindachandra ,, Jadabchandra ,, Kanailal	•••	1863 1865 1868 1880	Presidency College. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.
" Mahendralal		1863	Ditto.
Singh, Bhupsen		1876	Ditto.
Budhsen-		1868	Ditto.
Saligram		1877	Ditto.
Sinha, Jaygopal		1868	Ditto.
Matilal		1874	
Nikunjabihari		1877	
Pramathakrishna		1879	Ditto.
Ramaprasanna		1870	Ditto.
Suryyanarayan		1861	Ditto.
Sibsaranlal		1877	Patna College.
Sitalprasad		1880	Ditto
Som, Baradaprasanna		1877	Presidency College.
" Brajabiĥari		1869	Ditto.
" Debendralal		1868	Hooghly College.
" Jaygobinda		1871	Presidency College.
" Murarilal		1877	Hooghly College.
Sriram			Canning College.
Sur, Harimohan		1877	Presidency College.
,, Hemchandra		1876	
Syed Mazhar Iman		1875	Ditto.
Talapatra, Ramjadab		1874	Berhampore College
Twidale, G.			Presidency College.
Younan, E.		1870	
" John		1870	Ditto.
Yusuf, Muhammad		-	Patna College.

## 1881.

#### FIRST DIVISION.

### In Order of Merit.

De, Panchkari Dhar, Nagendranath Mukhopadhyay, Jogendranath Goswami, Kisorilal Presidency College. Hooghly College. Presidency College. Ditto.

#### SECOND DIVISION. .

### In Order of Merit.

Sen, Kalimohan	•••	Dacca College.
Biswas, Dandadhari	• • •	Presidency College.
Chattopadhyay, Srikrishna	•••	Ditto.
Sinha, Brajanandan		Patna College.
Ray, Rajondranath	<b></b>	Canning College.
Tewari, Chandrasekhar	• • •	Hooghly College.
Bhaduri, Lalbihari	•••	Presidency College.
Raghunandanprasad	•••	Ditto.
Sarkar, Jaganmohan	••1	Dacca College.
Chakrabarti, Indranarayan	• • •	Patna College.
Sarkar, Jagatnarayan	•••	Ditto.
Basu, Tarakchandra	•••	Dacca College.
Chattopadhyay, Kedarnath	•••	Presidency College.
Sen, Kisorilal	•••	Hooghly College.
Basu, Kritautakumar	• • 1	Presidency College.
Mukhopadhyay, Jogindrachandra	а,	Ditto.
Bandyopadhyny, Jyotischandra		Ditto.
Ray, Girischandra		Ditto.
Sıkdar, Kisorimohan	444	Krishnaghar College.
Sen, Srikanta	•••	Presidency College.
Nizamuddin, Hasan	**1	Canning College.
Ray, Sasadhar	•••	Krishnaghar College.
Ray, Sailendrabandhu	• • •	Hooghly College.
Mukhopadhyay, Chandrasekhar		Presidency College.
Ray, Indranarayan	• • •	Krishnaghar College.
De Brajendralal		Presidency College.
Deb, Kalimohan	• •	Ditto.
Ray, Prasannakumar	••	Ditto.
Bandyopadhyay, Nandalal		Ditto.
Bhattacharyya, Mahendranath	••	Ditto.
Das, Kshetramohan	• •	Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Pankajakumar	**	Ditto.
Goswami, Nrityagopal	••	Ditto.
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# CANDIDATES WHO HAVE PASSED THE B. L. EXAM VATION AND WILL BE ENTITLED TO THE DEGREE SO SOON AS THEY PASS THE B. A. EXAMINATION.

## In Alphabetical Order.

Bandyopadhyay, Amritalal		1858	Presidency College
Basu, Nilmadhab	***	1858	Ditto.
,, Upendrachandra		1862	Ditto.
Chakrabarti, Dwarkanath		1858	Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Kedarnath	•••	1858	Dilito.
Chaudhuri, Matilal		1860	Ditto.
Das, Girijasankar		1858	Ditto.
, Kalimohan		1860	Ditto.
Datta, Kedarnath	•••	1860	Ditto.
Dhar, Asutosh	•••	1858	Ditto.
Forbes, Thomas	•••	1858	Ditto.
Ghosh, Kalicharan	•••	1859	Ditto.
" Prabhachandra		1858	Ditto.
, Ratanlal	•••	1858	Ditto.
Gregory, C.		1860	Ditto.
,, G.	•••	1860	Ditto.
Mitra, Girischandra	•••	1861	Ditto.
" Srinath	•••	1858	Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Bhubanchandr	-	1860	Ditto.
Havihan		1858	Ditto.
ladmath	•••	1862	Ditto.
" Jadunatu " Matilal	•••	1860	
	•••		
Palit, Anandagopal	• • •	1859	
Sarkar, Gopalchandra	•••	1862	
Sen, Prasaunakumar	•••	1862	Ditto.

### LICENTIATES IN LAW.

## In Alphabetical Order.

Abdulla, Fyaz	1 ••	1873	Presidency College.
Aich, Sibchandra		1868	Ditto.
Bagchi, Baradaprasad	••	1873	Ditto.
. Gopalkrishna	••	1874	Borhampore College.
Baksi, Baradaprasad		1874	Ditto.
Kedarnath		1872	Presidency College.
Bandyopadhyay, Ambikacharan		1862	Ditto.
" Bhubanmohan		1872	Ditto.
Binodbihari		1872	Ditto.
,, Dinanath		1874	Ditto.
Girischandra		1870	Ditto.
" Gopalchaudra	1,6-0	1867	Ditto.
Gopalchandra	114	1871	Krishnaghar Colloge
", Gopalchandra (No.			
			Presidency College.
Jadupati Jadupati			Berhampore College

Bandyopadhyay,	Kalinyasanna		1 WHA	D 11
	Kantichandra	•••	1073	Presidency College.
"	Kedarnath	•••	1872	Ditto.
"		•••	1871	Ditto.
<b>;</b> *	Krishnagopal	•••	1874	Hooghly College.
37	Mahendranaray		1870	Berhampore College.
"	Nabakrishna Nabibalanda	•••	1871	Krishnaghar College
12	Nabinchandra	•••	1874	Presidency College.
"	Panchkari	• • •	1873	Ditto.
3>	Purnachandra	•••	1873	Ditto.
17	Sasibhushan	•••		Ditto,
3)	Sisibhushan	•••	1873	Ditto.
Baral, Nabincha		***	1867	Ditto.
Bardoyle, Madh	abchandra	•••	1874	Ditto.
Bari, Fazlal		•••	1869	Ditto.
Basak, Panchka	ri	•••	1874	Ditto.
" Syamlal		•••	1873	Ditto.
Basu, Abhaydas			1866	Ditto.
, Amarnath		•••	1866	Ditto.
,, Bholanath		•••	1871	Berhampore College.
,, Haramoha			1866	Presidency College.
,, Jogadisch			1873	Ditto.
-,, Kaliprasar			1870	
,, Mahendra		•••	1873	
,, Radhamac	ihab	•••	1872	_ ,
" Rasbihari				Dacca College.
🔒 "Trigunapr	asanna .	••••	1869	Presidency College.
" Upendran		•••	1872	Ditto.
Bhatiacharyya,		•••	1872	Ditto.
16	Jnanchandra	•••	1873	
,,	Mahendranath	•••	1873	Ditto.
Chaki, Ramgopa	al	•••	1866	
Chakrabarti, Bio		•••	-	Ditto,
	andrabhushun	•••	1871	Hooghly College.
	varkamath		1071	Krishnaghar College
	edhabchandra	***	1011	Dacca College.
	ahesohandra	•••	1007	Presidency College.
	guarayan	•••	1000	Dacca College.
	amacharan	•••	10/4	Presidency College.
Chand, Parbati	kumar	•••	1870	Ditto.
	akumar	•••	1009	Dacca College.
Chattopadhyay,		* * *	1871	Ditto.
	Kedarnath	•••	7000	Presidency College.
>2		•••	1870	Ditto.
29	Kunjabihari Nauharahardan	•••	1073	Krishnaghar College.
>9	Napharchandra Nillanda	•••	19/9	mooghly College.
"	Nilkanta	•••	1873	Presidency College.
>9	Saradaprasad	•••	1870	· Ditto.
,,	Saradaprasad	***	1873	Hooghly College.
	MODEL C. L. Maria A. L. L.		1872	Presidency College
, 99	Trailokyanath	•••		- rounding's College'
, 99 30	Upendranath	•••	1012	Presidency College. Ditto.
. ,, Chaudhuri, Ann	Upendramath adaprasad	***	1873	Ditto. Berhampore College
Chaudhuri, Ann , Cha	Upendranath adaprasad ndrannath	***	1873	Ditto. Berhampore College
Chaulhuri, Ann , Cha , Jays	Upendramath adaprasad	101°	1873	Ditto.

Chaudhuri, Kalikushua		1872	Presidency College.
Kasinati	•••	1874	Ditto.
"Kigorila!	•••	1874	Ditto.
Pragamanath	•••	1873	Ditto.
Srischandra	•••	1872	Ditto.
Sibaradu	•••	1874	Ditto.
พึงการการสิง	•••	1871	Ditto.
Dan, Parmeswar	***	1872	Ditto.
Das, Bhairabchandra	•••	1872	Ditto.
Disabbihani		1874	Ditto.
U	•••	1873	Ditto.
Lamatakandra	***		Dacca College.
Donbotichoman	••		Prosidency College.
Rumousvar	•••	1873	Ditto.
Datta, Durgadas	•••	1863	Ditto.
Gobindachandra	•••	1873	Ditto.
Haricankar	•••	1873	
Kalikeishna	•••	1874	Ditto.
"Kshotranath			Krishnaghar College.
Privanath	•••		Presidency College.
"Radhakrishua	•••		Patna College.
" Sambhuath	•••		Dacca College.
De. Dhankrishna	•••		Presidency College.
(Lubindooboudra	•••	1872	
Weishnakigar	•••	1873	
Nondalal	•••		Hooghly College.
" Nilmadhuh	•••		Presidency College.
, Pratapohandra	***	1865	Ditto.
Deb, Jogindranath	•••	1874	
Fazlul Quadir	•••	1873	
Gangopadhyay, Bhubanmohan	•••		Berhampore College.
Rinodhthari			Presidency College.
" Rinodhihari			Ditto,
Chandemohan	•••		Krishnaghar College.
Ghosh, Atulchandra			Presidency College.
Rocharum	***	1873	Ditto.
" Bhuhanmohan			Krishnaghar College.
" Riberilal			Berhampore College.
Chandrukanta	• • •		Dacca College.
Chandrakumar		1872	Krishnaghar College.
Darcadas	• • •		Presidency College.
Ganagahandra	•••	1870	Ditto.
Ginigehandra		1869	Ditto.
Jadnuath		1873	Ditto.
Locaschandra	•••	1870	Ditto.
Kodernath	•••	1870	Krishnaghar College.
Waliondralul	•••	1878	Patna College.
"Maliandrovath	•••		Presidency College.
Nilmadhah			Berhampore College.
Raicharan	•••		Hooghty College.
Rak halehandra	•••	1874	Ditto.
Symacharan	***		Presidency College.
Taraprasanua	***	1871	Ditto.
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1872 Presidency College.
Ghosh, Upendranath
                                  1866
Ghoshal, Kalicharan...
                                             Ditto.
                                  1873 Hooghly College.
Golam Asdaq
                               ... 1874
                                             Ditto.
Goswami, Mahendralal
                               ... 1866 Presidency College.
Guha, Gangadas
                               ... 1869
                                             Ditto.
     Kalisankar
                                  1873 Dacca College.
     Tarakchandra
Gupta, Bansidhar
                                 1873 Patna College.
                               ... 1866 Presidency College.
Haldar, Bireswar
Hamiduddin Ahmed
                                  1873
                                             Ditto.
Karmakar, Brindabanchandra
                               ... 1874
                                             Ditto.
                               ... 1866
                                             Ditto.
Kirkpatrick, C.
                               ... 1874
                                             Ditto.
Kumar, Prankrishna
Kundu, Hemchandra
                               ... 1869
                                             Ditto.
       Jadunath
                               ... 1873 Berhampore College,
                               ... 1872 Presidency College.
Lahiri, Purnachandra
                               ... 1873 Berhampore College.
Maitra, Bhubanniohan
       Haricharan
                               ... 1873 Presidency College.
   "
       Hariballabh
                               ... 1873 Cuttack High School.
   ,,
                               ... 1874 Presidency College.
       Ramdas
Majil, Sasthidas
                               ... 1873 Hooghly College.
                               ... 1871 Presidency College.
Majumdar, Gangadhar
           Mahendrachandra
                               ... 1872 Berhampore College.
           Mahimachandra
                               ... 1873 Qucen's College, Benares.
    22
                               ... 1873 Hooghly College.
           Ramdayal
    ٠,
           Sarbeswar
                               ... 1868 Presidency College.
                               ... 1870
Mallik, Akshaykumar
                                             Ditto.
       Mahendranath
                               ... 1872
                                             Ditto.
   "
       Nityagopal
                               ... 1867
                                             Ditto.
   ,,
       Priyauath
                               ... 1869
                                             Ditto.
Masanta, Parbaticharan
                               ... 1872
                                             Ditto.
Mitra, Bankabihari
                               ... 1873
                                             Ditto.
       Bhagabaticharan
                               ... 1872 Patna College.
                               ... 1873 Hooghly College.
       Bhabanicharan
   "
       Biswambhar
                               ... 1873 Presidency College.
   ,,
       Kantichandra
                               ... 1873
                                             Ditto.
   ,,
       Kshotramohan
                               ... 1874
                                             Ditto.
   11
       Saradacharan
                               ... 1872
                                             Ditto.
   75
                               ... 1873 Krishnaghar College.
       Sasibhushan
   >,
       Trailokyanath
                               ... 1871 Presidency College.
                               ... 1873
Moses, C. O.
                                             Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Abinaschandra ... 1872
                                             Ditto.
                Abinaschandra ... 1874
                                             Ditto.
                Abinaschandra ... 1874 Hooghly College.
       ,,
                Bhubanmohan ... 1870 Presidency College.
       "
                Chandrabhushan
                                  1873 Krishnaghar College.
       "
                Chandrakumar ..
                                  1873 Presidency College.
       53
                               ... 1873 Hooghly College.
                (lobindadeb
       ,,
                               ... 1873 Presidency College.
                Hemchandra
       12
                Jadunath
                               ... 1871 Krishnaghar College.
       "
                Kanailal
                               ... 1873 Presidency College.
       97
                               ... 1865
                Kuladaprasad
                                              Ditto.
       12
                Mahendranath ... 1871 Berhampore College.
       27
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Mukhopad	lhyay,Saradaprasad(1	Vo.2)		
27	Saradaprasad	•••	1874	Ditto.
"	Sasibhushan	•••	1867	Ditto.
2)	Sricharan	•••	1874	Ditto.
79	Symacharan	•••	1874	Berhampore College.
"	Umeschandra		1874	Hooghly College.
Munsi, R	amgopal	• • •		Presidency College.
	itanyakrishna	••	1874	•
Nandi, Le		•••		Patna College.
	ahendranath			Presidency College.
Niogi, Ni				Dacca College.
Pal, Bank		••		Hooghly College.
	is, Baneswar	•••		Dacca College.
Prannath		•••		Canning College.
	Gobindachandra	•••		Presidency College.
C.	dobindakisor	•••	1873	Dacca College.
	inchandra	•••	1874	
Ruo	janath			Presidency College.
	abandhu		_	
47	eschandra	•••	1868	Dacca College.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
**	ischandra	•••		Presidency College.
,,	rakumar	••	1874	
	indranarayan	•••		Krishnaghar College.
,, Jog	indranath			Borhampore College.
", Pra	tapchandrá	•••		Presidency College.
,,	sikchandra	***	1874	
,.	lhansubhushan	• • •		Ditto.
	macharan	•••	-	Dacca College.
	dhuri, Ramchandra	•••		Presidency College.
Rebello,		٠.,	1873	
Rooke, E		•••		Ditto.
Sahay, Si	ibsankar	•••		Patna College.
	Jaharilal	•••		Presidency College.
Sanwal, S	Sinha	•••	<b>I873</b>	Queen's Coll., Benares.
Sanyal, I	Digambar	•••	1870	Berhampore College.
,, E	Lesabial	•••	1874	Presidency College.
,, I	Prasannakum <b>ar</b>	•••	1874	
Sarkar, Ja	adabchandra	•••	1867	Ditto.
	ogeschandra		1872	Hooghly College.
	ogindranath	• • •	1873	Presidency College.
″ 7M	laheschandra	•••	1866	
" <b>N</b>	lahimchandra	•••		Berhampore College.
" q	araknath		1873	Presidency College.
Sen, Ban		***	1872	
Rhn	banmohan	404	1870	
Carr	udas	•••	1873	<b>≡</b> : .
War	ischandra			Dacca College.
Tudi	unandan	•••		Berhampere College.
" Kail	aschandra			Presidency College.
Wai!	laschandra	• • •	1873	
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	charan Charan	•••		
37		***	1873	
	ailal Habardus	***	1872	
" Nai	itchandra	166	1864	Ditto.

Sen, Rakhaldas	1874 Presidency College.
" Ramchandra	1873 Dacca College.
, Saradaprasad	1870 Presidency College.
" Umeschandra	1872 Krishnaghar College.
Sil, Gopallall	1869 Presidency College.
Sinha, Isanchandra	1865 Ditto.
" Khirodnath	1873 Ditto.
,, Madhusudan	1874 Berhampore College.
Sukul, Bhadranath	1872 Krishnaghar College.

CANDIDATES WHO HAVE PASSED THE L. L. EXAMINATION AND WILL BE ENTITLED TO THE LICENCE, SO SOON AS THEY PASS THE FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

### In Alphabetical Order.

Bandyopadhyay, Bhubanchandra		1863	Presidency College.
,, Matilal	•••	1863	Ditto.
" Umeschandra	•••	1863	. Ditto.
		1861	Ditto.
" Maheschandra	•••	1863	Ditto.
" Nılmadhab	•••	1863	Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Kalidas		1862	Ditto.
,, Manulal	•••	1862	Ditto.
" Sibchandra	***	1862	Ditto.
Das, Durgamoban	• • •	1861	Ditto.
"Gobindachandra		1861	Ditto.
Gangopadhyay, Kshetramohan	•••	1861	Ditto.
Ghosh, Chandrakali	•• *	1861	Ditto.
Majumdar, Sibchandra		1863	Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Atulchandra		1863	Ditto.
" Nilmadhab		1862	Ditto.
,, Pramathanath	•••	1862	Ditto.
, Ramchandra	•••	1862	Ditto.
Ray, Jadunath	•••	1861	Ditto.
, Krishnadayal		1862	Ditto.
,, Mrityunjay	•••	1862	Ditto.
Sen, Bansidhar	•••	1862	Ditto.
" Nilmadhab	•••	1861	Ditto.
Sil, Ramanath	•••	1863	Ditto.
"´Tulsidas	•••	1863	Ditto.

## GOLD MEDALS TO THE VALUE OF Rs. 100 EACH, AWARDED AT THE B. L. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Mitra, Upendranath	1862	Presidency College.
Sen, Baikanthanath	1864	Ditto.
, Guruprasad	1865	Ditto.
Bandyopadhyay, Gurudas	1866	Ditto.
Ghosh, Rashbihari	1867	Ditto.
Chakrabarti, Girindramohan	1868	Ditto.
Bandyopadhyay, Sibchandra	1889	Patna College.
Datta, Charuchandra		Presidency College.
Nath, Harihar	1873	Patna College.

## ENGINEERING.

## B. C. E.

## In Alphabetical Order.

Basu, Ambikacharan	•••	1875	Presidency College.
Biswas, Gaganchandra	•••	1877	Ditto.
Bremner, A. G.	•••	1872	Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Nagendranath		1876	Ditto.
Bhutnath	•••	1879	Ditto.
" Satkari	•••	1864	Ditto.
" Upendranath	•••	1879	Ditto.
Chandhuri, Ambikacharan		1864	Ditto.
" Nitaigobinda	•••	1873	Ditto.
Gangopadhyay, Sureschandra	•••	1878	Ditto.
Gupta, Nabinkrishna		1875	Ditto.
Lahiri, Asutosh	•••	1876	Ditto.
Majumdar, Ramratan		1868	Ditto.
Mitra, Sasibhushan	•••	1875	Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Atulkrishna	• • •	1877	Ditto.
Pal, Haridas	•••	1875	Ditto.
Rajak, Biharilal		1877	Ditto.
Ray, Jagadischandra	•••	3055	
., Madhabchandra		1869	Ditto.
Rees, J. C.	•••	1873	Ditto.
Sen, Kalipada	•••	3000	
" Mahendranath	• • •	1876	_

## THEORETICAL PART OF THE EXAMINATION FOR THE LICENCE IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

## In Alphabetical Order.

Adams, H. M.	•••	1861	Cal. C. E. College
Chandra, Mahendralal	• • •	1862	Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Hemchandra		1862	Ditto.
,, Mathuranath	•••	1861	Ditto.
Chaudhuri, Kunjabihari	***	1862	Ditto.
Das, Bholanath	• • •	1862	Ditto.
De, Baikanthanath	•••	1861	Ditto.
Jadabchandra		1861	Ditto.
" Matilal		1862	Ditto.
Ghosh, Rameschandra	••	1862	Ditto.
,, Uweschandra		1861	Ditto.
Mitra, Parbaticharan	•••	1862	Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Binodchand	• • •	1862	Ditto.
,, Ramkrishna		1862	Ditto.
Pandit, Suryyakumar	•••		Ditto.
Ray, Dhaneschandra		1862	Ditto.
Sen, Dinanath	•••	1861	Ditto.
	-		

# L. C. E. In Alphabetical Order.

	• •			
Ash, Matilal		•	1875	Presidency College.
Atkinson, A. D.		•	1865	Ditto.
Bandyopadhyay,	Dharanidhar	•••	1872	Ditto.
"	Gopallal	• • •	1876	Ditto.
) <b>)</b>	Haranchandra	••	1870	Ditto.
29	Kantichandra	••	1868	Ditto.
"	Priyanath		1867	Ditto.
"	Rajkrishna		1864	Cal. C. E. College.
"	Trailokyanath	• • •		Presidency College.
Basu, Bhubanmohau		•••	1867	Ditto.
" Binaykris		•••	1875	Ditto.
" Kenaram		•••	1875	Ditto.
"Kunjabih	<b>tri</b>	•• >	1877	Ditto.
Bhar, Girischand		•••	1875	Ditto.
Biswns, Priyakr		•••	1878	
Chakrabarti, Bh		•••	1874	Ditto.
	irgachara <b>n</b>	• • •	1876	
Chattopadhyay,		***	1878	
	Haridas		1878	
,,,	Kalisaukar		47.5	Ditto.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Puruachandra		1877	
	Rakhaldas	•••	1871	Ditto.
• • •	Upendranath	•••	1878	
Chaudhuri, Amr			1867	
	ichandra	•••	1869	
Daniari, Prasani			1872	
Das, Herambana		•••	1874	Ditto.
" Kedarnath		•••		Cal. C. E. College.
,, Rajkrishna		•••	1875	Presidency College.
Datta, Girischan		•••	1876	Ditto.
De, Nibarancha			1878	
DeRozario, F.	442 60		1873	
Ghosh, Jogendra	math	•••	1877	
Kahatan		•••	1867	
" Priyana		•••	1870	
Kumar, Rajkrisl		•••		Cal. C. E. College.
Lackersteen, M.	R		1867	Presidency College.
Milne, W. P.	444	•••	1872	Ditto.
Mitra, Asutosh		•••		Cal. C. E. College.
Mukhopadhyay,	Achornath	•		Presidency College.
	Anadinath	•	1867	Ditto.
<i>"</i>	Binaykrishn <b>a</b>	10	4 ()==	Ditto.
	Jogindranath		7000	Ditto.
	Kaliprasanna	•	TOMA	Ditto.
	Kisorimohan	•	1876	Ditto.
			1877	-
Pal, Binodbihar		•	1876	Ditto. Ditto.
,, Brindabanchandra				
, Haricharan , Prasannakumar		10	1877	
		10	1872	
Patnack, Sudam	CHRUMIN.	10	1869	Ditto.

Ray, Chandramohan	•••	1872	Presidency College.
,, Jnanchandra	۸.,	1869	Ditto.
Sarkar, Purnachandra	,	1865	Ditto.
Sen, Prasannakumar		1877	Ditto.
Sinha, Udaynarayan	•••	1869	Ditto.
Swinden, J. R.	•••	1872	Ditto.

# 1880.

# B. C. E.

# SECOND DIVISION.

# In order of Merit.

Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath	•••	Presidency College, C. E. Dept.
Sen, Bamacharan		Ditto.
Basu, Surendra Kumar	•••	Govt. Engineering Col., Howrah.

# L. C. E.

# SECOND DIVISION.

# In order of Merit.

Datta, Abhayacharan	•••	Presidency College, C. E. Dept.
Bandyopadhyay, Atulchandra	•••	Ditto.
Ray, Abinaschandra	••	Ditto.
Bandyopadhyay, Nagendranath	•••	Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Bhabadeb	•••	Ditto.
Guha, Radnaraman	• • •	Ditto.
De, Jnanendranath	•••	Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Asutosh		Ditto.
Mukhodadhyay, Bamacharan	•••	Govt. Engineering Col., Howrah.
Chattopadhyay, Gopalchandra	•••	Presidency College, C. E. Dept.

# Graduates—Arts.

### HONOURS IN ARTS.

# **1865**.

### SANSKRIT.

CLASS I.

Mukhopadhyay, Nilambar

... Sanskrit College.

HEBREW.

CLASS I.

Blochmann, H.

... Teacher.

HISTORY.

CLASS II.

Sandel, Manilal

Sinha, Chandranarayan

... Doveton College.
... Presidency College.

Mitra, Mahendralal

... Ditto.

### MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS III.

Som, Jaygobinda

... Cal. F. C. Institution.

### MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

Bandyopadhyay, Gurudas

... Presidency College.

CLASS II.

Das, Lakshminarayan

... Presidency College.

CLASS III.

Mallik, Atulcharan

... Presidency College.

### NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

Ray, Prasannachandra

... Presidency College.

# 1866.

### ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

Ghosh, Rasbihari

... Presidency College.

CLASS III.

Mukhopadhyay, Kapaliprasanna ... Presidency College.

CLASS I.

Basu, Chandranath

... Presidency College.

CLASS II.

Bandyopadhyay, Sasibhushan ... Presidency College. Chandra, Jogneswar

Ditto.

CLASS III.

•••

De, Benimadhab

... Presidency College.

### MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

Bandyopadhyay, Kalicharan

... Cal. F. C. Institution.

CLASS II.

Ghosh, Gobindachandra

... Presidency College.

Mukhopadhyay, Nibaranchandra

Ditto.

CLASS III.

Chattopadhyay, Umakanta

... Presidency College.

### MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Bhattacharyya, Dwarkanath ... Teacher.

### NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS I.

Gupta, Kalipada

... Medical College.

# 1867.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh

... Presidency College.

SANSKRIT.

CLASS I.

Mukhopadhyay, Nilmani

... Sanskrit College.

CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Nrisinhachandra Sanskrit College.

CLASS I.

... Presidency College. "Chakrabarti, Girindramohan

CLASS II.

Presidency College. Sarkar, Kisorilal Basu, Karunadas

Ditto.

CLASS III.

Presidency College. Haldar, Ramchandra

Ditto. Sen, Prasannakumar Ray, Kaliprasanna Ditto. Mukhopadhyay, Becharam Ditto. ... Bhattacharyya, Tarinikanta Ditte.

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

Mukhopadhyay, Rajkrishna ... Presidency College.

CLASS II.

Cal. F. C. Institution. Ghosh, Dhankrishna Sil, Jadabchandra ... Presidency College.

CLASS III.

Sen, Kasikanta ... Presidency College.

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

De, Gaurisankar Presidency Collego.

CLASS II.

Biswas, Piyarimohan Dacca College.

CLASS III.

Ghosh, Harichaitauya ... Dacca College.

**1868**.

ENGLISH.

CLASS II

Bandyopadhyay, Saratchaudra ... Presidency College.

CLASS III.

Basu, Jogindranath Presidency College.

SANSKRIT.

CLASS III.

Bhattopadbyay, Harakrishna ... Sanskrit College.

### CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Gopalchandra ... Presidency College. Amir Ali ... Hooghly College.

CLASS III.

Bandyopadhyay, Taraprasanna ... Presidency College.

### MATHEMATICS.

### CLASS I.

Basu, Anandamohan ... Presidency College.

CLASS III.

Mitra, Ramcharan ... Presidency College. Raychaudhuri, Matilal ... Ditto.

# MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

Datta, Benimadhab ... Presidency College.

CLASS II.

De, Krishnadas ... Cal. F. C. Institution.

CLASS III.

Basu, Trailokyanath ... Cal. F. C. Institution. Chattopadhyay, Napharchandra ... Hooghly College.

# 1869.

#### ENGLISH.

#### CLASS II.

Sen, Krishnabihari ... Presidency College.
Chaudhuri, Jogendranath ... Ditto.
Sen, Jaykrishna ... Ditto.
Datta, Mahendranath ... Ditto.

### HISTORY.

#### CLASS II.

Ghosh, Kshetrachandra ... Presidency College. Bhanja, Kalidas ... Ditto.

# MATHEMATICS.

# CLASS II.

Ray, Chandrakumar ... Presidency College.

# CLASS III.

Chattopadhyay, Mathuranath
Das, Baikanthanath
Basak, Jagadurlabh
... Dacca College.
Ditto.
Presidency College.

### MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

Datta, Jagadbandhu

. Presidency College.

CLASS II.

Deb. Upendrachandra

... Presidency College.

Bandyopadhyay, Kailaschandra ...

Patna College.

CLASS III.

Saha, Gopalchandra

... Presidency College.

Bhattacharyya, Haranath

... Genl. Assembly's Institution.

# 1870.

#### ENGLISH.

### CLASS II.

Mitra, Kartikchandra Bandyopadhyay, Sibnath Mitra, Saradacharan .. Presidency College.

Ditto. Ditto.

### CLASS III.

Mallik, Akhilcharan Datta, Bhabanicharan

... Presidency College.

Ditto.

#### HISTORY.

•••

#### CLASS II.

Sarkar, Sasibhushan Chattopadhyay, Srigopal Basu, Trailokyanath Krishnaghar College.

Ditto.

Basu, Trailokyanath Mukhopadhyay, Hariprasanna Chakrabarti, Gopalchandra

Presidency College. Krishnaghar College.

Cathedral Mission, College.

#### CLASS III.

Majumdar, Upendranarnyan Set, Rajendranath

Presidency College.
Ditto.

### MATHEMATICS.

#### CLASS III.

Misra, Lakshmisankar

.. Benares College.

### MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

### CLASS II.

Basn, Mahitchandra Basu, Lalmohan Basu, Rajaninath .. Presidency College.

... Ditto, Ditto.

Ghosh, Rajendranath Mitra, Mahendrachandra Presidency College. Hooghly College.

# NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

### CLASS I.

Younan, E.

... St. Xavier's College.

# 1871.

### ENGLISH.

### CLASS II.

Chaudhuri, Srischandra Basu, Upendranath Majumdar, Chandramohan Bandyopadhyay, Nilratna Binodbihari Acharyya, Balkrishna

Presidency College. Ditto. •••

Ditto. Hooghly College. Presidency College. Benares Collego.

#### CLASS III.

Mukhopadhyay, Umacharan Kanailal Ghosh, Sureschandra Chattopadhyay, Priyanath Datta, Janakinath

Benares College. Presidency College. +01 Ditto.

••• Genl. Assembly's Institution.

Presidency College.

#### SANSKRIT

### CLASS I.

Sarkar, Golapchandra

... Sanskrit College.

CLASS II.

Sinha, Khirodnath

Sanskrit College.

### ARABIO.

### CLASS II.

Ali Reza Khan

... Agra College.

# HISTORY.

# CLASS I.

Pramanik, Jasadanandan

Krishnaghar College.

CLASS II.

Masanta, Parbaticharan Chattopadhyay, Jogeschandra ... Krishnaghar College.

Presidency College.

Datta, Priyanath

Cathedral Mission College.

MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Basu, Bipinkrishna

... Presidency College.

CLASS III.

Ray, Bamacharan

Presidency College.

Mukhopadhyay, Bipinbihari

Ditto.

MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Girijabhushan ... Presidency College. Basu, Akshaykumar

Ditto.

CLASS III.

Ghosh Debendranath

... Presidency College.

Ray, Radhanath

Ditto.

NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS III.

Bhattacharyya, Jogendranath ... Presidency College.

1872.

ENGLISH.

CLASS I.

Hukum Chand De, Brajendranath Dolhi College. Canning College.

CLASS II.

Basu, Isanchandra

Presidency College.

Ditto.

Chakrabarti, Ramgopal Mukhopadhyay, Jogendranath ...

Free Church Institution.

Sarkar, Surendranath

Presidency College.

... Ditto. Gupta, Kunjabihari

CLASS III.

Datta, Baishnabcharan

Free Church Institution. ... Presidency College.

, Balaichand

Ditto.

Ghosh, Abinaschandra Mukhopadhyay, Adyanath

... Free Church Institution.

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### SANSKRIT.

#### CLASS II.

Bhattacharyya, Sibnath

... Sanskrit College.

#### HISTORY.

### CLASS III.

Mitra, Haricharan Ghosh, Birajkrishna ... Presidency College.

Ditto.

### MATHEMATICS.

### CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Sasibhushan ... Presidency College.

CLASS III.

Basu. Baidwanath

... Krishnaghar College.

### MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

### CLASS I.

Ghosh, Jogendrauath

... Presidency College.

# NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

### CLASS I.

Chaudhuri, Jnanchandra

... Presidency College.

# **187**3.

#### ENGLISH.

#### CLASS II.

Bhattacharyya, Narayanchandra

Free Church Institution.

Chaudhuri, Sasibhushan

Hooghly College. ... Delhi College.

Madangopal

CLASS III.

Das, Bipinbihari

Deb, Gopendrakrishna Ghosal, Tarapada

Mukhopadhyay, Haridas

De, Lalbihari

Ray, Saradaprasanna Kar, Girischandra

Presidency College.

Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.

Free Church Institution.

Ditto.

Presidency College.

### MATHEMATICS.

# CLASS I.

Bandyopadhyay, Biharilal

Presidency College.

CLASS III.

Ray Rajaninath

... Presidency College.

# MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS I.

Datta, Sasibhushan

.. Presidency College.

# NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS II.

Sen, Batakrishna , Ambikacharan ... Presidency College.

. Ditto.

# 1874.

#### ENGLISH.

#### CLASS I.

Bandyopadhyay, Kedarnath

... Presidency College.

CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Bipinbihari Basu, Bipinbihari

Sarkar, Siddheswar

... Presidency College.
... Muir Central College.

... Presidency College.

CLASS III.

Priya Das

Mukhopadhyay, Saratchandra

Hukam Chand

Mukhopadhyay, Tejchandra

Bishen Lal

Mukhopadhyay, Harabilas

... Muir Central College.

... Presidency College.
... Lahore College.

... Presidency College.

... Muir Central College.

... Presidency College.

### SANSKRIT.

### CLASS I.

Batabyal, Umeschandra

. Sanskrit College.

CLASS II.

Pandit, Prannath

... Sanskrit College.

### HISTORY.

# CLASS 11.

Biswas, Asutosh Basu, Lalitkumar ... Presidency College.

... Free Church Institution.

CLASS III.

Chaudhuri, Srikumar

.. Cathedral Mission College.

#### MATHEMATICS.

# CLASS II.

Chattopadhyay, Baburam Ray, Gopalchandra .. Presidency College.

... Ditto.

### MENTAL AND MORAL PHILOSOPHY.

#### CLASS II.

Datta, Kailaschandra Gangopadhyay, Benimadhab ... Dacca College.

... Genl. Assembly's Institution.

### CLASS III.

Sen, Gaurballabh Niogi, Basantakumar ... Genl. Assembly's Institution.

... Teacher.

### NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

### CLASS II.

Rudra, Bhagabatchandra

... Presidency College.

CLASS III.

Ray, Jnanendralal

... Presidency College.

# 1875.

# \* ENGLISH.

#### CLASS I.

Lahiri, Prasanakumar

... Presidency College.

#### CLASS II.

Bandyopadhyay, Nistaran

Datta, Ramlal

Mulraj

Sen, Adityachandra Das, Nabinchandra ... Presidency College.

Ditto.

.. Lahore College. ... Presidency College.

. Ditto.

### CLASS III.

Ghosh, Haridas Majumdar, Ambikacharan

Presidency College.
Gonl. Assembly's Institution.

### HISTORY.

#### CLASS III.

Ghosh, Apurbakrishna

... Free Church Institution.

# MATHEMATICS.

#### CLASS III.

De, Debsarkar Ghosh, Ramaprasanna Sarkar, Narendranath ... Free Church Institution.
Presidency College.
Ditto.

# NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

#### CLASS I.

Ghosh, Baradaprasad

... Presidency College.

Ditto.

# **1876**.

### ENGLISH.

### CLASS II.

Ray, Debendranath Patna College. Ghosh, Abinaschandra Presidency College. Gobindacharan Patna College. Presidency College. Das, Raghunath Kar, Harischandra David, Ismail Benares College.

CLASS III.

Bandyopadhyay, Tinkari ... Presidency College.

# SANSKRIT.

### CLASS II.

Sanskrit College. Das, Jnanendranath Bhattacharyya, Kaliprasanna Ditto. ...

CLASS III.

Mukhopadhyay, Kalidhan Sanskrit College.

#### HISTORY.

CLASS III.

... Dacca College. Guha, Rebatimohan

### MATHEMATICS.

CLASS II.

Presidency College. Basu, Nandakrishna Ditto. Sarkar, Nilkanta

# NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

### CLASS II.

Presidency College. Ray, Satischandra Ditto. Chattopadhyay, Haridas

### CLASS III.

Presidency College. Mitra, Abhayacharan ... Free Church Institution. Bandyopadbyay, Rajkrishna

# 1877.

### ENGLISH.

### CLASS I.

Majumdar, Nilkanta Basu, Debendranath ... Presidency College.

... Ditto.

### CLASS II.

Datta, Dvijadas

... Presidency College.

Iswardas

... Lahore College.
... Presidency College.

Ghosh, Saratchandra

Chattopadhyay, Prasannakumar ... Teacher.

CLASS III.

Sen, Trigunacharan

... Presidency College.

ARABIC.

CLASS II.

Amjad Ali

... Benares College.

CLASS III.

Ashraf Ali

... Benares College.

PERSIAN.

CLASS III.

Raza Husein

... Muir Central College.

# SANSKRIT.

CLASS I.

Bhattacharyya, Haraprasad

... Sanskrit College.

CLASS II.

Bapurao, Dada

... Muir Central College.

### MATHEMATICS.

CLASS I.

Gupta, Bipinbihari

... Presidency College.

CLASS II.

Besu, Durgadas Das, Surendranath ... Presidency College.

. Ditta

Basu, Anandaprasad Misra, Ramasankar .. Presidency College. ... Benares College.

### PHILOSOPHY.

CLASS III.

Gupta, Girindrakumar

... Free Church Institution.

# NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

CLASS II.

Bagchi, Upendranath Mukhopadhyay, Hiralal Ray, Haricharan

... Presidency College.... Hooghly College.... Canning College.

CLASS III.

Basu Narendranath

... Hooghly College.

\*

# 1878.

### ENGLISH.

### CLASS II.

Nag, Haradhan Lalchand Mitra, Purnachandra De, Advaitaprasad Mukhopadhyay, Brajagopal Presidency College,
Lahore College,
Krishnaghar College.
Cathedral Mission College.
Presidency College.

### CLASS III.

Nag, Syamakanta Sinha, Pramathakrishna ... Presidency College. ... Ditto.

### SANSKRIT.

### CLASS II,

Chattopadhyay, Sripati

... Sanskrit College.

### HISTORY.

### CLASS I.

Kennedy, Pringle

... Teacher.

# MATHEMATICS.

### CLASS II.

Sarkar, Chandrasekhar Bagchi, Brajagopal Chakrabarti, Byomkes

Presidency College. Ditto.

Ditto. ---

### CLASS 1II.

Datta, Ramial

Presidency College.

# PHILOSOPHY.

### CLASS II.

Ray, Nabadwipchandra

... Free Church Institution.

# NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

### CLASS I.

Mukhopadhyay, Haranchandra ... Presidency Collego.

# CLASS II.

Guruprasad

Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh

Gyaprasad Bandyopadhyay, Bisweswar Muir Central College.

... Hooghly College. Muir Central College. Hooghly College. • • •

# CLASS III.

Pragdas

Muir Central College.

# 1879.

### ENGLISH.

#### CLASS II.

Narayan Das Ghosh, Saradaprasad

Lahore College. ... Presidency College.

### CLASS III.

Chattopadhyay, Mohinimohan Mallik, Ramcharan

... Presidency College.

# Ditto.

# SANSKRIT.

#### CLASS II.

Nag, Kunjalal

... Sanskrit College.

CLASS II.

Sukul, Kalisankar

... Presidency College.

### MATHEMATICS.

#### CLASS II.

Mitra, Surendranath Gupta, Asutoch Ray, Saradaranjan ... Presidency College. Ditto.

Ditto.

### CLASS III.

Gargari, Haridas Bandyopadhyay, Haridas ... Presidency College.

Ditto.

### PHILOSOPHY.

#### CLASS I.

Agasti, Suryyakumar

... Presidency College.

### NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

#### CLASS II.

Ray, Chandranarayan Chhajumal ... Hooghly College.
... Muir Central College.

### CLASS III.

Haragobinda Dayal Sanyal, Abhyacharan Maitra, Batukrishna Dhar, Nagendranath ... Muir Central College.

... Ditto.
... Ditto.
... Hooghly College.

# 1880.

### ENGLISH.

### CLASS I.

Mitra, Herambachandra

... Presidency College.

#### CLASS II.

Basu. Bhupendranath ... Chattopadhyay, Pankajakumar... Ray, Sasadhar ...

Presidency College.

Ditto. Ditto.

Gaosh, Ramottam

... Ditto.

Sarkar, Jaganmohan Basu, Kritantakumar

... Dacca College.

... Presidency College.

### HISTORY.

### CLASS III.

Ghosh. Manmathanath Chaudhuri, Tarapada

... Free Church Institution.

... Presidency College.

### PHILOSOPHY.

### CLASS II.

Chaudhuri, Tarakisor

... Presidency College.

### MATHEMATICS.

### CLASS II.

Mukhopadhyay, Krishnadhan ... Presidency College. Sengupta, Kisorimohan

Ditto.

### CLASS III.

Mitra, Amulyacharan

... Presidency College.

### NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

### CLASS I.

Datta, Brajaballabh Das, Gobindachandra ... Presidency College.

Ditto.

### CLASS II.

...

Sarkar, Charuchandra

Presidency College.

Chattopadhyay, Rajendranath ...

Ditto. Muir Central College.

Babbu Singh Bagchi, Kedarnath

Ditto.

Basil, M. M.

Presidency College.

Ray, Atulkrishna

Ditto.

### CLASS III.

...

Pal, Maniklal

... Hooghly College.

# 1881.

### ENGLISH.

#### SECOND DIVISION.

Mukhopadhyay, Nityagopal Chaudhuri, Suryyakumar Mitra, Bankimchandra

General Assembly's Institution.

Ditto.

Presidency College.

Som, Trailokyanath

Chattopadhyay, Bishnupada

Dwarkadas

Hooghly College.

Ditto.

Free Church Institution.

### THIRD DIVISION.

Bandyopadhyay, Surendranath ... Presidency College.

Chattopadhyay, Sonatan

... Canning College.

### SANSKRIT.

### SECOND DIVISION.

Mukhopadhyay, Ramprasanna ... Sanskrit College.

### HISTORY.

### THIRD DIVISION.

Arudt, George

Teacher.

### MATHEMATICS.

### FIRST DIVISION.

Chattopadhyay, Sureschandra ... Presidency College.

### THIRD DIVISION.

Ghosh, Nagendranath Goswami, Jadunath Chakrabarti, Harischaudra Chattopadhyay, Ramnath Govindaprasad

Choteylal

Presidency College. Ditto. Hooghly College. Presidency College. Muir Central College. Canning College.

#### NATURAL AND PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

### SECOND DIVISION.

Bandyopadhyay, Kantibhushan Chakrabarti. Dwarkanath Niblett, R. H.

Mitra, Bhagabaticharan Sinha, Purnendunarayan Houghly College. Presidency College. Muir Central College. Hooghly College. Patua College.

### THIRD DIVISION.

...

Chattopadhyay, Ramanimohan ... Presidency College. Sarker, Biharilal

Ditto.

# M. A.

# In Alphabetical Order.

	In Alph	ave	ticat O	ra <i>e</i> r.
Abul Khair			1874	Hooghly College.
	a Ahinnachandr	0		Presidency College.
paradobsona a	y, Abinaschandr Bidhubhushan	<b>7</b> 4		Hooghly College.
71		1		
,,	Bipinbihari			Canning College.
77	Chandmohan			Dacca College. Free Church Institution.
<del>)</del> )	Gangadhar			
27	Jogendranath			Sanskrit College.
32	Kaliprasanna			Dacca College,
>>	P. N.		1000	Doveton College.
<b>53</b>	Ramlal		1000	Presidency College.
97	Syamacharan		1071	Patna College.
	Tarinidas			Presidency College.
Baral, Nilmani		•	1878	
Basak, Rasama		••		Teacher.
Basu, Basantal		••	1871	Presidency College.
" Debendr		••	1881	
" Girischar	n <b>dra</b>			Teacher.
, Gopalcha		••		Free Church Institution.
" Jogendra	ichandra	••		Presidency College.
" Kedarna	th	•		Sanskrit College.
"Kunjabh	ari	••	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Nrityago		• (	1881	Muir Central College.
,, Prasann		• •	1863	Presidency College.
Basudeblal		•1	1877	Canning Collego.
Bhaduri, Lalbi	b <b>ari</b>		1879	Free Church Institution,
Bhattacharyya,		••	1871	Sanskrit College.
	Jagadbandhu		1874	Free Church Institution.
Bhattacharyya		• •		Cathedral Mission College.
	Mahendranath			Presidency College.
<b>3</b> )	Makundachand			Sanskrit College.
Chakrabarti, Ta				Presidency College.
Chattopadhyay,		••		Sanskrit Čollege.
- •	Digamber	••		Presidency College.
22	Hemchandra	••		Teacher.
1,	Matilal	••	_	Presidency College.
19	Pratulchandra	••		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Chaudhuri, Aks	2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	••		Presidency College.
A cm	tosh	••	1881	
77	hinimohan	•••		Krishnaghar College.
Das, Bipinbiha		•••		Teacher.
Kshetrame		••1		Sanskrit College.
" Madhusud		••1		Free Church Institution,
,, <u> </u>	4,12	••1		Canning College.
Ramsaran	12 ma m M	• • •		Krishnaghar College.
Datta, Asminik		661		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
, Bharatch		•••	1872	
" Isanchar				Sanskrit College.
,, Kailasch		•••		
,, Krishna		***		Presidency College. Teacher.
" Mohinim	ousn	***		
De, Asutosh	•	**4	TO! !	Presidency College.

<b>5</b> 5 1 2 1			- ^-	~ 11.01
De, Brajendra	al	•••	1879	Sanskrit College.
,, Nandalal	. •	•••	1871	Hooghly College.
,, Narendral		•••		Presidency College.
, Purnacha		***		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Deb, Bhutnath	L			Presidency College,
Dutt. William		•••		Teacher.
	, Narendranath	•••	1880	Muir Central College.
Ghosh, Chandi				Presidency College.
,, Priyana				St. Xavier's College.
,, Raman	_	• • •		Sanskrit College.
Ghoshal, Sarat	kumar	• • •	1873	Presidency College.
Gomez, D.		•••		Bishop's College.
Goswami, Kiso	rilal	•••		Free Church Institution.
Guha, Kaminik	tumar	•••	1875	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Gui, Sibebandr	a		1867	Teacher.
Hanumanprasa	.d	•••	1873	Canning College.
Laha, Jagadba	ndhu	•••		Dacca College.
Lahiri, Chandr	akanta			Cathedral Mission College.
" Jogendi		•••	1872	Free Church Institution.
Lorimer, Georg	20	•••		Teacher.
Maitra, Upend		•••		Presidency College.
Majumdar, An		•••		Free Church Institution.
Matrial, Suren		•••	1870	
Misra, Umasai		•••		Benares College.
Mitra, Ambika		•••		Hooghly College.
" Bireswa		•••		Presidency College.
,, Charue		•••	1876	
Two Hale		•••	1864	
" Upendi		•••	1863	
	y, Amarchandra	•••		Hooghly College.
	Abinaschandra		1871	Presidency College.
,,	Bannapada		1879	Teacher.
"	Biharilal	•••		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
19	Binodlal	•••	1881	Muir Central College.
,,	Chandrasekhar		1880	Teacher.
27	Jogneswar			Presidency College.
"	Kshetramohan	•••	1872	
19	Mukuudadeb			Hooghly College.
"	Nabinkrishna	***		
,,		•••	1864	Presidency College. Ditto.
"	Nabinkrishna Dimerimekan	•••		
,,	Piyarimohan	•••	1865	Ditto.
Manual Sul	Srischandra		1877	Ditto.
Munshilal	l	• •		Delhi College.
Nag, Sambhuc	_	•••		Dacen College.
Namasivayá, V		•••		Presidency College.
Nandi, Raman		••	1863	Ditto.
Pal, Bholanath		•••		Teacher.
, Tulsichara	n	•••		Free Church Institution.
Palit, Priyanat	n	•••	1877	Ditto.
Ray, Gangana	rayan	•••		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
, , Kaliprasa	nua	•••		Presidency College.
n Kedarnat		~.		Dacca College.
", Satyacha	ran.	***	1874	Sanskrit College.
200				

GRAD GRAD	UATES—E	. A.
Raychaudhuri Khirodchandra	1874	Presidency College.
Sanyal, Umcschandra		Queen's Coll., Benares.
Sarkar, Asutosh		Dacca College,
Sen, Akhilchandra	1866	
,, Chandrakanta		Presidency College.
" Guruprasad	1864	
,, Kalikumar		Ditto.
, Krishnakumar		Free Church Institution.
Set, Girischandra		Benares College.
Setukavalar, R. N.		Teacher.
Sinha, Nirmalchandra		Presidency College.
Sriram	1879	Delhi Cotlege.
Sriram	1974	Conning College
Takrim-ud-din Ahmed	1 2071	Canning College.
Twidale, G. A.	, 1001 1005	Presidency College.
I widale, G. A.		Doveton College.
	B. A.	
Abdul Bari, B. L.	1870	Cathedral Mission College.
, Khaliq	1873	Hooghly College.
Abul Khair	. 1873	Ditto,
Acharyya, Balkrishna		Queen's Coll., Benares.
Achhruram	. 1879	Lahore College.
Adhikari, Sasibhushan		Houghly College
" Surryyakumar	187	Presidency College.
Adya, Asutosh, B L.	1868	Hooghly College.
Agasti, Surryyakumar	1878	Presidency College.
Ahmed	1861	Ditto.
Hamid and din		3 Teacher.
" Hosen When		
Aich, Radhakanta, B. L.	107. 1070	Bareilly College.
Aikath, Saradakumar, B. L.	. JYK	Presidency College.
		Ditto.
Akhileswarprasad, B. L.	1870	Patna College.
Amarnath		Canning College.
Amir Ali, B. L.	1867	Hooghly College,
Amjad Ali	1877	Benares College.
Arndt, G.	1880	St. Tho.' Coll., Colombo.
Ashraf Ali		Benares College.
Atmaram		6 Agra College.
" Mahta	1872	Lahore College.
Awadhkisor		Patna College,
Ayaram		3 Labore College.
Balumal	1873	B Delhi College.
Babbu Sing		Muir Central College.
Badriprasad	1879	Ditto.
Bagchi, Annadaprasad, B. L.		2 Krishnaghar College.
" Brajagopal, B. L.		Presidency College.
" Durganath, B. L.	186	Berhampore College.
,, Gopalprased	186	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Harischandra R I.	188	7 Teacher.
Hiralat		
Jornastran	1000 1971	B Free Church Institution.
Kadarnath	187	
39 MEGGET MEGIT	187	9 Muir Central College.

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Bagchi, Upendranath, B. L.
                                   1876 Presidency College.
                                   1873 Delhi College.
Baimath
Bajpai, Benimadhab
                                ... 1880 Canning College.
Baktawarlal
                                   1876 Bareilly College.
                                ... 1871 Agra College.
Baldcoprasad
Baleswarprasad
                                ... 1875 Benares College.
Bandyopadhyay, Aghornath, B. L. 1873 Presidency College.
          Asutosh, B L.
                                   1875 Cathedral Missa. College.
          Abinasch (No 1), B. L.
                                   1866 Presidency College.
    ,,
          Abinasch (No. 2), B. L.
                                   1866
                                              Ditto.
    95
          Bamacharan, B. L.
                                .. 1862
                                              Ditto.
    5)
          Bana wardal
                                ... 1878 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
    13
          Bhairabchandra, B. L.
                                   1862 Presidency College.
    33
          Bhubanmohan, B. L. ... 1870
                                              Ditto.
    ,,
          Bidhubhushan, B. L. ... 1873 Hooghly College.
    "
          Bidhubhushan, B. L. ... 1873 Presidency College.
    99
          Bidhubhushan
                                ... 1879
                                               Ditto.
    "
          Biharilal, B. L.
                                   1872
                                              Ditto.
          Binodlihari, B. L.
                                   1870
                                              Ditto.
    ,,
          Bipinbihari
                                   1880 Canning College.
          Bindulal
                                   1877 St. Xavier's College.
    41
          Bisweswar
                                   1877 Dacca College.
    ,,
          Chandmohan, B. L.
                                   1875
                                               Ditto.
    33
          Chandrakumar
                                ... 1872 Free Church Institution.
    "
          Chandranath
                                   1870 Teacher.
    **
          Durgacharan
                                   1876 Mair Central College.
          Gaganchandra
                                   1873 Presidency College
    **
          Gangadhar, B. L.
                                ... 1871 Free Church Institution.
    ,,
          Gopalchandra
                                   1871 Krishnaghar College.
          Gopalchandra (No. 2),
    11
              B. L.
                                ... 1870
                                               Ditto.
          Gopalchandra, B. L.
                                ... 1873 Presidency College.
    **
          Gopikrishna, B. L.
                                ... 1873
                                               Ditto.
    97
          Gopinath, B. L.
                                ... 1861
                                               Ditto.
     31
          Gurudas, B. L.
                                   1864
                                               Ditto
          Haricharan, B. L.
                                ... 1864 Free Church Institution.
    99
          Haridas
                                    1878 Presidency College.
     **
          Harinath, B. L.
                                               Ditto.
                                ... 1877
     ,,
          Hemchandra, B. L.
                                               Ditto
                                ... 1859
     ,,
          Indranath, B. L.
                                ... 1869 Cathedral Missn. College.
     "
           Jadabehandra, B. L.
                                ... 1868 Medical College.
     ,,
           Jadunath, B. L.
                                ... 1872 Cathedral Missn. College.
     11
           Jagannath,
                                    1880 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
     ,,
           Jagatchandra, B. L.
                                ... 1869 Prosidency College.
     "
           Jogendranath
                                ... 1871 Sanskrit College.
     ,,
           Jyotischandra, B. L. ...
                                    1879 Presidency College.
     17
           Kailaschandra, B. L. ...
                                    1867
                                                Ditto.
     ,,
           Kailaschandra, B. L. ..
                                    1868 Patna College.
     22
           Kalicharan, B L.
                                    1865 Free Church Institution.
     >>
           Kaliprasanna, B. L.
                                    1879 Dacca College.
     "
           Kantibhushan
                                    1880 Hooghly College.
                                 ••
     ••
           Kantichandra, B. L.
                                     1871 Teacher.
           Karunamay, B. L.
                                     1876 Presidency College.
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Bandyopadhyay, Kedarnath, B. L. 1873 Presidency College.
                                   1877 Benares College.
            Kedarnath
                                   1880 Patna College.
            Kedarnath
       "
                                    1874 Benares College.
             Krishnachandra
       "
                                   1873 Genl. Assembly's Instr.
             Kshetramohan
       "
                                ... 1877 Presidency College.
             Mahadeb
       73
                                               Ditto.
             Mahendranath, B. L.
                                    1868
       ,,
                                               Ditto.
                                    1873
             Mahendranath, B. L.
       99
                                               Ditto.
             Mahendranath, B. L.
                                    1875
                                    1867 Cathedral Missn. College.
             Mahendranath, B. L.
       "
                                    1877 St. Xavier's College.
             Mahendranath
       31
                                    1872 Patna College.
             Mahesebandra, B. L.
                                               Ditto.
                                    1869
             Nabinchandra, B. L.
       "
                                ... 1879 Presidency College.
             Nandalal, B. L.
       ,,
                                    1866
                                               Ditto.
             Nilmadhab, B. L. ...
       ,,
                                 ... 1870 Hooghly College.
             Nilratna, B. L.
                                 ... 1874 Presidency College.
             Nistaran, B. L.
       37
             Nibaranchandra, B.L. 1873
                                                Ditto.
       "
                                 ... 1869 Teacher.
             Panchkari
       ,,
                                 ... 1862 Presidency College.
             Paresnath, B. L.
       33
                                 ... 1870 Doveton College.
             P N., B. L.
        77
             Pramadacharan, B. L. 1867 Presidency College.
       >>
                                                Ditto.
             Pramathanath, B. L.
                                     1866
        >7
                                     1868 Krishnaghar College.
              Privanath, B. L.
        22
                                     1867 Queen's College, Benares.
              Purnachandra
        "
                                     1877 Presidency College.
              Rajendralal
        "
                                     1873
                                                Ditto.
              Rajendranath
        27
                                     1875 Free Church Institution.
              Rajkrishna, B. L.
        ,,
                                     1877
                                                Ditto.
              Rakhaldas
        27
                                     1864 Presidency College.
              Ramlal, B. L.
        ,,
              Rammohan
                                    1868 Queen's College, Benures.
        22
              Ramnarayan, B. L. ... 1872 Presidency College.
        27
                                                 Ditto.
              Ramtaran, B. L.
                                     1873
        22
              Rebatichandra, B. L. 1870 Dacca College.
        77
              Saratchandra, B. L... 1867 Presidency College.
        35
              Sasibhushan, B. L. ...
                                     1865
                                                 Ditto.
        "
              Sasibhushan
                                     1870 Free Church Institution.
        "
                                  ... 1877 Presidency College.
              Sasisekhar
        27
                                  ... 1866
                                                 Ditto.
              Satyadayal, B. L.
        73
                                     1868 Hooghly College.
              Sidheswar
         37
              Sibchandra, B. L.
                                     1868 Patna College.
         >>
              Sibnath, B. L.
                                      1869 Presidency College.
         **
              Surendranath
                                      1880
                                                 Ditto.
         ,,
              S. N.
                                     1868 Doveton College.
         22
                                      1870 Patna College.
               Syamacharan, B. L....
         "
               Taradus, B. L.
                                      1873 Presidency College.
         7)
                                      1868 Krishnaghar College.
               Tarapada, B. L.
         11
                                     1877 Hooghly College.
               Taraprasanna
                                  ***
         "
               Taraprasanna, B. L.... 1867 Presidency College.
         "
                                      1873
                                                 Ditto.
               Tarinidas
                                  ...
         "
               Tinkari, B. L.
                                  ... 1875 Hooghly College.
         17
                                      1874 Presidency College.
               Tripuracharan
                                  ...
  Bansidhar
                                      1880 Agra College.
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Bapurao Dada	•••	1876	Muir Central College.
Baral, Nilmani	•••		Presidency College.
,, Chaitanyaprasad	• • •	1871	Patna College.
Bardan, Mohinimohan, B. L.	•••		Dacca College.
Barua, Anandaram	1	1869	Presidency College.
" Jagannath	•••	1873	
Basak, Gobindachandra, B. L.	•••	1867	Dacca College.
,, Gobindachandra, B. L.		1871	Ditto.
" Jagadurlabh, B. L.	•••	1868	Presidency College.
" Radhanath	•••		Free Church Institution.
, Rohinikumar		1861	Dacca College.
" Rumkumar	•••	1874	Ditto.
,, Rasamay	• • • •	1871	Ditto.
" Rasbihari, B. L.			Cathedral Mission College
"Basil, M. M.	,,,		Presidency College.
Basudev, Sahay	• • •		Agra College.
Basu, Akshaykumar, B. L.	•••		Dacca College.
" Amarnath, B. L. *	•••		Presidency College.
Ambikacharan B L	•••	1862	Ditto.
Anandanidian	•••	1867	
"Anantakumar, R. L	•••	1877	
Annadacharan	,,,		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Annadapressed R L			Presidency College.
Amadamaad		1876	Ditto.
Aentogh	•••		Cathedral Mission. College
Acutoch	•••		Canning College.
Asminikumar B L	•••		Ducea College.
Atulahandra R L	•••		Presidency College.
Raidmanath	•••		Krishnaghar College.
Ragantakumar H I.	•••		Presidency College.
Blumoudranath	•••	1879	Ditto.
Ribarilal R I.		1868	
Rim conal	•••		Krishnaghar College.
Riverbrighne R L	•••		Patna Collego.
Rinadhibari	***		Gonl. Assembly's Instn.
Rininkrishna R L	• • •	1870	Presidency College.
Bissischilani	•••		Hooghly College.
" Bipinbihari	•••		Agra College.
,, Birajaprasad, B. L.			Presidency College.
	•••	1874	Ditto.
,, Bishnupada, B. L.	•••	1865	Ditto.
, Chandranath, B. L.	***	1863	Ditto.
,, Dakshinaprasad, B. L.	•••	1879	Ditto.
,, Dobendrabijay	•••	1863	Ditto.
,, Debendralal, B. L.	•••	1860	Ditto.
" Debendranarayan	•••		
" Debendranath	•	1876	Ditto.
,, Diuanath, B. L.	•••		Free Church Institution.
, Durgadas, B. L.	•••		Presidency College.
" Durgakumar	•••	t	Teacher,
" Durgaram, B. L.	•••		Presidency College.
, Dwarknuath,	•••		Dacen College.
,, Girischandra	,		Hooghly College.
" Girischandra, B. L.	•••	1870	Presidency College.

Basu,	Girisohandra	••(	1880	Teacher.
,,	Gopalchandra, B. L.	••1		Presidency College.
<b>9</b> 7	Gopalchandra, B. L.	•••	1873	Free Church Institution.
31	Hariballabh, B. L.			Presidency College.
2,	Hemchandra, B. L.			Goul. Assembly's Instu.
	Isanchandra, B. L.	• • •		Presidency College.
)) 2)	Jadunath	•••	1858	Ditto.
"	Jadunath	•••	1875	
	Jagadischandra	•••	1870	
"	Jagadischandra			St. Xavier's College.
3)	Jogendrachandra, B. L.		1872	Teacher.
"	Jogendrachandra	•••		Presidency College.
"	Jogendranath (No 2), B.		1867	
"	Jogendranath, B. L.	• • •		Free Church Institution.
"	Jogendranath	• •		Presidency College.
"	Jogeschandra		1872	
,,	Kalikumar, B. L.	• . •		Berhampore College.
"	Kalipada			
"	Karunadas, B. L.	•		Canning College,
"	Kedarnath	•••		Presidency College.
"	Kesabkumar, B. L.	•••		Genl. Assembly's Instn. Presidency College.
"	Khudiram	••		
"		11.		Free Church Institution.
"	Kritantakumar, B. L.		1879	
"	Kshetramohan P. L.	, •		Civil Engineering College.
"	Kshetramohan, B. L.			Presidency College.
"	Kunjabihari, B. L.	•••		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,,	Lalitkumar, B. L.	***		Presidency College,
,,,	Mahendranath, B. L.	•••		Hooghly College.
19	Mahinimohan	• •		Dacca College,
"	Mabitchandra, B. L.	•••		Presidency College.
97	Manmathakumar, B. L.	•••	1872	
75	Manmathanath,	•••		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
77	Mathuranath, B. L.	••		Free Church Institution.
>>	Nandakrishna	•••		Presidency College.
,,,	Nandakumar	• •		Dacca College.
59	Narendranath	•••	1870	Hooghly College.
39	Nabinchandra, B. L.	•••	1869	Cathedral Mission College.
21	Nepalchandra, B. L.	•••		Free Church Institution.
29	Nimaichandra, B. L.	***		Presidency College.
**	Nrityagopal	•••		Muir Central College.
77	Paresnath, B. L.	***		Presidency College.
**	Pramathanath, B. L.	•••	1874	· · ·
"	Prasannakumar, B. L.	***	1861	
77	Prasannakumar, B. L.	•••		Free Church Institution.
"	Prasannakumar	•••		Dacca College.
**	Pratapchandra, B. L.	•••		Presidency College.
79	Priyanath	~~		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
29	Pulinbihari	4+4		
"	Rajaninath, B. L.	***		Dacca College.
79	Rajendrakumar, B. L.	***	_	Presidency College.
<b>?</b> ?	Rakhalchandra, B. L.		1866	
59	Rakhalchaudra			Free Church Institution.
,,	Rakhalchandra	•••		Hooghly Cullege.
1)	Rameschandra, B. L.	***	186	Presidency College.

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1866 Presidency College.
Basu, Rameswar
     Ramkamal
                                   1866 Free Church Institution.
 ,,
                                   1874 Cathedral Mission College.
     Saradaprasad, B. L.
 21
     Saratchandra, B. L.
                                 1873 Dacca College.
 "
                               ... 1865
     Sasibhushan, B. L.
                                             Ditto.
 "
                                   1869 Hooghly College.
     Sasibhushan (No. 1), B. L....
                                   1872 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
     Sasibhushan
                                 1879 Presidency College.
     Sibram
                                              Ditto.
                                   1867
     Sitalnath
                               ... 1868 Dacca College.
     Syamkisor, B. L.
  ,,
                               ... 1879 Presidency College.
     Tarakchandra, B. L.
                                   1868 Free Church Institution.
     Trailokyenath, B. L.
                               ... 1869 Presidency College.
     Trailokyanath, B. L.
  ,,
                                   1880 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
     Trailokyanath
  "
     Udaychandra, B. L.
                                   1868 Presidency College.
     Upondranath, B. L.
                                   1870
                                              Ditto.
                               • • •
                                   1876 Canning College.
Basudev Lal
                               ***
                                   1878 Presidency College.
Batabyal, Atulchandra, B. L.
                               . .
          Umeschandra
                                   1873
                                              Ditto.
                                              Ditto.
                                   1877
Bhaduri, Lalbihari B L.
                                   1877 Patna College.
Bhagwan Sahay, B. L.
                                   1868 Presidency College.
Bhanja, Kalidas, B. L.
                               ... 1866
                                              Ditto.
Bhar, Trailokyanath,
Bharanprasad
                                   1868 Delhi College,
                               ... 1865 Presidency College.
Bhatta, Napharchandra, B. L.
                               ... 1869 Quoen's College, Benarcs.
Bhattacharyya, Adityaram
                               ... 1878 Canning College.
               Asutosh
      "
                               ... 1878 Presidency College.
                Baugachandra
       "
                Beniprasad, B. L. 1875 Canning College.
                                ... 1877 Cathedral Mission College.
                Bhabadeb
       ,,
                Chandrakumar .. 1877 Geul, Assembly's Instr.
                Dwarkanath, B. L. 1869 Patna College.
       47
                Dwarkanath, B. L. 1865 Presidency College.
       22
                Haranath, B. L... 1868 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
       22
                                ... 1876 Presidency College.
                Haramasad
       11
                Jadunath, B. L. ... 1867 Krishnaghar Collego.
       ,,
                Jagadbandhu -
                              ... 1873 Hooghly College.
       ,,
                                ... 1870 Sanskrit College.
                Jibananda
       "
                Jogendranath, B.L. 1871 Presidency College.
       ,,
                                ... 1880 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
                Jogneswar
       "
                Juanchandra
                                ... 1871 Presidency College.
       59
                                ... 1879 Cathedral Mission College.
                Jugadas
       ,,
                                ... 1875 Dacca College.
                Kailaschandra
       "
                                ... 1875 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
                Kaliprasanna
       "
                                ... 1874 Hooghly College.
                Kedarnath
       "
                Krishnakamal, B.L. 1860 Sauskrit College.
       "
                Mahendranath B.L. 1866 Presidency College.
       23
                Mahendranath, B.L 1870
                                               Ditto.
       "
                                ... 1879 Genl. Assembly's Instr.
                Maheswar
       ,,
                Makundachandra
                                    1874 Presidency College.
       12
                Manikchandra ... 1877 Free Church Institution.
       17
                                ... 1877 Hooghly College.
                Meghnath
       "
                Narayanchandra... 1872 Free Church Institution.
       ;3
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Bhattacharyya, Prasanakumar, B.L. 1873 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
               Radhakisor, B.L. .. 1871 Cathedral Mission College.
      ,,
                               ... 1874 Free Church Institution.
               Rajkumar
      23
               Sarbeswar
                                ... 1874 Presidency College.
      ,,
                                ... 1871 Sanskrit College.
               Sibnath
      "
               Srischandra, B. L.
                                   1877 Presidency College.
               Tarinikanta, B. L.
                                   1866
                                              Ditto.
                                   1877 Free Church Institution.
Bhaumik, Dinabandhu
                                   1866 Presidency College.
         Krishnachaitanya, B. L.
                                ... 1879 Benares College.
Biharilal
                               ... 1874 Benares College.
Bindeswariprasad
Bishenlal
                                   1873 Bareilly College.
                                   1866 Presidency College.
Bisi, Kesabnath, B. L.
                                  1876 Dolhi College.
Biswambharnath
                                   1873 Presidency College.
Biswas, Asutosh, B. L.
        Bhubanmohan, B. L.
                                   1875
                                              Ditto.
   ,,
                               ... 1877 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
        Dandadhari, B. L.
   3)
                               ... 1866 Dacca College.
        Piyarimohan
   "
        Prankrishna, B. L.
                                   1873 Houghly College.
   ,,
                               ... 1865 Presidency College.
        Rudrakanta, B. L.
                               ... 1865 Professor, Doveton College.
Blochmann, H.
                                   1869 Presidency College.
Blochmann, T.
                                  1877 St. Xavier's College.
Bomanjee Cowasjee
                                   1878 Canning College.
Brijmohanlal
                               •••
Brito, Christopher
                                   1864 Queen's Coll., Colombo.
                               • • •
                                   1880 Cathedral Mission College.
Chaki, Benimadhab
Chakrabarti, Adityachandra, B. L.
                                  1875 Dacca College.
             Akhilchandra, B. L.
                                   1871 Presidency College.
      15
                                   1876 Agra College.
             Bhabanichandra
      "
                                   1877 Teacher.
             Bisweswar
                               •••
      "
                                  1877 Presidency College.
             Byomkes
      13
            Chandramohan, B. L. 1871 Taina College.
      #>
                               ... 1880 Presidency College.
             Dwarkanath
                                   1880 Hooghly College.
             Durgakanta
                                  1866 Presidency College.
             Girindramohan, B.L.
      ,,
                                   1864
                                              Ditto.
             Girischandra, B. L.
      ,,
                                  1877 Teacher.
             Girischandra
      ,,
                                  1869 Cathedral Mission College.
             Gopalchandra, B. L.
      "
             Harachandra, B. L.
                                   1866 Presidency College.
      "
                                   1875 Dacca College.
             Harachandra, B. L.
      **
             Haricharan, B. L. ...
                                  1869
                                              Ditto.
      ,,
             Harimohan, B. L. ...
                                  1866 Presidency College.
      97
             Harischandra
                                  1880 Houghly College.
      "
                                  1879 Patna College.
            Indranarayan, B. L.
      ,,
                                  1868 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
             Isanchandra, B. L....
      99
                                  1862 Presidency College.
             Iswarchandra, B. L.
                                  1877 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
             Jogendranath, B. L.
      "
                                  1879 Free Church Institution.
             Jogendranath
      2 9
                                .. 1875 St. Xavier's College.
             Loknath
      27
                               ... 1871 Queen s College, Benares.
            Mahendranath
      73
                               ... 1876 Dacca College.
             Nabakumar
      3)
                               ... 1871 Krishnaghar College.
             Ramgopal, B. L.
      91
                                  1870 Free Church Institution.
             Sagarchandra
      ,,
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1865 Presidency College.
Chakrabarti, Syamacharan, B. L.
                              ... 1880 Free Church Institution.
            Syamacharan
      "
                              ... 1871 Patna College.
             Syamaldas, B. L.
      ,,
             Syamamohan, B. L.
                                  1869 Teacher.
      "
                               ... 1868 Free Church Institution.
             Taranath, B. L.
Chandiprasad
                               ... 1879 Muir Central College.
Chandra, Brajendranath, B. L.
                              ... 1866 Presidency College.
         Jogneswarchandra, B. L. 1865
                                              Ditto.
                               ... 1875 Free Church Institution.
         Privanath, B. L.
                               ... 1877 Canning College.
Chattopadhyay, Abhaycharan
                               ... 1875 Cathedral Mission College.
             Adityakumar
             Agnornath, B. L. ... 1870 Free Church Institution.
      ,,
             Akshaykumar, B.L. 1870 Patna College.
      37
             Amarendranath, B.L. 1867 Presidency College.
      "
             Amritalal, B. L. ... 1861
                                              Ditto.
      ,,
                               ... 1872 Cathedral Mission College.
             Amritalal
      27
                               ... 1867 Free Church Institution.
             Anukul
      93
                                   1870 Genl, Assembly's Instn.
             Atulchandra, B. L.
      "
             Abinaschandra, B.L. 1866 Presidency College.
       33
                                   1873
                                              Ditto.
             Baburam
       31
             Banamali, B. L. ... 1876 Teacher.
       3>
              Bankimchandra ... 1858 Presidency College.
       "
             Bhagaban Ch., B. L. 1866 Teacher.
       37
                               ... 1880 Dacca College.
              Biharilal
       ٠,
              Bipinbihari, B. L. ... 1874 Presidency College.
       ,,
              Bipradas, B. L. ... 1867 Free Church Institution.
       "
                               ... 1869 Sanskrit College.
              Bireswar, B. L.
       "
              Bishnuchandra, B.L. 1873 Cathedral Mission College.
       "
                               ... 1880 Hooghly College.
              Bishnupada -
       "
                               ... 1880 Patna College.
              Digambhar
       ,,
              Dwarkanath, B. L.
                                   1877
                                              Ditto.
       "
                               ... 1875 Presidency College.
              Ganapatinath
       ,,
              Girischandra, B. L.
                                   1865 Free Church Institution.
       "
              Girischandra, B. L.
                                   1867
                                              Ditto.
       57
              Gopalchandra, B. L. 1873 Presidency College.
                               ... 1877
                                              Ditto.
              Gonalchaudra
       33
                               ... 1875
              Haridas, B. L.
                                              Ditto.
       "
              Harakrishua, B. L.
                                   1867
                                              Ditto.
       ,,
                                   1865 Teacher.
              Hemchandra, B. L.
       73
                                ... 1880 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
              Isanchandra
       ,,
              Iswarchandra, B. L. 1877 Patna College.
       29
              Jadunath, B. L. ... 1860 Presidency College.
       1>
                                .. 1871 Hooghly College.
              Jitendranath
       12
              Jogeschandra, B. L. 1870 Krishnaghar College.
       "
                                ... 1876 Canning College.
              Jwalaprasad |
       ,,
                                ... 1870 Presidency College.
              Kalidhan, B. L.
       13
                                ... 1867 Dacca College.
              Kalinath
              Kaliprasanna, B. L. 1866 Free Church Institution.
       17
              Kedarnath, B. L. ... 1871 Teacher.
       21
                                ... 1875 Canning College.
              Kedarnath
                                   1872 Patua College.
              Kirtichandra, B. L.
       "
              Kisorimohan, B. L.
                                   1865 Doveton College.
       ,,
              Krishnachandra, B.L. 1864 Presidency College.
        19
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Chattopadhyay, Krishnalal, B. L.
                                   1875 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
             Kuschandra
                                   1878 Presidency College.
                               •••
      "
             Mohimchandra
                               ... 1867 Dacca College.
      "
             Manmathanath, B.L. 1875 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
      **
                               ... 1868 Dacca College.
             Mathuranath
      99
             Matilal
                                   1876 Presidency College.
             Mohinimohan
                               ... 1878
                                              Ditto.
      ,,
             Napharchandra
                               ... 1867 Hooghly College.
      23
             Nilkanta, B. L.
                                   1872 Free Church Institution.
             Nityagopal, B. L. ..
                                  1871
                                              Ditto.
      "
             Pankajakumar, B. L. 1879 Presidency College.
      ,,
             Paresnath, B. L. ... 1876
                                              Ditto.
      ,,
             Pitanibar, B. L. ... 1868 Hooghly College.
      ,,
             Prabhatchandra, BL. 1875 Dacca College.
      22
             Pramathanath, B. L. 1874 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
       "
             Prasannakumar ... 1876 Teacher.
      97
             Pratapchandra, B.L. 1859 Presidency College.
             Pratulchandra, B. L. 1868 Geul. Assembly's Instn.
      33
                               ... 1880 Hooghly College.
             Priyagopal
      29
             Priyanath, B. L.
                               ... 1870 Gonl. Assembly's Instn.
      ,,
                                ... 1877
              Rajanikanta
                                               Ditto.
       49
                                ... 1862 Teacher.
              Raigninath
      93
              Rajendranath
                                ... 1879 Presidency College.
       ,,
                                ... 1880
              Ramnath
                                               Ditto.
      37
                                ... 1880
              Ramanimohan
                                               Ditto.
       ٠,
                                   1872
              Sajanikanta, B. L. ...
                                               Ditto.
                                ... 1880 Canning College.
              Sanatan
       91
                                ... 1870 Free Church Institution.
              Saradaprasad
       ,,
              Saratchandra, B. L.
                                    1876 Presidency, College.
       ,,
              Saratchandra
                                ... 1879
                                               Ditto.
       99
              Sasibhushan
                                ... 1869
                                               Ditto.
       "
              Sasibhushan
                                ... 1880 Canning College.
       "
              Sibchandra, B. L. ... 1864 Presidency College.
       3,
              Srigopal, B. L.
                                ... 1869 Krishnaghar College.
       ,,
              Srikrishna, B. L. ... 1878 Presidency College.
              Sripati. B. L.
                                ... 1877
                                               Ditto.
       "
                                ... 1880
              Sureschandra
                                               Ditto.
       ,,
              Syamacharan
                                    1866 Medical College.
       37
              Taraprasad
                                ... 1869 Presidency College.
       97
                                ... 1865
              Umakanta, B. L.
                                                Ditto.
       ,,
              Umeschandra, B. L.
                                    1868 Hooghly College.
       25
              Upendranath, B. L.
                                    1872 Presidency College.
Chaudhuri, Akshaychandra, B. L.
                                    1870
                                                Ditto.
                                    1871 Free Church Institution.
            Apurbakrishna, B L.
      "
            Biuodbihari, B. L.
                                    1868 Presidency College.
      52
            Dinanath
                                    1880
                                                Ditto.
      "
                                    1873
            Girischandra, B. L. ...
                                                Ditto.
      ,,
            Girischandra, B. L. ... 1874
                                                Ditto.
      23
            Jadabchandra, B. L. .. 1877 Cathedral Mission College,
      73
            Jogendrachandra, B.L. 1876
                                                Ditto.
      37
            Jogendranath, B. L.... 1868 Presidency College.
      "
            Jnanchandra
                                 ... 1871 Free Church Institution.
      "
            Kalidas
                                 ... 1874 Joynarain's College.
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	TP 141 4 1			<b></b>
Chaudhuri,	Kalikrishna	•••		Presidency College.
>>	Kalimohan	•••	1869	Ditto.
<b>)</b> 2	Kaliram, B. L.	•••		Cathedral Mission College.
"	Madhusudan	•••		Teacher.
1\$	Manmathanath	•••		Free Church Institution.
,,	Mohinimohan	***		Krishnaghar College.
• ,	Narendranath, B. L			Free Church Institution.
"	Prasannanarayan, B		1877	Ditto.
"	Purnachandra, B. L.	• • • •		Cathedral Mission College.
";	Rajanikanta, B. L.	•••		Dacca College.
,,	Sasibhushan, B. L.			Hooghly College.
**	Srischandra, B. L.	***		Presidency College.
<b>)</b> >	Srikumar, B. L.			Cathedral Mission College.
>\$	Suryyakumar	• • •		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
22	Tarapada	•••		Presidency College.
>>	Tarakisor	• • •	1879	
a	Umeschandra	•••		Free Church Institution.
Chel, Rasb	ihari	• • •		Presidency College.
Chhedilal		•••		Bareilly Collego.
Chhoteylal	. •	•••		Canning College.
Chhajju Ma		• • •		Muir Central College.
Cones, G.		•••		St. Xavier's College.
Currie, F.		•••	1872	Ditto.
D'Abreu, J		•••		Teacher.
D'Cruz, J.		•••		Canning College.
	W.	••1		Doveton College.
	hammad, B. L.	•••		Presidency College.
Damilal	3	•• "		Agra College.
Dan, Mahe		•••		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
	leawar	•••		Free Church Institution.
Das, Aksh	ayenarun	•••		Presidency College.
	unthanath, B. L.			Dacca College,
"Bhag		•••		Bareilly College.
	rabchandra, B. L.	•••		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
	ıbilıari, B. L.	9 0 0		Presidency College.
	ibihari, B. L.	400	• -	Teacher.
	endramohan, B. L.			Free Church Institution.
" Dame	drakumar, B. L.	•••		Presidency College.
,,	_	•••		St John's College, Agra.
" Dame		•••		Muir Contral College.
Dima	ryyanarayan			Krishnaghar College,
Clinia	nath, B. L.	•••		Free Church Institution.
Cabi	chandra udachandra	***	70/3	Hooghly College.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•••		Presidency College.
	ndachandra, B. L.	•••		Dacca College.
	chand, B. L. charan, B. L.	•••		Free Church Institution.
	prasad, B. L.	•••		Presidency College.
	7	•••		Genl Assembly's Instn.
	schandra, B. L.	• • •		Free Church Institution.
	math, B. L. webandra, B. L.	<b>•</b> #•		Cathedral Mission College.
	math, B. L.			Canning College.
	tohandra, B. L.	• 6 4		Free Church Institution.
yy arka	the second second second	• 14		Genl. Assembly's Instn.

Das, Jagatmohan, B. L.	. 1873 Presidency College.
Jnanendranath	. 1875 Ditto.
"Kalikumar	. 1868 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Kamalanath	. 1877 Dacca College.
Krishnachandra, B. L.	. 1866 Free Church Institution.
Kshetramohan, B. L.	. 1874 Presidency College.
Lakshminarayan, B. L.	. 1864 Ditto.
Lalmohan, B. L.	. 1869 Ditto.
Madhusudan, B. L.	. 1870 L. M. S. Ins., Bhowanipore.
Mahendrachandra	1875 Dacca College.
,, Mahendranath, B. L.	1872 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Nandalal	1872 St. Xavier's College.
, Nabinchandra, B. L.	1874 Presidency College.
, Nilmani, B. L.	1865 Ditto.
Parbaticharan, B. L.	1867 Teacher.
Prasannachandra	1877 Ditto.
77	1875 Presidency College.
", Raghunath, B. L.	1871 Ditto.
,, Rameswar	. 1877 Canning College.
,, Ramsaran	. 1880 Ditto.
,, Rasikchandra	1865 Presidency College.
,, Sarbananda, B. L.	1876 Ditto.
" Surendranth	1873 Ditto.
,, Suryyanarayan, B. L.	1877 Cathedral Missn. College.
,, Tarakchandra, B. L.	1862 Presidency College.
,, Taraprasanna,	1877 Teacher.
,, Taraprasanna ,, Taraprasanna	1879 Presidency College.
Thakur	1868 Labore Miss. School.
Timoschundra R L	1874 Free Church Institution.
Datta, Akshaychandra, B. L.	1866 Presidency College.
Ambikacharan B. L.	1874 Free Church Institution.
Anarnacharan, B. L.	1871 Presidency College.
Agninikumar B L.	1878 Krishnaghar College.
Raideanath R L	1870 Cathedral Mission College.
Raighnahcharan	1871 Presidency College.
Ralaighand R L	1868 Ditto.
Belaichand	1871 Ditto.
Romingadhah R L	1867 Ditto.
Rhagahanchandra	1876 Ditto.
Rharatchandra B L	1868 General Assembly's Instn.
Rhahanicharan R L	1863 Presidency College.
Rhahanicharan R. L.	1869 Ditto.
Rijorknjehne	1877 Ditto.
Rivinihari R T.	1868 Ditto.
Rininhihari R L	1870 Ditto.
Regionallanh	1879 Krishnaghar College.
Chamchandra, B. L.	1865 Presidency College.
Dehendranath	1874 General Assembly's Instn.
Thereadas	1862 Presidency College.
Dwijadas	1876 Ditto.
Girischandra, B. L.	1875 Patna College.
, Harisankar	1868 Hooghly College.
" Isanchaudra, B. L.	1871 General Assembly's Instn.

Datta,	Jagadbandhu, B. L.	1868.	Presidency College.
<b>5</b> >	Janakinath, B. L.	1870	Ditto.
"	Jugalkisor	1880	Hooghly College.
,,	Kailaschandra		Sanskrit College.
	Kailaschandra, B. L.		Dacca College.
" "	Kalikadas, B. L.	1860	Presidency College.
))	Kamalkrishna, B. L.	1877	Ditto.
)) ))	Krishnalal '	1879	Ditto.
"	Lalgopal, B. L.	1859	Ditto.
2) 21	Lalbihari, B. L.	1871	Muir Central College.
"	Mahendranath		Benares College.
,, ,,	Mahendranath, B. L.		Presidency College.
	Maheschandra		Daoca College.
"	Manmohan, B. L.		Presidency College.
<b>2)</b>	Mohinimohan		Hooghly College.
"	Mohinimohan		Teacher.
77	Nandalal, B. L.		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
17	Narasinha B. L.		Presidency College.
*,	Narendrakrishna, B. L.		Gonl. Assembly's Instn.
37	Nrisinhakumar,		Presidency College
77			Free Church Institution.
93	Nityalal Privaneth R L		Presidency College.
>)	Priyanath, B. L.		Cathedral Mission College.
"	Priyanath, B. I.		Presidency College.
"	Purnachaudra, B. L.	1875	Ditto.
"	Rajendranath, B. L.		
23	Ramgopal, B. L.		Berhampore College.
"	hamlal, B. L.		Presidency College.
,,	Ramlal, B. L.	1877	Ditto.
"	Ramnarayan	1874	
"	Suratchandra	1880	
27	Sasibhushan, B. L.		Presidency College.
"	Sasibhushan, B. L.		Free Church Institution.
>>	Sasibhushan		Presidency College.
,,,	Surendrakrishna, B. L.	1871	Ditto.
,,	Syamial		Free Church Institution.
,,,	Taraknath, B. L		Presidency College.
"	Taraknath	1877	Ditto.
22	Trailokyanath, B. L.		Free Church Institution.
**	Umacharan, B. L.	1867	Ditto.
"	Umeschandra		Teacher.
. "	Upendranath		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
David,	-		Teacher.
,,,	J.		Benares College.
	, A. W.		Sr. Thomas' College.
	dwityapasad, B. L.		Cathedral Mission College.
,, A	mritalal, B. L.		Free Church Institution.
" At	nbikacharan, B. L.	1874	Muir Central College.
,, A1	andamohan	1880	Cathedral Mission College.
,, A	sutosh, B. L.	1876	Presidency College.
	enimadhab	1865	Ditto.
	babanisan <b>kar</b>	1871	Ditto.
	rajendralal, B. L.	1877	Canning College.
	rajendranath	1872	
	-		

De, Debsankar	1874 Free Church Institution.
" Dhankrishna	1870 Ditto.
" Dulalchandra, B. L.	1869 Presidency College.
" Gajendranath	1875 Free Church Institution.
" Gaurcharan, B. L.	1872 Dacca College.
,, Gaurisankar, B. L.	1866 Presidency College.
"Gobindachandra, B. L.	1870 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Jadabchandra, B. L.	1860 Presidency College.
" Jogeschandra, B. L.	1871 Ditto.
,, Jugalkisor	1874 Hooghly College.
"Krishnadas, B. L.	1867 Free Church Institution.
"Krishnakisor	1870 Presidency College.
" Lalbihari, B. L.	1872 Free Church Institution.
,, Makhanlal	1876 Hooghly College.
,, Matilal	1864 Medical College.
" Nandalal Nabinabandra B L	1870 Hooghly College.
" Nabinchandra, B. L. " Nareudralal	1861 Presidency College. 1880 Cathedral Mission College.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1872 General Assembly's Instn.
" Nilmadhab, B. L. " Panchkari, B. L.	1878 Presidency College.
, Purnachandra, B. L.	1872 General Assembly's Instn.
Pamahan R L	1867 Dacoa Collego.
Domonati	1879 Presidency College.
Sambhughandra R L	1866 Free Church Institution.
Scholandra R. L.	1866 Presidency College.
Deb, Bhutnath, B. L.	1872 Patna College.
" Gopendrakrishna, B. L.	1872 Tresidency College.
,, Kalimohan, B. L.	1877 Ditto.
" Madhabchandra	1865 Queen's College, Benares.
., Upendrachandra, B. L.	1868 Presidency College.
Debiprasad	1876 Bareilly College.
Dhar, Asutosh, B. L.	1871 Presidency College.
,, Brindabanchandra	1873 Dacca College.
" Dinanath, B. L.	1868 Teacher.
" Gakulchandra, B. L.	1874 Presidency College,
" Kalinath, B L.	1866 Dacca College.
" Nagendranath, B. L.	1878 Hooghly College.
" Nilmani, B. L.	1866 Teacher.
Syamchand, B. L.	1867 Hooghly College.
Dhirajkaran, B. L.	1873 Patna College.
Doran, E.	1880 St. Xavier's College.
Durgaprasad, B. L.	1874 Patna College. 1878 Teacher.
Dutt, William, Dwarkadas	1880 Lahore College.
Evans, R. W.	1861 Bishop's College.
Farid-nd-din, Ahmad	1880 Hooghly College.
Fazialkadir	1869 Presidency College.
Fazi Rusul	1874 Barcilly College.
Fazlul Karim, B. L.	1878 Hooghly College.
Forbes, A. H.	1864 Doveton College.
Gaindunial	1874 Bareilly College.
Gengesaren	1871 Agra College.
Gangopadhyay, Apurbakumar	1874 Presidency College.
TOTAL NO.	•

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Gangopadhyay, Benimadhab
                                   1873 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
               Binodbihari
                                   1868 Krishnaghar College.
                                •••
               Jagadbandhu, B.L. 1867 Cresidency College.
       ,,
               Kalikrishna, B. L.
                                  1875
                                               Ditto.
       ,,
               Kisorimohan, B L.
                                   1869
                                               Ditto.
               Nabinchandra, B.L. 1869
                                               Ditto.
       37
               Narendranath ... 1879 Muir Central College.
       57
               Piyarilal, B. L. ... 1876 Cresidency College.
       "
               Rajunikanta, B. L. 1872
                                               Ditto.
       "
                                   1874 Dacca College.
               Rajaninath
       ,,
                                   1869 Teacher.
               Ramchandra
       "
               Rabichandra, B. L. 1863 Presidency College.
       ,,
                                   1860
               Syamacharan
                                               Ditto.
               Satyacharan, B. L. 1877 Free Church Institution.
Gargari, Haridas
                                   1878 St. Xavier's College.
Gayaprasad
                                   1879 Benares College.
Ghatak, Janakinath, B. L.
                                   1873 Teacher.
Ghosh, Abinaschandra
                                   1863 Presidency College.
       Abinaschandra, B. L.
                                   1871
                                               Ditto.
                                   1872
       Abinaschandra
                                               Ditto.
  21
       Abinaschandra, B. L.
                                   1875
                                               Ditto.
  ,,
                                   1862
       Aghornath, B. L.
                                               Ditto.
  **
       Akshaykumar, B. L.
                                   1875
                                               Ditto.
  .
                                   1871
       Amritalal, B. L.
                                               Ditto.
  39
       Ambikacharan, B. L.
                                   1869 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
       Anantaram, B. L.
                                   1863 Presidency College.
       Annadaprasad, B. L.
                                   1873 Hooghly College.
       Apurbakrishna.
                                   1874 Medical College.
       Ashutosh
                                   1880 Presidency College.
  3)
       Atalbihari, B. L.
                                   1668
                                               Dicto.
       Atulkrishna
                                   1871
                                               Ditto.
  ..
       Atulkrishna, B. L.
                                   1876
                                               Ditto.
       Atulchandra
                                   1880
                                               Ditto.
      Baradaprasad
                                   1874
                                               Ditto.
      Becharam, B. L.
                                   1868 Free Church Institution.
                                   1870 Krishnaghar College.
      Bhubanmohan
  ,,
      Biharilal, B. L.
                                   1875 Presidency College.
  ,,
      Biharilal
                                   1879 Cathedral Mission College.
  23
      Biuodbihari
                                   1875 Hooghly College.
      Bipinbihari
                                   1879 Canning College.
       Birajkrishna, B. L.
                                   1871 Presidency College.
  22
       Chaudidas, B. L.
                                   1877
                                              Ditto.
       Chandrakumar
                                   1870 Krishnaghar College.
  98
      Chandramohan
                                   1865 Medical College.
  31
      Chandranath, B. L.
                                   1873 Presidency College.
      Debendrachandra, B L.
                                   1865
                                              Ditto.
                                   1870
      Debendranath, B. L.
                                              Ditto.
      Dhankrishna, B. L.
                                   1866 Free Church Institution.
                                   1869
      Durganarayan
                                               Ditto.
  11
      Gopalchandra
                                   1871 L. M. In., Bhowanipore.
 . 95
      Gobiudachandra, B. L.
                                   1875 Presidency College.
  37
      Gebindachandra, B. L.
                                   1869
                                              Ditto.
  ,,
      Haranath, B. L.
                                   1877 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
  71
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Ol al Hamalaidae	1873 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Ghosh, Harankrishna	1866 Dacca College.
" Harichaitanya	1874 Hooghly College.
,, Haridas, B. L.	1871 Dacca College.
" Iswarchandra, B. L.	1876 Presidency College.
,, Jadabchandra, B. L.	1876 Ditto.
" Jadunath	1872 Free Church Institution.
,, Jadunath, B. L. ,, Jaygopal, B. L.	1866 Ditto.
" Jogendranath, B. L.	1871 Presidency College.
Towardranath R L	1875 Ditto.
Jogendranath	1879 Muir Central College.
Koilagchandra	1870 Teacher.
Kalinada R L	1877 Presidency College.
Kadamath R L	1873 Ditto.
Kshatrachandra B L	1868 Ditto.
Mahimchandra R L	1868 Ditto.
Mahimchandra	1872 Cathedral Mission College
Manmathakumar R L	1878 Krishnaghar College.
Manmathanath	1879 Free Church Institution.
Nagendranath	1880 Presidency College.
Mandalal R L	1869 Hooghly College.
Nitrananda	1877 Presidency College.
Niharankumar	1875 Teacher.
Progonnokumar	1870 Krishnaghar College.
Protonchandra	1865 Presidency College.
Privanath R. L.	1869 Ditto.
Privanath	1877 St. Xavier's College.
Radharaman	1875 Teacher.
"Raicharan	1669 Hooghly College.
Rajanikanta	1871 Dacca College.
Raiendralal	1880 Presidency College.
Resendranath, B. L.	1869 Ditto.
Ramoonal	1877 Ditto.
Ramanath	1876 Ditto.
Ramottam	1879 Ditto.
Ramaprasanna, B. L.	1874 Ditto.
Romenn	1868 Queen's Coll., Benares.
Rameakha R L	1871 Sanskrit College.
,, Rasbihari, B. L.	1865 Presidency College.
Saradanracad	. 1877 Free Church Institution.
Saradanrasad R Lu	. 1877 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Saradanragad B L	1878 Presidency College.
" Saratchandra, B. L.	1876 Ditto.
,, Sasikumar	1880 Genl, Assembly's Instn.
" Sasimohan	1872 Berhampore College.
" Satkarichandra	. 1876 Free Church Institution.
Satvakumar	. 1880 Genl. Assembly s Instn.
Srigohandra	. 1859 Presidency College.
Sureschandra, B. L.	. 1870 Ditto.
Tarinicharan, B. L.	. 1865 Ditto.
Tarinicharan B L.	. 1870 Free Church Institution.
Tarinikumar	. 1866 Presidency College.
Trailokyanath	, 1876 Hooghly College.

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1868 Patua College.
Ghosh, Umeschandra, B. L.
       Umeschandra, B L.
                                   1873 Hooghly Coilege.
                                   1873 Presidency College.
       Upendrachandra, B. I.
Ghoshal, Gopalchandra, B. L.
                                   1870
                                              Ditto.
                                   1880
                                              Ditto.
         Nabinchandra
    5>
         Saratkumar, B. L.
                                   1872
                                              Ditto.
    ,,
                                   1872
                                              Ditto.
         Tarapada
    "
                                   1874
         Umanath, B. L.
                                              Ditto.
                                   1872 Bisbon's College.
Gomes, D.
Goonewardene, W. F.
                                   1877 Free Church Institution.
Goswami, Jadunath
                                   1880 Presidency College.
                                   1877
                                              Dit to.
          Kusorilal, B. L.
                                   1861
                                              Ditto
          Herambalal B. 🛂
    13
                                  -1868
                                              Ditte.
          Jadabchandra
          Nrityagopal, B. L.
                                   1879
                                              Ditto.
                                   1875 Patna College.
Gobindacharan, B. L.
                                   1889 Muir Central College,
Gobindaprasad
                                   1873 Presidency College.
Guha, Anathbandhu, B. L.
                                   1872
      Asminikumar, B. L.
                                              Ditto.
                                  1870 Dacca College.
      Brajendrakumar
                                  1873
                                              Ditto.
      Kaminikumar, B. L.
  .
      Piyarilal, B. L.
                                   1863 Presidency College.
  ,,
                               ... 1869 Dacca College.
      Piyarimohan, B. L.
      Rebatuu hau, B. L.
                                   1875
                                              Ditto.
                                   1866 Teacher.
Guni, Sibchandra, B. L.
                                   1880 Genl. Assembly's Iustn.
      Srinibas
                                   1878 Presidency College.
Gupta, Asutosh
       Bipinbihari
                                   1876
                                              Ditto.
  "
                                   1872 Patna College,
       Chandranarayan
                               ...
                                   1876 Presidency College,
       Girindrakumar, B. L.
                                              Dicto.
                                   1868
       Gopalchandra, B. L.
  ,,
                                   1877
       (topalchandra
                                              Dirto.
                                   1870 Krishnaghar College.
       Jagadiswar, B. L.
  .,
                                   1865 Medical College.
       Kalipada
  59
                                  1871 Presidency College.
       Kunjabihari, B. L.
   ,,
                                   1871 Hooghly College.
       Mahananda
  1,
       Mahendranath
                                   1875 Presidency College.
  39
                                   1880 Rajshahye College.
       Prasannakumar
  53
                                   1868 Presidency College.
       Radharaman
   37
                                   1870 Hooghly College.
       Rajendralal
   ,,
                                   1872 Patna College.
       Rajnarayan
   ,,
                                   1868 Free Church Institution.
       Ramgati, B L.
                               ...
   "
                                   1880 Gonl. Assembly's Insul-
       Umeschandra
                                   1877 Muir Central College.
Guruprasad
                                   1877
Gyaprasad
                                              Ditto.
                                   1876 Bareilly College.
Gyaprasad
Hajra, Aghorchandra, B. L.
                                  1874 Presidency College.
                               ... 1866 Free Church Institution.
Haldar, Brajalal, B. L.
                                   1880 Geul. Assembly's Instn.
        Basautakumar
                                   1875 Presidency College.
        Kisorilal .
        Mahimchandra
                                   1863
                                              Ditto.
                                   1868 Tencher.
        Matilal, B. L.
    #1
                                   1866 Presidency College.
        Ramchaudra, B. L.
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Haldar, Syamlal, B. L.			Presidency College.
Hanumanprasad, B. L.		1870	Canning College.
Hargobind Dayal		1878	Ditto.
Hariharuath, B. L.	•••	1871	Patna College.
Harris, T.	•••	1866	Agra College.
" W. A.	•••	1873	Lahore College.
Hati, Banwarilal	•••		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Horst, W. C.	•••		Mussoorie School.
Hosen, Syed	•••		Presidency College.
Hukamchand	•••		Dehli College.
Hukamchand	•••		Lahore College.
Islam, Sirajal, B. L.	•••		Dacca College.
Iswardas	•••		Lahore College.
Izad Bakhsh, B. L.	•••		Hooghly College.
Jagannath (I)	•••		Agia College,
Jaganuath (II)	•••	1878	
Joardar, Mahimchandra, B. L.	***		Berhampore College.
Johns, G. W.	•••		Agra College
Jyotirbid, Gopaldatta	***		Bareilly College.
Kanjilal, Kailaschandra, B. L.	•••		Teacher.
Kar, Gaurkisor	•••		Presidency College.
"Girischandra, B. L.	•••	1872	
,, Harischandra	•••	1875	
" Umacharan, B. L.	•••		Hooghly College.
Karmakar, Bhushanchandra	•••	1875	Presidency College.
,, Hariprasanna	•••	1880	Dacca College.
Kabiraj, Sureschandra	• • •	1875	Patna College.
Kennedy, Pringle	•••	1878	Teacher.
Khan, Muhammad Ali Reza	•••	1870	Agra College.
" Ramdurlabh, B. L.	••	1868	Teacher.
" Ramgopal, B. L.	•••	1871	Krishnaghar College.
Kishenlal	•••		Bareilly College.
Kotal, Umeschandra			Presidency Colloge.
Kriparam	• • •		Lahore College,
Krishnachandra	•••		Benares College,
Krishnadas		1875	
Kshetriya, Lakshminarayan, B	. L.	1877	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Kundu, Nandalal, B. L.		1873	<u> </u>
, Ramkumar	•••		Free Church Institution.
Kunjabiharilal	***		Muir Central College.
Laha, Amarchand			Dacca College.
, Jagadbandhu	• • • •	9 13 18 6	
., Nabadwipachandra	•••	100.	
Lahiri, Asutosh, B. L.			Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Chandrakonta			Cathedral Mission College.
" locardenath R L			Free Church Institution.
Progonnakomur			4 Presidency College.
Durnachandra	•••		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Dunnachandra	•••		3 Cathedral Mission College.
Ramagahandra R I.	***		S Presidency College.
Lakshmanprasad			9 Canning College.
Lal, Syamsundar	4.01		5 Agra College.
Lala, Bindheswariprasad	***		9 Benares College.
Times Timende A orriv ough	• •	, LUI	o morran compani

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Lalchand
                                   1877 Lahore Govt. College.
Lalsing, B. L.
                                   1873 Presidency College.
LeFeuvre, E. A.
                                   1878 Patna College.
Lethbridge, W. M.
                                   1859 Bishop's College.
Lewis, George
                                   1868 Labore Mission School.
Lorimer, G. A.
                                   1869 Teacher.
Madangopal
                                   1872 Delhi College.
Madangopal
                                   1877
                                               Ditto.
Mahabirprasad
                                   1879 Canning College.
Maliomed Wajed, B. L.
                                   1869 Teacher.
                                ...
Maitra, Ambikacharan
                                   1880 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
                                   1874 Presidency College
      Atalbihari, B. L.
      Batukrishna
                                   1878 Muir Central College.
  •
      Bijaykrishna, B. L.
                                ... 1875 Presidency College.
  "
      Hariballahh, B. L.
                                   1868 Teacher,
                                ...
  ,,
                                  1879 Presidency College.
      Herambachandra
                                •••
  "
      Kalipada
                                ... 1878 Canning College.
  "
                                   1877 Presidency College.
      Kasinath, B. L.
                                ...
      Kedareswar, B. L.
                                   1873
                                               Ditto.
  ,,
                                   1859
      Radhagobinda, B. L.
                                               Ditto.
  33
       Rajendralal
                                    1880 Free Church Institution.
  79
       Sasicharan, B. L.
                                   1873 Hooghly College
   "
       Syamacharan
                                    1870 Presidency College.
       Upendranath
                                    1878
                                               Ditto
Majumdar, Ambikacharan, B. L. .. 1874 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
            Anandanath, B. L. ... 1871 Free Church Institution.
     "
            Bhabanikisor
                                    1879 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
                                •••
     **
            Bimalacharan, B. L. ... 1869
                                               Ditto.
     31
            Chandicharan
                                ... 1877 Bennres College.
     99
            Chandramohan, B L... 1870 Presidency College.
     "
            Dakshinacharan, B. L.
                                    1878
                                               Ditto.
     71
            Hridyanath
                                 ... 1879 Pacca College.
     37
            Jagaddurlabh, B. L. ... 1865 Teacher.
     ,,
            Kailaschandra, B. L... 1866 Presidency College.
     .
            Kedarnath
                                    1862
                                               Ditto.
     59
            Kripanath
                                    1878
                                               Ditto.
     "
            Kunjabihari
                                 ... 1877 Free Church Institution
     99
                                 ... 1872 Teacher.
            Mahendrachandra
     **
            Nilkanta
                                 ... 1876 Presidency College.
     *9
            Pratapehandra, B. L... 1867
                                               Ditto.
     "
                                 ... 1872 Dacca College.
           Ramdurlabh
     ,,
            Ramratan
                                    1861 Civil Engineering College.
     "
            Syamacharan, B. L. ...
                                   1837 Presidency College.
     17
            Upendranarayan, B. L. 1869
                                                Ditto.
 Mallik, Akhilcharan, B L.
                                    1869
                                                Ditto.
         Atulcharan, B. L.
                                   1864
                                                Ditto.
    "
         Balaram, B. L.
                                     1864
                                                Ditto.
    32
                                     1868 Hooghly College.
         Biharilal, B. L.
    11
                                     1873 Presidency College.
         Kunjalal
    52
         Lalitmadhab, B. L.
                                 ... 1872
                                                Ditto.
     27
                                 ... 1874 Free Church Institution.
         Latulal
    92
         Mahendranath, B. L.
                                 ... 1873 Presidency College.
     99
         Premchand
                                     1865
                                                Ditto.
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			D C. II
Mallik, Srikanta, B. L.	***		Presidency College.
" Upendrachandra, B. L.	•••	1865	Ditto.
, Ramcharan, B. L.	***	1878	
Mandal, Binodbihari, B. L.	••		Cathedral Mission College.
., Rameswar	••		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Manna, Kailaschandra			Presidency College.
Masanta, Parbaticharan, B. L.	••	187)	
Matilal, Surendranath, B. L.		1875	
Maulik. Jogendrachandra, B. L.			Krishnaghar College.
Mazhar ul Anwar, B. L.	••		Houghly College.
Mazhur Imam, Syed, B. L.	• •		Patna College.
Mendes, H. E., B. L.	••		Doveton College.
Mewaram	••		Bareilly College,
Misra, Biharilal	• •		Hooghly College.
,, Lakshmisavkar	•1	1869	Benares College.
" Ramsankar		1876	Ditto.
,, Umasankar	••	1877	Ditto.
Mitra, Abhayacharan			Presidency College.
,, Abinaschandra		1880	Ditto.
, Akshaykumar, B. L.		1872	Hooghly College.
" Ambikacharan, B. L.	• •	1877	Ditto.
" Amulyacharan		1879	Presidency College.
" Abinaschandra, B. L.	.,	1568	Ditto.
, Bankımchandra		1880	Ditto.
' Ronimadhab		1864	Ditto.
, Bhagabaticharan		1871	Patna College.
Bharabaticharan		188)	Hooghty College.
Bhubanmohan, B. L.			Free Church Institution.
Riburilal		1872	Cathedral Mission College.
"Ribarilal B L	. •		Presidency College.
Rincellaibari B. L.		1868	
" Biroinbihari R L.		1872	Ditto.
Rivosway		1561	
Riggedmhhar R L	1.0	1872	
Charnchandra B. L.	1.	1875	Ditto.
Dohondranath R L	,,		Free Church Institution.
Dwarkanath, B. L.	.,	1866	Presidency College.
Birindranath B L	••		Cathedral Mission College,
Oirischandra B L	••		Presidency College
Gonellal B L	•••		Teacher.
Gorandenchandra	•••		Hooghly College,
Gobindachandra B. L.	••		Patna College.
Haricharan R L.	•••		Presidency College.
Haricharan	100		General Assembly's Instn.
Hiralal, B. L.		1873	
	141		Free Church Institution.
" Jadunath, B. L. Jadunath	144	-	Teacher.
			Free Church Institution.
Jogeschandra, B. L.	104		Presidency College.
Jogindranath, B. L.	1		Teacher.
, Kalkumar	***		Presidency College.
Kartikchandra, B. L.	***		General Assembly's Instn.
Krishnakumar	•••		Presidency College.
" Kshetramohan	***	1010	Tresuction consists

Mitra,	Madanmohan, B. L.		Presidency College.
27	Mahendrachandra, B. L.	1869	Hooghly College.
>>	Mahendralal, B. L.	1864	Presidency College.
3)	Mahendranath, B. L.	1866	Ditto.
27	Mahendrapath, B. L.	1869	General Assembly's Instn.
"	Mahondranath, B. L.	1873	Presidency Gollege.
3>	Manmohan, B. L.	1870	Free Church Institution.
"	Mohanchandra,	1876	General Assembly's Instn.
72	Nageudrachandra	1880	Hooghly College.
>,	Narasinhachandra, B. L.	1863	Presidency College.
,,	Nalininath, B. L.		Hooghly College.
27	Prasannakumar, B. L.		Krishnaghar College.
**	Prasannabadan		Queen's College, Benares.
,,	Priyanath		Free Church Institution.
1)	Purnachandra		Teacher.
,,	Purnehandra, B L.		Free Church Institution.
92	Purnachandra, B. L.		Cathedral Mission College.
91	Purnachandra, B. L.		General Assembly's Instn.
**	Purnachandra		Presidency College.
,,	Radhikacharan, B. L.		General Assemblyis Instn.
,,	Rajaninath, B. L.	1868	Hooghly College.
21	Rajeswar		Patna College.
27	Ramcharan, B. L		Presidency College.
"	Rameschandra, B. L.	1860	Ditto.
,,	Rammohau	1877	
,,	Saradacharan, B. L.	1870	Ditto
,,	Saratchandra, B. L.	1877	
53	Surendranath		Cathedral Mission College.
91	Surendranath, B. L.		Presidency College.
27	Syamacharan		Krishnaghar College.
37	Syamaldhan		Goul. Assembly's Instn.
p,	Tarabilas, B. L.	1863	Presidency College. Ditto.
"	Trailokyanath (No. 1) B.	1863	
17	Trailokyanath (No. 2) B.		Teacher.
,,	Upendrachandra, B. L.		Presidency College.
**	Upendranath, B. I Upendranath, B. L.	1868	
Molia			Delhi College.
	nta, Radhikanath		Presidency College.
Molal			Delhi College.
	unmad Ismail		Patna College.
	opadhyay, Abhaycharan		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
	Advanath R. T.	1871	
,	Amarohandra R T.		Houghly College.
<b>)</b> ;	Ambikacheran R L	1874	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
31	Agntoch B [.		Presidency College.
,	Agurogh		Hooghly College.
,	Ahinasakandra R L		Presidency College.
,	, Bamapada		Hooghly College.
	, Becharam, B. L		Presidency College.
	, Bhagawanchandra		Teucher.
	, Bhabanicharan	1870	
,	Rholonath R L	1872	Free Church Institution.
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Mukhopadhyay, Bidhubhushan, B.L. 1873 Canning College.
                                   1869 General Assembly's Instn.
        Biharilal, B. L.
        Biharilal
                                   1876 Presidency College.
    "
        Biharilal
                                  1878 Patna College.
    11
                                ... 1880 Canning College.
        Binodlal
    "
        Bipinbihari, B. L.
                                   1870 Krishnaghar College.
    3)
        Bipinbihari, B. L.
                                   1873 Presidency Collego.
    37
         Bipradas
                                   1868 Krishnaghar College.
    "
         Brajagopal
                                    1877 Presidency College.
    "
         Chandrabhushan
                                               Ditto.
                                    1871
    "
         Chandrasekhar (No. 2) ...
                                   1872
                                               Ditto.
    27
         Chandrasekhar, B. L.
                                    1877 Teacher.
    >>
                                    1880 Patna College.
         Charuchandra
    "
                                    1863 Teacher.
         Dinanath
    39
         Durgadas, B. L.
                                    1870
                                               Ditto.
    "
                                    1873 Free Church Institution.
         Durgadas
     "
                                    1861 Presidency College.
         Gangaprasad
     32
         Girijabhushan, B. L.
                                    1870
                                               Ditto.
     "
                                    1872 Krishnaghar College.
         Girindranath
     "
         Girischandra, B. L.
                                    1866 Presidency College.
     "
         Gopalchandra (No.1) B.L.
                                               Ditto.
                                    1867
     "
         Gopalchandra, B. L.
                                    1868
                                                Ditto.
     .,
                                    1877 Benares College.
         Gopalchandra
     ,,
         Gopallal, B. L.
                                    1869 Presidency College.
     99
                                    1868 Free Church Institution.
         Gopimohan, B. L.
     17
         Gobindadeb, B L.
                                    1871 Hooghly College.
         Haragobinda, B. L.
                                    1866 Presidency College.
                                                Ditto.
         Haranchandra, B. L.
                                    1877
     ,
         Harabilas, B. L.
                                                Ditto.
                                    1873
                                    1876
                                                Ditto.
         Harendranath, B. L.
     99
                                                Ditto.
         Haridas, B. L.
                                     1872
     "
                                    1878 St. Xavier's College.
         Haridas
         Hiralal
                                    1874 Cathedral Mission College
                                    1869 Krishnaghar College.
         Hariprasanna, B. L.
     21
                                     1879 Presidency College.
         Hariprasanna
                                 •••
         Haripurna
                                     1876 Muir Central College.
     "
                                     1874 General Assembly's Instn.
         Hemchandra, B. L.
     ,,
                                     1876 Hooghly College.
         Hiralal, B. L.
                                     1861 Presidency College.
         Jadunath, B. L.
     97
                                     1867 Krishnaghar College.
         Jadunath
     75
          Jagneswar, B. L.
                                     1862 Presidency College.
                                     1880 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
          Jagneswar
     ..
          Janakinath, B. L.
                                     1865 Presidency College.
     "
                                     1872 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
          Jaygopal. B. L.
                                     1876 Presidency College.
          Jogindrachandra, B. L....
     19
                                     1879 Free Church Institution.
         Jogindrachandra, B. L...
     11
          Jogindranath, B. L.
                                     1871 Presidency College.
     "
                                                Ditto.
          Jogindranath, B. L.
                                     1874
     22
                                     1874 Free Church Institution.
          Jogindranath, B. L.
     "
                                     1879 Presidency College.
          Jogindranath, B. L.
     90
                                     1863
                                                Ditto.
          Kailaschandra, B. L.
     "
                                     1875 Free Church Institution.
          Kalidas
     53
          Kalidhan, B. L.
                                     1875 Presidency College.
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1878 Lahore College.
Mukhopadhyay, Kalikrishna
         Kalinath, B. L.
                                   1872 Krishnaghar College.
    27
        Kalipada, B. L.
                                   1873 Gent Assembly's Instn.
    "
                                   1863 Presidency College.
         Kaliprasanna, B. L
    "
                                   1880 Patna College.
        Kaliprassanna
                                ...
    37
        Kanailal, B. L.
                                   1864 Presidency College.
    33
                                   1870
                                               Ditto.
         Kanailal, B. L.
                                   1874
         Kantichandra, B. L.
                                               Ditto.
    "
         Kapaliprasanna, B. L.
                                    1865
                                               Ditto.
    11
         Karunasindhu, B. L.
                                    1874
                                               Ditto.
    3)
                                               Ditto.
         Krishnadhan
                                    1879
    "
         Krishnamohan.
                                    1862
                                               Ditto.
    "
                                    1871
                                               Ditto.
         Kshetramohan, B. L.
                                    1874 Cathedral Mission College.
         Kshetramohan
    "
                                    1862 Presidency College.
         Kshetraprasad, B. L.
     "
                                    1874 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
         Kumadinikanta, B. L. ..
     ,,
         Mahendranath, B. L.
                                    1873 Free Church Institution.
     "
                                    1874 Houghly College
         Manuathanath, B. L.
     "
                                    1879
                                               Ditto.
         Mukundadeb
     "
         Nabinkrishna, B. L.
                                    1863 Presidency College.
     ,,
         Nabinkrishna, B. L.
                                    1860
                                               Ditto.
     "
         Nilalohit, B. L.
                                    1877 Cathedral Mission College.
     "
         Nilambar, B. L.
                                    1864 Presidency College.
     "
         Nilmani, B. L.
                                    1866
                                                Ditto.
     "
         Nibaranchandra, B. L. ..
                                    1865
                                                Ditto.
         Nrisinhachandra, B. L..
                                    1866
                                                Ditto.
     71
         Nrityagopal
                                    1880 Gcnl. Assembly's Instn.
     .,
          Phanibushan
                                    1880
                                                Ditto.
     "
          Piyarimohan, B. L.
                                    1862 Presidency College.
     11
                                    1872 Hooghly College.
          Pramadanath, B. L.
     ,,
          Priyanath, B. L.
                                    1871 Presidency College.
     "
          Purnachandra
                                     1877
                                                Ditto.
     "
          Purnachandra
                                    1880 Muir Central College.
                                     1875 Hooghly College.
          Rajanikanta, B. L.
                                 •••
      79
          Rajkrishna, B. L.
                                     1866 Presidency College.
     "
                                     1862
                                                Ditto.
          Rajmohan, B L.
     22
                                                Ditto.
          Rajnarayan, B. L.
                                    1875
      "
                                                Ditto.
          Ramchandra, B. L.
                                     1873
      "
          Randban, B. L.
                                     1870 L. M. S. In., Bhowanipore,
      ,,
          Ramprasanna
                                     1880 Presidency College.
                                 ...
      "
          Rambal, B. L.
                                     1859
                                                Ditto.
      "
                                     1872 Free Church Institution.
          Saradaprasad (No. 2).
      "
          Saratchandra (No. 1), B.L.
                                     1873 Presidency College.
      "
          Saratchandra (No. 2),
                                     1873
                                                 Ditto.
      71
          Sasibhushan, B. L.
                                     1863
                                                 Ditto.
      ,,
          Sasibhushan, B. L.
                                     1871
                                                 Ditto.
      ,,
          Sirischandra, B. L.
                                     1875
                                                 Ditto.
      77
                                     1867 Teacher.
          Sitanath, B. L.
      ,,
                                  ... 1875 Presidency College.
          Sibnarayan
      "
                                    1869 Teacher.
          Srikrishna, B. L.
      ,,
                                     1860 Presidency Collage.
          Taraprasanna, B. L.
      77
          Teichandra, B. L.
                                     1873
                                                 Ditto.
                                  ...
      79
                                     1873 Free Church Institution.
          Thakurdas
```

Mukhopadhyay, Tulsidas	. 1877 Cathedral Mission Co llege.
Umacharan	, 1870 Queen's Coll., Benares.
, Umacharan	. 1878 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
, Umakali, B. L.	. 1870 Presidency College.
" Upendrachandra, B. L	
" Upendranath, B. L	1077 1044
" Upendranath .	1977 Claud American Industry Tourism
Munshi, Srinarayan	1070 1024
Munshilal	1054 D. L.P. O. D
Mulraj	1075 T.1. (2.1)
Mustaphi, Chandragati, B. L.	7077 Tr. 17 /171
No A laborary also associate	1970 13:44
Domoohanan D T	10H1 TVIII
Randachaman R L	14)70 TV:44.
", Baradacharan, B. L	4.0年間。 第5.50
" Haradhan, B. L. "	
" Jagadbandhu, B. L	••
"Kuujalal "	
"Kunjabihari, P. L	•
" Mahendranath, B. L	
" Rebatikanta	
" Sambhachandra B. L	
" Sibchandra, B. L	
" Syamakanta, B. L	
Nagwant Sahay, B. L	1877 Patna College.
Naha, Anangamohan, B. L	1873 Teacher.
Namasiyaya, V	1878 Cathedral Mission Coll.
Nandakisor	1870 Debli College.
Nandakisor	SOMA TALL.
Nandan, Hemchandra, B. L	1867 Teacher.
Nandi, Becharam	1979 Ditto
" Loknath	1979 Descidence College
Domanath D 1	1001 Thitis
Damanahandan D. I.	1050 11:440
Nambale Chand	1000 Danavar Callaga
	10FO Talana Callana
Narayan Das	1075 Dates Callege
Narayanprasad, B. L Nehalchandra	
Niblett, R. H.	
Niogi, Basantakumar, B. L	
" Saradaprasad, B. L	
", Trailokyamohan, B. L	
Nizamdeen Hasan, B. L	•
Obed-ul Rahman, B. L.	
Pain, Amritalal, B. L.	1873 Presidency College.
" Chandrakanta, B. L.	1869 Krishnaghar College.
,, Iswarprasad	1877 Genl. Assembly s Instn.
" Naudadulal, B. L.	1872 Presidency College.
" Priyalal	1879 Ditto.
Pal, Abhaycharan, B. L.	1874 Teacher.
" Amritalal, B. L.	1863 Presidency College.
Anurhakriahna R L	1875 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
" Baikunthauath, B. L.	1861 Presidency College.
Benimadhab	1866 Free Church Institution.
A market hand a second	

274 1 74 1			
Pal, Bholanath	•••	1859	Presidency College.
" Biharilal, B. L.	•••	1873	Ditto.
,, Hiralal	•••	1873	Hooghly College.
" Jadanath	•••	1872	Presidency College.
,, Kartikchandra, B. L.	••	1868	Hooghly College.
" Maniklal	•••	1879	Ditto.
" Navigopal, B. L.	•••	1874	Cathedral Mission College.
" Rajchandra	***	1876	Teacher.
, Saratchaudra	•••	1879	Presidency College.
" Srilath, B. L.	•••	1868	Hooghly College.
,, Tulsicharan	***	1877	Presidency College.
Palit, Harinath	•••	1874	Cathedral Mission College,
,, Priyanath	•••	1877	Presidency College.
,, Tarakuath, B. L.	•••	1866	
, Umeschandra, B. L.	•••	1877	General Assembly's Instn.
Pande, Hariram	• • •	1880	Muir Central College.
" Ramabatar	•••	1877	
,, Sibadatta	•••		Benares College.
Pandit, Jwalanath, B. L.	•••	1871	Presidency College.
, Kedarnath	***	1876	Cauning College.
,, Prannath, B. L.	***	1873	Presidency College.
., Suryyanarayan B. L.	•••	1875	Canning College.
Panja, Nrisinhamurari	• • •	1871	Free Church Institution.
Panre, Janakinath	•••	1867	Berhampore College.
Parel, Bhubanmohan	•••	1865	Free Church Institution.
Parmananda Pathole Inglesia	•••	1877	Agra College.
Pathak, Jwalaprasad	•••	1878	Hooghly College.
,, Ramratan, B. L.		1868	
Patuaik, Chaturbhuj	•••	1877	Presidency College.
Pattadar, Gurugobinda Phillips, A. S.	•••	15/8	Krishnaghar College.
Popelay, Lachmandas	•••		Teacher.
	•••	1872	Delhi College.
Pramanik, Jasadanandan, B. L. Rameswar		1970	Krishunghar College.
Prayagdas	***	1077	Canning College.
Prayaguath, B. L.	•••	1071	Muir Central College.
Priyadas	•••	1070	Patna College.
Raghunaudanprasad, B. L.	***	10/0	Agra College.
Raghunathprasad	•••	1078	Patna College.
Rakshit, Brajamohan	***	1011	Muir Central College.
Rambart, T. A.	***	1974	Presidency College.
Ramdayal	•••		Teacher.
Ramlai		10/0	Lahore College.
Rashakabihari	•••	1880	Agra College.
Ratanchand	** 4-6	1868	
Ratnaparki	•••		
Raushanlai	***	1970	Benares College.
Ray, Akshaykumar	•••	1988	Agra College,
America Ind The Y	***	1972	Presidency College.
Ammitalal	***	1880	Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Abinaschandra	10.5		
, Atulkrishna	• • •	1870	Presidency College.
Baileantanath	•••	1967	Hooghly College.
), Daramonimon	400	1001	Dacca College.

-	D D. T.		1950 l	Providency College
Ray,	Bamacharan, B. L.			Presidency College. Ditto.
*>	Baranasi, B. L.		1866	
"	Benibhushan		1880	Ditto.
"	Benimadhab, B. L.		1866	
29	Benimadhab, B. L.			Hooghly College.
,,	Bholanath			Queen's Coll., Benares.
,,	Bijaykrishna, B. L.	1.0		General Assembly's Instu.
"	Bipinchandra, B. L.			Presidency College.
73	Brajanath			Genl Assembly's Instn.
"	Chandrakumar, B. L.	19.		Teacher.
79	Chandrakumar	••		General Assembly's Instu.
>>	Chandranarayan			Hooghly College.
27	Debendranath	***	1871	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowani-
	_			pore.
,,	Debendranath, B. I.	•••		Patna College.
,,	Dhaneschandra			Free Church Institution.
79	Dineschandra, B. L.	•••		Presidency College.
77	Durgasundar, B. L.			Dacca College.
11	Ganganarayan, B L.	• • •		Presidency College.
,,	Girischandra, B. L.	•	1873	Queen's College, Benares.
"	Girischandra, B. L.	•••	187 <i>1</i>	Cathedral Mission College.
"	Gopalchandra	• • •		Presidency College.
27	Gurbaksh	••		Agra College.
-	Haralal	•••	1862	Presidency College.
71 71	Harendranarayan, B. L.		1873	Dacoa College.
-	Haricharan		1876	Canning College.
"	Hariuarayan, B. L.	•••	1864	Teacher.
77	Harinath, B. L.		1875	Presidency College.
91 29	Harinath		1880	Krishuaghar College.
	Indranarayan, B. L.		1879	Hooghly College.
"	Jogendranath	••	1879	Presidency College.
"	Jogeschandra, B. L.	•••	1874	Ditto.
39	Jnanendralal, B. L.		1873	Ditto.
)7	Kalimohan	•••	1880	Ditto.
97	Kaliprasanna	•••	1878	Cathedral Mission College.
35	Kaliprasanua, B. L.	•••		Presidency College.
23	Kedarnath	***	1877	Cathedral Mission College.
<b>)</b>	Kedarnath, B. L.	•••	1874	Dacoa College.
<b>)</b>	Kesabchandra, B. L.	90 1	1866	Presidency College.
**	Kisorimohan, B. L.	•••	1868	Ditto.
"	Krishnanath, B. L.	***	1866	Ditto.
59	Kuladakinkar, B. L.	•••	1877	Ditto.
11	Madhabchandra	•••	1862	Civil Engineering College.
17	Madhusudan	•••	1024	Presidency College.
91	Mahandranath, B. L.		1000	Cathedral Mission College.
\$1	Mahendianath, B. L.	•••		Patna College.
91	Mukundanath, B. L.	***		Presidency College.
,	Nagandranath	441	1000	Berhampore College.
91	Nuhadwinchandra B. L.		1077	Free Church Institution
<b>)</b>	Nahinchandra B. L.	964		Cathedral Mission College.
91	Magandeanath	140	1000	material and a second s
<b>31</b>	Nikaniahihari	•••		Hooghly College.
95 •	Wilmadhah K. L.		1000	Patna College.
•	<b>,</b>			

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Ray, Parbaticharan
                                    1862 Teacher.
                                    1866 Presidency College.
     Piyarilat, B. L.
                                    1864
                                              - Ditto.
     Prasannachandra, B. L.
                                •••
  37
                                    1873
     Prasannagopal, B. L.
                                               Ditto.
  ,,
                                  1867 Free Church Institution.
     Prasannakumar, B. L.
                                ...
     Prasannakumar, B. L.
                                ... 1879 Presidency College
  "
     Purnachandra
                                   1872 Cathedral Mission College.
  22
     Purnachandra, B. L.
                                ... 1872 Krishnaghar College.
     Radhanath
                                ... 1870 Presidency College.
  ,,
                                   1872
     Raj minath
                                               Ditto.
  "
                                ... 1867
     Rajchaudra, B. L.
                                               Ditto.
     Rajendranath, B. L.
                                   1877 Canning College.
  ,,
                                   1877 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
     Rangalal
                                • • •
  35
     Saileudrabandhu, B. L.
                                ... 1879 Hooghly College.
     Saradaprasanna, B. L.
                                ... 1872 Benares College.
     Saradaranjan
                                ... 1878 Dacca College.
                                ... 1879 Presidency College.
     Sasadhar, B. L.
  ,,
                                ... 1874
     Satischandra
                                               I) it to.
  75
     Satischandra, B. L.
                                   1875
                                               Ditto.
                                •••
  77
                                ... 1873
     Satyacharan
                                               Ditto.
  ,,
     Sitanath, B. L.
                                ... 1877
                                               Ditto.
  "
                                   1873 Patna College.
     Sibnandanial
  72
     Sudhansubhushan, B. L.
                                ... 1876 Free Church Institution.
  "
                                ... 1870 Teacher.
     Syamchand, B. L.
 75
                                ... 1873 Delhi College.
     Syamjas
 "
     Ugrakanta
                                   1877 Presidency College.
 22
                                ... 1877 Cathedral Mission College.
     Umacharan
Raychaudhuri, Debendrakumar, BL 1872 Presidency College.
                                ... 1871
              Jadabkrishna
                                               Ditto.
      "
               Khirodehaudra
                                ... 1872
                                               Ditto.
      ,,
               Kshetramohan, B.L. 1866 Free Church Institution
      77
                                ... 1866 Presidency College.
               Matilal, B. L.
Raza Hossein
                                ... 1876 Bareilly College.
Rebello, P. T.
                                ... 1872 St. Xavier's College,
                                ... 1871
Rostan, J. B.
                                               Ditto.
                                ... 1872 Bishop's College.
Rothwell, J. M. G.
                                ... 1873 Presidency College.
Rudra, Bhagabatchandra
                                    1868 Free Church Institution.
Saha, Gopulchondra, B. L.
                                ... 1870 Patua College.
Sahay, Jadumath, B. L.
                                ... 1869 Presidency College.
       Raghubansa, B. L.
                                ... 1880 Katak College.
Babu, Durgacharan
                                ... 1873 Patna College.
Sajibanlal
                                ... 1878 Benarcs College.
Sajibanlal
                                ... 1866 Free Church Institution.
Samanta, Nilmadhab, B. L.
                                ... 1864 Doveton College.
Sandel, M. L., B. L.
                                ... 1868 Lahore College.
Sanjhimal
                                    1877 Agra College.
Sankardayel
                                   1871
Sankarlal
                                               Ditto.
                                ... 1877 Muir Central College.
Sanbardas
Sunyal, Abhaycharan
                                    1878
                                               Ditto.
                                ...
                                   1872 Teacher.
        Bhubaumohan, B. L.
   •
        Chandrasekhar
                                    1866 Queen's College, Bonares.
   31
                                ... 1872 Presidency College.
        Harischandra, B. L.
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Sanyal, Jogendranath, B. L.
                                   1871 Cathedral Mission College.
        Kedarnath
                                   1874 Hooghly College.
   "
        Krishnagopal, B. L.
                                  1873 Cathedral Mission College.
   "
        Mahendranath, B. L.
                                  1871 Presidency College.
   77
        Mathuranath
                                   1876 Free Church Institution.
   "
        Ramial, B L.
                                   1869
                                               Ditto.
   "
                                   1866 Queen's College, Benares.
        Umeschandra
Sarkar, Akshaychandra
                                   1867 Hooghly College.
        Asutosh
                                   1879 Dacca College.
   "
        Biharilal
                                   1880 Presidency College.
   11
        Chandrasekhar, B. L.
                                   1877
                                               Ditto.
                                ...
   "
        Charuchandra
                                   1879
                                               Ditto.
   "
        Dinamath, B. L.
                                   1872 Krishnaghar College.
    77
        Golapchandra, B. L.
                                   1870 Sanskrit College.
    27
        Gopalchandra
                                    1880 Rajshahye College.
   22
        Haradhan
                                   1872 Free Church Institution.
                                ... 1871 Cathedral Mission College.
        Jagatchandra
   "
                                ... 1879 Dacca College.
        Jaganmohan, B. L.
    "
        Jagatnarayan, B. L.
                                    1879 Patua College.
                                ...
        Jogeschandra
                                    1871 Presidency College.
    23
        Kaliprasanna
                                    1866
                                               Ditto.
    "
        Kedarnath, B. L.
                                    1869 Cathedral Mission College.
    "
         Kisorilal, B. L.
                                   1866 Presidency College.
    ,,
         Krishnachandra, B. L.
                                    1866
                                               Ditto.
    "
                                    1874 Free Church Institution.
         Mahendranath
    "
         Matilal, B. L.
                                    1872 Presidency College.
    "
         Nugeudranath
                                    1876
                                               Ditto.
    "
                                    1877 Cathedral Mission College.
         Naudalal
    77
         Narendranath, B. L.
                                    1874 Presidency College.
    "
         Nilkanta
                                               Ditto.
                                    1875
         Nrityagopal, B. L.
                                    1874 Free Church Institution.
    37
         Pareschandra, B. L.
                                    1866 Presidency College.
    77
         Ramchandra
                                    1880 Dacca College.
    "
         Ramnarayan, B. L.
                                 ... 1878 Patna College.
    "
         Sasibhushan
                                    1869 Krishnaghar College.
    "
         Siddheswar, B L.
                                    1873 Presidency College.
    .,
         Surendranath, B. L.
                                    1871
                                                Ditto.
    22
                                     1871 Krishnaghar College.
         Taraknath
    "
         Umeschaudra
                                     1859 Free Church Institution.
    "
         Umeschandra, B. L.
                                     1861 Presidency College.
 Sarma, Nabinchandra, B. L.
                                     1876 Cathedral Mission College.
                                    1864 Presidency College.
 Sarbadhikari, Rajkumar, B. L.
                                 ...
               Amritakumar, B. L.
                                     1871 Sanskrit College.
 Sayyid, Faizuddin Hosain
                                     1877 Hooghly College.
 Scott, G. W.
                                     1877 Patna College.
 Sen, Adharial
                                    1877 Presidency College.
      Adityachandra, B. L.
                                                Ditto.
                                 ... 1874
  11
                                    1864 Dacea College.
      Akhilchandra, B. L.
  7>
                                 ... 1871 Hooghly College.
      Akshaykumar, B. L.
     Ambikacharan, B. L.
                                     1872 Presidency College.
      Ambikacharan
                                     1878 Medical College.
  37
      Annadacharan
                                     1880 Dacca College.
                                     1868 Teacher.
      Anaudagopal
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_	A 1.1 2.1		1075	Door'd was Callege
sen,	Apurbakrishna	•••		Presidency College.
"	Asutosh, B. L.	•••	1873	Ditto.
77	Baikanthanath, B. L.	•••	1863	Ditto.
**	Baradagobinda, B. L.	•••	1868	
"	Basantakumar	•••		Dacca College.
77	Batakrishna, B. L.	•••	1872	Presidency College.
**	Bhubanmohau	***		Dacca College.
<b>3</b> 7	Bipinbihari, B. L.	•••		Hooghly College.
77	Chandicharan	•••		Presidency College.
>>	Chandrakanta	•••	1880	Ditto.
>7	Chandramohan, B. L.	•••		Dacca College.
53	Dinanath, B. L.		1865	Ditto.
"	Dinabandhu	•••		Teacher.
31	Durgacharan, B. L.	•••		Presidency College.
"	Gaurballabh, B. L.	•••		Cathedral Mission College
<b>51</b>	Girischandra, B. L.		1873	Presidency College.
1)	Guruprasad, B. L.		1863	Ditto.
1>	Haricharan, B. L.	•••	1872	Free Church Institution.
"	Harimohan	•••	1879	Dacca College.
,,	Harinath	•••		Teacher.
"	Hemchandra	•••	1878	Ditto.
"	Jagneswar, B. L.		1872	Presidency College.
"	Jatramohan, B. L.			Cathedral Mission College
	Jaykrishna	•••		Presidency College.
<b>31</b>	Kailaschandra	•••	9 (15)	Free Church Institution.
**	Kalikumar, B. L.			Presidency College.
11	Kalimohan, B. L.	•••	_ ~ _	
31	Kamalakanta, B. L.	•••	- 0.00	
57	Kamalakanta		-0.30	Teacher.
2)	Kanailal, B. L.	***		Presidency College.
**	Kosikanta, B. L.	***	1000	
>7	Kedarnath, B. L.	•••		Gonl. Assembly's Instn.
3>	Krisorilal, B. L.			Hooghly College.
>>	Krishnakumar	•••		Free Church Institution.
>9	Krishnabihari.			Presidency College.
**	Lalgopal, B. L.	•••		Krishnaghar College.
*>	Lalmohan	•••		Presidency College.
"	Maheschandra	•••		Houghly College,
"	Matilal	•••		Presidency College.
>7	Nabinchandra	***		Genl. Assembly's Instn.
39	Narendranath	• • •		Presidency College.
9>		•••	1000	
"	Prasannakumar, B. L.	***	1004	
97	Radhakrishna, B. L.	••		
2,	Radhanath, B. L.	***	-	_ ``
>>	Rajkrishna, B. L.			
99	Rajkumar	•••		Teacher.
•	Ratneswar, B. L.	***		Presidency College.
<b>)</b>	Saradaprasad, B. L.	•••		
"	Saradaprasad	***		Dacca College.
**	Saratchandra	•••		
**		•••		Presidency College.
51		• • •		Dacca College.
72	Susibhushan	•••	TOOL	Presidency College.

San Catrobinhan D I	1960 Dunnidaman Callana
Sen, Satyakinkar, B. L.	1869 Presidency College.
" Srikanta, B. L. " Srinath	1878 Genl. Assembly's Instn. 1877 Ditto.
" Sulpani	
	1878 Presidency College. 1863 Ditto.
" Syamial " Taracharan, B. L.	1873 Ditto.
Taruprasanna, B. L.	1874 Ditto.
The same of the sa	1871 Hooghly College.
" Trailokyanath " Trigunacharan	1876 Presidency College.
Umagahundaa R L	1873 Free Church Institution.
	1875 Hooghly College.
Sengupta, Kalidas, B. L. ,, Kisorimohan	1879 Ditto.
Sonmajumdar, Jadabehandra	1880 Dacca College.
Set, Girischandra, B. L.	1873 Queen's College, Benarcs.
77 1 12 . 8	1869 Presidency College.
	1876 Free Church Institution.
" Manilal, B. L.	_ ` .
Sheolal	1877 Teacher.
Sherman, S. T.	1870 St John's College, Agra.
Shionath	1870 Delhi College.
Sikdar, Kisorimohan, B. L.	1878 Krishnaghar College.
Sil, Binodbihari	1876 Free Church Institution.
" Brajendrakumar, B. L.	1862 Presidency College.
,, Gobindachandra, B. L.	1864 Ditto.
" Jadabchandra, B. L.	1866 Ditto.
"Kanadal	1874 Medical College.
", Kanailal, B. L.	1876 Cathedral Mission College.
Simmonds, W. J.	1864 Doveton College.
Sing, Bhupson B. L.	1869 Presidency College,
" Budhsen, B L.	1867 Ditto
, Prayag	1871 Benares College.
", Saligram, B. L.	1871 Presidency College.
Sinha, Baladeb	1878 Ditto.
" Brajanandan, B. L.	187d Patna College.
" Brajeschandra	1876 Ditto.
" Chandranarayan	1864 Ditto.
" Harimohan	1874 Ditto.
" Jaygopal, B. L.	, 1867 Free Church Institution.
"Khirodnath	1870 Sanskrit College
" Madhusudan	1870 Berhampore College.
,, Matilal, B. L.	1873 Presidency College.
,, Matilal	1874 Ditto.
" Nikunjabihari, B L.	1873 Free Church Institution.
" Nirmalchandra	1880 Presidency College.
" Pramathakrishna, B. L.	, 1877 Ditto.
" Purnendunarayan	1880 Patna College.
" Ramaprasanna, B. L.	. 1867 Presidency College.
" Ramcharan	1878 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Sibduyal	, 1873 Lahore College.
" Sibpratapnarayan, B. L.	, 1872 Patna College.
" Suryyanarayan, B. L.	1860 Presidency College.
Sitalprasad, B. L.	. 1878 Patna College.
Sitaram	. 1879 Canning College.
Sibsaranlal, B. L.	. 1875 Teacher.
•	

Sivaprasad	1880 Agra College.
Solomons, W. H.	1878 Cathedral Mission College.
Som, Baradaprasanna, B. L.	1866 Free Church Institution.
" Brajabihari, B. L.	1867 Ditto.
" Debendralal, B. L.	1867 Hooghly College.
, Jaygobinda, B. L.	1860 Free Church Institution.
" Murarilal, B. L.	1874 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
,, Saradaprasad	1877 Hooghly College.
, Srilal	1878 Ditto.
" Tralokayanath	1880 Ditto.
Sriram	1869 Delhi Colloge.
Sriram, B. L.	1875 Canning College.
Sukul, Bhadranath	1871 Krishnaghar College.
,, Kalisaukar	1878 Presidency College.
Sur, Harimohan, B. L.	1874 Hooghly College.
" Hemchandra, B. L.	1874 Genl. Assembly's Instn.
Surjandas	1876 Lahore College.
Syed Ali	1874 Patna College.
,, Khyrat Ahmed, B. L.	1877 Teacher.
,, Sakhawat Hosain	1878 Hooghly College.
Takrim-ud-din	1880 Presidency College.
Talapatra, Ramjadab, B. L.	1861 Berhampore College
Tarafdar, Chandrakisor	1877 Cathedral Mission College.
Taslim-ud-din Ahmed	1877 Presidency College.
Tewari Chandrasehkar, B. L.	1879 Hooghly College.
Thomson, J. B.	1869 Bishop's College.
J. F. (jnnior)	1872 Hooghly College.
,, W. H.	1877 Ditto.
Tiery, E. R. T.	1868 Doveton College. 17
איזיא	1862 Ditto.
Twidale, G. A., B. L.	1865 Ditto.
Umar Baksh	1880 Lahore College.
Vizar, Ained	1873 Barcilly College.
Younan, E., B L.	1869 St. Xavier's College.
Younan, J., B. L.	1868 Presidency College.
Yousoof, Mahomed, B. L.	1867 Ditto.

#### 1881.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of Merit.

Chandra, Aghornath Basu, Kalipada Ghosh, Kuntibhushan Phakirchand Maitra, Rungopal Mitra, Baradacharan Krishnaro Bhatt Guha, Prasannakumar Basu, Kailaschandra Kedarnath ... Presidency College.
... Ditto.
... Hooghly College.
... Muir Central College.
... Canning College.
... Presidency College.
... Muir Central College.
... Dacca College.
... Cathedral Mission College.
... Lahore College.

Sen, Raimohan Das, Damodar Ghosh, Isanchandra Chakrabarti, Jadabchandra Chattopadhyay, Gangacharan Basu, Basantakrishna " Srischandra Misra, Isanchandra Mitra, Lalbihari Majumdar, Nilmadhab Hari Lakshman Indurkar

Presidency College. Benares College. General Assembly's Institution. Presidency College. Hooghly College. Presidency College. Lahore College. Hooghly College. Ditto. Ditto. Muir Central College.

#### SECOND DIVISION.

#### In Alphabetical Order.

Amjad Ali Baldebaram Bandyopadhyay, Asutosh Harilal Sureschandra Basu, Anantakumar " Matilal Bhawanidas Bhattacharyya, Haridas Sibaprasanna Binayek, Moreswar Kelkar Biswas, Jogneswar Chakrabarti, Srischandra Chattopadhyay, Ratinath Datta, Annadacharan De, Bepinbihari Gangaram Sahni Ghosh, Basantakumar Mahendrakumar Jogendrachandra Saradacharan Surendranath Laba, Srischandra Lahiri, Harihar Madan Singh Maitra, Sureschandra Majumdar, Krishnasundar Mandal, Jadunath Misra, Lajjaram Mitra, Saratchandra Shorashicharan Upendrachandra Mukhopadhyay, Harischandra Nandalal Nitvalal Rudra, Madhusudan

Sanyal, Dinanath

Sen, Sasibhushan

Sundarial

.. Patua College. Benares College. Free Church Institution. Adharchandra .. Krishnaghar College. General Assembly's Institution. Hooghly College. Dacca College. Hooghly College. Lahore College. Presidency College. Metropolitan Institution. Muir Central College. Presidency College. Dacca College. Hooghly College. Benarce College. Hooghly College. Lahore College. Dacca College. Ditto. Presidency College. Dacca College. Hooghly College. Presidency College. Ditto. Lahore College. General Assembly's Institution. Dacca College. Presidency College. Canning College. Presidency College. Ditto. Ditto. Hooghly College. Presidency College. Free Church Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Cathedral Mission College. Hooghly College. Muir Central College.

#### THIRD DIVISION.

277		
Adhya, Bipinbihari	•••	Presidency College.
Ali, Ahmed		Patna College.
Bandyopadhyay, Annadaprasad		Metropolitan Institution.
,, Asutosh	• • •	General Assembly's Institution.
,, Dinabandhu	•••	Presidency College.
Kalipada		Metropolitan Institution.
, Kumadnath	• • •	Ditto.
" Nandalal	•••	Ditto.
,, Sasibhushan	•••	Krishnaghar College.
" Syamacharan		Canning College.
Basu, Haridas	•••	Prosidency College.
, Latubihari	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
Suamacharan	•••	Teacher,
Bhattacharyya, Akshaykumar	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
Hamnath	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
Ramanengad	•	Teacher.
Chakrabarti, Asutosh		Presidency College.
('handrakanta	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
, Harachandra	•••	Free Church Institution.
	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
,, Jadunath	•••	Ditto.
" Kunjabihari	•••	
,, Purnachandra		Ditto.
Chandulal	•••	Lahore College.
Chattopadhyay, Gopalchandra	••1	Metropolitan Institution.
" Kalachand	••	Free Church Institution.
" Narayandas		Presidency College.
,, Upondrachand	ira	General Assembly's Institution.
Chaudhuri, Asutosh	••	Presidency College.
" Mohinimohan		General Assembly's Institution
Das, Gangadhar	••	Presidency College.
Datta, Jogendranath	••	Metropolitan Institution.
" Mahendranath		Teacher.
" Nabinchandra	• •	Metropolitan Institution.
Gangopadhyay, Chandrakisor	••	Hooghly College.
Ghatak, Nibaranchandra	••	St. Xavier's College.
Ghosh, Bipinbihari	••	Presidency College.
Janakihallahh		Ravenshaw College.
Madanmohan		Cathedral College,
Parhatinuth	44 )	Oursell Assessed N. D. Touck book and
Parnachandra	• • •	Titte
Gopal Ramchandra Dongri	•••	Marin Contract Callege
Gupta, Kunjabihari	• • • •	The middle of Calle or
Gananashinda	• • •	Daniel Calle
,, Vangagoomua ,, Nagendranath	• • •	Duranislaman Örlürün
Haldar, Satkari	•11	n:i.
Himmat Ali		Title and I am Challe and
		Marin Mariday 1 Mallaga
Hushmat Ullah	•••	
Jha, Ramanath	•	Benarus College.

Kelly, W. A.		01.37 1.4 (0.3)
Kundanlal	•••	St. Xavier's College.
		Teacher.
Lahiri, Lalitmohan	• • •	Rajshahye College.
" Srihari Mainmalan Dalamata	5, <b>0 • •</b>	Presidency College.
Majumdar, Debendranath	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
" Jadunath	•••	Canning College.
Makkar, Gosthabihari	••	Free Church Institution.
Mandal, Prankrishna	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
Mitra, Asutosh	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
,, Birajacharan	•••	Ditto.
. ,, Haridas	•••	Presidency College.
, , Hemchandra	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
,, Chandicharan	• • •	Free Church Institution.
,, Haranchandra	•••	Patna College.
,, Saradaenaran	• • •	Hooghly College.
Mukhopadhyay, Biharilal		Krishnaghar College.
,, Binodbihari	•••	Presidency College.
,, Jaihari	•••	Hooghly College.
,, Saradaprasad	•••	Patua College.
Upondennath	•••	Teacher.
Ohdedar, Narendranath		Canning College.
Pal, Syamacharan	•••	Presidency College.
, Srinath	•••	Ditto.
Pramanik, Krishnadayal	•••	Ditto.
Raghunandanprasad	•••	Benares College.
Ray, Biswambhar	•••	Teacher.
Lagranus	•••	
Nandaganal	•••	Metropolitan Institution. Teacher.
Danardanach	•••	
2 march own	•••	Presidency College.
	•••	Free Church Institution.
Raychaudhuri, Asutosh	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
Saha, Ramlal	•••	Patna College.
Sahay, Ganga	•••	Muir Contral College.
,, Jagannath	•••	Patna College.
Saligram	•••	Canning College.
Samanta, Kalitaran	•••	Presidency College.
Sanyal, Bishnuchandra	•••	Benares College.
, Ramchandra	•••	Presidency College.
Sarkar, Bholanath	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
Sen, Annadakumar	• •	Dacca College.
,, Bipinbihari	•••	Ditto.
" Dakshinacharan	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
Ramlal	•••	Presidency College.
Sinha, Amritalal		Canuing College.
Sur, Akshaykumar	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
Tarachand	•••	Agra College,

# MAHARAJA VIZIANAGRAM SCHOLARSHIP OF Rs. 50 PER MONTH, TENABLE FOR ONE YEAR, AWARDED AT THE B. A.

#### DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Chakrabarti, Girindramohan	•••	1866	Presidency College
Basu, Anandamohan	•••	1867	Ditto.
Datte, Jagadbandhu	•••	1868	Ditto.
Mitra, Kartikchandra	•••	1869	Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Girijabhushan	•••	1870	Ditto.
Basu, Isanchandra	•••	1871	Ditto.
Ray, Rajaninath		1872	Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Saratchandra (No	0.1)	1873	Ditto.
Lahiri, Prasannakumar	•••	1874	Ditto.
Sarkar, Nilkanta		1875	Ditto.
Gupta, Bipinbihari		1876	Ditto.
Sarkar, Chandrasekhar	•••	1877	Ditto.
Agasti, Suryyakumar	•••	1878	Ditto.
Ray, Atulkrishna		1879	Hooghly College.
Chattopadhyay, Digambar	•••	1886	Patna College.
Chandra Aghornath	•••	1881	Presidency College

#### ESHAN SCHOLARSHIP TENABLE FOR ONE YEAR, AWARDED AT THE

#### B. A. DEGREE EXAMINATION.

Mitra, Kartikchandra	•••	1869	Presidency College.
., Saradacharan		1870	Ditto.
Basu, Tsanchandra	•••	1871	Ditto.
Ray, Rajaninath	•••	1872	Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Saratchandra	•••	1873	Ditto.
Lahiri, Prasannakumar	•••	1874	Ditto.
Sarkar, Nilkauta	•••	1875	Ditto.
Gupta, Bipinbihari	•••	1876	Ditto.
Sarkar, Chandrasekhar		1877	Ditto.
Agasti, Suryyakumar	***	1878	
Ray, Atulkrishna	•••	1879	Hooghly College.
Chattopadhyay, Digambar	•••	1880	Presidency College.

## Ander-Graduates.

#### FIRST EXAMINATION IN ARTS.

#### 1879.

#### FIRST DIVISION.

#### In order of Merit.

Sarkar, Durgacharan Chakrabarti, Bhupati  " Mohinimohan Bandyopadhyay, Rajendrachandra Das, Radhagobinda Bhattacharyya, Ramsadan Chattopadhyay, Kunjabihari Chakrabarti, Jnanendranath Mukhopadhyay, Jibanchandra Sukul, Gadadharnath Basu, Phanibhushan Das, Gangachandra Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lai Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sagibhushan Majumdar, Ramchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2) Mukhopadhayay, Upendrachandra  Mukhopadhayay, Upendrachandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2) Mukhopadhayay, Upendrachandra  Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  Mur Central College.  Mur Central College.  Muir Central College.  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.  General Assembly's Institution.  Ditto.  General Assembly's Institution.  Presidency College.  Muir Central College.		_
mandyopadhyay, Rajendrachandra Das, Radhagobinda Bhattacharyya, Ramsadan Chattopadhyay, Kunjabihari Chakrabarti, Jnanendranath Mukhopadhyay, Jibanchandra Sukul, Gadadharnath Basu, Phanibhushan Das, Gangachandra Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lal Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Kamchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Agra College. Sanskrit College. Rajshahye College. Basishahye College. Ceneral Assembly's Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Doveton College. Muir Central College. Fresidency College. Katak College. Katak College. Katak College. Katak College. Fresidency College. Ceneral Assembly's Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. Murr Central College. Muir Central College. Katak College. Katak College. Fresidency College. Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Fresidency College. Katak College. Fresidency College. Katak College. Fresidency College. Katak College. Fresidency College. Katak College. Fresidency Colleg		Metropolitan Institution.
Bandyopadhyay, Rajendrachandra Das, Radhagobinda Bhattacharyya, Ramsadan Chattopadhyay, Kunjabihari Chakrabarti, Jnanendranath Mukhopadhyay, Jibanchandra Sukul, Gadadbarnath Basu, Phanibhushan Das, Gangachandra Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lai Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Ramchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Rajshahye College. Rajshahye College. General Assembly's Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. General Assembly's Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Chatropolitan Institution. Ditto. Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. General Assembly's Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Chatropolitan Institution. Ditto. Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Chatropolitan Institution. Ditto. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. Mur Central College. Muir Central College. Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Fresidency College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Fresidency College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Fresidency College. Krishnaghar College.		Presidency College.
Das, Radhagobinda Bhattacharyya, Ramsadan Chattopadhyay, Kunjabihari Chakrabarti, Jnanendranath Mukhopadhyay, Jibanchandra Sukul, Gadadharnath Basu, Phanibhushan Das, Gangachandra Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lai Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdat, Kamchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Rajshahye College. General Assembly's Institution. Mur Central College. Presidency College. Mutropolitan Institution. Mur Central College. Presidency College. Metropolitan Institution. Oitto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. Ditto. Mur Central College. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Katak College. Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Katak College. Fresidency College. Cooke, Edward Ditto. Ditto. Cooke, Edward Ditto. Ditto. Cooke, Edward Ditto. Cooke, Edwa		Agra College.
Bhattacharyya, Ramsadan Chattopadhyay, Kunjabihari Chakrabarti, Jnanendranath Mukhopadhyay, Jibanchandra Sukul, Gadadharnath Basu, Phanibhushan Das, Gangachandra Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lal Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Kamchandra De, Kunjabihari General Assembly's Institution. Dovcton College. Muir Central College.	Bandyopadhyay, Rajendrachandra	Sanskrit College.
Chattopadhyay, Kunjabihari Chakrabarti, Jnanendranath Mukhopadhyay, Jibanchandra Sukul, Gadadharnath Ray, Manmohan Basu, Phanibhushan Das, Gangachandra Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lai Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Kamchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Mur Central College. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Mur Central College. Presidency College. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Presidency College. General Assembly's Institution. Dacca College. Presidency College.		Rajshahye College.
Chattopadhyay, Kunjabihari Chakrabarti, Jnaneudranath Mukhopadhyay, Jibanchandra Sukul, Gadadbarnath Ray, Manmohan Basu, Phanibhushan Das, Gangachandra Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lal Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Kamchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Metropolitan Institution. Mur Central College. Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Mur Central College. Presidency College.  Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Ceneral Assembly's Institution. Dacca College. Presidency College. College. Presidency College. College. Presidency College. College. Murr Central College. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. College. Muir Central College.		General Assembly's Institution.
Mukhopadhyay, Jibanchandra Sukul, Gadadharnath Ray, Manmohan Basu, Phanibhushan Das, Gangachandra Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lai Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pendit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Ramchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Benares College. Presidency College.  Benares College. Presidency College.  Muitto.  Benares College. Presidency College.  Mutropolitan Institution. General Assembly's Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Muir Central College. Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. General Assembly's Institution. Dacca College. Presidency College.  Ray, Manmohan  Ditto.  Metropolitan Institution. General College. Muir Central College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. General Assembly's Institution. Dacca College. Presidency College.	Chattopadhyay, Kunjabihari	Metropolitan Institution.
Mukhopadhyay, Jibanchandra Sukul, Gadadharnath Ray, Manmohan Basu, Phanibhushan Das, Gangachandra Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lai Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pendit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Ramchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Benares College.  Presidency College.  Benares College.  Presidency College.  Mutto.  General Assembly's Institution.  General Assembly's Institution.  Muir Central College.  Krishnaghar College.  Krishnaghar College.  Krishnaghar College.  Fresidency College.  Ceneral Assembly's Institution.  Muir Central College.  Krishnaghar College.  Fresidency College.  Ceneral Assembly's Institution.  Muir Central College.  Krishnaghar College.  Fresidency College.  Krishnaghar College.  Presidency College.  Muir Central College.  Krishnaghar College.  Fresidency College.  Krishnaghar College.  Presidency College.  Muir Central College.  Krishnaghar College.  Fresidency College.  Muir Central College.  Krishnaghar College.  Presidency College.  Muir Central College.  Krishnaghar College.  Fresidency College.  Muir Central College.  Krishnaghar College.  Fresidency College.  Krishnaghar College.  Fresidency College.  Presidency College.  Fresidency College.	Chakrabarti, Jnaneudranath	Muir Central College.
Sukul, Gadadharnath Ray, Manmohan Basu, Phanibhushan Das, Gangachandra Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lai Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basa, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Ramchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Benares College. Presidency College.  General Assembly's Institution. General Assembly's Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Mutr Central College. Muir Central College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Fresidency College. General Assembly's Institution. Dacca College. Presidency College.	Mukhopadhyay, Jibanchandra	
Ray, Manmohan Basu, Phanibhushan Das, Gangachandra Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lal Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Ramchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Presidency College.  Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Presidency College. Ceneral Assembly's Institution Dacca College. Presidency College. Ceneral Assembly's Institution Dacca College. Presidency College.		Benares College.
Basu, Phanibhushan Das, Gangachandra Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lal Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Ramchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Metropolitan Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Muir Central College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College.  Krishnaghar College. General Assembly's Institution. Dacca College. Presidency College. Presidency College.	Ray, Manmohan	Presidency College.
Das, Gangachandra Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lal Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Kamchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Ditto. General Assembly's Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Metropolitan Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Metropolitan Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. General Assembly's Institution. Docca College. Presidency College. Presidency College.		Ditto.
Sinha, Satyendraprasanna Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lal Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basa, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Ramchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  General Assembly's Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  General Assembly's Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  General Assembly's Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  General Assembly's Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  General Assembly's Institution.  Muir Central College.  Muir Central College.  Krishnaghar College.  Krishnaghar College.  Presidency College.  General Assembly's Institution.  Dacca College.  Presidency College.		Ditto.
Adhikari, Krishnakisor Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lal Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Kamchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghesb, Srischandra (No 2)  General Assembly's Institution. Metropolitan Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Fresidency College. General Assembly's Institution. Dacca College. Presidency College. Presidency College. Presidency College.		- · ·
Basu, Bhupalchandra Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lal Set, Dhanballabh Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pendit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Kamchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Metropolitan Institution. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Presidency College. General Assembly's Institution Dacca College. Presidency College.		
Gupta, Gobindagopal Bhar, Nityananda Cooke, Edward Piyari Lal Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Kamchandra De, Kunjabihari General Assembly's Institution. Deca College. Presidency College. General Assembly's Institution. General Assembly's Institution. Dacca College.		
Cooke, Edward Cooke, Edward Piyari Lal Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Kamchandra De, Kunjabihari General Assembly's Institution. Doveton College. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Presidency College. General Assembly's Institution. Dacca College. Presidency College.		
Cooke, Edward Piyari Lai Bet, Dhanballabh Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Barbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Ramchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Dovcton College. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. General Assembly's Institution Dacca College. Presidency College.		
Piyari Lal Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Muir Central College.  Muir Central College.		
Set, Dhanballabh Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Kamchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Presidency College.  Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College.  Krishnaghar College.  General Assembly's Institution Dacca College.  Presidency College.		Muir Central College
Sukul, Matadin Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Muir Central College. Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Fresidency College. L. O. E. Presidency College. General Assembly's Institution Dacca College. Presidency College. Presidency College. Presidency College.		
Bandyopadhyay, Upendranath Pandit, Matilal Basu, Janakinath Muir Central College. Katak College. Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Krishnaghar College. Presidency College. L. C. E. Basu, Sasibhushan Presidency College. General Assembly's Institution Dacca College. Presidency College. Presidency College. Presidency College. Presidency College.		
Pandit, Matilal  Basu, Janakinath  Muir Central College.  Katak College.  Katak College.  Krishnaghar College.  Krishnaghar College.  Presidency College.  L. C. E.  Basu, Sasibhushan  Muir Central College.  Krishnaghar College.  Presidency College.  General Assembly's Institution  Dacca College.  Presidency College.  Presidency College.		Teacher.
Basu, Janakinath Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Ramchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Katak College. Krishnaghar College. Presidency College. General Assembly's Institution Dacca College. Presidency College.		
Mukhopadhyay, Debendranath Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basa, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Kamchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Krishnaghar College. Presidency College. General Assembly's Institution Dacca College. Presidency College.		
Sarbadhikari, Debaprasad Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Ramchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Presidency College. General Assembly's Institution Dacca College. Presidency College.		
Chattopadhyay, Bhutnath Basu, Sasibhushan Majumdar, Ramchandra De, Kunjabihari Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  L. C. E.  Presidency College.  General Assembly's Institution.  Dacca College.  Presidency College.		
Basu, Sasibhushan  Majumdar, Ramchaudra  De, Kunjabihari  Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2)  Presidency College.  General Assembly's Institution  Dacca College.  Presidency College.		
Majumdar, Ramchandra General Assembly's Institution.  De, Kunjabihari Dacca College.  Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2) Presidency College.		
De, Kunjabihari Dacca College. Ghosh, Srischandra (No 2) Presidency College.		
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Center of the control	Wickhardharay Ilnordranhandra	
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#### SECOND DIVISION.

Abdul Wahab Aganoor, M. S. P.  Atma Ram Balwant Raghunath Pendherker Bandyopadhyay, Kanailal Ramanath Saratchandra Srischandra Srischan
Atma Ram  Balwant Raghunath Pendherker Bandyopadhyay, Kanailal Ramanath Sasibhushan Saratchandra Srischandra Srischandra Taraprasanna Barari, Akshaykumar Basu, Chunilal  Midnapur College. L. M. S. Institution, Bhowa nipur. Berhampore College. Free Church Institution. Dacca College. Agra College. Presidency College. General Assembly's Institution.  Ditto.  Presidency College.  Mahendranath
Balwant Raghunath Pendherker Jabalpur High School.  Bandyopadhyay, Kanailal General Assembly's Institution.  Ramanath Midnapur College.  Sasibhushan Midnapur College.  L. M. S. Institution, Bhowa nipur.  Berhampore College.  Free Church Institution.  Dacca College.  Taraprasanna Presidency College.  Jabalpur High School.  General Assembly's Institution.  Dacca College.  Agra College.  Presidency College.  Jabalpur High School.  General Assembly's Institution.  Dacca College.  Presidency College.  Jabalpur High School.  General Assembly's Institution.  Presidency College.  Hooghly College.  Presidency College.  Mahendranath Presidency College.  Mahendranath Presidency College.  Mahendranath Presidency College.
Bandyopadhyay, Kanailal Ramanath Sasibhushan Saratchandra Srischandra Special Assembly's Institution.  Dacca College. Sendelege. Sendelege Sendelege Special Assembly's Institution.  Presidency College.  Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Special Assembly's Institution.  Sendelege Special Assembly's Institution.  Special Assembly in the Institut
Ramanath Sasibhushan Saratchandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Taraprasanna Barari, Akshaykumar Basu, Chunulal  Midnapur College.  Ere Church Institution. Dacca College. Agra College. Presidency College. General Assembly's Institution.  Jadabkrishna  Midnapur College.  Free Church Institution. Dacca College.  Presidency College.  Presidency College.  Mahendranath  Mahendranath  Presidency College.  Moreocolitan Institution.  Moreocolitan Institution.  Presidency College.
Sasibhushan Saratchandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Taraprasanna  Barari, Akshaykumar Basu, Chunulal  Mahendranath Mahendranat
Saratchandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Mara College. Agra College. Presidency College. General Assembly's Institution. Jadabkrishna Jitto. Nahendranath Mahendranath Mahen
Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Srischandra Dacca College. Agra College. Agra College. Presidency College. General Assembly's Institution. Jadabkrishna Jitto. Presidency College. Hooghly College. Nirodbihari Presidency College. Mahendranath
Srischandra Dacca College. Taraprasanna Agra College. Barari, Akshaykumar Presidency College. Basu, Chumlal General Assembly's Institution. , Jadabkrishna Ditto. , Khagendranath Presidency College. , Mahendranath Hooghly College. , Nirodbihari Presidency College.  Badbikanyasad Metropolitan Institution
Taraprasanaa Agra College.  Barari, Akshaykumar Presidency College.  Basu, Chundal General Assembly's Institution.  Jadabkrishna Ditto.  Khagendranath Presidency College.  Mahendranath Hooghly College.  Nirodbihari Presidency College.  Padbikanyasad Mateorolitan Institution
Barari, Akshaykumar  Basu, Chunilal  Jadabkrishna  Khagendranath  Mahendranath  Nirodbihari  Basu, Chunilal  Mahendranath
Basu, Chumlal General Assembly's Institution.  , Jadabkrishna Ditto.  , Khagendranath Presidency College.  , Mahendranath Hooghly College.  , Nirodbihari Presidency College.  Matropolitan Institution
,, Jadabkrishna Ditto. ,, Khagendranath Presidency College. ,, Mahendranath Hooghly College. ,, Nirodbihari Presidency College.  Radbikunyasud Matyopolitan Institution
" Khagendranath Presidency College. " Mahendranath Hooghly College. " Nirodbihari Presidency College.  Radbikunyasud Metropolitan Institution
" Mahendranath Hooghly College. " Nirodbihari Presidency College. Radbikanyasud Matropolitan Institution
" Nirodbihari Presidency College.
Radhikanyasud Matyanalitan Institution
, traditivaliasas precioborium thansamon.
" Raicharan General Assembly's Institution.
" Saratkisor … Hooghly College.
"Sureschandra Sanskrit College.
Bhaduri, Chandrabhushan Krishnaghar College.
Bhattacharyya, Kailaschandra General Assembly's Institution.
Biswas, Srischandra Sanskrit College.
Chakrabarti, Harendranarayan Hooghly College.
" Harihar Presidency College.
Kshetrapal General Assembly's Institution.
Mahendranath Muir Central College.
" Rajmohan Dacca College.
,, Rasikchandra Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Abhayakumar Ditto.
" Haranchandra Metropolitan Institution.
Jakshmanchandra Presidency College.
, Rajanikanta Hooghly College.
" Siddheswar L. M. S.Institution, Bhowanipur.
" Upendranath General Assembly's Institution.
Upendranath L. C E.
Chaudhuri, Jagatchaudra Krishnaghar College,
Janmejay Metropolitan Institution.
Rajanikanta Krishnaghar College.
Saratchandra Metropolitan Institution.
Sureschandra Presidency College,
Srikanta Krishnoghar College.
Umeschandra Rajshahye College.
* Das, Gaganchandra Dacca College.
" Harinath General Assembly's Institution.
" Radhabinod Metropolitan Institution.
Datta, Jadabchandra Presidency College.
" Madhabchandra Ditto.
<b>W</b>

De, Lalbihari		Presidency College.
O 11. 1 1	•	Ditto.
Tikan Alijan calandra	) ( )	Ditto.
75 1 (9 1 2 3 1		Jabalpur High School.
The state of the s	• •	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur.
34.117.1	,	Hooghly College.
a 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Rajshahye College.
77 ) T) I	• ( )	Hooghly College.
Socibbroken	• ( )	Free Church Institution.
Sprondronath	• • •	Presidency College
	• •	St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Grenier, James Edwin	• •	
Gupta, Jnancharan	• 1	Sanskrit College.
,, Kangalchandra	• •	Hooghly College.
,, Sibendranath	• •	Dacca College.
Hafazat Karim	•	Patna College.
	• •	L. M. S. Instu, Bhowanipur.
H. M. Jafar Ali	• •	9 -
Jyotirbid, Pitambar	• •	Muir Central College.
Karmakar, Ambikacharan	• •	General Assembly's Institution.
Mallik, Makhanlal	• • •	Cathedral Mission College.
Misra, Gangadhar	• • •	Katak College.
,, Ramsahay		Patua College,
Mitra, Amulyachandra		Presidency College.
, Homehandra	••	Ditto.
,, Rasamay	••	Hooghly College.
" Srischandra	• •	Rajshal.ye College.
Muhammad Hossain	••	St. Xavier's College.
Muhammad Shafi		Labore College.
Mukhopadhyay, Akhilchandra		L M.S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
A dharelandra	••	General Assembly's Institution.
Gangeschandra	••	Krishnaghar College.
Kunnakihari	••	Presidency College.
Rajoudranath	••	General Assembly's Institution.
Patterson, R. O.	••	Katak College.
Prasad, Brajabhushan	••	*Benares College.
Ray, Jogeschandra		
Chunilal	••	Hooghly College.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 • •	
,, Kunjamohan	1 • •	
Raychaudhuri, Amareschandra	• • •	
Rudra, Susilkumar	, • •	
Sahay, Jagannath	•••	<u></u>
Sanyal, Saratchandra	•••	
Sarkar, Purnachandra	•••	<u> </u>
Sen, Abinaschandra	••	
,, Bankimehandra	Ø 0 0	
"Binodbihari	•••	Ditto.
" Bisweswar	•••	
" Debendramohan	• • •	Ditto.
" Jogendranath		. General Assembly's Institution.
,, Khirodchandra	•••	. Ditto.
,, Kisorimohan	••	. Metropolitan Institution.
Sengupta, Girischandra (No. 1)		T) (1.11
Sinha, Nandakisor	•	Tormone Mahamilala Callens
•	74	

Sinha, Ramchandra	•••
" Madhabprasad	•••
" Sasibhushan	
" Surendranath	
Smyth, J. C.	•••
Stark, Alfred W	•••
Syed Farzand Ali	•••
Syed Golam Quadir	••
Thakur, Kasinath Kesab	•••
Younan, James	

... Presidency College.
... Benares College.
... I. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
... Hooghly College.
... St. Xavier's College.
... Doveton College.
... Patna College.
... Teacher.
... Jabalpore High School.
... St. Xavier's College.

#### THIRD DIVISION.

	-		
Ali Baksh			Patna College.
Abdal Wahhak	)		Presidency College.
Abul Hossein		•••	Krishnaghar College.
Abdul Ghafoor		***	Patna College.
Achal Bihari		•••	Muir Central College.
Acharyya, Kali	iprasanna	•••	Cathedral Mission College.
Avantaram		•••	L M S. School, Benares.
Baksi, Saradap	rasad	•••	Metropolitan Institution
Bandyopadhyay	_	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
"" "	Atulchandra	•••	Cathedral Mission College.
	Baninath	•••	Patna College.
7 <b>7</b>	Chandrabhusha		Muir Central College.
·	Charuchandra		L M. School, Benares.
<b>)</b> 1	Dharanidhar	•••	Free Church Institution.
99	Judanath (No. 1		Presidency College.
<b>,,</b>	Kalidhan	•,•••	Ditto.
	Lalitmohan	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
) <b>)</b>	Narendranath	•••	Free Church Institution.
" "	Nirodehandra		Doveton College.
•	Rakhalchandra	•••	Hooghly College.
<b>91</b>	Satyasaran	•••	L. M. S. Inst., Bhowanipore.
Bonnerjee, Raj		•••	Doveton College
Basak, Lalbiha		•••	General Assembly's Institution.
Basu, Bechara		••1	Free Church Institution.
Mananah		441	Cathedral Mission College.
" Il aminu de		• • •	General Assembly's Institution.
Lakusth	•	•••	Sanskrit College.
" Manulian	1	•	Free Church Institution.
Beniprasad		***	Teacher
Bhatta, Tridha	wacharan	••	Berhampore College.
	, Akshaykumar	• • • •	Hooghly College.
	Brajakumar		Canning College.
17	Jogendrachandr	α	Presidency College.
>7	Sukumar		Krishnaghar College.
Bhawal, Gobir		•• 1	Metropolitan Institution.
Biswas, Barad			Ditto.
· ·	athanath	***	General Assembly's Institution.
Blaze, L. E.	· u.· u.· u.· u.· u.· u.· u.· u.· u.· u.	• • •	Trinity College, Kandi.
Chakrabarti, I	linadhihari		Hooghly College.
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Chalast 11 The hand	
Chakrabarti, Prankishna	Canning College.
,, Rajendranath	Muir Central College.
,, Rakhaldas	General Assembly's Institution.
Chattopadhyay, Bhudeb	Presidency College,
" Chandrakumar	Dacca College.
,, Janakinath	Metropolitan Institution.
, Saratchandra	Ditto.
" Saratchandra	General Assembly's Institution.
" Surapati	Metropolitan Institution,
Chaturbedi, Kisorchandra	Agra College.
Puran Mal	St. John's College, Agra.
Chaudhuri, Bhagabaticharan	General Assembly's Institution.
" Mahendranath	Ditto.
" Perbhudayal	St. John's College, Agra.
" Satischandra	Doveton College.
", Syamsundar	Hooghly College.
Chununlal,	Canning College.
Cleophas, C. D.	St. John's College, Agra.
Das, Baikunthanath	Benares College.
" Chandrakanta	General Assembly's Institution.
,, Debendranath	Dacca College.
" Haranchaudra	Presidency College.
, Harkishan	Lahoro College.
" Harilal	General Assembly's Institution.
,, Jogendrachandra	Presidency Collego.
"Kalikamal	Metropelitan Institution.
" Matilal	Patna College.
Datta, Mahendranath	Metropolitan Institution.
,, Narayanprasad	Free Church Institution.
De, Prasannakumar	Cathedral Mission College.
,, Surendranath	Patra College.
Deb, Haranchandra	Agra College.
Dikshit, Benimadhab	Benares College.
Gajadharprasad	Patna College.
Gangopadhyay, Amritalal	Metropolitan Institution.
,, Kshetramohan	Jabalpur High School.
,, Saratchandra Gaurisankar	Dacca College.
	Patna College.
Ghosh, Anantaram ,, Asutosh	General Assembly's Institution.
Dinishihani	Cathedral Mission College.
"Bipinbihari "Debendranath	Metropolitan Institution. Cathedral Mission Colloge.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
"Girijakisor Kaliomyanna	Dacca College. Ditto.
"Kaliprasanna "Kunjabihari	Ditto.
Macelound	
Wilmagana	Teacher. St. Xuvier's College.
Godfrey, Theodore R.	Doveton College.
Guha, Rohinikumar	General Assembly's Institution.
Gupta, Asntosh	Cathodral Mission College.
Hajra, Jagendranath	Midnapur College.
Haldar, Jogendranath	Presidency College.
Haracharanlal	Muir Central College.
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Ikramul Hakk	••	Doveton College.
Jagannath Prasad	1.6	Benares College.
Jharkhandi, Somnath	•	Ditto.
Kandhji	1.	Patna College.
Kanjilal, Judunath	•	Teacher.
Karmakar, Baikuntanath	•	Metropolitan Institution.
Khan, Hariprasanna	, .	Canning College,
Kshetriya, Ramkrishna		Benares College.
Kunar, Sasibhushan		Free Church Institution.
Kundu, Gaurchandra		Chittagong College.
Laha, Lalitmohan		Presidency College.
Lahiri, Dwarkanath		Cathedral Mission College.
, Mahendranath	•	Ditto.
Madanbiharilal	1.0	Patna College.
Maghor Ram		Lahore College.
Maiti, Radhanath	•	Midnapur College.
, Upendranath		Ditto.
Maitra, Sibebandra	14	Muir Central College.
Majumdar, Brindabanchandra	•	General Assembly's Institution.
Dalamilanta	•	Canning College.
Rakhaldag	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
Mandal, Girischandra		L. M. School, Benares.
	•	La Martimere College.
Martin, A	•••	Agra College.
Mathur Maharaj Singh	•••	Wesley College, Colombo.
Mondis, L. W.	•••	
Michael, George	•••	Doveton College.
Mitra, Asutosh	•••	Presidency College,
, Ramprasanna	•••	Midnapur College.
,, Satischandra	•••	Presidency College.
Muhammad Ali	•••	Katak College.
Hoshin Ali Khau	•••	Teacher,
Mukhopadhyay, Bamacharan	• • •	Presidency College.
" Chandrakumar	•••	Patna College.
" Jagadiskumar	•••	Ditto.
,, Jnanendranath	••	Hooghly College.
" Jogendrauath	• • •	Muir Central College.
,, Priyanath	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
" Ramdas	•••	Krishnaghar College.
" Sripati_	•••	Caming College.
,, Susilendra	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
Nag, Bijaykrishna	•••	Ditto.
Niogi, Bamacharan	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
,, Piyarilal	•••	Ditto,
Pande, Jayaprasad	•••	Patua College.
Piyarilal	•••	Lahore College.
Raha, Amritalal	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
Ray, Asutosh	•••	Midnapur College.
,, Baradaprasad	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
,, Girijabhushan		St. Xavier s College.
,, Gobindachandra	•••	Houghly College.
"Gopendrachandra	• • •	Ditto.
, Jadunath	***	Cathedral Mission College.
, Maheschandra	18	Rajshahye College.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Ray, Srinath ,, Tarakchandra Raychaudhuri, Akshaykumar	Dacca College. General Assembly's Institution. Metropolitan Institution.
Drivernoth	Ditto.
Quant about due	General Assembly's Institution.
Samthannon	Presidency College.
Sahay, Jadubansa	Patna College.
Sankhadhar, Jwalaprasad	Canning College.
Sarkar, Prasannakumar	Jaypur Maharaja's College.
NT 3 11	Metropolitan Institution.
,, Nandalai Sarkhal, Ģopallal	Presidency College.
Schorn, A.	Ditto.
Sen, Mahendranath	Ditto.
Cinical and May (No. 9)	Dacca College.
Caribbanhan	Metropolitan Institution.
"Rajanikanta	Chittagong College.
, Rameschandra	Metropolitan Institution.
, Sasibhushan	Hooghly College.
Sengupta, Rajendralal	Midnapur College.
Seth, Sajansing	Muir Central College.
Sibram	Lahore College.
Sinha, Gopalchandra	Midnapur College.
, Isanchandra	Metropolitan Institution.
,, Syamlal	Patna Collego.
Sur, Biharilal	Teacher.
Syyid, Ahmed Hussain	Canning College.
Topdar, Ambikacharan	Dacca College.
Ukil, Uddin Ahmed	Ditto.
Upadhyay, Indirdatta	Benares College,
Wajid Husain	Patna College.
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### 1880.

#### First Division.

#### In order of Merit.

Ray, Mahendranath	•••	Presidency College.
Set, Gobindalal		Ditto.
Mitra, Akshaykumar		Ditto.
Basu, Nrityagopal		Metropolitan Institution.
Sil, Brajendranath	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
Sen, Chandrabhushan	••	Hooghly College.
Lahiri, Mohinimohan	***	Presidency College
Barat, Surendranath		Sanskrit College.
Bhattacharyya, Manmathanath		Ditto.
Mohanlal Hukhu		Muir Central College.
Bandyopadhyay, Pareschandra		Presidency College.
Sarkar, Saradaprasad	•••	Free Church Institution.
Mukhopadhyay, Purnachandra		Canning College.
Ray, Harimohan	144	Jabalpur High School.
The design of the same of the		Presidency College,

Presidency College. Chakrabarti, Umeschandra Lahore College. Jiyaram Hooghly College. Ghosh, Kalipada Metropolitan Institution. Bandyopadhyay, Trailokyanath Chakrabarti, Baikunthakisor Presidency College. ••• Ditto. Dutt. Jogenchunder ... Muir Central College. Dattilal Chittagong College. Fozlol Karim Ajmere College. Madhuprasad ••• Dacca College. Datta, Girischandra Cathedral Mission College. Lahiri, Gopalgobinda Metropolitan Institution. Basu, Jagatchandra Dacca College. Das, Jaminimohan Doveton College. Macleod, H. W. G. Chakrabarti, Maumohan Ravenshaw College. Agra College. Nandkumar Datta, Bhairabchandra Presidency College. Ditto. Ghosh, Namilal Gupta, Bipinbihari General Assembly's Institution. Bhattopadhyay, Kalipada Metropolitan Institution. Bandyopadhyay, Umacharan Dacca College. Joalaparshad Canning College.

#### SECOND DIVISION.

#### In Alphabetical Order.

Patna College. Abdul Hakim M. A. O. College, Aligarh. Abdul Latif Hooghly College. Abdur Rahman Prosidency College. Aich, Lakshmikanta Patna College. Asgar Ali Khan La Martiniere College, Calcutta. Babson, J. Dacca College. Bandyopadhyay, Baradakanta Free Church Institution. Haridhan ,, Jogendranath Krishnaghar College. ,. Metropolitan Institution. Lalitmohan >> Srischandra Ditto. " Sureschandra General Assembly's Institution. Barik, Nilmadhab Patna College. Basu, Amulyacharan Presidency College. Free Church Normal School. Chandramukhi " Dacca College. Hemendrauath 93 Sanskrit College. Jogindranath ,, Hooghly College. Kshetramohan ,, General Assembly's Institution. Sasikumar 22 Metropolitan Institution. Sripati >9 Benares College. Upendranath St. Xavier's College. Beatson, A. M. Metropolitan Institution. Bladhuri, Atalbihari Ditto. Bhutnath Jabalpur High School. Bhagirathprasad Bhuttacharyya, Banikantha Metropolitan Institution. Bishnucharan Dacca College. 21

Biswas, Girindranath Chakrabarti, Maheswar Champati, Atulchandra Chattopadhyay, Abinaschandra Mabikacharan Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Sanskrit College. Hooghly College. Hooghly College. General Assembly's Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Sanskrit College. Hooghly College. General Assembly's Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Ditto.  Chaudhuri, Gokulananda Metropolitan Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.  Chaudhuri, Gokulananda Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.  Ravenshaw College.  Rajshahye College.  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.  Chaudhuri, Gokulananda  Ravenshaw College.  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.  Chaudhuri, Gokulananda  Ravenshaw College.  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.  Chaudhuri, Gokulananda  Ravenshaw College.  Metropolitan Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.  Chaudhuri, Gokulananda  Ravenshaw College.  Metropolitan Institution.  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.  Chaudhuri, Gokulananda  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.  Chaudhuri, Gokulananda  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.  Ravenshaw College.  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.  Chaudhuri, Gokulananda  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.
Champati, Atulchandra Chattopadhyay, Abinaschandra Mambikacharan Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Sanskrit College. Hooghly College. General Assembly's Institution. Sanskrit College. Hooghly College. General Assembly's Institution. Metropolitan Institution. Dacca College. Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. Chandhuri, Gokulananda Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. Chandhuri, Gokulananda Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto. Chandhuri, Gokulananda Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto. Chandhuri, Gokulananda Metropolitan College.  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto. Chandhuri, Gokulananda Metropolitan Institution.  Dacca College.  Ambikacharan Metropolitan Institution.  Dacca College.  Datto. Chandhuri, Gokulananda  Ravenshaw College.  Dacca College.  Dacca College.  L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
Chattopadhyay, Abinaschandra Scrampore College,  ,, Ambikacharan General Assembly's Institution.  ,, Bhutnath Metropolitan Institution.  Sanskrit College.  ,, Madhabchandra Hooghly College.  ,, Ramlal General Assembly's Institution.  General Assembly's Institution.  Hooghly College.  General Assembly's Institution.  General Assembly's Institution.  Hooghly College.  Daca College.  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.  Chaudhuri, Gokulananda Ravenshaw College.  ,, Kisorimohan Rajshahye College.  ,, Prasannakumar Dacca College.  Dacca College.  L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
, Ambikacharan General Assembly's Institution.  Bhutnath Metropolitan Institution.  Jogindranath Sanskrit College.  Madhabchandra Hooghly College.  Hooghly College.  General Assembly's Institution.  Hooghly College.  Metropolitan Institution.  Ditto.  Chaudhuri, Gokulananda Ravenshaw College.  Kisorimohan Rajshahye College.  Prasannakumar Dacca College.  Rayenshaw College.  L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
"Bhutnath Metropolitan Institution. "Jogindranath Sanskrit College. "Madhabchandra Hooghly College. "Ramlal General Assembly's Institution. "Sasibhushan Dacca College. "Satyahari Metropolitan Institution. "Ditto. Chaudhuri, Gokulananda Ravenshaw College. "Kisorimohan Rajshahye College. "Prasannakumar Dacca College. "Prasannakumar Dacca College. "Rayenshaw College. "Ravenshaw College. "Ravenshaw College. "Ravenshaw College. "M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
,, Jogindranath Sanskrit College. , Madhabchandra Hooghly College. , Ramlal General Assembly's Institution. , Sasibhushan Dacca College. , Satyahari Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. Chaudhuri, Gokulananda Ravenshaw College. , Kisorimohan Rajshahye College. , Prasannakumar Dacca College. Dacca College. L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
, Madhabchandra Hooghly College. , Ramlal General Assembly's Institution. , Sasibhushan Dacca College. , Metropolitan Institution. Ditto. Chandhuri, Gokulananda Ravenshaw College. , Kisorimohan Rajshahye College. , Prasannakumar Dacca College. Das, Brahmananda Ravenshaw College. L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
" Ramlal General Assembly's Institution. " Sasibhushan Dacca College. " Satyahari Metropolitan Institution. " Umeschandra Ditto.  Chandhuri, Gokulananda Ravenshaw College. " Kisorimohan Rajshahye College. " Prasannakumar Dacca College. " Dacca College. " Ravenshaw College. " Ravenshaw College. " L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
" Sasibhushan Dacca College. " Satyahari Metropolitan Institution. " Umeschandra Ditto. Chaudhuri, Gokulananda Ravenshaw College. " Kisorimohan Rajshahye College. " Prasannakumar Dacca College. " Dacca College. " Ravenshaw College. " Ravenshaw College. " Gangaprasad L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
, Satyahari Metropolitan Institution.  Chaudhuri, Gokulananda Ravenshaw College. , Kisorimohan Rajshahye College. , Prasannakumar Dacca College. Das, Brahmananda Ravenshaw College. , Gangaprasad L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
Chandhuri, Gokulananda Bavenshaw College.  , Kisorimohan Rayenshaw College.  , Prasannakumar Dacca College.  Das, Brahmananda Ravenshaw College.  L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
Chandhuri, Gokulananda Ravenshaw College. ,, Kisorimohan Rajshahye College. ,, Prasannakumar Dacca College. Das, Brahmananda Ravenshaw College Ravenshaw College. L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
,, Kisorimohan Rajshahye College. ,, Prasannakumar Dacca College. Las, Brahmananda Ravenshaw College. ,, Gangaprasad L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
,, Prasannakumar Dacca College. Das, Brahmananda Ravenshaw College. ,, Gangaprasad L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
Das, Brahmananda Ravenshaw College L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
" Gangaprasad L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
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" Harisaran … Agra College.
"Kaliprasanna … Metropolitan Institution.
" Prasannakumar Chittagong College.
Datta, Dijendranath Teacher.
" Mahimchandra Dacca College.
" Pareschandra Presidency College.
" Pratulchandra General Assembly's Institution.
" Ramanath … Krishnaghar College.
De, Bireswar Presidency College.
" Dinanath General Assembly's Institution.
" Lalbihari Hooghly College.
" Saratchandra Metropolitan Institution.
Dube, Kalidatta Muir Central College.
Dwarkaprasad Agra College.
Gangopadhyny, Radhikanath Presidency College.
Ghosh, Girischandra L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
,, Haranchandra Presidency College.
" Harischandra … Ravenshaw College.
,, Jagadbandhu Metropolitan Institution.
" Pranchaitanya Doveton College.
,, Suryyanarayan Metropolitan Institution.
,, Umeschandra (I) Dacca College.
Gopal Brahmin Jabalpur High School.
Guha, Asminikumar Dacca College.  Harendranarayan Presidency College.
Gupta, Mathuranath General Assembly's Institution. Haitlal St. John's College, Agra.
Hajra, Kedarnath Free Church Institution.
Johnson, E Bishop Cotton School.
Kantaprasad M. A. O. College, Aligarh.
Kartakrishen Muir Central College.
Kewalkrishna Ditto.
Kher, Kashinath Shirdhar Jabalpur High School.
Leslie, K. M Doveton College.
Madak, Priyanath Hooghly College.
Maitra, Akshaykumar Hajshahye College.

Majumdar, Hariprasanna	General Assembly's Institution.
,, Syamacharan	Serampore College.
Malaviya, Madanmohan	Muir Central College.
Misra, Gauriprasad	Patna College.
Mitra, Abhayacharan	Ditto.
,, Asutosh	Presidency College.
" Asutosh (II)	Metropolitan Institution.
,, Narendrakrishna	General Assembly's Institution.
,, Sarbananda	. Ditto.
,, Upendranath	Presidency College.
Mukhopadhyay, Akshaykumar	Metropolitan Institution.
" Bisweswar	Patua College.
	Presidency College.
" Manmohan	Patna College.
,, Piyarılul	Prosidency College.
,, Tarmiprasad	Hooghly College.
", Upondranath	Sanskrit College.
Mukundabihari	Agra College.
Murhar, Sadasheo	Jabalpur High School.
O'Grady, George A.	St. Francis De Sale's School.
Pal, Haridas	Serampore College
Pande, Chunilal	Canning College.
	Lahore College.
Prabhu Dayal	. Ditto.
Prasad, L. Binda	. Jabalpar High School.
Ray, Bamacharan	. General Assembly's Institution.
Bhabanath	. Presidency College.
<b>Dwij</b> endral <b>al</b>	. Krishnaghar Collego.
Hemendranath	. Metropolitan Institution.
Praphullachandra	. Ditto.
Saratchandra	· Presidency Collego.
Taranimohan	. Ditto.
Raychaudhuri, Abhaykumar	. Ditto.
Roshan Lal	. M. A. O. College, Aligarh.
Raghunath Sahay,	. Muir Central College.
Sadasheo Jeyram Dehad Rai	Jabalpur High School.
Sabib Lal	. Muir Central College.
	. M. A. O. College, Aligarh.
Sanyal, Nalinimohan	· Patna College.
Sarkar, Hridaynath	· Presidency Colloge.
" Kailaschandra	· Rajshahye College.
" Purnachundra	Midnapur College.
,, Rajanikanta	Hooghly College.
Sen, Ambikacharan	· Dacca Collego.
,, Kshetramohan	Presidency College.
" Nalininath	Ditto.
	Hooghly College.
Shrikhande, Gopal Lakshmana	Jabalpur High School.
Siebel, C. O.	St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Sinha, Dobondranath	Rajshahye College.
,, Madhusudan	. Metropolitan Institution.
" Prabhachandra	· Presidency College.
,, Ramabalamba	· Benares College.

Srimani, Jogindranath Syam, Saradacharan Syed Husain Syed Thakur Madhaba Singh General Assembly's Institution.
Metropolitan Institution.
Curning College.
Jabalpur High School.

#### THIRD DIVISION.

210 220 510		
Abdul Hamid	•••	Patna College.
,, Kader		Dacca College.
Abdur Rahim	•••	Doveton College.
Baksi, Haridas		Hooghly College.
Balak Ram	•••	Agra College.
Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra		Free Church Institution.
,, Annadaprasad		Presidency College.
,, Kesablal		Metropolitan Institution.
, Kiranchandra		General Assembly's Institution.
" Narayandas		Ravenshaw College.
,, Nibaranchandr	а.	Metropolitan Institution.
" Sitaram		Canning College.
" Surendranath	•••	Doveton College.
Basak, Debendranath	•••	Dacca College.
Basu, Adwaitacharan		Hooghly College.
"Basantakumar	• • •	Dacca College.
,, Bishuucharan	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
" Biswanath	•••	L. M S. Instn., Bhowanipore.
" Debendrauath	•••	Free Church Institution.
" Haridas	• • •	Presidency College.
" Jnanendranath	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
,, Kadambini	• •	Bethune Female School.
,, Kalicharan	•••	Canning College.
" Kasinath		1. M S. Iustu., Bhowanipore.
" Nagendranath	• • •	General Assembly's Institution.
,, Piyaribaran	•••	Canning College.
,, Priyanath	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
Bosemallik, Baradaprasad	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
Bhabani, Sitanath	•••	Teacher.
Bhaduri, Agorchandra	•••	Presidency College.
,, Jagatchandra	•••	Hooghly College.
Bhattacharyya, Dobendranath	•••	Teacher.
, Krishnanath	•••	Rajshahye College.
" Mukundaram	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
Tarasankar	•••	Dacca College.
Bhaumik, Hridayanath	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
Binackprasad	***	Patna College.
Bishunprasad	•••	Ditto.
Biswas, Durgacharan	***	Metropolitan Institution.
" Harimohan	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
,, Sureschandra	• • •	Presidency College.
Bobday, Rambhaoo Raghunath	•••	Jabalpur High School.
Chaktabarti, Dobendrath	•••	Presidency College.
, Debendranuth	***	Muir Central College
,, Jaanadagobinda	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
' Udaynarayan	151	Metropolitan Institution.

Chandra, Kalikrishna	•••	Krishnaghar College.
Chattopadhyay, Bholanath	•••	Benares College.
Rhashanchand		General Assembly's Institution.
Dohandranath	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
Ganalchandra	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
Hyjalijkov		Ditto.
Jogindranath	•••	Maharaja's College, Jeypore.
Nilamban	•••	Presidency College.
Payunuti	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
" Rajavikanta	•••	Sanskrit College.
Smath	•••	Dacca College.
Umagahanda	•••	Hooghly College.
Chaudhuri, Akshaykumar	•••	Cauning College.
Rhahandhanamaran	•••	Rajshahye College.
Chhadinmand	••1	Patna College.
Tarragehandra	• • • •	Presidency College.
Tanakimahan	•••	Ducca College.
,, Janananda	•••	Presidency College.
Ramahandra		Benares College.
Dales, J. C.	•••	Lahore College,
Das, Abinaschandra	•••	· - · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Adharahandra	-••	Presidency College.
Arubikacharan	••	General Assembly's Institution.
Raikunthaswan	• • •	L. M. High School, Benares.
Ragantuleuman	••	Dacea College, Ditto.
Gonallallalik	• •	
Mahandralal	••	Ravenshaw College.
N a marron	••	Chittagong College.
Raginahan	••	Patua College.
Dasgupta, Gobindachandra	••	Dacca College.
Dasrathlal	••	Teacher.
Datta, Akshaykumar	••	Patra College.
Tamplinath	••	Metropolitan Institution.
Lambodan	• •	St. John's College, Agra.
"No haceonal		Cathedral Mission College.
	••	Dacca College.
De, Jaygopal Kanailal	••	General Assembly's Institution.
, Mathuranath	••	Ditto.
Deo, Sadasheo Purshotam	••	Ditto.
Deodhar, Vishnu G.	••	Jabalpur High School.
	• 7	Ditto.
Dube, Mahananda Gangaprasad	••	Canning College.
Gangaprasad Gangapi Ramdas	••	Benares College.
Gargari, Ramdas	••	St Xavier's College.
Ghosh, Akshaykumar	••	Ravenshaw College.
,, Apurbachandra	••	General Assembly's Institution.
"Bipinbihari "Charuchandra	•4	Ditto.
,, Girischandra	••	Ditto.
	• 1	Doveton College.
,, Golaplal Mahendranath	• 1	General Assembly's Institution.
,, manendranath Prankumar	• ( )	
	• (	Midnapur College.
" Sagarchandra " Sasinath	<b>4</b> 1	Metropolitan Institution.
,, Sasinatu	•1	Hooghly College.

Ghosh, Surendranath	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
Ghoshal, Anangamohan	•••	Sanskrit College.
, Kalinath	•••	Dacca College.
Goswami, Satischandra	• • •	Sanskrit College.
Guha, Aswinikumar		Metropolitan Institution.
" Baradakanta		Dacca College.
, Gurucharan	••	Ditto.
, Kaliprasanna	•••	Presidency College.
" Mathuranath	•••	Dacca College.
" Umeschandra	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
Gupta, Narayandas	• • •	Metropolitan Institution.
,, Upendrakrishna	•••	Ditto.
Iswariprasad	•••	M. A. O. College, Aligarh.
Jagannath		Maharajah's College, Joypore.
Jash, Bholanath	• • •	Dacca College.
Kashinath, Govind		Jabalpur High School.
Keshodas		Lahore College.
Kundu, Bhagabaticharan	•••	Hooghly College.
Gangadhar	• • •	Teacher.
,, Kedarnath	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
Laha, Nagendrauath		General Assembly's Institution.
Maitra, Dwarkanath	••	Rajshahye College.
, Harimohan	•••	Free Church Institution.
Majumdar, Hridaynath	•••	Doveton College.
" Jogeschandra	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
,, Rohinikumai	• • •	Dacca College.
"" Sasılochan		General Assembly's Institution.
" Srinath	•••	Rajshahye College.
Makhanlal	•••	Ajmere College.
Mallik, Kesablal	•••	Hooghly College.
" Priyalal		Presidency College.
Mitra, Achintyanath		Hooghly College.
,, Akshaykumar		Patna College.
Baradakunta	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
. Charuchandra	•••	Ditto.
., Daibacharan	• • •	Ditto.
., Gopalchandra	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
, Matilal	• • •	General Assembly's Institution.
Nagendranath	•••	Presidency College.
* Saratchandra	• • •	Hooghly College.
Surendralal	• • •	Presidency College.
Mahomed, Ain-ul Huq	•••	Patna College.
M. Mubin-al Hug		Hooghly College.
Mukhopadhyay, Abhilaschandi	ra	General Assembly's Institution.
Asutosh A	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
,, Banawarilal	***	General Assembly's Institution.
"Bishnucharan	•••	Ditto.
,, Ghanasyam	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
" Girischandra	•••	Ditto.
,, Jnanoddipan		Toacher.
", Jogiudrachane		Ditto.
, Kailaschandr		L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
"Kaminikumar	• •	Dacca College.

Mukhopadhyay, Mahendrachandra L.M.S. Institution, Bhowanipore Nagendranath ... Krishnaghar College. " Sasibhashan (Sr.) General Assembly's Institution. " Satyaprasad Cathedral Mission College. Murali, Dhar Patna College. General Assembly's Institution. Nandi, Surendranath Niyogi, Akshaykumar L. M. High School, Benares. General Assembly's Institution. Rajanikanta Pal, Lalitmohan Ditto. Doveton College. Mathuranath ... General Assembly's Institution. Palit, Isanchandra Pati, Radhanath Midnapur College. ... Patuayak, Jagadanauda Ravenshaw College. ... Poddar, Gaganchandra Cluttagong College. Pramanik, Bidhubhushan Canung Collego. Raghubar Dayal Patna College. Raha, Mahendrachandra Dacca College. Rakshit, Jagatchandra Chittagong Collego. Lahore College. Ramprasad Ram Pratap Maharajah's College, Jeypore. Ray, Asutosh L. M. High School, Benares. Bhabanicharan Krishnaghar College. 27 Metropolitan Institution. Bishnupada ,, Biswatosh Dacca College. 1) Charuchandra Metropolitan Institution. Harinath Krishnaghar College. Kaliprasanna Dacca College. ... ,, Hooghly College. Kuladananda Prasannanath Presidency Collego. Purnachandra Dacca College. 37 Radhaballab General Assembly's Institution. Ramanihar L. M. High School, Benares. Rajanikanta Presidency College. Saratchandra Rajshahye College ... Free Church Institution. Sasikanta Krishnaghar College. Satyanath 97 Canning College. Taranarayan " L. M. High School, Bouares. Yageswar Raychaudhuri, Sibkrishna Presidency College. Hooghly College. Srischaudra Rudra, Bhupaticharan Metropolitan Institution. Sahai Baladeo Patna College. General Assembly's Institution. Samaddar, Nabakumar Presidency College, Samir-ul-din, Ahmed ... Sanyal, Durgananda Rajshabye College, Satyendraprasad Muir Central College. Benares College, Taraknath • • • Metropolitan Institution. Sarkar, Amritalal ••• Presidency College. Tinkari ... Sarma, Parbaticharan Metropolitan Institution. Canning College. Sawantha, Iswari Dyal ... General Assembly's Institution. Sen, Anandakumar ,, Haridas Scrampore College.

Sen, Isanchandra

- " Rameschandra
- " Saratchandra
- " Syamlal

Sil, Bhagabaticharan

" Makhanlal

Sohani, Damodar Balkrishna Sukul, Gadadhar Prasad

Sur, Indrachandra

,, Sasibhushan

Suraj Prasad Suryya Sahai

Syed Ahmed Hossein

Syecd Wajh Ulla

Talukdar, Baradachandra Tamhan, Keshab Gopal

Tapashwari Prasad Thakur, Brajendrasundar

Tribedi, Nrisinhaprasad

... Dacca College.

... General Assembly's Institution.

... Metropolitan Institution.

... Presidency College.

... Dacca College.

... Hooghly College.

... Jabalpur High School.

... Canning College.

... Teacher.

... General Assembly's Institution.

... L.M. High School, Benares.

... Canning College.

... Patna College.

... Doveton College.

... Rajshahye College.

... Jabalpur High School.

... Patna College.

... Berhamporo College.

... Krishnagar College.

#### DUFF SCHOLARS.

#### 1880

Jyaran Mahendranath Ray Saradi prasad Sarkar H. W. G. Macleod

... Lahore College.

.. Presidency College

... Free Church Institution.

... Doveton College.

#### ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.

#### 1879.

#### FIRST DIVISION.

#### In Alphabetical Order.

Serajgunge H. C. E. School. Adhikari, Sitanath Rangoon Govt High School. Ah Syoo Bandyopadhyay, Girindrachandra Utterparah School. Hare School. Haripada " Hiralal ... Barisa School. " Berhampur Collegiate School. Kalikrishna " Barrackpur School. Kaliprasanna ... 22 Kshetramohan ... Hindu School. Kumadinikanta Dacca Collegiate School. ٠, Ditto. Sitanath Bannerjee, Nageudranath ... Doveton College.

Basak, Madhabananda	• • •	Hindu School.
., Ramchandra	•••	Ditto.
Basu, Bholanath	•••	Albert School.
" Charuchandra	•••	Free Church Institution.
,, Lalbihari	***	St. John's College, Agra.
" Nagendralal	•••	Calcutta Institution.
" Priyanath, Junior	•••	Midnapur Collegiate School.
" Rameschandra	•••	Jessore Government School,
" Saratchandra (B) J.	•••	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur.
" Sasibhushau	•••	Hare School.
" Satischandra	•••	Ditto.
" Surendrachandra	•••	Hindu School.
Bhattacharyya, Annadaprasad	•••	Konnagar School.
, Asutosh	•••	Howrah School.
" Bidhubhushan	•••	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
,, Haripada Painallanta	••	Jenkin's School, Cooch Behar. Sanskrit Collogiato School,
,, Rajanikanta Rakhaldas	•••	Utterparah School.
" Saktikauta	•••	Nabadwip Hindu Schoot,
Chakrabarti, Siddheswar	•••	Hazaribagh Zila School.
Chattopadhyay, Haridas	5	Utterparah School.
lacindagnath	•••	Bankura Govt. School.
Tagin dramath	•••	Hare School.
Kalinada	•••	Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
Chaudhuri, Radhagobinda		Hindu School.
Das, Abhayacharan	•••	Sylhet Zila School.
Ramachavan	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
, Gopalchandra	•••	Malda Zila School.
,, Gopalchandra	•••	Hare School.
" Jogindranath		Bankura Government School.
" Kailasgobinda	•••	Santosh Jahnabi School.
Datta, Anandakisor	••	Commilla Zila School.
,, Biharilal		Utterparah School.
" Debiprasad	•••	Kandi School.
, Lalitchandra		Santosh Jahnabi School.
, Narendranath	`	Metropolitau Institution.
, Nibaranchandra	•••	Hindu School.
,, Sibnath	•••	8ylhot Zila School.
De, Kasipati	•••	Hare School,
Deb, Mathuramohan	•••	Pogoso School, Dacca.
Ganda Mal	•••	Lahore High School.
Gangopadhyay, Baradakanta	•••	Dacca Collegiate School.
Ghosh, Nakari	•••	flinda School.
,, Priyanath_	•••	Joynagar Institution.
" Satischandra	•••	Naral H. C. E. School.
Ghoshal, Upendranath	•••	Kuchiakole Radhaballabh Instn.
Ghulam Hyder Khan	•••	Arrah School.
Gupta, Probodhchandra	•••	Hooghly Branch School.
Haldar, Chaitanyacharan	•••	Hindu School.
Hall, C. B.	•••	La Martiniere College, Lucknow.
Hardinge, W.	• •	Bishop Cotton School, Simla.
Hormusjee Cowasjee Dotiwalla	• • •	Residency College, Indore.
Inam Ali	•••	Lahore High School.

Yaughan, J. C. S. Williams, A.

Karfarma, Prasannakumar Hindu School. Jenkin's School, Cooch Behar Kumar, Prankrishna Laha, Saradaprasad Utterparah School. Lahiri, Khagendrabhushan Hindu School. Meherjee, Noshirwanjee Residency College Indore. Michell, A. P. Teacher. Misra, Nathun Naral II. C. E. School. Mitra, Benimadhab Harinabhi A. S. School. Lokuath Burdwan Maharaja's School. Nagendrachandra Monghyr Zila School. Hooghly Branch School. Prasannakumar R. K. Unao High School. Moran, W. A. La Martiniere Coll., Lucknow. Agra College. Muhammed Ishak Khan Jabalpur High School. Khan Mission School, Behala. Mukhopadhyay, Amritalal Asutosh (No. 1)... Suburban School, Kalighat. Bipinbihari Metropolitan Institution. ,, Nasirabad School. Bibarilal ,, Jaharlal Albert School. " Suburban School, Kalighat. Satischandra ,, ·Upendranath Indian Institution. Nivogi, Gatikrishna Bankura Government School. Dacca Collegiate School. Pal, Janakinath Hindu School. Palit, Amritalal Lahore High School. Ramkour Arrah School. Ramsahay Ray, Benimadhab Hare School. Canning College. Kalikumar Rajshahvo Collegiate School. Syamacharan Mymensing Govt. Zila School. Raychaudhuri Upendrakisor Lahore High School. Santram Hare School. Sarbadhikari, Jyotiliprasad Krishnaghar Collegiate School. Sarkar, Hemchandra Jaynagar Institution. Prankrishna Sayed Wazir, Hussain Chapra Zila School. Sen, Akshaykumar Raishahyo Collegiate School. Barisal Government School. " Lalitkumar "Narayanchandra Oriental Seminary. Hooghly Collegiate School. Shamsul Huda Aimere Government College. Sibaprasad Sil, Aghernath Hindu School. Sinha, Biswanath City School. Barisal Government School. Prakaschandra Commilla Zila School. Radhamadhab Slane, W. La Martiniere Colloge, Lucknow. Agra College. Sukhdeo Prasad Rangoon Govt. High School Taw Sain Kho

St. Paul's School, Darjeeling.

Bishop Cotton School, Simla.

#### SECOND DIVISION.

Abbul Aziz		Cawnpur Zila School.
,, Basit		Calcutta Madrasa.
,, Hamid		Monghyr Zila School.
,, Razaq		Bareilly Collegiate School.
, Wasay Khan		Ditto.
Abul Hosen Mi	•••	Bogra Zila School.
Acharyya, Prabalchaudra	•••	Naral H. C. School.
Acres, G.		Bishop Cotton School, Simla.
Adhikari, Prasannakumar		Nabadvip Hinda School.
Adhya, Suratchandra	•	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Advani, Heranand S.		Hare School.
Amar Chand		District School, Hushiarpur.
Anthony, C,	•••	Bishop Cotton School, Simla.
Arratoon, J.	4.4	Pogose's School, Dacca.
Ash, Nrityagopal	**	Konnagar School.
Badrinath	•••	Amritsar District School.
Bagchi, Debendraprasad	•••	Berhampur Collegiate School.
Baisya, Jugalkisor	•••	Benares College.
Bakaram Babuji Sandhane		City School, Nagpur.
Balakram	***	Canning College,
Baksi, Harrschandra	•••	Okrah Kunjalal Institution.
		Sylhet Zila School.
Bal, Rajendralal	•••	
Baland Ray	•••	District School, Amritsar.
Baldeo Bihuri	•••	Agra College,
Balwaut Atmaram Rabhale	***	Free Church Institution, Nagpur
Banda, N. T.	•••	Trinity College, Kandy.
Baudyopadhyay, Akhilehandra	***	L. M. S. Inst., Bhowanipur.
,, Amagnath	•••	Sodepur School.
, Annadaeliaran	• •	Metropolitan Institution.
,, Annpehaudra	•••	Hare School.
,, Asntosh	••	Howrth School.
,, Balaram	,,,	Patna Collegiate School.
" Bholanath	•••	Bengalitola Preparatory School,
<b>**</b>		Benarcs.
,, Debendranath	•••	Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
" Debendranath	•••	Suburban School, Kalighat.
" Harakumar	•••	Dacca Collegiate School.
" Haridas	• • •	Hindu School
,, Harimohan	_•••	Searsole School.
" Hemendrachan	dra	Metro. Inst., Shampukur Branch.
" Hiralal	•••	L. M. S. Inst., Bhowanipur.
" Jaykrishna	***	Hindu School
,, Jogindranath		Malda Zila School.
" Kaliprasanna	***	Jayuarayan's College, Benares.
,, Kaliprasanna	***	Bhagalpur Zila School.
" Manmathanatl	h	Metropolitan Institution.
" Nandalal, I		Hooghly Collegiate School.
,, Nandalal, II	•••	Ditto,
, Panchanan	••	Suburban School, Kalighat.
, Parbaticharan	***	Free Church Inst., Chinsurah.
**		-

Bandyopadhyay, Rakhaldas .		Serampore College.
12 1 1 1 1		Ranchi Zila School.
γ		Indian Institution.
The sales half hand	• • •	Chapra Zila School.
Th O	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
T)	• • •	Sibsagar Zila School.
TO A 1 2 3 .2	• • •	Midnapur Collegiate School.
A 1. 1	•••	Naral H. C. E. School.
" At 1 1	•••	Mymeusing Zila School.
D. mailalana ha		Ditto.
″ <b>ກ</b> າ 1 1 .	•••	Free Ch. Missn School, Kalna.
* 1 ,1	•••	Gobardanga School.
	•••	Indian Institution.
Y • 1 11	•••	Basirhat Municipal School.
7 1 1		Calcutta Training Academy.
" Krishnanath	•••	Dacca Collegiate School.
, Lalitmohan	• • •	Kanchrapara H. C. E. School.
,, Nandagopal	••	Metropolitan Institution.
,, Rajendralal	•••	Hamilton School, Tamluk.
,, Rangalal	•••	Harinavi A. S. School.
" Sudhanyakumar		Dacca Pogose School.
Batabyal, Bipinbihari	•••	Harinavi A. S. School.
Benarsi Lal	•••	Arrah School.
Beni Prasad	•••	Moradabad High School.
Bhaduri Srimanta	***	Rajshahye Colicgiate School.
Bhanja, Upendranath	•••	Hare School.
Bhakat, Harichaud	•••	High School, Lahore.
Bhargaw, Kedarnath	•••	Allahabad High School.
Bhatta, Nandram		Behar School.
Bhattacharyya, Anandamohan	•••	Nasirabad School.
Auandachandra	•••	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur,
, Anangamohan		Purulia School.
" Malimenath	•••	Beerbhoom School.
" Narayanchaudra	•••	Baidyabati English School
,, Prasamakumar	•••	Santipur Municipal School.
,, Priyanath	444	
,, Rajanikanta, Sr.	• • • •	Maharaja's School, Kalna.
", Srikanta	•••	Sanskrit College.
Bindubasinilal, L.	•••	High School, Jabalpur.
Biswas, Dhaukrishna	•••	Hare School.
" P. Chandramohan	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
, Paramananda	•••	Mymensing Zila School.
" Trailokyanath	***	Pakur School.
Blaze, R. E	•••	Trinity College, Kandy.
Brahman, Paramananda	•••	High School, Jabalpur.
Burke, W. H.	•••	
Cameron, C.	•••	St. Xavier's College.
Chakrabarti, Aghornath	***	Harinavi A. S. School.
" Bankabihari	***	Bhagalpur Zila School.
, Basantakumar	,,,	Barrisal Government School,
g Gauricharan	***	Howrah School.
g Girischandra	***	Jagannath School, Dacca.

Chakrabarti, Isanchandra	•••	Maharani Sarnamoy's School, Ullipur.
" Janakinath	•••	Dacca Pogose School.
" Mahimachandra	•••	Jenkin's School, Cooch Behar.
" Nilmani	***	South Baharu, H. C. E. School,
,, Phatikchandra	•••	Barrisal Government School.
Ramanioundan	•••	Jenkin's School, Cooch Behar.
Ramandra	•••	Serajgungo H. C. E. School.
Chanda, Kaminikumar	•••	Siichar Zila School.
Chandra, Jibaukrishna	•••	Chaudernagore School.
Chattopadhyay, Amulyadhan	***	Sodepur School.
Anandamahan		Dacca Pogose School.
Rhutnath		Jaynagar Institution.
Rimalucharon	••	Metropolitan Institution.
Riniuliihani	•••	Barrisal Government School.
,, Bipinchandra	•••	
,, Kalipada	• •	Hooghly Collegiate School,
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Hooghly Branch School.
Kumareschand		Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
,, Madhusudan	•••	Dacca Pogose School.
,, Mannatha	• • •	Barrackpur School,
,, Mritunjay	•••	Benares College.
" Nagendranath		Metropolitan Institution.
", Narayanchand		Baraset Government School.
,, Narayauchand		Indian Institution.
,, Narayanchand		Chaudernagore School.
,, Nareudranath		Utterparah School.
" Nareschandra	•••	Albert School.
,, Nrityagopal	•••	Jehanabad H. C. E. School.
,, Rajanikanta	•••	Pakur School.
,, Rakhalchandri	B	Barrisal Government School.
" Siddheswar	•••	Hooghly Branch School.
Chaturbedi, Banarasidas	•••	Agra Collego.
Chaudhuri, Haridas	•••	Beerbhoom School.
,, Isanchandra	•••	Doveton College.
,, Nalinikanta		Rajshabye Collegiate School.
, Pramadaprasad	•••	C. M. School, Monghyr.
,, Srinath	.,,	Ruplal Raghunath School.
, Syamakanta	•••	Barrisal Government School.
Ohhaju Ram	•••	C. M. School, Amritsar.
Copeland, R.		St. Xavier's College.
Dalchand	•••	High School, Jabalpur.
Damodar, Nilkanth Khare		City School, Nagpur.
Das, Basantkuniar	•••	Barrisal Government School.
Dhamban	•••	Moradabad High School.
Brajamohan	•••	Benaies College
Ganapati	***	Balasore Zila School.
Gobindanarayan		Allahabad High School.
Gurucharan		Teacher.
Harbhagwan	•••	Amritsar District School.
Kailaschandra	• • •	
Kanasonanura Kshetramohan	•••	Dacca Collegiate School.
Lalitmohan	•••	Patna Collegiate School,
	***	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Lambodar	40.	Tezpur Zila School.

Das, Mathuranath

- Nabakumar
- Piyarimohan. ,,
- Prasaunakumar
- Prasaunakumar
- Pratapchandra "
- Srikanta
- Syamacharan
- Svamsunder "
- Thakakrishna
- Umeschandra

Dasgupta, Sukmaya Datta, Abhaychandra

- Baikunthanuth ,,
- Biharilal "
- Bimalaprasad 27
- Dharanidhar 13
- Dinanath Prithu "
- H gridas 23
- Hridaynath •
- Kunjabihari "
- Loknath 37
- Nabakisor 27
- Nabakumar
- Natabar "
- Nilmani 39
- Rajkrishna 22
  - Sasibhushan

Datta, Upendranath

Davidson, C. R.

D'Cruz, W. M.

De. Anadinath

- Manmathanath
- Saradaprasad
- Ramanath
- Siddheswar
- Srischandra

Deb, Mahendrachandra

DeAbren, E.

Debiprasad

DeVoz, C.

1)haniram

Dhar, Lalitmohan

Bharatchandra

Dover, E. W.

D'Souza, R.

Dalah Ray, II

Ekanayaka, C. A.

Ekbal Hossain

Gangopadhyay, Akshaykumar

Asutosh

Taraprasanna \*\*

Burrisal Government School.

Jagannath School, Dacca.

L. M. S. Inst., Bhowanipur.

Dacca Collegiate School.

Berhampore Collegiate School.

General Assembly's Institution.

Free Church Institution.

Dacca Pogose School.

Balasore Zila School.

Beerbhoom School. •••

Free Church Institution.

Kalia E. School.

Nasirabad School.

Balasore Zila School.

Amta School.

Beerbhoom School.

City School.

Boarding School, Batala.

Hindu School.

Naral H. C. E. School.

Ditto.

Midnapur Collegiate School.

Abdul Gunny s Free School.

Metropolitan Institution, Shampukur Branch.

Hare School.

Hooghly Collegiate School.

City School.

Searsole School.

Oriental Seminary.

Bishop Cotton School, Simla.

St. Joseph's School,

Metropolitan Institution.

General Assembly's Institution.

Metropolitan Institution.

Krishnaghar Collogiate School.

Hooghly Branch School.

L. M. S. Inst., Bhowamipore.

Pogose School, Dacca.

Cawnpore Girls' School.

Canning College.

St. Thomas' College, Colombo.

High School, Ulwar.

Nizamut School, Moorshedabad.

Mymensing Zila School.

Private Student.

St. Xavier's College, Calcutta.

Bareilly Collegiate School. ...

Private Student.

Arrah Zila School.

Dinagepur Zila School.

Krishnaghar Collegiate School.

Useful Arts School,

Gattumal George, S. C.

Ghatak, Krishnachandra Ghosh, Amulyakrishna

- , Akshaykrishua
- " Annadakisor
- , Asutosh Asutosh
- " Banamali " Baradakanta
- " Biburilal
- " Dwijendramohan
- " Gobindagopal
- " Gaganchardra " Harendranath
- , Hemchandra
- ,, Jiemchandra , Jadunath
- " Jogudranath
- " Khagendranath " Makhanlal
- " Mannathanath
- , Parhaticharan
- ,, Sasmohan
- " Sibdas
- " Sitanath
- , Sitanath
- " Srinath
- " Srischandra
- " Srischandra
- ,, Sundarchandra
- " Tarakchandra
- " Umeschandea
- " Upendranath Upendranath

Ghoshal, Benimadhab

Girdhari Lal, I Gokul Chand Golab Roy

Goswami, Surendranath

Grinnol, H. R. Guba Janakinat

Guha, Janakinath

Gulab Ray

Gupta, Bholanath

- " Dinabandhu
- " Haranchandra
- " Haridas
- " Harilal
- " Kalikrishna

" Prasannakumar Hallock, W. A

Hanuman Prasad Harbingwan

Hardatta Jootshee

... Alfahabad High School.

... Armn. Philanthropic Academy.

. Hare School.

Ditto.

... Hooghly Branch School.

... Jagannath School, Dacca.

... Oriental Seminary.
... Benares College.

... Hazaribagh Zila School.

... Dinagepur Zıla School.

... Metropolitan Institution, ... Mymensing Zila School.

... Kandi School.

... Dacca Collegiate School.

... Krishnaghar Collegiate School.

Ditto.

...

... City School. ... Naral H. C. E. School.

... Oriental Seminary.

... Metropolitan Institution.

... Harinavi A. S. School.

... Scal's Free College.

... Jenkin's School, Cooch Behar.

... General Assembly's Institution.

... L. M. S. Instn , Bhowanipur.

... Katak Collegiate School.

... Jagannath School, Dacca.
... Patna Collegiate School.

.. L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur.

... Barlyabati English School.

... Barrisal Government School.

... Mymensing Zala School, .

... L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur, ... Nızamut School, Moorshedabad.

... L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur.

... Amritsar District School.

... Fyzabad Zila School.

... Pratapphar High School.

.. Baraset Government School.

... La Martiniere College.

... Barrisal Government School.

... Private Student.

... Bhagulpur Zila School.

... L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur. Rajshahyo Collegiate School.

... Hamilton School, Tamluk.

... City School.

... Monghyr Zila School. .. Silchar Zila School.

... St. Thomas' College, Colombo.

... Canning College.
... High School, Lahore.

... Bareilly Collegiate School.

Harford, J. La Martiniere College, Lucknow. Harichand High School, Lahore. Haribar Prasad Patna Collegiate School. Harising Rayath Mission School, Derah Doon. Haris Chandra High School, Jubalpur. Hazarilal, L. Dirto. Hoskins, C. J. Boys' High School, Allahabad. Hpo Thain Govt. High School, Rangoon. Ifraim Teacher. Indrajitlal Benares College. Ingram, C. Govt. High School, Rangoon. Isacharun Boarding School, Batala. Jaishi Ram District School, Amritsar. Jayowardene, A. M. Trinity College, Kandy. Jay Lal High School, Jabalpur. Jeban Singh Private Student. Jha, Kaliprasad Bhagulpur Zila School. "Ramkrishna Ditto. Johory, Isaac William Ditto. Kuliyai, Prasannanarayan Dacca Pogose School. Kalwant Ray Mission School, Ludhiana. Kar. Binodinikanta Teghoria School. Chandrasekhar Magura H. C. E. School. Parbatisankar Sylhet Zila School. ,, Premnarayan Ditto. Karmakar, Bankabihari Krishnaghar Collegiate School. Kasiram District School, Delhi. Khasnabis, Rasikchandra Dacca Collegiate School. Kher, Keshcokrishna Free Church Instit., Nagpur. Kinahan, A. La Martiniere College, Lucknow. Koar, Abinaschandra Howrah School Kshetriya, Gadadharprasad Cawnpur Zila School. Kundan Lal Canning College. Kundu, Atulchandra Ranaghat A. V. School. Madhusudan Oriental Seminary. " Kumarcally II. C. E. School. Mukundalal " Sasibhushan Barakpur School. Lahiri, Kaliprasanna Malda Zila School. Berhampur Collegiate School. Rajendralal Saratchandra Santipur Municipal School. Lalbahadur Patna Collegiate School. ••• Lakshman, Anaut High School, Jabalpur. Boys' High School, Allahabad. Lane, H. A. Lincoln, A. (7. La Martinere College, Lucknow. Madan, Amarpath Victoria College, Agra. Madangopal Benares College. Madan Mohan Bareilly Collegiate School. Mobapatra, Manioharan Balasoro Zila School. Maharajkishen St. John's College, Agra. Mahendra Kisore Hare School. Katak Collegiate School. Mahmood Ali Maitra, Hridaynath Faridpur Zila School. Maheswar Rungpore Collegiate School.

Maitra, Mukundamohan		Rajshahye Collegiate School.
, Purnachandra	•••	Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
Purnachandra		Pabna Zila School.
Majumdar, Dwarkanath	40.	Albert School,
House and	•••	Krishnaghar A. V. School.
Indrabbushan	244	Kalia E. School.
Kalinada	***	Pakur School.
Troflatoriall	•••	City School.
Mallik, Bhushanchandra	•••	Free Ch. Mission School, Kalna.
Manikji Kuarshedji Avasia		Residency College, Indore.
Mankar Babaji Sarvattan	•••	Private Student.
Marik, Bhabataran	•••	
	•••	Barakpur School.
Martin, J. A.	•••	St Joseph's School.
Mashuq Ali	•••	Aligarh Zila School.
Mathura Prasad	•••	Bareitly Collegiato School.
Mibinlal	•••	M. A. O. College, Aligarh.
Muza Hossain Beg	•••	Mission School, Lahore.
Mitra, Annadaprasad	•••	Matihari Zila School.
" Amerialal	•••	Hare School.
" Bhagabaticharan	***	Benares College.
" Debendranath		General Assembly's Institution.
,, Dinanath, I	• • •	Konnagar School.
" Hemchandra	•••	Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
" Hemedranath	•••	Suburban School, Kalighat.
,, Jnanendranath	•••	Hudu School.
" Jogindranath		Hare School.
,, Kaliprasanna		Ruplal Ragbunath School.
,, Lalitmohan		Metropolitan Institution.
" Manniathanath	• • •	Hinda School.
" Nityanath	• • •	Metropolitan Institution.
" Prakaschandra	•••	Oriental Seminary.
,, Saratchandra, I	***	Free Church Institution.
" Saratchandra, I	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
" Surendranath	•••	Hare School.
Mohibuddin	•••	Nowgoug Zila School.
Muhammad Azhar		Patna Collegiate School.
Paide Housin	•••	High School, Jabalpur.
้ ไมก ไ	***	Calcutta Madrassa.
Sodia	•••	Pratapghar High School.
Shofi	•••	
Yusuf	•••	C. M. School, Jounpur.
	•••	Calcutta Madrassa.
Mukhopadhyay, Asutosh, II	• • •	Suburban School, Kalighat.
, Bhushanchandh		Hare School.
., Bidhubhushan	400	Suburban School, Kalighat.
" Bijaykrishna	•••	Haro School.
" Bipinbihari	.44	Hindu School.
, Bipinbihari	•••	Jenkin's School, Cooch Behar.
", Dulalchandra	•••	Baluti H. C. English School.
,, Durgadas	•••	Beerbhoom School.
" Durgaprasann	B	Hooghly Branch School.
" Haricharan	•••	Hazaribagh School.
" Jogindranath		Agra College.
,, Jogindranath	•••	Berhampur Collegiate School.
, J	- * *	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

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Mukhopadhyay,	Jogindrachandr	a	General Assembly's Institution.
**	Jogeschandra	•••	Reerbhoom School.
21	Kalipada	•••	Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
" "	Krishmadhan	•••	Suburban School, Kalighat.
27	Kumadbandhu	•••	Dacca Collegiate School,
27	Madhusudan	•••	Suburban School, Kalighat.
>>	Matilal		Rajshahye Collegiato School.
"	Nabakanta	•••	Santosh Jahnabi School.
77	Prankrishna	••	Metropolitan Inst., Shampuker Br.
71	Saradaprasad	•••	Purulia School,
<b>&gt;&gt;</b>	Saradaprasad Sasibhushan	***	Canning College. Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
"		••1	Oriental Seminary.
,,	Satyacharan Sibahan	• • (	Utterparah School.
"		•••	Oriental Seminary.
"	Sibprasanna Srihari	••	Garden Reach School.
21	Syamacharan	• •	High School, Lahore.
"	Tripuracharan	••	Jagannath School, Dacca.
"	Upendranath	••	Utterparah School.
Mulchand	e penaranara	•••	Mirzapur Zila School.
Nabi Bakhsh		•••	High School, Lahore.
Nabi Bakhsh		•••	Upper School, Jhang.
Nag, Abinascha	ndra	•••	Midnapur Collegiate School.
Nandi, Priyanat		•••	Deogar Zila School.
Witanuth			L. M. S. Instu., Bhowanipur.
" Tarinich	aran	•••	Mymensing Zila School.
Nandakisor		•••	Government Zila School, Meerut.
Narayan Balkris	shna Nakhre	•••	High School, Jabalpur.
Narayan Prasad			Ditto.
Narayan Rao			C. M. High School, Jabalpur.
Narayan Subhaj	i Sankarpavar		City School, Nugpur.
Nawulkisor	-		Cauning College.
Niyogi Manmoh	an	•••	Mymensing Zila School.
Narul Haq			General Assembly's Tustitution.
Nyo Htoon		•••	Govt. High School, Rangoon.
Pal, Abinaschan	dra	•••	Albert School.
" Banamali			St. Mary's Inst., Chandernagore.
" Priyanath		•••	Free Church Institution.
", Sarbeswar		•••	Albert School.
" Sibkrishna		•••	Howrah School.
Palit, Kalichara		•••	Hare School.
", Sibchandr	. =	•••	English School, Chatra.
" Upendran	ath	•••	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Pasley, G. W.	11 . NT	•••	Bishop School, Nagpur.
Patwardhan, Ma		•••	City School, Nagpur.
Patyal, Narayan	Sinna	•••	Benares College.
Peachand, R.			St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Perera, J. W.		447	Wesley College, Colombo.
Radhailal		•••	Hume's High School, Etawah.
Ramial		•••	Chapra Zila School.
Raghunathprasa		•••	Moradpur School, Bankipur.
Raja Bahadur		***	Shajehanpur High School. Farakabad Zila School.
Rajnarayan			TOTAPANAM WITH DATTORY

Rakshit, Kalidas Ramjadu Ramchandra Nanaji Dani Narayan Pandit Rao, T. Krishnaji Rasul Yar Khan Ray, Bipinbihari Bhairabchandra Bijaykrishna Chendramohan Charuchandra Debendranath Harendranath Girischandra Hemchandra " Hemchandra Jogeschandra Kailaschandra Kasisankar Makhanlal Makhanlal Nagendrakumar Prabhatchandra Ramchandra Saradindu Srinath Raychaudhuri, Saradacharan Rebeiro, J. D. Rudra, Saratchandra Sadukhan, Ramanath Sibehandra Syamacharan Saha, Bidhubhushan Kedarnath Sahay, Jagatpal Raghubar 79 Jagdeb 23 Mahabir Sai, Haridas Sanyal, Harinath Hemchandra. Tarinicharan Sayyid, Abdur Rowuf Mumtaj Ali Sarkar, Adharchandra Basantakumar 33 Basantakumar 11 Becharam 72

Benimadhab

Kumadnath

Lalitchandra

7:

"

"

44

Kumadinikanta

Prasannakumar

Hooghly Collegiate School. Hare School. Free Church Instn., Nagpur. City School, Nagpur. Katak Academy. Arrah School. Searsole School, Abdul Gunny's Free School. Nizamut School, Moorshedabad. Sylhet Zila School. Hare School. High School, Jabalpur. Canning College. P. Gupinathpur School. City School. Dacca Collegiate School. Miduapur Collegiate School. Pubna Zila School. Abdul Gunny's Free School. Free Church Inst, Chinsurah. Utterparah School. Faridpur Zila School. Chittagong Collegiate School. Rajshabye Collegiate School. Hooghly Branch School. Beerbhoom School. Dinagepur Zila School. Doveton College. Hindu School. Baraset Government School. Ditto. Gobardanga School. Seal's Free College. Free Church Institution. Ranchi Zıla School. Ch. Mission School, Lucknow. Barari Higher Class Eng. Schl. Patna Collegiate School. City School. Rajshahye Collegiate School. Benarcs College. St. John's College, Agra. Beerbhoom School. High School, Lahore. Metropolitan Institution. Harinavi A. S. School. ... Malda Zila School. Barrackpur School. M. A. O. College, Aligarh. Jagannath School, Dacca. Rajshahye Collegiate School. Kushtia English School. Hare School.

Sarkar, Rajaninath Son, Asminikumar

" Annadacharan

Benimadhab

.. Bhubanchandra

.. Bishnuchandra

. Jatilchandra

, Karunachandra

.. Kasichandra

" Rajendranath

.. Rameschandra

. Sasikumar

" Taraprasad

.. Udaychandra

Sengupta. Purnachandra

Set, Syamlal Sural Prakas

Shaikh Farid

Sib Sankar

Sil, Jaharlal

, Kedarnath

Singh, Bapu Galab

Singh, H.

" Haraprasad

" Haradayal

,, Lakshman

" Maharaj

. Sanwant

Sinha, Gobindalal

" Manilal

. Purnachandra

.. Raipada

.. Sasibhashan

Sukla, Rabidatta

Sutradhar, Krishnakumar

Slater, F. C

Sultan-nl-Haq

Syiduddin Muhummad Tagore, Ramkamal

Taraprasad

Tasorwoof Hossain

Tej Singh

Thakur, Rajendranath

Ten Broeke, E. A.

Thomson, S. B.

Tiwari, Durgaprasad

Tribhuban Nath P. Trimbak Wasudeo Apte

Tydd, W.

Umruddin Upadhya, Mahendranath

Venayak, Damodar Bhide

Vethecan, F.

... Metropolitan Institution.

... Metropolitan Inst , Sampuker Br

.. Hare School.

Ditto.

... Dacca Pogose School.

... Beerbhoom School.

... Faridpur Zila School.

... Hare School.

... Dacca Pogose School.

... Gazipur Mission School.

... Faridpur Zıla School.

... Hare School.

... Hindu School.

... Dacca Pogose School.

... Hooghly Branch School.

... Hindu School.

... Benares College.

... Free Church Institution, Nagpur.

... St. John's College, Agra.

... Hare School.

... Dacca Pogose School.

... Free Church Institution, Nagpur.

... Doveton College.

... Pratapghar High School.

.. St. John's College, Agra.

... High Selacol, Jabalpur.

.. Bareilly Collegiate School.

... Aimere Government College.

... Kandi School.

.. Hare School.

... Bankura Government School

... Kuchinkole Radhaballabh Instu.

... Kandi School.

... Benares College.

... Dacca Collegiate School.

... Bishop Cotton School, Simla.

... Govt. Zila School, Mirat.

... Barisal Government School.

... Rajshahye Collegiate School.

.. Allahabad High School.

... Agra College.

... High School, Lahore.

... Hindu School.

... La Martiniere College, Lucknow.

. Hooghly Collegiate School.

... Patna Collegiate School.

... Canning College.

... High School, Jabalpur.

St. James' School.

... District School, Husiarpur.

... Jalpaiguri Zila School.

... City School, Nagpur.

St. Thomas' College, Colombo.

Vishnu, Gangadhar Gadgil Vithal, Balkrishna Date Vithaba, Madhaba W. Setmam Samvaseo Waris Ali White, O. Yaquinuddin Ahmed High School, Jabalpur.
City School, Nagpur.
Free Church Institution, Nagpur.
Ditto.

Katak Collegiate School.
Govt. High School, Rangoon.
Calcutta Madrassa:

### THIRD DIVISION.

## In Alphabetical Order.

Adhkari, Ramgati Adhya, Dinabandha Adhya, Dinabandha Allah Bakhsh Badriprasad Balkrishna Mungraj Bagchi, Debkanta Mrat G. M. High School. Balkrishna Mungraj Bappooji Nowroji Khumbatta Bappooji Nowroji Khumbatta Balka, Abnaschandra Balka, Abnaschandra Balka, Abnaschandra Banda, N. M. Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra Akshaykunaar Ahathrath Asutosh Chandrakmara Abathrath Balgohnd Banda, N. M. Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra Mahathath Asutosh Chandrakmara Abathrath Balgohnd Banda, N. M. Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra Mahathath Asutosh Ashaykunaar Mahathath Asutosh Chandrakmara Barati Lal Baruya, Gunjanaa Jagannath Barati Lal Baruya, Gunjanaa Jagannath Barati Lal Baruya, Gunjanaa Jagannath Barati Lal Baruya, Mohanchandra Barati Lal Baruya, Gunjanaa Jagannath Barati Lal Baruya, Mohanchandra Abdul Gunny's Free School. Abdul Gunny's Free School.	Abdul Halim		•••	Rai Bareilly High School.
Adhukari, Ramgati Adhya, Dinabandhu Allah Bakhsh Badriprasad Balkrishna Mungraj Bagchi, Debkanta ,, Gurudas ,, Mahimehandra Bappooji Nowroji Khumbatta Baksi, Abmaschandra Balk, Rajaninath Balgobnd Banda, N. M. Babdyopadhyay, Abinaschandra Banda, N. M. Babdyopadhyay, Abinaschandra  Adharchandra , Akshaykutaar , Akshaykutaar , Akshaykutaar , Chandrakamar , Che, School, Balati , Hare School , Katak Collegiate School, Metropolitan Institution.  Allababad High School , Krishnaghar Collegiate School , Metropolitan Institution , Maharaja's School, Burdwan , Sitapur High School , Zila School, Sibsagar , Ditto, Gauhati	" Majeed			Calcutta Madrassa.
Adhya, Dinabandha Allah Bakhsh Badriprasad Badriprasad Bagchi; Debkanta  "Gurudas "Mehimchandra Bappooji Nowroji Khumbatta Baksi, Abmaschandra Balgobind Banda, N. M. Baddyopadhyay, Abinaschandra "Aksbaykuraar "Ashaykuraar "Ashuosh "Chandrakamar "Chandrakamar "Dakshinacharah "Bayoodi Khumbatta "Mehimchandra Barati Lal Baraya, Gunjanan "Jagannath "Sitapunath "Mehimchandra "Mehimc		ıti	•••	Puralia School.
Allah Bakhsh Badriprasad Balkrishna Mungraj Bagchis Debkanta  "Gurudas "Mehimchandra Bappooji Nowroji Khumbatta Baksi, Abumaschandra Balgobind Banda, N. M. Baddyopadhyay, Abinaschandra "Aksbaykuraar "Asutosh "Chandrakumar "Calcutta Institution. "Cal			•••	General Assembly's Institution.
Balkrishua Mungraj Bagchi; Debkanta  "Guradas  "Mehimehandra Bappooji Nowroji Khumbatta Baksi, Abmaschandra Balgobind Banda, N. M. Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra  "Adharchandra "Akshaykuraar "Anathuath "Anathuath "Chandrakuraar "Chumtal "Chandrakuraar "Chandrakuraar "Balgobind "Asstosh "Anathuath "Balgobind "Akshaykuraar "Ahathuath "Anathuath "Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra "Akshaykuraar "Ahathuath "Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra "Akshaykuraar "Anathuath "Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra "Akshaykuraar "Anathuath "Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra "Akshaykuraar "Anathuath "Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra "Akshaykuraar "Anathuath "Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra "Akshaykuraar "Akshaykuraar "Akshaykuraar "Bashandra High School, Santipur "Bajehandra High School, Santipur "Balgehandra "Balgehandra "Bardi Lal "Barnya, Gunjanan "Bagannath "B				
Balkrishna Mungraj Bagchi, Debkanta  "Gurudas "Mrhimehandra Bappooji Nowroji Khumbatta Baksi, Abmaschandra Balk Rajaninath Balgobind Banda, N. M. Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra "Akshaykuraar "Anathiaath "Asitosh "Chandrakmaar "Chandrakmaar "Chuntal "Dakshinacharan "Barendrauath "Bairendrauath "Krishnaghar Collegiate School. Wilvar High School. Wi	Badriprasad		••	Fyzabad Zıla School.
" Gurudas " Mehimehandra  Bappooji Nowroji Khumbatta Baksi, Abmaschandra Bal, Rajaninath Balgobind Banda, N. M. Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra " Adharchandra " Akshaykuraar " Asutosh " Chandrakumar " Chandrakumar " Chandrakumar " Dakshinacharan " Dakshinacharan " Kaila-chandra " Kaila-ch		graj	• •	Katak Collegiate School.
" Gurudas " Mehinchandra " Mehinchandra " Mehinchandra " Mehinchandra " Mehinchandra " Mehinchandra " Mahinachandra " Mahinachandra " Mahinachandra " Mahinachandra " Mahinachandra " Adharchandra " Adharchandra " Akshaykuraar " Asutosh " Anathuath " Asutosh " Chandrakumar " Le E. School, Baluti " Municipal School. " Municipal School. " Municipal School. " Municipal School, Sautipur " Le E. School, Baluti " Zila School, Comillah " Hare School " A. V. School, Comillah " Hare School " Malaschandra " Kailprasanna " Kailprasana " Kai	Bagchi, Debkant	ia.	•••	Simla Bengal Academy.
Bappooji Nowroji Khumbatta Baksi, Abmaschandra Bal, Rajaninath Balgobind Banda, N. M. Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra  Adbarchandra  Aksbaykunar  Aksbaykunar  Aksbaykunar  Asutosh Chandrakumar  Chandrakumar  Chandrakumar  Barati Lal Baruya, Gunjanan  Utty School, Mhow.  Krishnanath Clity School, Mhow.  Krishnanath Clity School, Mhow.  Krishnanath Croosstrian School, Mhow.  Krishnanath Clity School, Sylhet.  Wumerpal School, Santipur.  Mumerpal School, Santipur.  Mumerpal School, Santipur.  Mumerpal School, Baluti.  Mumicipal School, Baluti.  Mumicipal School, Santipur.  H. C. E. School, Baluti.  Mumicipal School, Comillah.  Here School, Comillah.  Hare School, Comillah.  Hare School, Comillah.  Hare School, Bissenpur.  City School, Bissenpur.  City School, Banwariabad.  A. V. School, Banwariabad.  A. V. School, Banwariabad.  Krishnanath City School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.	( Lame due		•••	H. C E. School, Putia.
Bappooji Nowroji Khumbatta Baksi, Abnaschandra Bal, Rajaninath Balgobind Banda, N. M. Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra Aksbaykunar Ahathaath Asutosh Chandrakumar Chandrakumar Barati Lal Barnya, Gunjanan Jagannath  Lutva School, Suntipur. Wilwar High School. Willambad High Schoo	Mobileud	handra		City School,
Baksi, Abmaschandra Bal, Rajaninath Balgobud Banda, N. M. Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra Aksbaykuraar Aksbaykuraar Akshaykuraar Asantosh Chandrakurar Chandrakurar Barati Lal Baruya, Gunjanan Labandra Lal Luluwar Iigh School, Santipur Shajehandra Luluwar Iigh School, Santipur Shajehandra Luluwar Iigh School, Santipur Shajehandra Luluwar Iigh School, Ultver Iigh School, Ultverparah School, Shajeha, Shahol, Sunday.  Munncipal School, Santipur Shajehandra Lutterparah School, Sushipur.  Chuntal Municipal School, Lakshmipasa. Calcutta Institution. Municipal School, Lakshmipasa. Calcutta Institution. Municipal School, Baluti.  Litterparah School, Santipur.  Municipal School, Baluti.  Lutterparah School. Municipal School, Baluti.  Litterparah School. Municipal School, Baluti.  Litterparah School, Santipur.  Chuntal  Litterparah School. Municipal School, Baluti.  Litterparah School.  Litterparah School.  Lutterparah School.  Municipal School, Santipur.  Calcutta Institution.  Litterparah School.  Litterparah School.  Lutterparah School.  Municipal School, Baluti.  Litterparah School.  Litterparah School.  Lutterparah School.  Municipal School, Santipur.  Calcutta Institution.  Litterparah School.  Lutterparah School.  Lutterparah School.  Municipal School, Santipur.  Calcutta Institution.  Litterparah School.  Lutterparah School.  Lutt		ji Khumbatta –	•••	Zoroastrian School, Mhow.
Bal, Rajaninath Balgobind Banda, N. M.  Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra  Adharchandra  Akshaykunaar  Ashtosh  Chandrakunar  Chuntal  Barendranath  Marendranath  Marendranath  Marendranath  Marendranath  Marendranath  Marendranath  Marendranath  Manindrachandra  Manindrachandra  Manindrachandra  Radhikaprasad  Radhikaprasad  Rajendranath  R			•••	Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
Balgobind Banda, N. M. Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra  Akshaykuraar  Akshaykuraar  Asutosh  Chandrakumar  Calentra Institution.  Zila School, Comillah.  Hare School,  Raflaschandra  Kaliprasanna  Kaliprasanna  Kaliprasanna  Kaliprasanna  Kaliprasanna  Kaliprasanna  Kaliprasanna  Kaliprasanna  Kaliprasanna  City School.  Hare School,  Hare School,  Bissonpur  Cuty School.  Hare School,  Hare School,  Krishnaghar  City School,  Krishnaghar  City School,  Krishnaghar  City School,  Krishnaghar  Allahabad High School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School,  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.			• •	Zila School, Sylhet.
Banda, N. M.  Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra  Adharchandra  Akshaykunar  Akshaykunar  Asutosh  Chandrakunar  Chenta Institution.  Zila School, Comillah.  Hare School.  A. V. School, Ranaghat.  Indian Institution.  Hare School.  A. V. School, Bissonpur.  City School.  Krishnanath  Kunjabihari  Kunjabihari  Manindrachandra  Kunjabihari  Radhikaprasad  Radhikaprasad  Radhikaprasad  City School.  Hooghly Branch School.  Hooghly Branch School.  Krishnaghar  City School, Krishnaghar.  City School, Krishnaghar.  City School, Krishnaghar.  City School, Krishnaghar.  City School, Banwariabad.  A. V. School, Krishnaghar.  City School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School,  Metropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.			• • •	Ulwar High School.
Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra Mumcipal School, Santipur.  Adharchandra Shajehanpur High School.  Aksbaykuraar Utterparah School.  Asutosh Municipal School, Baluti.  Chandrakumar H. C. E. School, Baluti.  Chandrakumar H. C. E. School, Santipur.  Chandrakumar H. C. E. School, Lakshmipasa.  Calcutta Institution.  Zila School, Comillah.  Hare School.  Hazardal A. V. School, Ranaghat.  Indian Institution.  Kaliprasanna City School.  Krishnanath Hare School.  Krishnanath Hare School.  Krishnanath Hare School.  Krishnanath Hooghly Branch School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Radhikaprasad A. V. School, Krishnaghar.  City School.  Rajchandra City School.  Rajchandra City School.  Rajchandra City School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School, Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Susilchandra Metropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.			• •	Trmity College, Kandy.
Adharchandra Shajehanpur High School.  Aksbaykuraar Utterparah School.  Anathnath II. C. E. School, Baluti.  Municipal School. Sautipur.  H. C. E. School, Lakshnaipasa.  Chundal Calcutta Institution.  Dakshinacharan Zila School, Comillah.  Harendranath Hare School.  Hazardal A. V. School, Ranaghat.  Indian Institution.  Kallaschandra H. C. E. School, Bissenpur.  Kaliprasanna City School.  Krishnanath Hare School.  Krishnanath Hare School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Kalikaprasad A. V. School, Krishvaghar.  City School.  Rajehandra City School, Krishvaghar.  City School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School, Susilchandra Metropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.		. Abinaschandra		Mumcipal School, Santipur.
Aksbaykuraar Utterparah School. Anathmath H. C. E. School, Baluti. Municipal School, Santipur. Chandrakumar H. C. E. School, Lakshmipasa. Chuntlal Calcutta Institution. Dakshinacharan Zila School, Comillah. Harendranath Hare School. Hazardal A. V. School, Ranaghat. Jogindranath Indian Institution. Kallaschandra II. C. E. School, Bissenpur. Kaliprasanna City School. Krishnanath Hare School. Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School. Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School. H. C. E. School, Krishvaghar. City School. Radhikaprasad A. V. School, Krishvaghar. City School. Rajehandra City School. Rajendranath Allahabad High School. Krishnaghar Collegiate School, Metropolitan Institution. Maharaja's School, Burdwan. Sitapur High School. Zila School, Sibsagar. Ditto, Gauhati.	•			Shajehanpur High School.
Anathmath H. C. E. School, Baluti.  Asutosh Municipal School, Sautipur.  Chandrakumar H. C. E. School, Lakshmipasa.  Chundal Calcutta Institution.  Zila School, Comillah.  Harendranath Hare School.  Hazardal A. V. School, Ranaghat.  Jogindranath Indian Institution.  Kallaschandra H. C. E. School, Bissenpur.  Kaliprasanna City School.  Kushnanath Hare School.  Kushnanath Hare School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Kunjabihari City School, Banwariabad.  Radhikaprasad A. V. School, Krishnaghar.  City School.  Rajehandra City School.  Rajehandra Zila School, Faridpur  Rajendranath Allahabad High School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School, Krishnaghar Collegiate School, Burdwan.  Susilchandra Metropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.	<u>-</u>	Aksbaykumaar	•••	Utterparah School.
Chandrakamar H. C. E. School, Sautipur.  Chandrakamar H. C. E. School, Lakshmipasa.  Calcutta Institution.  Calcutta Institution.  Zila School, Comillah.  Harendranath Hare School.  Hazardal A. V. School, Ranaghat.  Jogindranath Indian Institution.  Kaila-chandra II. C. E. School, Bissenpur.  Kaliprasanna City School.  Krishnanath Hare School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Kadhikaprasad A. V. School, Krishnaghar.  City School.  Rajchandra City School.  Rajchandra Zila School, Faridpur  Rajchandra Zila School, Faridpur  Allahabad High School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.		Anathmath	•••	H. C. E. School, Baluti.
Chandrakumar H. C. E. School, Lakshmipasa.  Calcutta Institution.  Zila School, Comillah.  Harendranath Hare School.  Hazardal A. V. School, Ranaghat.  Jogindranath Indian Institution.  Kalla-chandra II. C. E. School, Bissenpur.  Kaliprasanna City School.  Krishnanath Hare School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Kunjabihari City School.  Kunjabihari City School.  Kadhikaprasad A. V. School, Krishnaghar.  City School.  Rajchandra City School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Metropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.		Asutosh	•••	Municipal School, Sautipur.
Ohundal Calcutta Institution.  Dakshinacharan Zila School, Comillah.  Harendranath Hare School.  Hazardal A. V. School, Ranaghat.  Indian Institution.  Indian Ins		Chandraknmar	•••	H. C. E. School, Lakshmipasa.
Dakshinacharan Zila School, Comillah. Harendrauath Hare School.  Hazardal A. V. School, Ranaghat. Jogindranath Indian Institution. H. C. E. School, Bissenpur.  Kaliprasanna City School. Krishnanath Hare School. Hare School. Hare School, Bissenpur. City School. Hooghly Branch School. Hooghly Branch School. H. C. E. School, Banwariabad. A. V. School, Krishnaghar. City School. Rajchandra City School. Rajchandra City School. Rajchandra City School. Krishnaghar Collegiate School. Krishnaghar Collegiate School. Metropolitan Institution. Maharaja's School, Burdwan. Sitapur High School. Baruya, Gunjanan Zila School, Sibsagar. Ditto, Gauhati.		Chumial	•••	Calcutta Institution.
Harendranath Hare School.  Hazarlal A. V. School, Ranaghat.  Jogindranath Indian Institution.  Hare School, Bissenpur.  Kallaschandra City School,  Krishnanath Hare School.  Hare School.  Hare School.  Hare School,  Hare School,  Hare School,  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School,  Hare School,  Hooghly Branch School,  Hare School,  Hooghly Branch School,  Hare School,	·	Dakshinacharai	ı	Zila School, Comillah.
Jogindranath Indian Institution.  Karlaschandra II. C. E. School, Bissenpur.  Kaliprasanna City School.  Krishnanath Hare School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Manindrachandra H. C. E. School, Banwariabad.  Radhikaprasad A. V. School, Krishnaghar.  City School.  Rajchandra City School.  Rajchandra Zila School, Faridpur  Rajchandra Allahabad High School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Metropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Jagannath Ditto, Gauhati.	•	Harendrauath	• • •	Hare School.
, Jogindranath Indian Institution. , Karla-chandra II. C. E. School, Bissenpur.  Kaliprasanna City School.  Krishnanath Hare School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Manindrachandra H. C. E. School, Banwariabad.  Radhikaprasad A. V. School, Krishnaghar.  City School.  Rajehandra City School.  Rajendranath Allahabad High School.  Rajendranath Allahabad High School.  Saradadas Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Metropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Jagannath Ditto, Gauhati.	22	Hazardal	• • •	A. V. School, Ranaghat.
Kaila-chandra II. C. E. School, Bissenpur.  Kaliprasanna City School.  Kushnanath Hare School.  Hare School.  Hooghly Branch School.  Hooghly Branch School.  Kadhikaprasad A. V. School, Krishnaghar.  City School.  Rajchandra City School.  Rajchandra City School.  Rajchandra Allahabad High School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Metropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.	-	Jogindranath	•••	
Kaliprasanna City School. Krishnanath Hare School. Hare School. Hooghly Branch School.  A. V. School, Krishnaghar. City School, Faridpur Allahabad High School. Krishnaghar Collegiate School. Metropolitan Institution. Maharaja's School, Burdwan. Sitapur High School. Zila School, Sibsagar. Ditto, Gauhati.		Kailaschandra	***	II. C. E. School, Bissenpur.
Krishnanath Hare School.  Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Manindrachandra H. C. E. School, Banwariabad.  Radhikaprasad A. V. School, Krishnaghar.  City School.  Rajchandra Zila School, Faridpur  Rajchandra Allahabad High School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School,  Susilchandra Metropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Jagannath Ditto, Gauhati.		Kaliprasanna	•••	City School.
Kunjabihari Hooghly Branch School.  Manindrachandra H. C. E. School, Banwariabad.  Radhikaprasad A. V. School, Krishvaghar.  City School.  Rajchandra City School.  Rajchandra Allahabad High School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Metropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.		Krishnanath		Hare School.
Manindrachandra Radhikaprasad A. V. School, Banwariabad. A. V. School, Krishnaghar. City School. Rajchandra Zila School, Faridpur Rajendranath Allahabad High School. Krishnaghar Collegiate School, Krishnaghar Collegiate School, Metropolitan Institution. Maharaja's School, Burdwan. Sitapur High School. Zila School, Sibsagar. Ditto, Gauhati.		Kunjabihari	•••	Hooghly Branch School.
Radhikaprasad A. V. School, Krishvaghar.  Raicharan City School.  Rajchaudra Zila School, Faridpur  Rajchaudra Allahabad High School.  Raicharan Allahabad High School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School.  Metropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.	-	Manindrachan	dra	H. C. E. School, Banwariabad.
Rajcharan City School.  Rajcharan Zila School, Faridpur Rajcharanath Allahabad High School.  Rajcharanath Allahabad High School.  Krishnaghar Collegiate School, Metropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.		Radhikaprasad		
Rajchandra Zila School, Faridpur Rajchandra Allahabad High School. Krishnaghar Collegiate School, Krishnaghar Collegiate School, Metropolitan Institution. Maharaja's School, Burdwan. Sitapur High School. Zila School, Sibsagar. Ditto, Gauhati.		Raicharan	•••	City School.
Barati Lal Baruya, Gunjanan Jagannath  Krishnaghar Collegiate School, Metropolitan Institution. Maharaja's School, Burdwan. Sitapur High School. Zila School, Sibsagar. Ditto, Gauhati.		Rajchandra	•••	Zila School, Faridpur
Barati Lal Baruya, Gunjanan Jagannath  Susilchandra  Upendrachandra  Listinaghar Collegiate School, Metropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan. Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.		Rajendranath	•••	Allahabad High School.
Barati Lal Wetropolitan Institution.  Maharaja's School, Burdwan.  Sitapur High School.  Zila School, Sibsagar.  Ditto, Gauhati.		Saradadas		Krishnaghar Collegiate School,
Barati Lal Sitapur High School. Burdwan. Baruya, Gunjanan Zila School, Sibsagar. Jagannath Ditto, Gauhati.		Susilchaudra	••	Metropolitan Institution.
Barati Lal Sitapur High School. Baruya, Gunjanan Zila School, Sibsagar. Jagannath Ditto, Gauhati.		Upendrachand	lra	Maharaja's School, Burdwan.
Baruya, Gunjanan Zila School, Sibsagar Ditto, Gauhati.		-		Sitapur High School.
" Jagannath Ditto, Gauhati.	Baruya, Gunjar	an	••	
			• •	
			•1	Abdul Gunny's Free School.

Basak, Saradagopal		General Assembly's Institution.
Basu, Abinaschandra		Metropolitan Institution.
" Aghornath	1	Suburban School, Kalighat.
" Amritalal		Tencher.
,, Asutosh		Utterparah School.
"Bijaykrishna	••	Hindu School.
" Chandrakanta		Ruplal Raghunath School.
,, Debendranath		Indian Institution.
,, Debendranath		A. S. School, Boroe.
,, Girischandra		Hooghly Branch School.
" Khagendranath		Suburban School, Kalighat.
,, Jogindralal		Sanskrit Collegiate School.
,, Kesabchandra		Canning College.
,, Kumadnath	100	Grammar School, Chinsurah.
,, Kumadeswar		Dacca Pogose School.
,, Manahar	100	Bagnan School.
Mahinimohan	,	Canning College.
Manmohan	100	M. Surnomoy's School, Ulipur.
Nahakrichna		Private Student.
Writzagonal		South Baharu H. C. E. School.
Driveneth (conjon)	•••	Midnapur Collegiate School.
Purnachandra	••	Zila School, Dinagepur.
Queileanto		Ditto, Bogra.
Satisalandra	•••	Sridharpore H. C. E. School.
Surandranath		L. M. S. Inst., Bhowanipur.
Maniniahanan	***	Teghoria Zila School.
Benayak Rao		Rutlan Central College.
Beniprasad	•••	Chapra Zila School.
Bhar, Srischandra	100	General Assembly's Institution.
Bhatta, Sadhuram	100	
	154	Mission School, Gazipur.
Bhattacharyya, Haridas Kesabchandra	•••	Jagadballabhpur H. C. E. School.
, Krishnanath	•••	H. C. E. School, Mahespur.
, Nandalal	•••	Midnapur Collegiate School. Teacher.
	•••	
,, Priyanath	•••	Government School, Jessore.
" Taraprasad	•••	Hindu School, Navadwip.
,, Umeschandra	•••	H C. E. School, Naral.
Bhupnarayan	•••	Christ Church School, Cawnpur.
Bhura Mal	•••	Maharajah's College, Jeypur.
Biswas, Dinanath	•••	Govt. Zila School, Mymeusing.
" Trailokyanath	•••	H. C. E School, Naral.
Brindaban	•••	Benares College.
Chaki, Jogindranath	***	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
Chakrabarti, Asutosh	•••	Jaynagar Institution.
" Akshaykumar	•••	L. M. S. Inst., Bhowenipur.
" Benimadhab	•••	Toacher.
" Harihar		Patna Collegiate School.
" Madhusudan		H. C. E. School, Serajgunge.
,, Pranbandhn	***	H. C. E. School, Koomarkali.
,, Radhanath	,	A. S. School, Boroe.
, Ramgobinda		Zila School, Pubna.
" Ramatrahi	***	Harinavi A S. School.
" Sahayram	• • •	Hare School.
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Chakrabarti,	, Sasibhushan	•••	Zila School, Faridpur.
,,	Suschandra	•••	Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
,,	Suryyamarayan		H. C. B School, Pandra.
71	Syamsundar	• • •	Jenkin's School, Cooch Behar,
- Chattopadh	yay, Abinaschandra	***	Suburban School, Kalighat.
,,	Abmaschandra	• • •	Utterparah School.
,,	<b>A</b> mbikacharan	•••	H C E. School, Serajgunge.
21	Bipmbihari	• • •	Allahabad Hlgh School.
,,	Debendrauath	•••	Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
"	Debendrachand	ւտ	Ditto.
17	Gaganchandra	•••	Saradaprasad Inst., Chackdigi.
,,	Handas	•••	Calcutta Training Academy,
77	Jogindramohan	• • •	Free Church Institution.
,,	Jogiadraneth	• • •	H. C. E. School, Jehanabad.
23	Manmathanath	•••	H. C. E. School, Bagn hat.
"	Nandalal	•••	Metropolitan Inst., Shampuker Branch.
1)	- Narayanchandra	ւ	Sibpore H. C. E. School
,,	Nepalchandra		H C E. School Danlatpur.
1,	Prabhaschandra		Private Student.
37	${f R}$ ajendrala ${f I}$	•••	English School, Chafra.
49	Ramsankar	• • •	Government School, Bankura.
5.4	Trailokyanath		Metropolitan Institution.
Charmbedi,			St. John's College, Agra.
Charbe, Abs	idhesh	•••	Muzi pur Ziia School.
	Chandranarayau	•••	Jenkin's School, Cooch Behar.
	Hopalchandra	•••	Rungpur Collegiate School,
	Gopalchandra	•••	Raj-halive Collegiate School.
•	Gopalchandra	•••	Putulia School.
	Mathuraprasad	••	Allahabad High School.
	Padmalochan	• • •	Zila School, Syllief
Choga Lal	1		Maharnjeh's College, Jeypur.
Dam, Abbay		**	Zila School, Sythet.
Das, Asitosl		•••	Aryan School,
, Bhaban		• • •	Gowalparah Zila School.
, Biharila		•••	Lokenath H. C. E. Sch., Balasore,
, Brazana		•••	Mission School, Gazipur.
, Bipmch		•••	Santos Jahnavi School,
, Chandra		•••	Zila School, Sylhet.
	chaidra	•••	Have School.
, Jognesv		•••	Utterparah School.
, Kanada , Rawcha		• • •	Benares College.
" Satischa		<b></b>	Government School, Barisal.
S.I lemal		•••	Zda School, Faradpur.
_ ''		•••	Hindu School.
Dasgupta, K		••	English School, Kalia.
- Daspoddar, I - Dauba, Abau		•••	Sambhunath Schl. Chatmohar.
A 23233		•••	Zila School, Sylhet.
,,,		• • •	Metropolitan Institution.
	ay prasad	•••	Hindu School
Cham.	kabihari Mas	•••	H. C. E. School, Daulatpur.
1000	•	•••	Santos Jahnavi School.
» ougu	math	•••	Zila School, Puri.

Datta, Nrityagopal

- " Pareschandra
- " Prasannakumar
- ,, Raicharan
- " Rajamkanta

- Saratchandra

Davies, H.

Deb, Balkrishna Narayan

De, Bmodbihari

- , Debendranath
- "Durgacharan
- ., Gangacharan
- " Purnachandra

. Priyanath

Debi, Chand

,, Prasad

Dighe, Annit Ram Chandra

Dikshit Sebadhar

Dineswari Prasad

Dube, Baijnath

" Ramchand

Dyal, C. M.

Fakir Chand Pattchbabadur

Tazi Karim

Gangopadhyay, Karunamay

Narendianath

Gardiner, W. J.

Ghatak, Kadaschandra

Ghosh, Abmaschandra

- .. Ayutoslı
- " Bidhubhushan
- .. Gurudas
- ,, Hemchandra
- .. Hemchandra
- " Indranarayan
- "Kalinath
- " Kunjabihari
- " Narendranarayan
- " Narendranath
- " Nityananda
- ", Pyarital
- .. Ramlat
- " Satischandra
- ,, Syamacharun
- . Upendralal

Ghosal, Busantakumar

.. Binodehandra

Chanesyam

Gudhari Lall, H

Gobinda Dadoba Bhojraj

... Hindu School.

... General Assembly's Institution.

... Makarajah's School, Burdwan

... General Assembly's Institution

... Metropolitan Inst., Shampuker Branch.

... Sanskrit Collegiate School.

... La Martiniere College, Lucknow.

... Indore English School.

... Scal's Free College.

... City School.

... Zila School, Comillah

... Nizamat School, Moorshedabad,

... Useful Arts School.

... Hooghly Collegiate School.

... Lahore High School.

... Patna Collegiate School

.. High School, Dhar.

... Cawnpore Zila School.

H. C. E. School, Pachamba

... Jabalpar High School.

- Ditto

... Church Mission High School Gotakpur.

... Hushai pur Pistrict School

--- High Schoot, Gondah.

.. L. M. High School, Benares.

... L M S Institution.

... Maragacha School,

··· La Martimere College Lucknow.

... Zila School, Mymensing

... South Baharn H. C. E. School.

... Utterparah School.

... Government School Jessore.

... Zila School, Gya.

... Oriental Semmary.

... L. M. S. Inst . Bhowanipur

... Kandi School.

.. Hooghly Collegiate School.

... Metropolitan Institution

Ditto. Shampuker Branch.

- Dreca Collegiate School

... Government School, Bankura.

.. Zila School, Pabna

... H. C E. School, Taki.

... Pogose School, Dacca.

... Jagannath School, Dacca.

... Beerbhoom School.

... Utterparah School,

... Canning College.

... Central College, Rutlam.

... Amritsar District School,

... Nagpur City School.

Gokul Prasad Geoneratna, C. Goswami, Brajalal

- Hemchandra
- Jog mdrakumar ٠,

l'in schandra

Guha Jadanath

Mahadeb

Saratchandra

Gulal Chand

Gupta, Amraalal

- Brajendvamohau
- Harr-chandra
- Hemendranath ٠,
- Ki-or mohan
- Piyarimohan

Haldar, Biperbihari

- Pyarimohan
  - Probodhebandra

Haripersad Hearne, C.

Hossam Ali Khan

Trayet Hosam Iswariprasad Jawalarial

Jaha, Kirtichandra

Jahari Maulal Kahanchand

Kadban Mal

Kar, Sasibhushan

Kacmakar, Dharanidh n

Kemb Das

Khizruddin Ahmed Khan, Rupl d

Khushiram Kishanlal Kisordal Kisholal Krishna Rao

Kumar, lanischandra Kundu, Iswarcharan Lahiri, Jaanendranath

Laskar, Jadunath

Law, Makhanlal

Mohanlal

Mahabirprasad

Maiti, Dwarkanath

Maitra, Baradagobinda

- Chandranath ,,
- Indubhushan "
- Jogendralat ,,

St. Teter's College, Agra.

St. Thomas's College, Colombo.

Hindu-School, Navadwip.

Utterparali School.

Municipal School, Santipur. . . .

Serampur College. Zila School, Faridpur.

... H. C. E. School, Khulna

Training School, Dehra Doon.

Hume's High School, Etawah.

Hare School. ...

Church Mission Selved, Calcutta.

Scal's Free Codege.

Sanskrit Collegiate School.

H. C. E. School, Banwariabad

Metropolitan Institution.

Sibpur Higher Class English Schl. ...

Chinsurah Free Church Instn.

Hoogaly Branch School.

Zila School, Mozufferpore.

In Martinere College, Lucknow.

Agra College

Cawnpur Zıla School.

Canuing College.

Ber wes College.

Zila School, Deoghur.

Hindu School.

Guzranwallah Mission School.

Barenly Collegiate School.

Ranchi Zila School.

Muragacha School.

St. Peter's Church Mission School Allahabad.

Calcutta Madrassa.

Anglo-Vernacular School, Krishn ighar.

Peshwar Mission School.

Mirat Ch. Mission High School.

Bareilly Collegiate School.

Jabalpur High School.

Bengalitolah Preparatory School.

H. C. E. School, Jehanabad.

Benares College.

Howrah School.

H. C. E. School, Jhinidah.

Chinsurah Free Ch. Institution.

M. A. O. College, Aligarh. ...

Benares College.

Balasore Zila School. [Putia. •••

Higher Class English School

Rajshahye Collegiate School.

Midnapur Collegiate School,

Private Student,

Majumdar, Haraprasanna	•••	Zīla School, Noakhali.
,, Trailokyanath	• • •	Jagannath School, Dacca.
M. Makdum Hosain		M. O. A. College, Aligarh.
Maliik, Asutosh	• • •	Albert School.
" – Jyotindra Chandra		Higher Class English School,
, Krishnalal		Katwa, Hindu School,
" Kuninlal	•••	Dicto.
Kanadal	•••	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Samalankanan	•	Hezaribagh Zila School.
**	• • •	Armeman Philanthropic Aca-
Martin, A. C.	•••	denv.
Mat, Arunchandra		Manicipal School, Santipore.
Matabadul	• • •	Pratagar High School
Mathuaprasad Nagar, I	•••	High School, Allahabad.
	•••	High School, Jabalpur.
Mehta, Bijaysankar	•••	
Mills, T.		La Martiniere College. St. Xavier's College.
Minus, S.	•••	<b>\-</b>
,, S. M	•••	Govt. High School, Rangoon,
Misra, Sarjuprasad	•••	High School, Hardni.
Mitra, Basantakumar	•••	Higher Class English School,
(9 smalandes		Daulatpur.
" Charuchandra	•••	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
, Charuchandra	•••	Hundu School
,, Gopalchandra	•••	Church Mission School, Calcutta
,, Girndianath	•••	English School, Burdwan.
, Haradhan	• • • •	Katak Collegiate School.
" Joendianath	• • •	General Assembly's Institution.
"Kalipada	•••	Baguan School.
" Kisormohan	• • •	Hare School.
" Nareschandra	- • •	Ranchi Zıla School,
" Priyanath	•••	Garden Reach School.
" Priyanath	•••	Simla Bengal Academy.
" Radhanath	•••	Oriental Seminary.
" Ra-bihari	•••	Calcutta Training Academy
., Shibchandra	•••	Hare School.
" Syamalal	•••	Kadhaballabh Inst., Kuchiakole.
Mitter, J. F. C.	•••	Doveton College.
Mustafi, Manmathanath	• • •	Purulia School
Muhammad Akram-ul-Haq	•••	Patna Collegiato School.
" Ali	•••	Farakabad Zila School
" Ralique	• •	M. A. O. College, Aligaria.
" Sidkig	•••	Paul's School, Backergunge.
,, Abdulla	••	Calcutta Madrassa.
Mukhopadhyay, Ashutosh	•••	Private Student.
,, Bamapada	•••	Calcutta Training Academy.
" Bireswar	•••	L. M. S. Institution.
" Charucharan	• • •	Mozufferpore Zita School.
,, Gopalchandra	•••	Hare School,
" 🤿 Gurupada	•••	Utterparah School.
" Hiralal	•••	Kasinath School, Kasipore.
, Jadunath	•••	Utterparah School.
Jogeschandra	•••	Berbanipore Collegiate School.

Mukhopadhyay, Jagatchandra		Patna Collegiate School.
Towndmahand	ra	Ruplal Raghunath School.
Kalisankar		Hindu School.
Kamakshyam	asad	
Matilal		Residency College, Indore.
		St. Xavier's College.
Kedarnath	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
Nilleanto	•••	Barisa School.
", Nripalchandra	-	Private Student.
		Utterparah School.
,, Pratapnaraya Sanatkumar		Gauhati Zila School.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	
" Saratchandra	•••	Bengalitolah Preparatory School, Benares.
Mul Chand	•••	Amritsar District School.
Mumtaz Masiq	•••	St. John's College, Agra.
Nag, Prasannakumar	***	L. M. School, Midnapur.
Nandalal	••	Hume's High School, Etawah.
Narayanprasad	•••	Superior Zila School. Mathura.
Naudi, Rajkumar	••	Sylhet Zila School.
Nand Ram	•••	Bareilly Collegiate School.
Neba Ram	•••	Upper School, Jhang.
Nestor, R. L.	• • • •	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling.
Nilkant Apaji Tilve		Private Student.
Niyogi, Harendranarayan	•••	Jenkin's School, Cooch Behar.
Nivsarkar Krishnaji Gobinda	• • •	English School, Indore.
¿ Page, Gopal Mahadeo		Jabalpur High School.
Pal, Gopalchandra	•••	City School.
Palchaudhuri, Kunjabihari	•••	Hindu School.
Palit, Purnachandra	•••	Katak Collegiate School.
" Saratchandra	•••	Bankura Government School.
Pande, Bachchun		Benares College.
,, Sukhdeo	•••	Baraich Zila School.
Pandit, Jagatnarayan	•••	Canning College.
Dadwingth	•••	Hushiarpore District School.
Paramananda	•••	Superior Zila School, Mathura.
Qazi Afsar-ud-deen Ahmad	•••	Abdool Gunny's Free School.
Qutb Alam	•••	Fyzabad Zila School.
Radhakrishna	•••	Teacher.
_	•••	Arrah School,
Raghunandanprasad	Pel	Dacca Collegiate School.
Rakshit, Rajanikanta	•••	Benares College.
Ramabatar	•••	Patiala Maharaja's College.
Rajaram Dana Nash	301	
Rama Nath	***	Ajmere Government College.
Ramprasad	**1	Benares College.
Ray, Akshaykumar		Radhaballab Inst., Kuchiakole.
" Gaganchandra	••1	Bareilly Collegiate School.
, Gopalchandra	••	Bogra Zila School.
,, Hemehandra	••	Pogose School, Dacca.
,, Jadunath	401	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
, Jogondranarayan	••	Hazaribagh Zila School.
"Kailaschandra	••	Government Zila School, My-
White dnoth 5		mensingh.  Hare School. **
, Khirodnath	••	TIME DOMONI.

Ray, Krishnachandra

Naubat

Radhajiban

Rajgopal

Sadhucharan

Srinath

Suryyanarayan

Srischaudra ,,

Tarakchand ,,

Taraprasanna ,,

Turipiprasad

Umeschandra

Raygupta, Tariniprasad

Rupa Swami, T.

Rura Ram

Sa. Raiendranath

Saha, Umeschandra

### Sahay, Bhabani

Kalka

Lachbman ,,

Ramanugraha

Salagram

Sambasio Krishna Jakate

Santra, Matilal

Sanyal, Harilal

Sarkar, Chintamani

#### **Jogindranath**

Nilratan

Sarupuarayan

Sen, Annadaprasanna

Anantanath

Abinaschandra

Binodbihari ,,

Haracharan

Hemnath ,,

Kailaschandra

Kalicharan

Kamakshyanath 99

Mahendranath 71

Narayankrishna ,,

Pareschandra

,, Rameschandra

" Sasibhushan

Ramlal "

Sureschandra

Upendranath

Sengupta, Nabinchandra

Sil, Haridas

.. Krishnadas

Singh, Dhan

Hira

Kandi School.

Ludhiana Mission School.

Free Church Institution.

General Assembly's Institution.

Katak Collegiate School.

Hindu School, Nabadwip.

Victoria School, Gazipui.

Ruplal Raghanath School.

Pogose School, Dacca,

Zıla School, Jalpaiguri.

Jagaunath School, Dacca.

L. M. S. Inst., Bhowanipur.

Jagannath School, Dacea.

Free Church Institution, Nagpur.

Hushiarpur District School.

Nizamut School, Murshedabad.

Higher Class English School, Lakshmipasa.

Patna Collegiate School.

Bareilly Collegiate School.

Arrah School.

Mission School, Gazipur.

Benarcs College.

Free Church Institution, Nagpur.

Prannath School, Satkhira.

Krishnachar Collegiate School.

Maharaja Narendra Krishna H. C. E. School, Haturunj,

L. M. S. Institution, Badurin.

General Assembly's Institution.

Fyzabad Zila School.

Abdool Gunny's Free School.

Zila School, Commilla.

Government School, Baraset.

Krishnaghar Collegiate School,

Abdul Gunny's Free School.

Suburban School, Kalighat.

Pogose School, Dacca.

Gauhati Zila School.

L. M. S. Inst., Bhowanipur.

Entally Institution.

General Assembly's Institution.

Monghyr Zila School

Chittagong Collegiate School.

Hooghly Collegiate School.

Gauhati Zila School.

Hare School.

L. M. S. Inst., Bhowanipur.

Jagaunath School, Dacca.

Hindu School.

•••

Ditto.

Bareilly Collogiate School.

Gujrat Government School.

Singh, Indrajit		Pratapgarh High School.
Sinha, Debendranath	•••	TT (N ) 1
, Digambar	•••	Bankura Government School.
, Dwarkanath		The Proof of the P
" Gajraj Sinha Kishon	•	Free Church Institution, Nagpur
Nrityagopal	441	15 0 1 1
, Raghubar	•••	A)
Spencer, T.	•••	St. Xavier's College.
Sujiad Hossain	•••	TO 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Swaminath	•••	Bulrampur Zila School.
Syam, Baradacharan	•••	Syihet Zila School.
Syed, Ahmed Hosain	•••	7777
", Bakir Ali	•••	30 () 4 () () 410 1
, Abdullah	•••	Agra College
, Wajid Ali	***	The same of the sa
Talibuddin, Ahmed	•••	CT (A. 1. )
Talukdar, Harendrachandra	•••	44 4 7215 44 1 1 TM
Tewari, Mattaulal	•••	C M. High School, Jabalpur.
Tewariram, Gobinda Dani	•••	3. 1:43 0:3
Thomson, L. A.	•••	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Tripati, Antatran	•••	Puri Zila School.
Waiz ul Haq		Patna Coilegiate School.
Wrafter, E.	•••	St. George's College, Mussouri.
	•••	Gya Zila School.
Zilturrahım		CI YOU TAILED CHOOL.

# 1880

## FIRST DIVISION.

## In Alphabetical Order.

A 1. J. Y. F L'F	10	(1-1-44-36-1
Abdul Latif	18	Calcutta Madrassa.
Acharyya, Prankrishna	18	Pabna Zila School.
" Taraprasanna	17	Rajshahye Collegiate School.
Adhya, Rasbibari	17	Howrah School.
Agarwallah, Manmohanial	17-6	Allahabad Zila School.
Aich. Gangadhar	16	Barrackpur School.
Anthony, A. D.	16	
Attaullah	18	Bareilly High School.
Babu, Lal	17	
Bagchi, Lalitmohan	18	Nasirabad Entrance School.
Baidya, Dayalchand	16	Jaynagar Institution.
Baksi, Nagendrachandra	17	
Balgobinda	20	T
Bandyopadhyay, Abinasch	<b>2</b> 11-	• •
dra	19	Albert School.
,, Asutosh	21-7	Tikari H C. E. School.
,, Baradacharan	17	Dacca Collegiate School.
, Biroswar		Utterparah School.
" Dhirondranath		
,, Dinanath		Pakur School.
" Dwarkanath	17	
Gobindachandre		Jagannath School.

D. J Thomas Thomas	1_10	Towns - Al. Call and
Bandyopadhyay, Harakani		Jagannath School.
" Jnanchandra	17	Howrah School.
" Janendrachandr		Hare School.
,, Jogneswar	20	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
" Kaliprasanna	17	Jangipur H. C. E. School.
"Kisorimohan	16	L. M. School, Khagra.
" Nilratan	16.5	Berhampur Collegiate School.
" Nrityagopal	16	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
,, Ramlal	19	Pakur School.
,, Ramnarayan	19	Free Church Institution
" Saratchandra	16-6	Bankura Government School.
" Satyacharan	16	Hooghly Branch School.
", Siddheswar	17	Barrackpur School.
Barai, Bishnucharan	19	Jagannath School.
Barat, Narendranath	17-6	Sanskrit College.
Barman, Lakshminarayan	17-5	Hindu School.
Basak, Krishnalal	16	Ditto.
" Nritykisor	16-5	Ditto.
,, Radhaballabh	16	Oriental Seminary.
,, Rebatimohan	18	Jagannath School.
Basu, Abhaypada	16-10	Canning College.
" Akshaykumar	18	Dacca Pogose School.
" Bhubaneswar	17	Calcutta Training Academy.
" Chandrakanta	19	Sylhet Zila School,
" Jnanendranath	18	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur.
, Kedarnath	19 16-3	Northbrook School.
" Purnachandra	1 ~	Hindu School
,, Rajendranath		Suburban School, Kamhat. Hare School.
" Saratchandra (senior		Ditto.
" Saratchandra (junior " Siddheswar	17 C	Hooghly Branch School.
Sitaram	17	Hare School.
Surguehandra	10	City School.
Syamaharan	70	Faridpur Zila School.
Batabyal, Sitanath	60	Madrassa-i-Unwariah.
Bhaduri, Nabakrishna	18	Faridpur Zila School.
Bhar, Adharchandra	17 A.	Hooghly Collegeiate School.
Bhattacharyya, Aniarnath	17	Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
Anandumchan	•	Mymensing Zila School.
" Bipinbihari	18	Chatra H. C. E. School.
Dwijendranat		Nabadwip Hindu School.
" Jadabchandra		Sambhunath School, Chatmohar.
,, Jadabchandra		Rajshahye Collegiate School.
" Mahimchandr		Ruplal Raghunath School.
" Srischandra	17	F. C. Institution, Chinsurah.
" Syamacharan	16	Berhampur Collegiate School.
Billing, William	31	Teacher.
Bindheswariprasad	20	Barabanki High School.
Biswas, Gurudas	19	Commillah Zila School.
*, Natakrishna	17	Hare School.
Blanchett, Matilda	***	Girls' High School, Allahabad.
Braide, G. W.	18	Mussoorie School,
Branscombe, G. A. L.	17	Doveton College.

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19
                                   Patiala College.
Bunsi Lal
                           13-7-18
                                   St. Xavier's College.
Camell, O.
                           16
Cazalas, L. J.
                                ٠.
                                          Ditto.
                                   Girls' High Schl., Allahabad.
Cazalet, Julia
                                   Ruishahye Collegiate School.
                           18
Chaki, Benimadhab
Chakrabarti, Kartikchandra18
                                   Hare School.
                                   Sanskrit Collegiate School.
                           20
             Kshotranath
       33
                                   Dacca Collegiate School.
             Kumadbihari 17
Chandra. Dinanath
                           18-5 ...
                                   Metropolitan Institution, Sham-
                                      pukur Branch.
                                   Free Church Institution.
                           17
          Naranarayan
                                   Kushtea School.
                           18
Chattopadhyay, Amritalal
                           20
                                   Naral H. C. E School.
            Baradakanta
                           18
                                ... L.M. S Institution, Bhowanipur.
            Bholanath
       ,,
                           17
                                   Canning College.
            Harigopal
       • •
             Hariprasad
                           14-9 ...
                                   Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
       29
                           20
                                    American Mission H School,
            Jadunath
       ,,
                                      f Allalıabf ad .
                           18
             Jozindranath
                                    Free Church Inst., Chinsurah.
       37
                            18
                                    Ruplal Ragbunath School.
             Kalimohan
                            16
             Kushlal
                                    Hinda School.
                            16
                                    Faridpur Zila School.
             Nilkanta
                           19
                                    Ilsoba Mondlye School.
             Phelukanta
                           16-6-10
             Rajaninath
                                    Gar Bhowanipur H. C. E. Schl.
                            17
                                    Howrah School.
             Taranada
       "
             Trailokyauath 17
                                    Barrackpur School.
                                ...
       33
             Cribhubanchan-
       ,,
                            17.3 ...
                  dra
                                    Kandi School.
 Chaudhuri Gorachand
                            17-5 ... Beerbhoom Zila School.
          Harondranarayan 17
                                    Naral H. C. E. School.
     73
          Nagendranath
                            19
                                    Metropolitan Institution.
     "
          Nisichandra
                            18.6...
                                    Chittagong Collegiate School.
     "
          Radhagobinda
                            16
                                    Purulia School.
                                ...
     ,,
                            17
                                    Bankura Government School.
          Rajaram
 Chitaley, Parshuram Krishna17
                                    Free Church Inst., Nagpur.
 Comre, Bireswar
                            17
                                    Hare School,
                            17
                                    La Martiniere College, Lucknow.
 Connell, R.
                            18
                                    Doveton College.
 Cooper, B. H.
                            17
                                    Dacca Collegiate School.
 Das, Akshaykumar (I)
                            17
      Akshaykumar (II)
                                           Ditto.
                                 ...
      Bamacharan
                            18
                                    Albert School.
                            20
      Chandicharan
                                     Dacca Pogose School.
                            15
                                     L. M. S Instn., Bhowanipur.
      Ganeschandra
                            19
      Golakchandra
                                     Mymensing Zila School.
                            18
                                     Rajshahye Collegiate School.
      Karunakumar
                            18
      Krishnagopal
                                     Baraset School.
                            17
                                     Dacca Collegiate School.
      Piyarilal
                                 ...
      Saratchandra
                            16
                                     Oriental Seminary.
                            19-7 ...
      Sibapada
                                     Utterparah School.
                                     Santosh Jahnabi School.
                            16
      Syamacharan
      Syamlal
                            18
                                     Hindu School.
                            19
                                     Hare School.
 Datta, Asutosh
    " Atulkrishna
                             18
                                     Private Student.
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Datta, Dwarkanath
                           18
                                   L. M S Instr., Bhowanipur.
       Jnanendranarayan
                           17
                                    General Assembly's Institution.
  ,,
       Maniklal
                         16.5
                                   Hindu School.
   ,,
       Pratapchandra
                           17
                                    Annada School, Brahmanbaria.
   ,,
       Radhakrishna
                           17
                                   Oriental Seminary.
   ,,
                                   General Assembly's Institution.
       Rasbihari
                           17
  ,,
                           16
      Samatulchandra
                                    Sauskrit Collegiate School.
  "
       Saradaprasad
                           17
                                    Hooghly Collegiate School.
   "
                           17
       Saratsasi
                                   Rungpore Zila School.
   ,,
       Sasikumar
                           18
                                    Ruplal Raghunath School.
                                ***
   ,,
                           19
       Suresnath
                                   Jagannath School.
   ,,
                           16.6 ...
       Survyalal
                                    Bankura Government School.
D'Attaides, Paul
                           16-4 ...
                                    Govt. High School, Rangoon.
De, Batakrishna
                           18
                                    General Assembly's Institution.
 " Durgacharan
                           19
                                    Free Church Institution.
   Girischandra
                           17
                                    L. M. S. Institution.
   Isanchandra
                           17
                                    Sylhet Zila School.
                           17
   Kunjabihari
                                    Kuchiakol Radhaballabh School.
   Mahendrachandra
                           19
                                    Mymensing Zila School.
                                ...
   Nabinchandra
                           20-4 ...
                                    Sylhet Zila School.
   Purnachandra
                           18.3 ...
                                    Utterparah School.
    Rajanikanta
                           18
                                    Jagannath School.
                           16-2 ...
    Trailokyanath
                                    Hare School.
Deb, Girischandra
                           18
                                    Canning College.
                           17-3 ...
                                    St Paul's School, Darjeeling.
deDombal, L.
                           17-4 ...
Desbruslais, C.
                                    St. Mary's Schl, Chandernagoro.
Deshmuk, Trimbuck Nilkant20
                                    Free Church Inst., Nagpur.
Deshpande, Krishnaji Go-
                            19
                                    City School, Nagpur.
   bind
Dhar, Bharatchandra
                            18
                                    Sylhet Zila School.
                                    Maharajah's School, Burdwan.
       Maumohan
                            17
Dikshit, Ambikaprasad
                            18
                                    Canning College.
                            16
Dobson, C. A.
                                    St Xavier's College.
                                    Bareilly High School.
Dwarkaprasad
                            18
Ferdinand
                            18
                                    St. John's College, Agra.
Fey, F. A.
                           16-3-11
                                    Memorial School, Cawnpur.
                  Birendra-
 Gangopadhyay,
                     nath
                            17
                                    Rajshahye Collegiate School.
             Matilal
                                     Barisal Zila School.
                            18
             Srinath
                            20
                                     Dacca Collegiate School.
        "
             Trailokyanath 18
                                     Hare School.
                            17-5 ..
 Gaurisankar
                                     Jabalpur High School.
                                     Ilsoba Mondlye School.
 Ghatak, Bhushanchandra
                            20
                                     Hooghly Collegiate School.
 Ghosh, Abinaschandra
                            17-0-2
        Abinaschandra
                            19
                                     Cossipur Kasinath School,
    "
                                     Albert School.
         Jnanchandra
                            15-5 ...
    37
                                 ... Madrassa i-Unwariah.
         Kesabehandra
                             19
    37
                                 ... Hindu School.
         Nagendranath
                             16
    "
                                 ... Hare School.
         Nareschandra
                             17
    23
                                     Borhampur Collegiate School.
         Rajaninath
                             17
    99
                             17
         Rujaninath
                                     Hooghly Branch School,
    "
         Rakhalkrishna
                             20
                                     Oriental Seminary.
         Rasiklal
                             15
                                     Naral H. C. E. School,
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Ghosh, Saratchandra	17	•••	Jagannath School.
" Sasikumar		•••	Faridpur Zila School.
,, Siddheswar	17-2	•••	Hooghly Collegiate School.
,, Sitalprasad		•••	Benares Collegiate School.
,, Srischandra	19	•••	Private Student.
" Umeschandra	18-4		Kandi School.
Ghoshal, Hemendranath	16.5	•••	Beerbhoom Zila School.
" Jyotikumar		• • •	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
" Kshetranath		•••	Jenkins' School, Cooch Behar.
Mahendranarayan		4.	Allahabad Zila School.
Godfrey, J. B.		•••	Doveton College.
Gomes, W.		•••	St. Xavier's College.
Gopulprasad		•••	St. John's College. Agra.
Goswami, Bidhubhushan		•••	Pakur School.
, Harmohan	17-3		Jabalpur High School.
Gregory, S. M. G.	18	•••	Armenian Philanthropic Academy.
Guha, Jogeschandra	17	•••	Dacca Collegiate School.
Gupta, Anilchandra	16-4	•••	Hindu School.
,, Baradacharan	17	•••	Annada School, Brahmanbaria.
., Syamlal	15	•••	Hare School.
Hall, E. A. W.		•••	Mussoorie School.
Hanby, W. A. E.	18-8	•••	St. Xavier's College.
Hargopal	17	•••	St. Stephen's High Schl, Delhi.
Harichand		•••	Hushiarpur District School.
Harjiram	18	•••	Gurndaspur High School.
Harkishendas		•••	Kapurthala School.
Harsahay	18	•••	Delhi District School.
Hill, E.	15-9		Rishop Cotton School.
Hindmarsh, E.	186		La Martiniero College, Lucknow.
Hogan, P.	15.9		St. Xavier's College.
Hoskins, H. J.	16-9-		Allahabad Boys' High School.
Inayatullah	16-9		Auritsar District School,
Iqbalkishen, Pandit			Canning College.
Jayawickrama, H. S.	19	•••	
Kabiraj, Baikunthanath	19		Jagannath School.
Kalia, Ramchandra Nayak	18	•••	Benares Collegiate School.
Karmakar, Rasbihari	19	***	Jagannath School.
Kaul, Kameshurnath	18-3	•••	Lahoro Government School.
Kayesth, Bhagwatprasad	18	•••	Jabalpur High School.
Khan, Bhagabanchandra	18	•••	Jaganuath School.
Knight, W. E.	16	•••	La Martiniere College, Lucknow.
Kraal, G. A.	15-6	•••	Doveton College,
Kumar, Bhabendrauarayan		•••	Jenkins' School, Cooch Behar.
Kundu, Anandachandra	20	•••	Jagannath School.
Lahiri, Binodbihari	16	***	Hare School.
" Gopalchandra Mahandra ahan	19 16	•••	Rajshahye Collegiate School.
,, Mahendramohan	16 16	***	Nowgong Zila School,
Lajpat, Rai	20	1	Private Student.
Lakshmiprasad Lal Ramdhani	20 19	•••	Chupra Zila School.
Lal, Ramdhani	16-5	***	Bankipur Training Academy,
Lemour, F.			St. George's College, Mussoorie.
Loos, W.	24	***	Serampore College.

Y Adams and A	90	C M III Cahool Winsk
Luttaprasad	20 .	C M. High School, Mirat.
MacCutchan, W. A.	20 .	St. Xavier's College.
Mack, W E.	20-11	Govt. High School, Rangoon.
Madhaoprasad	19 .	Aligarh Zila School.
Maiti, Mahendranath	18 .	Free Church Institution.
Maitra, Ramaprusad	15 .	Berhampur Collegiate School.
" Trailokyanath	20 .	Rajshahye Collegiate School.
Majumdar, Abhayachandra		Hooghly Collegiate School.
,, Bijaychandra	20 ,	Hooghly Branch School.
,, Akhilchandra	19-1	Seal's Free College,
" Chandragati	20 .	Rajshahye Collegiate School.
,, Indubhashan	18 .	Hindu School.
" Kalachand	17	Bishenpur H. C. E. School.
" Kaliprasanna	19	Albert School.
" Mahananda	17-3	Hare School.
", Manmathanath	17	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur.
" Ramdayal	16	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
,, Sulabhehandra	17	Hare School.
Makar, Jugalbihari	20	St John's College, Agra.
Makhanlal	16-8	Delhi District School.
Mangesh Shabaram	19	Residency College.
Mansingh	18.3	Maharajah's College, Jeypur.
Maulik, Jagachchandra	21	Jagannath School.
Mayes A.	15-9	. La Martiniere College, Lucknow.
McArthy, C.	16	Bishop Cotton School.
McHugh, P.	18	St. Xavier's College.
McLeod, N. C.	16-9	. St. George's College, Mussoorie.
Mchta, Darasha Bezenji	16	. St. Francis De Sales' School.
Millar, B A.	16-3	. La Martiniere College.
Misra, Baladeb	16	. Chapra Zila School.
" Dinakar Datta	19	. Arrah Zila School.
Mitra, Abhaycharan	16	. Hare School.
" Atalbihari	19	. Hooghly Collegiate School.
" Bipinbihari	18	. Naral H. C. E. School.
" Charuchandra	17	. Metropolitan Institution.
,, Debendranath	17	. Sanskrit Collegiate School.
,, Dharaniswar	15.9	. Hindu School.
" Girischandra	16	. General Assembly's Institution.
" Harendranarayan	16	. Dacca Collegiate School.
,, Haridas	17-5	. Hindu School.
,, Jogneswar	17	, C M. School, Calcutta.
,, Kantibhushan	17	. Prosidency School.
,, Lalıtkisor	17	. Purulia School.
" Nibaranchandra	16	. Metropolitan Institution.
" Probodhchandra	18	. General Assembly's Institution.
"Rajanikanta (I)	<b>22</b>	. Dacca Pogose School.
" Ramchandra	17	. Hare School.
" Rasiklal	17	. Barisal Zila School.
" Saratchandra	18	. City School.
Molligode, J. R.	17	. St. Thomas's College, Colombo.
Monks, A.	18	Wood's Academy
Moung Hpo Hpyoo	16-4	. Govt. High School, Rangoon.
Moung Kyin	18	. St. Xavier's College.
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Muhammad Abdul Latif
                           22
                                    M. A. O. College, Aligarh.
            Athar
                           17
                                    Shahjehanpur H. School.
      "
                           17
            Mahdi
                                    Bareilly High School.
      "
            Yakub
                           16
                                    Chapra Zila School.
                                ••
      "
                           17
                                    Victoria School, Gazipur.
            Zaki
Mukhopadhyay, Aparapra-
                    sad
                           16.9 ..
                                    Hooghly Branch School.
                           17
                                    Midnapur Collegiate School.
            \mathbf{A}\mathbf{sutosh}
      "
                                    Hooghly Branch School.
                           17-2 ..
            Bhupatinath
                           17-8 ..
            Bhutnath
                                    Utterparah School.
                           17
                                    Baraset School.
            Biharilal
      11
                                    L. M. S. Inst., Bhowanipur.
                           19
            Gopaldas
      7:
                                    Searsole H. C E. School.
            Harakali
                           16
      ,,
            Haribhushan
                           17
                                    Baranagar Hindu School.
      71
            Hemchandra
                           18
                                    Utterparah School.
            Jagadis
                           17
                                    Jessore Zila School.
                           19
            Jagadis
                                    Jagannath School.
      ,,
            Jnauendrachan-
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                dra
                           17
                                    Hare School.
            Kedareswar
                           17
                                    Daulatpur H. C. E School.
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                           18
                                    M. A. O College, Aligarh.
            Kedarnath
            Manmatha
                           19
                                    Baraset School.
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                           23
            Matilal
                                    Free Church Institution.
            Narayanchan-
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                                    Pandra H. C. E. School.
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            Narendranath 18
                                    Howrah School.
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            Rajendranath 18
                                    Hooghly Collegiate School.
      22
            Ramaprasad
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                                    Utterparah School.
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            Ramchandra
                          16
                                    Indiau Institution.
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            Sarachchandra 17
                                    Metropolitan Institution.
      1)
                                    Maharajah's College, Joypur.
            Sarachchandra 15-3 ...
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            Sarachchandra 18
                                    City School.
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            Taraprasanna 17
                                    Hooghly Collegiate School.
                                    Jenkins' School, Cooch Behar.
            Upendranath
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Mukundlal
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                                    Ajmere Collegiate School.
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Munuajan
                                    Barcilly High School.
Nag, Bangachandra
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                                    Noakhali Zda School.
     Girischandra
                           18-4 ..
                                    Sylhet Zila School.
  53
                           18
     Nabinchandra
                                    Mymensing Zila School.
                           19
     Sambhucharan
                                    Bishenpur H. C. E. School.
                           18
Nagar, Balkrishna
                                    Residency College.
                           21
Nanakchand
                                    Private Student.
                                    Aimere Collegiate School,
                           18
Nandmal
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Nandi, Akshaykumar
                           18
                                    Hare School.
                           18
       Brindabanchandra
                                    City School.
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                           16
       Prakaschandra
                                    Dacca Collegiate School.
   "
                                    Hooghly Branch School.
                           16
       Purnachandra
                                ..
Nathprasad
                           20
                                    C. M. H. School, Gorackpur.
                                    Gurudaspur High School,
                           18
Nathuram
Olleubach, O. C.
                           18
                                    Mussoorie School.
Pal, Akshaykumar
                           17-6 ..
                                    Barisa H. C. E. School.
     Akshaychandra
                           20
                                    Gya Zila School.
    Bhishmadeb
                           19
                                    City School.
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Palit, Kesablal	16	Hindu School.
Piyarilal	18	O1 1 1 1
Piyarilal	20	A * * - C - N - * / C - N - 1
Pramanik, Bhushanchandra		6 1 6 15
Prussia, A.	17	The hand and the
Rafi-ud-din Khan	<u>1</u> 9	T TITE I IN TO THE
Ramchandra	19	TT 1:
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Rameswarprasad	16-5	
Ramuarayan Ram Akabamahandra	0.1	77
Ray, Akshaychandra		me a da a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a
,, Baikunthanath		
,, Dwijendranath		
"Girijaprasanna		
" Hiralal	16.3	
" Jadunath	16-3	
" Krishnachandra	16	
" Mangobinda	17-6	
,, Pramadakisor	17	Noakhali Zila School.
" Satischandra	15-5	
" Sukdeb		. Allahabad Zila School.
", Surajmohan		. City School.
Raychaudhuri, Upendrana	h16-4	. Hindu School.
Rochi Ram	18	
Rudra, Manamathanath	16-7	. Hindu School.
Rupnarayan, Pandit	19	. Sultanpur High School.
Saha, Narayanchandra	18	. Free Church Institution.
Sahay, Bhubaneswari	15	. Patna Collegiate School.
" Brijbansi	16	. Gya Zila School
Sajjad Mirza	19	. St. Stephen's High School, Delhi.
Salaikchandra	16	. Bareilly High School.
Sanyal, Girischandra	18	. Serajgunge H. C. E. School.
" Hariprasanna	18	Annual . " B. au B. A
Sarbadhikari, Krishnaprasa	d16-6	
Sarkar, Jaychandra	19	T 11 0 1 1
, Purnachandra	17	
Quailthughan	17	411 1 21 1
Sarma, Sridhar	20	Amer Callerians Rehaul
Sayyid, Zohadar Rahim	19-5	. Beerbhoom Zila School.
Schoeneman, A.	16-8	
Scolland, D.	16-2	
Sen, Bhubanmohan	1.77	Dacca Collegiate School.
Chandiaharan	4.0	. City School.
" Inanandralal	15-9.	
Torindanath	17-6.	
Karlandhandma	18.2.	
Kamini		Dathama Mamula Rahaal
Kedarnath	4 🖛	10 1 (7:1), 6 -1, -1
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, Mahimchandra		TT l. O.l. 4 . l
" Nirodbihari		. No. 1.1 a 77.1 a ct. 1. a = 1
, Pramathanath	15 .	
Rebatimohan		Dacca Collegiate School.
" Tarinicharan		. Dacea Pogose School.
" Tarinikrishna	17.	Nasirabad Entrance School.

Sen, Umeschandra Set, Nabinlal Shahana, Rajkrishna Shamas-ud-din Sheonath Shimbhunath Simlai, Syamacharan Singh, Chhajju Smha, Atalbihari ,, Basanticharan ,, Bishun ,, Jadunandan ,, Jadunath ,, Jogindrakumar ,, Sibabadan ,, Srinath ,, Uditnarayan Smyth, D. H. Som, Manmohan Srikhandi, Damodar Ram chandra Stark, H. A. Surajuarayan Syed Abdur Raoof ,, Muhammad Ahsan ,, Ali Tafrez Ali Mallik Thakurdas	18 15-6 17-9	Midnapur Collegiate School.  Mozufferpore School.  Arrah Zila School.  Pandra H. C. E. School.  Benares Collegiate School.  City School.  Allahabad Zila School.  Hare School.  Victoria School, Gazipur.
Syed Abdur Raoof	16	M. A. O. College, Aligarh,
A 15	10	
		Konnagar H. C. E. School.
Wadley, A.	<b>16-6</b>	La Martiniero College, Lucknow.
Walker, C.	17-3	
Wall, B.	15-3	
Wilkinson, E.	16-7	La Martmiere College.
Zorab, Manook	16	
" M. M.	18-6	Ditto.

### SECOND DIVISION.

# In Alphabetical Order.

In Alphabetical Order.				
Abdul Guffoor	19	Dacca Collegiate School.		
Karim	22	Patna Collegiate School.		
Abdullah, M.,	17	Allahabad Zila School.		
Amir Husain	21	Mirat High School.		
Abdul Latif	18-8	Dinapore Aided School.		
Wajid	18	75 (4 1) 1 4 · 0 · 1 · · · 3		
Abdur Rahim	17	Rungpore Zila School		
" Rahaman Khan	19	Patua Collegiate School.		
Acharyya, Jayhari	20	S. P. Institution, Chakdigi.		
,, Karunakanta	19	Noakhali Zila School.		
Adhya, Akshaykumar	18	Metropolitan Institution.		
Agacy, S. S.	17			
Ahmad Saied Khan	19	Jaora High School.		
Ahmeed Hosain Khan	16	TE 4 0 0 10 41 1		
Ajodhyaprasad	15-11	Ludhiana Mission School.		

4 11 TT TZ b	177	M. A. O. College Alignah
Ali Hosain Khan	17 23	M. A. O. College, Aligarh.
Amir Ali Khan		Chittagong Collegiate School.
Amjad Ali	19	Shajehanpore High School.
Andrews, H. A.	18	Noakhali Zila School.
Atmaram	19	Gurndaspur High School.
Augier, W. M.	18	St. Xavier's College.
Avalay, Balajee Vithoba	18	Free Church Instn., Nagpur.
Avasthi, Chandrasekhar	18	Cawnpore Zila School.
Aziz Ahmad	16	Gya Zila School.
Bagadade, Sheoram Dadaji	19	City School, Nagpur.
Bagchi, Nandalal	17	Hindu School.
" Purnachandra	17	Rajshahye Collegiate School.
" Rakhaldas	<b>2</b> 0	L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur.
Bagga Khan	18	Gurudaspur High School.
Baijnath	20	Fyzabad High School.
Bajpai, Sitlaprasad	16	- 1 CL 11
Baksi, Baradakanta	17	
Kongram	17-5	Ukhra Kunjalal Institution.
"Sutinchandra	17	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
Balkishan	19.10	Hume's High School, Etawah.
	13-10	Title of the conson, when the
Bandyopadhyay, Abinas- chandra	20	Free Church Institution.
Abinaschandra	18.2	Naral II. C. E. School.
7,7		
" Adharchandra	17	Midnapur Collegiate School.
" Akshaykumar	18	
,, Ambikacharan	17	Howrah School.
" Ambikacharan	20	Free Church School Mahanad.
,, Anurupkrishna	15	Suburban School, Kalighat.
" Asutosh	18	Patna Collegiate School.
,, Asutosh	19	L. M. High School, Benares.
" Bhagwanchandi	ra20-2	Nizamat School, Murshedabad.
" Bhabanath	17	Baraset School.
" Bhubanmohan	18-4	Utterparah School.
"Bidhubhushan	18	Suburban School, Kalighat.
" Biharilal	17	Jagadhallabhpur H. C. E. School.
", Bipinbihari	20-3	
Bininhihari (I)	16-4	Hindu School.
Chandicharan	19	L. M. S. Inst., Phowanipur.
Chaturanan	19-6	
Chintaharan	20	
Chunilal	16	nr: 1 o.1 - 1
Daibachandra	18	was to the contract of the con
Durancharan	18	~
,, Gangacharan	18	a i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Haranchandra	18	
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		and the same of th
,, Haripada	19	
,, Harisadhan	16-11	Metropolitan Inst., S. Branch.
,, Hemchandra	17-1	<del>_</del> _
" Jadunath	20	
" Jogindranath	17-6	
" Jogindranath	18-9	
, " Jurandhan	17	Sodepore H. C. E. School.

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Bandyopadhyay, Khudiram 17-6 ...
                                    Beerbhoom Zila School.
          Kunjabihari
                           19
                                    Dacea School.
    "
          Madhusudan
                           16
                                    Kandi School.
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          Madhusudan
                           19
                                    Chiusurah Hindu School.
    22
          Nagendranath
                           16
                                    Kandi School.
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          Nanilal
                           19
                                    C. M. School, Calcutta.
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          Naray andus
                           19
                                    Hindu School.
    > 7
          Nikhileswar
                           18
                                    City School.
    "
          Nityagopal
                           16
                                    Zila School, Monghyr.
    ,,
          Pramathanath
                           19
                                    Hare School.
    3 9
          Prasannakamar
                           19
                                    Bankura Government School.
    "
                           16
          Purnachandra
                                    Banda Zila School.
    "
          Raghupati
                            17
                                    Bankura Government School.
    71
          Rajkrishna
                            19
                                    Bhastara School.
          Ramkamal
                           21
                                    Behala Mission School.
    "
          Saradaprasad
                           17
                                    M. A. O College, Aligarh.
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          Sasthidas
                            18
                                    Hare School.
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    17
          Satischandra
                            16
                                    Berhampur Collegiate School.
    27
          Satischandra
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                                    Lakshipasa H. C E. School.
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    37
          Satkari
                           15-2 ...
                                    Purniah Zila School.
          Satvendranath
                           18-4 ...
                                    Hindu School.
    32
          Surendrachandra 17
                                    Serampore College.
                                ...
    "
                           16-6 ...
          Syamacharan
                                    L. M. School, Khagra.
    53
          Tinkari
                           16-6...
                                    Hindu School.
    ,,
          Umacharan
                           18
                                    Hare School.
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          Upendraanath
                           15
                                    St. Xavier's College.
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Bansidhar
                           18
                                    Ranchi Zila School.
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Baral, Satyanath
                           16
                                    Gauhati School.
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                           17-6 ...
Barari, Ambikacharan
                                    Patna Collegiate School.
Barman, Mahendranath
                           17
                                    Free Church Institution.
                                . .
Barrow, Bhabakanta
                                    Sibsagar Zıla School.
                           16
Baruya, Kesabchandra
                           18
               Sonowal
                                           Ditto.
        Mahendranath
                           16-9 ...
                                           Ditto.
Basak, Debendranath
                            19
                                    Dacca Collegiate School.
      Radhikamohan
                           16-7 ...
                                    Hindu School.
Basu, Akhilchandra
                            19
                                    Hare School.
                                • • •
                            17
     Amritalal
                                    L. M. S. Institution.
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      Asutosh (Senior)
                                    Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
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      Asutosh
                                    City School.
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      Atuleswar
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                                    Mozufferpore Zila School.
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      Biudobihari
                            18
                                    City School
                            18
                                    Patna Collegiate School.
      Chandicharan
  27
                           16-9 ...
      Girischandra
                                    Hindu School
                            17
                                    Jamalpur H. C. E. School,
      Haricharan
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                            18
      Hemmath
                                    Albert School.
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      Hridaydhan
                            18
                                     General Assembly's Institution.
      Jibankrishna
                            19
                                    Hare School.
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      Juanendrachandra
                            19
                                     Garden Reach School.
  "
      Jogindrachandra
                            17
                                     Bhastara School.
  "
      Jogindranath
                            18
                                    Kuchiakole Radhaballab Instn.
  33
      Jogneswar
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                                    Mahespore II. C. E. School.
      Kailaschandra
                            18
                                    Suburban School, Kalighat.
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Indian Institution.
Basu, Khirodkrishna
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                                    Jagannath School.
      Lalmohan
                                    Jabalpur High School.
      Mahendranath
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  "
                                    Jamalpur II. C. E. School.
                           18
      Mahinimohan
  .,
                                    Metropolitan Institution.
                           17
      Makhangopal
  "
                                    Oriental Seminary.
                           17
      Manindrauath
  ,,
                                    L. M. S. Inst, Bhowanipur.
                           18
      Nagendranath
                                    Dashghara H. C. E School.
                           18
      Nilkanta
                                    Raishahye Collegiate School.
                           19
      Pasupati
                                    Hamilton's School, Tamlook.
                           17
      Phakirchandra.
  "
                                    Jenkins' School, Cooch Behar.
                           19
      Prasannakumar
                                    Howrah School.
                           17
      Priyagopal
                           19
                                    Nizamut School, Murshodabad.
      Rajendrakumar
                           18-6 ...
                                    Utterparah School.
      Rakhaldas
                                    Hare School.
      Rameschandra
                           16
  31
                                    Hooghly Branch School.
                           20-6 ...
      Rasbihari
   39
                                    General Assembly's Institution.
                            18
      Saradaprasad
                                    C. M. High School, Azimgarh.
                            16
      Sarachchandra
   19
                                    L. M. S. Iust., Bhowanipur.
                            22
      Sarachchandra
   ••
                                    Free Church School, Mahanad.
                            19
      Sarachchandra
   27
                                    Presidency School.
                            18
      Sarachchandra
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                                    Hare School.
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      Sasibhushan
   ,,
                                     Albert School.
                            19-6 ...
       Satyachandra
                                    Bethune Female School.
       Subarnuprabha
                            17-6 ...
                                     Mozufferpore Zila School.
 Basudebnarayan
                                     St. George's College, Mussoorie.
                            16-9 ...
 Beechey, W.
                                     Benares Collegiate School.
                            17
 Rhagabatiprasad
                                     Lahore Government School.
                            16
 Bhagat Ram
                            17
                                     Javalpur High School.
 Bhaironprasad
                                     Metropolitan Inst., S. Branch.
                            19-9 ...
 Bhar, Hariprasanna
                                     Muttra Zila School.
 Bhargo, Nandikisor
                            21
                                 ...
                                     Muttra Zila School.
                            19
          Narayandas
                                     Dacca Collegiate School.
                            17
 Bhatta, Sasibhushan
 Bhattacharyya, Abinaschan-
                                     Garden Reach School.
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                                     Bogra Zila School.
           Annadacharan
                            17-9 ...
                                     Comillah Zila School.
                            18
           Asminikumar
                                     Sanskrit Collegiate School.
           Benimadhab
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                                 ...
                                     L. M. School, Midnapore.
            Bhagabaticharan 17
                                     Krishnaghar A. V. School.
            Bishnuchandra
                            19
                                     General Assembly's Institution.
                            17
            Chandicharan
                                     Maharaja's School, Comillah.
            Girischandra
                             19
                                     Agarpara H. C. E School,
                             20
            Gopalchandra
                                     Gosain Durgapur School.
                             18
            Kedarnath
                                     Dacca Collegiate School.
            Krishnakumar
                             20
                                     Sanskrit Collegiate School.
            Rajendrachandra 20
                                     Cossipur Kasinath School.
                             18
            Sasibhushan
                                     Naral H. C. E. School.
                             20
            Sitanath
                                     Purjana H. C. E. School.
                             18
            Suryyakumar
                                      Andul School.
                             19
            Syamocharan
                                     Sanskrit Collegiate School.
                             20
            Syamakanta
                                     Dinagepur Zila School.
                             18
            Taranbandhu
                                      Rajshahye Collegiate School.
  Bhaya, Gopalchandra
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Midnapur Collegiate School.
Bhunya, Jayharidas
                           18
                           15-9 ...
Biggs, W.
                                    La Martiniere College, Lucknow.
Birprasad
                           18
                                    Mozufferpore Zila School.
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Biswas, Aghornath
                           17-6 ...
                                    Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
        Gauchari
                           20
                                    Hare School.
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        Haricharan
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                                    Bhagulpur Zila School.
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                                    Mymensing Zila School.
        Harikisor
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        Hiralal
                                    Free Church M. School, Mahanad.
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        Jadunath
                                    Nabadwip Hindu School.
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                                    Faridpur Zila School.
        Jogindrachandra
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        Kailaschandra
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                                    Santosh Jahnabi School.
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        Kedarnath
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                                    Here School.
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        Krishnachandra
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                                    Dacca Collegiate School.
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        Kunjabihari
                                    Krishuaghar A. V School.
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        Loknath
                           20
                                    Faridpur Zila School.
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                            20
        Ramtarak
                                    Purulia School.
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                            20
        Umeschandra
                                    Rowile School.
                                    La Martiniero College, Lucknow.
Bowder, J.
                            17
Brajanath
                            17
                                    Thakur School, Ulwar.
Buchey, Krishna Sitaram
                            20
                                    Free Church Inst., Nagpore.
                            18
                                    St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Bunltyens, E.
                            17
Buzlur Rahim
                                    Noakhali Zila School.
Byas Sheo Bux
                            18
                                    Durbar High School, Jodhpar.
                                 . ..
Chakrabarti, Bibarilal
                            17
                                    Barahanagar Hindu School.
                            19-2 ...
                                    Houghly Collegiate School.
            Bijaychandra
            Chandrakanta
                            16
                                    Maharajah's School, Burdwan.
      ,,
            Debendranath
                                    Suburban School, Kalighat.
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            Gobindachandra 18
                                    Jagannath School.
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            Gobindacharan 18
                                           Ditto.
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            Herambanath
                            20
                                    Ruplal Raghunath School.
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            Kailasnath
                            19
                                    Jenkins' School, Cooch Behar.
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            Mathuranath
                            19
                                    Nasirabad Entrance School.
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            Narayanchand
                            18-7 ...
                                    Dinagepur Zıla School.
      37
            Nilmadhab
                            19
                                    L. M. S. Institution.
      77
            Rebatimohan
                            17
                                     Dacca Collegiate School.
      "
            Sarachchaudra
                            20
                                     Jagannath School.
                                 ...
                                     Dacca Collegiate School.
            Satischandra
                            19
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      "
            Syamacharan
                            25
                                    Nawab Abdul Gunny's F. School.
       "
                            20
            Taraprasanna
                                     Jagannath School.
 Chaliha, Kaliprasad
                            17
                                     Sibsagar Zila School.
 Chan Htoon Oung
                            19
                                     Doveton College.
 Chand, Ramanikanta
                                     Mymensing Zila School.
                            18
                                     Benares Collegiate School.
 Chandiprasad
                            21
                                 •••
                            16
 Chandra, Priyanath
                                     Hindu School.
                                 ...
           Rumchandra
                             22
                                     Chinsurah Grammar School.
 Chattopadhyay, Abinaschan-
                                     Hooghly Branch School.
                     dra
                             18-4 ...
            Akshaykumar
        "
                    (Senior) 18-4 🐽
                                     Metropolitan Inst., S. Branch.
                                     Beerbhoom Zila School.
            Asutosh
                             17
        ,,
            Bhabanath
                             17
                                     Metropolitan Institution.
        27
           Bhagbatchandra 19
                                     S. P. Institution Chakdighi.
            Bhagbaticharan 20
                                     Jaynarayan's College, Benares.
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Chattopadhyay, Bijaygopal 17
                                   Bankura Government School.
          Brajalal
                           17
                                   General Assembly's Institution.
      37
         Chandmohan
                           18
                                   Rajshahve Collegiate School.
      25
                           18
          Chandrakanta
                                   City School.
          Chandrasekbar
                           17
                                   Calcutta Training Academy.
      37
                           16.2.
          Debendranath
                                    Allahabad Zila School.
      ,,
          Deboudranath
                           18
                                   Deoghur Zila School.
                           17
                                   General Assembly's Institution.
          Durgadas
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                           17
          Girindranath
                                   Hare School.
       ,,
                           17
          Girischandra.
                                   Baidyabati English School.
      "
          Haridas
                           19
                                   Hare School.
      72
                           20
          Hemchandra
                                   Patna Collegiate School.
      33
                           16
          Hiralal
                                   Barrackpore School.
      79
                           20
                                   Bissenpore H. C. E. School.
          Indranarayan
          Kailaschandra
                           20
                                   Khulna H. C. E. School.
                           16
          Kedarnath
                                    Bankura Government School.
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                           18
          Kuladaprasad
                                    Patna Collegiate School.
       ,,
                           21
          Loknath
                                   Sylhet Zila School.
                           16-3
          Manmathanath
                                    Useful Arts School,
      9;
          Nagendrachandra18
                                    L. M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur.
          Nagendranath
                                    Ravenshaw College, Katak.
                           17
      "
                           16-6.
                                    Hooghly Branch School.
          Nagendranath
       "
                           21
                                    South Baharoo School.
          Narayandas
      "
          Nilkanta
                           18
                                    Parulia School.
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                           17
                                    Oriental Seminary.
          Nilmani
                           18 . .
                                    Banawaribad H. C. E. School.
          Nrisinhaprasad
                           22
                                    Burdwan E School.
          Purnachandra
      "
                           172.
                                    Hooghly Branch School.
          Rajanikanta
          Satischandra
                           16-6 .
                                    Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
       "
                           18
          Satyajnan
                                    Mahespur H. C. E. School.
          Sukumar
                           20
                                    Hare School.
                           17
                                    Searsole H. C. E. School.
          Tinkari
                           17.6.
                                    Garbhabanipur H. C. E. School.
          Umacharan
          Upendranath
                           17
                                    Indian Institution.
Chaturbhuj
                           18
                                    C. M. High School.
Chaudhuri, Bhudebchandra 17
                                    Baluti H. C. E. School.
                                    I. M. S. Institution, Baduria.
           Debendranath
                           17
      ,,
           Dwarkanath
                           20
                                    Maharajah's School, Comillah.
      ,,
                           16
                                    Balasore Zila School.
            Gaganbihari
      "
                           15
                                    Dighapatia H. C. E. School.
           Girijasankar
      ,,
                           21
           Harakumur
                                    Sylhet Zila School.
      ,,
           Haripada
                           20
                                    Jonye Training School.
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                           19
           Jaysankar
                                    Jagannath School
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                           19
            Kasichandra
                                    Sylhet Zila School.
      ,,
           Kumudnath
                           16
                                    Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
            Lalitkumar
                           16-5.
                                    Hooghly Collegiate School.
      ,,
            Mohananda
                           17
                                    Jayannath School.
      73
                                    Sylhet Zila School.
            Prankrishna.
                           18-6
      25
                                    Jenkins' School, Cooch Behar.
            Ramnarayan
                           18
      72
            Suvendranath
                           18
                                    Ranchi Zila School.
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                           19
                                    Khulna H. C. E. School.
            Syamacharan
                                    Krishnagar Collegiate School.
                           18
            Umeschandra
Chitnis, Gangadhar Madhan18
                                    Private Student.
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Chitty, J. M.	17	
Clarke, E.	17-6	
Clement, J. H.	18	
Dalal, Ramcharn	18-5	
Das, Balaichandra	18	Free Church Institution.
" Balaram	19-3	, Nizamut School, Moorshedabad.
" Baldeo	18	
,, Bhagaban	<b>15</b>	Benares Collegiate School.
,, Bhegwar	19	Mirzapur Zila School.
,, Bishan	18	Amritsar District School.
" Brajanath	17	Dacca Collegiato School.
" Chintaharan	18	Comillah Zila School.
"Gobindachandra	19	Ruplal Rughunath School.
, Guruprasad	18	Katak Academy.
Harisahandra	17	Tax at the contract of the con
" Ingannath	17	m · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Jaconnoth	18	23 3 33 2 1 29 1 3 7
Tagannoth	18	This demonstrate Quality and
Iranchandra	17	T M & Inna Dhaman iman
Lagindranath	19	T)
Kailasahandra	19	29 115 1 2711 in 1 3
" Kailasahandra	20	A J. C.l. al Dankamanlanda
"Kalikaprasad	18	March 1921 . Clark and
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Manmathalal	17.6	Metropolitan Inst., S Branch.
, Manmohan	-a her	The control of the second
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" Mayadhar " Nabinchandra	10	Barisal Zila School.
,,,	30	Nawab Abdul Gunny's Free Schl.
,, Nilkanta	30	
" Narayan	~	Bareilly High School.
,, Parbaticharan	21 19	Sylhet Zila School. Benares Collegiate School.
, Parbaticharan	-	Allahabad Zila School.
, Parmeswari	18	
" Piyarimohan	17-6	Sylhet Zila School.
" Prahladcharan	18	Cachar Zila School
" Radhakanta	19	Barpeta H. C. E. School.
,, Raicharan	21	Faridpur Zila School.  Free Church Institution.
,, Raicharan	19	
,, Ramcharan	20	Muttra Zila School.
" Ramsaran	22	C. M. High School, Mirat.
" Rasbihari	19	Dacea School.
" Sadasib	18	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
" Srinath	20	Dacca Collegiate School.
" Suryyakanta	20	Jenkins' School, Cooch Behar.
" Udaychandra	21	Noakhali Zila School.
" Udaynarayan	20	Balasore Zila School.
Das Gupta, Basantakumar	15	L. M. S. Inst., Bhowanipur.
,, Saratchandra	19	Suburban School, Kalighat.
Datta, Amritalul	<b>18-3</b> .	Benares Collegiate School.
" Arunoday	18	Bankura Government School.
" Atulkrishna	16	Oriental Seminary.
,, Baradacharan	18-6.	Barisal Zila School.

•	22	•••	Maharaja Narendra Krishna'i H. C. E. School, Hatugunge.
" Brajabhushan	18	•••	Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
" Debendranath	14	•••	Naral H. C. E. School.
,, Gobindalal	18-3	•••	Hare School.
"Gokulchandra	18	•••	Badla School.
	18-6		Beerbhoom Zila School.
	21	•••	Chittagong Collegiate School.
,, Kaliprasana	20		Barisal Zila School.
" Kedarnath	17		Hare School.
Kehatramahan	18	•••	L M. S. Instn., Bhowanipur.
Mahabharat	16	•••	Kandi School.
Naraginhachandra	18	•••	Oriental Seminary.
Pivarimohan	19	•••	Goalpara Zila School.
Durmachandra	16	•••	Konnagar H. C. E. School.
. Radhikacharan	17	•••	Calcutta Institution.
	18		Santosh Jahnabi School.
" Ramgobinda " Saradacharan	18	•••	_
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••	Hooghly Branch School.
" Saradakumar	19	• • •	
" Saradaprasad	19	•••	
" Sarachchandra	17	•••	
" Srischandra	15	•••	
" Syamlal	17		Naral H. C. E. School.
De, Adharchandra	21-1	LI	Palartow Government School.
,, Akshaykumar	22	•••	Indian Institution.
"Gopalchandra		3	Zila School, Monghyr.
,, Hemchandra		7	Hare School.
" Jaynarayan	18	• • •	Sylhet Zila School.
,, Jotilal	17		
,, Kailaschundra	19	• • 0	
"Krishnakisor		2	
" Narayandas	17	• • •	Ditto.
" Nagendrauath	21		
" Panchkari	16-	6	Chinsurah Free Church Inst.
" Panualal	17	•••	Hindu School.
Prugannakumar	17.	2	Sylhet Zila School.
Ramanath	19		Naserabad Entrance School.
Romanath	17-	10	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Siddoorvar	17	***	(1) 1
Deb, Anandakumar	20		*** 1 ** 1 1
Wirelal	18		75 1 (4-1
Manindranaravan	16		T Marie Institution
DeKretser, J.	20		T) Court of Charlenge
DeRozario, J.	16		Ot Transly Walnut
Deshpande, Sankar Ganes			CUL CLE and Manuscree
Desipande Damodar Pand	, n_	••	. City bolloon, xingput.
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rang Trazilwa D. L.	20		way 1 23 11 25 1 . 2
DeZilva, D. L.	21		
Dighay, Narayankrishna		3	
Dipchand	18		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Dobe, Sibaram Tanba	18	•	
Donald. J. S.	18		Bishop Cotton School.
Dracott, W.	16	<b>9</b>	Residency College, Indore.

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Trinity College, Kandy.
                           18
Drieberg, C.
Dube, Benimadhab
                           17
                                   Unao High School.
      Ganpat Deweshwar
                          19.4 ...
                                   High School, Jabalpur.
                           19
                                   Mirzapore Zila School.
      Guruprasad
                           19
      Harisankar
                                   High School, Jabalpur.
                                   Berhampur Collegiate School.
      Purnachaudra
                           18
                           17
                                   Lakhimpur High School.
Dwarkanath
                           17
                                   Muttra Zila School.
Dwarkaprasad
                           18
                                   High School, Jabaipur.
Dwarkaprasad,
Dwarkaprasad,
                           19
                                   Furrakabad Zila School.
                           19
Faquir Hussen
                                   Bhagulpur Zila School.
                           17
                                   Bishop Cotton School
Farrant. R. A.
                           20
Fateh Chand
                                   Ludiana Mission School.
Fazl Hosain Khan
                           18
                                   M. A. O College, Aligarh.
Ferdinands, H J.
                           17-8 ...
                                   La Martiniere College.
                           17-5 ...
Fazlul Azim
                                   Hooghly Collegiate School.
Gaugopadhyay, Benimadhab 18
                                   General Assembly's Institution.
            Bidhubhushan 17
                                   Nabadwip Hindu School,
                           16
                                   Free Church Institution.
            Bishnupada
             Harakumar
                           19
                                   Noakhali Zila School.
       93
            Khirendranath 19
                                   Free Church Institution.
       3)
            Rasikkanta
                           17
                                   Noakhali Zıla School.
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            Saradaprasad 16-4 ...
                                   Purnia Zila School.
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                           21
                                   General Assembly's Institution.
            Sasibhush and
       "
            Sutkari
                           17-3 ...
                                   Hooghly Branch School.
       97
             Upendranath 20
                                   Sibpur H. C. E. School.
                                ,..
Ganes Bux
                           21
                                    Unao High School.
Ganeshilal
                           19
                                   Canning College.
Gastand, M. M.
                           18-10
                                   La Martiniero College.
Gaurisankar
                                   District School, Delhi.
                           20-6 ...
Gaugaprasad
                           17
                                   Christ Church School, Cawnpur.
Gayaprasad
                           17
                                   Arrah Zila School.
Ghatak, Adheswar
                           18
                                   Mudressa i-Unwaria.
                           17
         Baidyanath
                                   Purulia School.
     ,,
                           17
         Kaliprasanna
                                   Jaganuath School.
                                •••
Ghasita Ram
                           19
                                   Ludiana Mission School.
Gholam Mnhammad
                           20
                                   Fyzabad High School.
                           19
                                   Chinsurah Free Church Inst.
Ghosh, Abinaschandra
                           17
                                   Hare School.
        Akshaykumar
   "
                           18
                                    Harinabhi A. S. School.
        Asutosh
   "
        Basantakumar
                           20
                                    Nizamut School, Moorshedabad.
   37
                           20
        Bhubanmohan
                                    Goalpara Zila School.
   13
                           18-8 ...
        Bidt.ubhushan
                                    Magura H. C. E. School,
    **
        Biharilal
                           18
                                    Julpigori Zila School.
                           20-6 ...
                                    Pogose School, Dacca.
        Binodbihari
    23
                           18
                                    Balasore Zila School.
        Brajanath
    99
        Debendranath
                            19
                                    Metropolitan Institution.
    "
        Gangaprasanna
                            18
                                    Canning College.
    "
        Gopalchandra
                            17
                                    Howrah School
        Haridas
                            16
                                    Oriental Seminary.
        Hiralal
                            18
                                    Hare School.
    99
        Jaminakanta
                            18.10
                                    Utterparah School.
    57
        Jyotiprasad
                            17
                                    Metropolitan Institution.
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Ghosh, Kedarnath 16 Zila School, Monghyr.  "Kumadindu 20 Nizamut School, Moorshedabad "Nagendranath 18 Albert School. "Nibaranchandra 17 Indiau Institution.	
,, Nagendranath 18 Albert School. Niberanchandra 17 Indian Institution.	•
Niberanchandra 17 Indian Institution.	
Ningrandianora II Indiad Adecidation,	
77	
,, Ramanath 22 City School.	
,, Rasiklal 20 Pogose School, Dacca.	
" Rudranarayan 17 Canning College.	
" Sasibhushan 18 Haro School.	
" Satischandra 16 Hindu School.	
"Surendrachandra 17 Ditto.	
"Surendrakrishna 17 Hare School.	
" Syamacharan 16 Chapra Zila School.	
" Syamacharan 16-7 Lahore Government School.	
Taraprasad 17-4 Hooghly Collegiate School.	
, Tinkarimohan 17 Cawnpur Zila School.	
" Nrityagopal 18.4 Kandi School.	
" Umacharan 18 L. M. S. Institution, Baduria.	
Nagendranath 18 Canning College.	
Ghoshal, Sitalchandra 17 Hamilton's School, Tamlook.	
Ghulam Muhammad 20 Zila School, Banda.	
, Murtaza 20 Ludiana Mission School.	
Gilbert, G. 16 Bishop Cotton School.	
Giri, Srihari 18 Balason Zila School.	
Girijaprasad 18 Fyzabad High School.	
Gokhale, Krishnaji	
Kasinath 19 City School, Nagpur.	
Goonetilleke, A. F. 18-10 Trinity College, Kandy.	
Carrie Tal 19 Petra Collegiata School	
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pukur Branch.	
,, Annadacharan 23 Pogose School, Dacca.	
Dwarkanath 18 Calcutta Institution.	
" Dwijendrasankar 16 Kalia H. C. E. School.	7 i
"Kailaschandra 18 Comillah Zila School.	
, Karunamay 18 City School.	
", Pransankar 17 Kalia H. U. E. School.	-
" Srinath 19 Jenkin's School, Cooch Behar.	
" Srischandra 18 " Albert School.	- '
" Taraprasanna 16 Jaynagur Institution.	
, Upendranath 17 Purma Zua School.	
Haldar, Abhayacharan 18 Baraset School.	_
Haridas 21 Krishnaghar Anglo-Vernaou	ar
School.	. :

Haldar, Sitalchandra	18-10	Khulna H. C. E. School.
,, Sukumar	<b>17</b> .	Rauchi Zila School.
Hamid-ullah	20 .	Zila School, Allahabad.
Hardayal	17 .	Maharaja's College, Jeypur.
Harnarayan	19-4.	District School, Delhi.
Hazra, Üpendrachandra	17 .	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Instn.
Hazrika, Kalinath	18 .	Sibsagar Zila School.
Hogan, J.	18 .	St. Xavier's College.
Holder, F.	16 .	Bishop Cotton School.
Hunt, J.	16 .	Doveton College.
Inayat-ullah	16 .	BatalaChristian BoardingSchool.
Ismail Hassain	17	Calcutta Madrassa.
	17	St. Xavier's College.
Jacobs, P.	16-8	La Martiniere College.
Jacobson, A.R.		
Jagadisuarayan	17 .	Chapra Zita School.
Jagannath	18 .	Bareilly High School.
Jameel-uddin Muhammad	17 .	Ravenshaw Collego, Katak.
Jankiprasad	19 .	C. M. High School, Mirat.
Jcotshee, Kamalapati	19 .	Bareilly High School.
Jharkhandiprasad	18 .	Bhagulpur Zila School.
Johnson, H.	16 ,	Bishop Cotton School.
Jordan, J. C.	20	Armenian Philanthropic Aca-
Teal: Disham Damaham #	3 F C	demy
Joshi, Bishnu Ramchandra	4.0	High School, Jabalpur.
" Durgadatta	19	Almora Mission School.
" Keshub Vinayak	18	City School, Nagpur.
", Ramchandra Sridhar	20	Ditto ditto.
Joti Mohabishnu	17	Maharajah's School, Burdwan.
Jualadas	20	Jhang District School.
Kahali, Kaminikumar	20	Noakhali Zıla School.
Kante, Raghunath Narayar		Teacher.
Kar, Atulchandra	19-4	Metropolitan Institution, Sham- pukar Branch.
Karmakar, Chandrakanta	19	Noakhali Zila School.
Katoki, Kamaleswar	17	Nowgong Zila School.
Kena, J. M.	17-3	St. Francis De Sales' School,
Khadilker, Bulwant		Nagpur.
Purushottum 1	9-10-14	Zoroastrian School, Mhow.
Khaja, Basir-uddin Ahmed		Benares Collegiate School.
Kherawal, Baldeo	17-9	High School, Jabulpur.
Khurshed Ali	21	Chuadangah H. C. E. School.
Kirpanarayan	3.0	St. Stephen s High School, Delhi.
Knight, W.	- 4 ()	La Martiniere College, Lucknow
	* ^	
Kshetriya Debidyal		Benaros Collegiate School.
Kuar Bahadur	21	High School, Fyzabad.
Kubirnath	21	Victoria College, Gazipur.
Kumar, Prasannalal	19.6	Hare School.
Kundu, Abinaschandra	22	L. M. School, Khagra.
,, Binodbihari	17	Calcutta Training Academy.
" Narayanchandra	17	Howrah School.
Kunhialal	19	Lakhimpur High School.
Kunjabihari	16	Canning College.
Lahiri, Manmathanath	19	Barisal Zila School.

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Lahiri, Tarinicharan		•••	Shambhunath's Schl, Chatmohar.
Lal, Kunjabihari		•••	M. A. O. College, Alighar.
,, Kunjabihari	<b>18-3</b> .	•••	High School, Jabalpur.
"Bakhtawar	<b>2</b> 0 .	•••	Hurdui High School.
"Bankabihari (I)		• •	Agra Collegiate School.
	18-8		Maharajah's College, Jeypur.
, Chote	16-2	• • •	Agra Collegiate School.
" Chotey	20	•••	Maharajah's College, Jeypur.
,, Giridhari	17 .		Private Student.
" Kanhoon	21		Patna Collegiate School.
, Radhay	18		Alighar Zila School.
" Rajbahadur	17 .		Senares Collegiate School.
,, Seocharan			Bareilly High School.
,, Sheonandan	19-2		High School, Jabalpur.
9hibban	3.77	•••	St. Peter's College, Agra.
Sudamachanitra	3.77	•••	Private Student.
Star and a m	10	•••	High School, Jabalpur.
Lala, Krishnasahay Singh	43.1	•••	Benares Collegiate School.
Cilmbharas	4373		C. M. High School, Jabalpur.
Ralakwath	18-3	• • •	Beerbhoom Zila School.
	1 ()		
" Gopilal		• • •	Mission School, Gazipur.
" Magun Mul		• • •	Durbar High School, Jodhpur.
,, Sukhdeb Narayan		• • •	Mission School, Gazapur.
Laichand	18-9		Jhang District School.
Linton, C. H.	* 4	• • •	Doveton College.
Lultaprasad		•••	Rai Bareilly Zda School.
Lynam, J.	17-7		St Xavier's College.
Madge, E. W.	15-7	• • •	Doveton College.
Madhoprasad		• • •	Bhagutpur Zila School.
Mahabirprasad	19	• (	Ditto.
Mahaishnarayan			Pertubgath High School.
Mahendraprasad			Matihari Zda School.
Mahtah, Juanchand	16 6		Guzrat Government School.
Maji, Nayarchandra	19-6	••	Searsole H. E. E. School.
Majumdar, Annadacharan	17-1	0	Benares Collegiate School.
" Bhubazmohan	20	••	Nawab Abdul Gunny's Free
<i>"</i>			School, Dacen.
" Bijaylal	18		Free Church Institution.
,, Charachandra	16-5		Hooghly Collegiate School.
,, Jugachchandra	20		Kustea School.
,, Kedarnath	19	• 1	Pabna Zila School.
Madhahahandr	a18		l'ogose School, Dacca.
Mahimchandra	_	• •	Jenkin's School, Cooch Behar.
Mathumkanta	19	••	Nascrabad Entrance School.
Funnahandra	23		C, M. High School, Jabalpur.
Rajanikanto	<b>1</b> 9	••	Nabadwip Hindu School.
Sacushalarandra		-	Kumarcally H. C. E. School.
" Surendramath			Bhagulpur Zila School.
Mal, Malawa	_	••	Ludiana Mission School.
	20 20	**	Chinsurah Free Church Instn.
Mallik, Bankimcharan		••	
',, Brajalal	21	••	Free Church Institution.
,, Gaurcharan	17	* *	Hare School.
Maudal, Anandachandra	18	• •	Serampur College.

Mandal, Krishnaprasanna	<b>19</b> .	••	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
" Parbaticharan	18 .		Metropolitan Institution.
" Tinkari	17-6.		Hooghly Collegiate School.
Mannath, Pandit	19 .		Jalandar Mission School.
Margenout, W. W.	<b>18</b> .		Trinity College, Kandy.
Marik, Amritalal	17 .		Barrackpur School
Maulik, Purnachandra	18	• •	Jhenida II. C. E. School.
McCue, John A. B.	17-4.		St. Francis De Sales' School,
•	•		Nagpur.
McLean, P.	<b>16</b> .	••	St Peter's College, Agra.
Misra, Brindabanchandra	4.0	••	Putia H. C. E. School.
Kadarnath	103	••	(1)
" Ramdayal	7.0	••	Bahraich Zila School.
Sazilshaalon	3.0	••	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Inst.
Swambihari	4.0	•••	Pertabgarh High School.
Thilomban			
Mitchell, W. J. F.	15-3-8		Calcutta High School.
Mitra, Akshaykumar	4 15	•	Metropolitan Institution.
Amorkeichna		•••	Hare School.
Annolumpaga			Garden Reach School.
Autkrishna	243	•••	The state of the s
,, Benimadhab	* 43	••	
Girischandra	~~	•••	Canning College. Albert School.
Gobindachandra	4.0	•••	
		•••	Jaynarain's College, Benares.
" Harikumar			Haro School.
"Kunjabibari	18	٠	Bankura Government School
,, Lalitchandra		• • •	Santosh Jahnabi School.
,, Phanibhushan	7.0	•••	General Assembly's Institution.
" Rapinikunta (II)		•••	Pogose School, Dacca.
,, Rojendralal		• • •	
" Sambhuchandra	7.0	•••	
, Sasadhar		•••	
"Surachchandra	19	٠.	Metropolitan Institution, Sham- puker Branch.
Tringratogram	10		<b>.</b>
,, Tripandeswar	18	***	Hindu School.
", Umacharan	19-4		Naral H. C. E. School.
Mohitkar, Gangaram Pilba	-	•••	Free Church Inst., Nagpur.
Moore, F.	_	•••	St. Paul's School, Darjeeling.
Moung Hpo Hlah	17.9		Rangoon Govt. High School.
, Tao	16-3		Ditto ditto ditto.
Mubarak Husain	17-4	•••	Zila School, Allahabad.
Muhammad, Abdur Rahim		• • •	Calcutta Madrassa.
, Abdul Hag		•••	High School, Jabalpur.
" Abdur Rahs			
Khan		•••	M. A. O. College, Alighar.
	li		A 71 1 A 1 1 7 1 1
Hosain		• • •	C. M. High School, Jabalpur.
" Azim-uddin	17	••1	Free Church Inst., Nagpur.
" Eric	17		Bogra Zila School.
,, Fazl-ullah	17	••	M. A. O. College, Alighar.

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Muhammad, Husain
                            18
                                    Canning College.
            Husain
                            22
                                    Private Student.
     "
            Ishfak
                            18
                                    Calcutta Madrassa.
     ,,
                           16-2 ..
            Israel
                                    Barisal Zila School.
     99
            Zia-ul Haq
                                    Calcutta Madrassa.
                            18
Mukhopadhyay, Aghornath 17
                                    Jehanabad H. C. E. School.
          Annadaprasad
                            19
                                    Barrackpur School.
          Asminikumar
                            17
                                    Santosh Jahnabi School.
      "
          Asutosh (C.)
                            19
                                    L M. S. Inst., Bhowanipur.
       ,,
          Asutosh (B)
                            17
                                       Ditto
                                                   ditto.
                                . . .
          Binodbihari
                            16
                                    Behala Mission School.
       "
                            20
                                    Ruplal Raghunath School.
          Bipinbihari
       23
          Charuchandra
                            18
                                    City School.
          Dharanidhar
                           18-5 ...
                                    City School, Monghyr.
      "
          Durgapada
                            19
                                    Bengalitolla Preparatory School.
       ٠,
          Gaurhari
                            18
                                    Free Church Institution.
       21
          Giriudrachandra 18
                                    Oriental Seminary.
      39
                           18-10
          Gopalchandra
                                    Jonye Training School.
      31
          Gopinath
                            18
                                    General Assembly's Institution.
      ,,
                            16
          Haralal
                                    Maharajah's School, Kalna.
      77
          Haridas
                            18
                                    Albert School.
                           16
                                    S. P. Institution, Chakdigi.
          Haripada
      ,,
          Hariprasanna
                            17
                                    Rajshahye Collegiate School.
      ,,
                                    Calcutta Training Academy,
          Hiralal
                            18
      "
                           17-3 ...
          Jnanendranath
                                    Zila School, Allahabad.
      ,,
                                    Beerbhoom Zila School.
          Jogindrachandra 19
          Jogindranath
                           20
                                    Bengalitolla Preparatory School.
      99
          Jotindranath
                           19
                                    Metropolitan Inst, S. Branch.
      "
          Jyotirmay
                           18
                                    Gosain Durgapur School.
       ,,
          Kalidas
                           16-7 ..
                                    Hooghly Collegiate School.
      9,
                           17
                                    Agarpara H. C. E. School.
          Kedarnath
      "
                           17
          Khagendranath
                                    Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Inst.
          Kirendranath
                           18
                                    Free Church Institution.
      33
                           18
          Lalmohan
                                    Scrampur College.
      31
          Madhusudan
                           17
                                    Midnapur Collegiate School.
      ,,
          Mohendranath
                           17
                                    Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Inst.
      ,,
          Mohendranath
                           18
                                    Khulna H. C. E. School.
      "
          Matilal
                           17
                                    Bengalitolla Preparatory School.
      "
          Natabar
                           19
                                    Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Inst.
      39
          Nritvalal
                           19
                                    Zila School, Allahabad.
      "
          Panchanan
                           18
                                    Barrackpur School.
      "
                           16-6 ...
          Pramathanath
                                    Hindu School.
      >7
                           20
          Radharaman
                                    Bhastara School.
      "
          Rajanikanta
                           17
                                    Ravenshaw College, Katak.
      29
                           16-8 ...
                                    Canning College.
          Rajendralal
      22
          Rakhaldas
                           17
                                    Krishnaghar A. V School.
      "
          Sarachchandra
                           17
                                    Cutwa English School.
      **
                           18-1 ...
          Sarachchandra
                                    Utternara School.
      22
                           16-2 ...
                                    Zila School, Allahabad.
          Sarachchandra
      37
          Sasibhushan
                           18
                                    Gya Zila School.
      93
          Satischandra
                           19
                                    L. M. S. Inst Bhowanipur.
          Sibchandra
                           19
                                    Sanskrit College.
          Srikrishna
                           16
                                    City School.
                                •••
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Mukhopadhyay, Srischandra	20		Jessore Zila School.
"Surendranath	17-6		Berhampur Collegiate School.
Canondaynoth	18	•••	Hare School.
Samasahandan	16-9		Maharajah's College, Jeypur.
Quamulananda	17.7		Beerbhoom Zila School.
Udarahandra	20		Ranaghat School.
Mularam	18	•••	Labore Government School.
Munulal	19	••	Teacher.
	18	•••	Hindu School.
Mustaphi, Haridas Nabi Rakub	10	•••	
Nabi, Baksh		***	High School, Hurdui,
Nag, Sarachchandra	19	•••	Jagannath School.
, Umacharan	20	•••	Maharajah's School, Comillah.
Nandakisore	19	•••	Rai Bareilly Zila School.
Nandan, Dehaki	23	•••	Teacher.
Nandı, Amritalal	17	•••	Indian Institution.
" Girischandra	20	•••	Calcutta Training Academy.
,, Mathuranath	18	•••	Mymensingh Zila School.
" Rajaninath	18-10	0	Sylhet Zila School.
,, Ramprasad	18	•••	Zīla School, Balasore.
Nath, Narindar	16	•••	Lahore Government School.
Narmadaprasad	21		Cawnpur Zila School.
Nihal_Chand	20	•••	Agra Collegiate School.
Nilakto, Balwant Raghu	-		<u> </u>
nath	19	• • •	City School, Nagpur.
Niyogi, Dwijendrachandra	16	•••	Santosh Jahnabi School.
Nurul Alam	23	•••	Calcutta Madrassa.
Pafally, Waman Madhava	21	•••	Free Church Inst., Nagpur.
Pal, Chandranath	18	•••	L. M. S. Inst., Bhowanipur.
17 minters around	16		L. M. School, Midnapur.
Managandua	18	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
The ilalaranath	18	•••	Bankura Government School.
Paladhi, Hariprasad	19		I. M. High School, Benares.
Palit, Banabihari	16	•••	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
Pande, Jaidatta	19		Almora Mission School.
Pandit, Ramchandra Anant		•••	
	20	•••	Dhar High School.
", Surajnarayan		***	Canning College.
Pannalal	17	•••	Christ Church School, Cawnpur.
Pant, Siromani	18	•••	Almora Mission School.
Parameswari Dayal	20	***	High School, Fyzabad.
Passe, W. A.	20	•••	Wollesley College, Colombo.
Pathak, Beniprasad	20	•••	Hurdui High School,
,, Kisorimohan	19-7		Utterpara School.
Patnaik, Damodar	19	•••	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
"Gopabandhu 🎏	20	••	Ditto ditto.
Pendherkor, Vinaik Antaji	15-6		High School, Jabalpur.
Philip, S.	22-3	•••	Mission High School, Bareilly.
Pramanik, Adharchandra	21	•••	Indian Institution.
., Madhabchandra	28	441	Albert School.
Prasad, Balden	16		Bareilly High School.
, Binda	21	•••	Arrah Zila School.
" Jogindranath	16-2	-	C. M. High School, Azimghar.
Purchit, Sridhar Ramchan			
dra	18		High School, Jabalpur.
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La Martiniere College, Lucknow.
Purves, E.
                          16
Qamar-ud-din
                           20
                                   Mission High School, Bareilly.
                           17
                                   St. Xavier's College.
Quinn, T.
                               • •
                           21
                                   Benares Collegiate School.
Raghunathprasad
                           17
Raha, Basantakumar
                                   Pabna Zila School.
                          18
Raheem Bakhsh
                                   Jalandar Mission School.
                           16
                                   C. M. High School, Azimghar.
Rajendraprasad
                           17
Rakshit, Bamapada
                                   City School.
                                   Gya Zila School.
         Nityananda.
                          18-6.
Ramchandra
                           23
                                   High School, Ulwar.
                           20
                                   Shajehanpur High School.
Ramdayal
                           18
                                   Canning College.
Ranidayal
                           21
                                   St. Stephen's High School, Delhi.
Ramlal
                           19
                                   District School, Delhi.
Ramnarayan
                                   Dumraon Maharajah's School.
                           16
Ramprakaslal
                           19
                                   Gurdaspur High School.
Ramraksha
                           18
                                   Free Church Inst., Nagpur.
Rao, S. Bhasker
                           20-6.
                                   Hushiarpur District School.
Ratanchand
Ratneswar Sarma, Mohanta 16
                                   Ganhati Zila School,
Ray, Ajodhyanath
                           18
                                   Purulia School.
     Akshaykumar
                           23.7 ...
                                   Ranchi Zila School.
  27
                           16-6 ...
                                   P. Gupinathpur School.
     Asutosh
  "
                           20
                                   Bogra Zila School.
     Bhabanisankar
  "
                           17
      Bhupendrakumar
                                   Hindu School.
                                ...
  "
                           17
      Biswanath
                                    Mymensingh Zila School.
                                ...
  3,
                           19
                                    Bengalitolla Preparatory School.
      Chandrakanta
                           19
      Chandrakumar
                                    Barisel Zıla School.
                           17
      Dakshinamohan
                                    L. M. Institution, Bhowanipur.
                           18
                                    Pachamba H. C. School.
      Damodar
      Dewan Daulat
                           19
                                    Labore Government School.
  72
                           20
                                    Bareilly High School.
      Dulah
  ,,
                           16
      Gurudas
                                    Midnapur Collegiate School.
  "
                                    Benares Collegiate School.
      Gurudayal
                           21
                                • • •
      Harachandra
                           19
                                    Jalpaigori Zila School.
                           18
      Haridas
                                    Barrackpur School.
                           18-3 .
                                    Hindu School.
      Hemnath
                           16.5 ...
                                    L. M. School, Khagra.
      Jagadischandra
                           18
                                    Suburban School, Kalighat.
      Jogindranath
                            19
                                    Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Instn.
      Kalinath
      Kaminikumar
                            20
                                    Rungpur Zila School.
  72
      Kulachandra
                            17
                                ... City School.
      Madhabchandra
                            18
                                    Kustea School.
                                . . .
   91
                                ... Puri Zila School.
      Madhusudan
                            16
   33
                                ... Nawab &bdool Gunny's Free
      Mahendrachandra
                            18
                                         School, Dacca.
                                    Calcutta Training Academy.
      Manmathanath
                            18
      Parbaticharan
                            17-6 .. Krishnaghar A. V. School.
      Priyanath
                            18
                                    Calcutta Institution.
                                    Berhampur Collegiate School.
      Pramathanath
                            18
                                    Santosh Jahnabi School.
      Purnachandra
                            18
      Radhaballabh
                                    Banwaribad H. C. E. School.
                            17
                                    Noakhali Zila School.
      Rajkumar
                            20-3 ..
      Rakhaldas
                            17
                                    Suburban School, Kalighat.
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Ray, Sambhunath	17		Midnapur Collegiate School.
,, Sarachchandra	18	•••	Barahanagar Hindu School.
,, Sasibhushan	21	•••	Chinsurah Free Church Instn.
,, Sibcharan	18		Shillong Zila School.
,, Surendrakisor	19		M. A. O. College, Aligarh.
" Surendrauath	17	•	Utterparah School.
,, Taranath	18	•••	Serajgunge H. C. E. School.
,, Taraprasanna	21	•••	Santosh Jahnabi School.
,, Umagati	16		Rungpur Zila School.
Raychaudhuri, Jotindra-			
nath	17	- • •	Hare School,
Rogers, W. J.	16		Bishop Cotton School.
Ropes, P.	19		<b>a</b> G *
Ross, A.	17	•••	
Rostan, J.	17	•••	St. Xavier's College.
Sa, Syamlal	19-4	4	Useful Arts School.
Safar Ali	22	•••	Noakhali Zila School.
Saha, Bijaygobinda	20	• • •	Pabna Zila School.
,, Durganath	19	••	City School.
", Rajanikanta	18	•••	Free Church Institution.
Sahay, Bhagabat	18	•••	Arrah Zıla School.
" Bhagabat	16	•••	Gya Zila School.
", 🗰 Chaturbhuj	16	• • •	Raj School. Durbhanga.
,, Chinta	19	••	Bareilly High School.
" Debi	18	•••	Ditto.
" Gangagobinda	20	•••	Arrah Zıla School.
" Gobinda	18	• •	Bareilly High School.
,, Hanuman	19	•••	Moradpur School, Bankipur.
"Krishna	22	•••	Moradabad School.
,, Mahanand	18	•••	Arrah Zila School.
, Raghubans	18	•••	Bareilly High School.
" Raghubansa	<b>2</b> 2		Sultanpur High School.
" Raghubar	20		Maharajah's College, Jeypur.
,, Ramji	21		Bankipur Training Academy.
" Sheonandan	18	•••	Patna Collegiate School.
Sankataprasad	19	•••	Rai Bareilly Zila School.
Sansarchand	17	•••	Ajmere Collegiate School.
Sanyal, Bholanath	18	•••	Jenkins' School, Cooch Behar.
,, Hrishikes	17	•••	Putia H. C. E. School.
" Jyotisprasad	19	••	Pabua Zila School.
" Krishnadas	17	***	Indian Institution.
" Nilmani	23		Rajshaye Collegiate School.
" Prasannakumar	21	•••	Putia H. C. E School.
Sapray, Lakshmanrao	18-	3	High School, Jabalpur.
Sarbadhikari, Abinaschan			
dra	18	•••	Dighapatia School.
Sarkar, Banischandra	20		Pabna Zila School.
"Bijaykrishna		2-3	Metropolitan Instn. S. Branch.
,, Bipinbihari	19	••	Garden Reach School.
" Bipinbihari	18	••	Bandgorah H. C. E. School.
" Gobindachandra	20	••	Loknath School, Balasore.
,, Jogindrachandra	20	_ •• •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
,, Jogindrakumar	16-	6	Hindu School.

Sarkar, Lalitmohan	17	Faridpur Zila School.
" Mahendranath	19	Bhagulpur Zila School.
" Mukundalal	19	Faridpur Zila School.
,, Nilkanta	20	Shajehanpur High School.
, Purnachandra	21.2	Ukhra Kunjalal Istitution.
" Syamilal	16-8	Hare School.
Sarkel, Haricharan	17	L. M. S. Institution, Baduria.
Sarma, Gurucharan	17	Cachar Zila School.
Sarnakar, Mahendranath	18	Nabadwip Hindu School.
Sarup, Bishan	17	District School, Delhi.
,, Jotish	18	C. M. High School, Meerut.
Sarupnarayan	18	Hume's High School, Etawah.
Sarvate, Raoji Sridh <b>ar</b>	<b>19</b> .	High School, Jabalpur.
Satyanarayan	19	Victoria College, Agra.
Satyanarayan	17	American High Schl., Allahabad.
Saul, Nayak	18	Balasora Zila School.
Savielle, A.	19 .	St. Xavier's Collego.
Sayed Wali Hosan	18	City Anglo-Vernacular School,
		Allahabad
Selot, Premsankar	19-3	High School, Jabalpur.
Sen, Asutosh	18	Metropolitan Institution.
, Baradakanta	17	Pogose School, Dacca.
Rountaknman	18	Digapatia School.
Rininghandya	17-6.	Pogose School. Dacca.
Righnagonal	18	Arrah Zila School.
Chiutamani	19	L. M S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
" Girindralal	18	Santipar Municipal School.
Gonulahandra	20	Barigal Zıla School.
Camahanan	19 .	Ditto.
Jacodicolandra	17	Dacca Collegiate School.
Tonokinoth	18	Barisal Zila School.
Inanadacharan	17	Tezpur Zila School.
Kaminikumar	20	Noakhali Zila School.
Kannakuman	20	Commillah Zila School.
Kuniahihari	19	Oriental Seminary.
Knnwar	17-3	Hume's High School, Etawah.
Lalitahandes	19	Jagannath School.
Mahandraahandra	15 .	Suburban School, Kalighat.
Mahimahandra	20 .	Noakhali Zila School.
" Maniklal	19-10	
" Mahitlal	16.6.	_
Drivenath	16-3.	Hindu School.
Rajohandra	18 .	Other Called to Galant
Rahininuth	17 .	The state of the seal
Maratahandra	3.77	12. Italian on Callings Indone
2 mischandre	18 .	The state of the state of the sale
Townwaganana	00	A
,, Taraprasanna Tarinikanta	40 '	Martine and a 1.2 m Statement Committed
- u	19 . 17 .	****** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Set, Girijabhushan		Mission School, Shaharunpur.
Sewakram.		* we will be a control of the contro
Seymour, W. E.		The saw Callamines Sahaal
Shaffuddin Ahmed	17	
Shaik, Keramut-ulla	47 .	Bogra Zila School.

Milanan Jannaga J	17		Benares Collegiate School.
Sibanandanprasad Siddhamanal	17	•••	Ditto ditto.
Siddhagopal Sil, Harischandra	21	•••	Chinsuran Free Church Inst.
36 11.1	18	•••	Metropolitan Institution.
" C! 1 11	19	•••	Chinsurah Free Church Inst.
simpi, Ramkrishna Mankoji			Zoroastrian School, Mhow.
Singh, Dalip	19		District School, Dehli.
Dhammant	21	•••	Kapartala School.
G amade val	18	•••	M A. O. College, Aligarh.
Infan	18		Lahore Government School.
Koliko	17	•••	Canning College.
Kharura	16-6		Bareilly High School.
Nannah	20-9		High School, Jabalpur.
Narayan	18	•••	Bareilly High School.
Nothn	19	•••	Ditto.
Paymagazar	28	•••	Teacher.
" Utlam	19	• • • •	Almora Mission School.
Singha, Uttam	18	•••	Aligarh Zila School.
Sinha, Aspuran	18	•••	Chapra Zila School.
,, Baijnath	18	•••	Benares Collegiate School.
,, Damodardebnarayan	16	•••	Chapra Zila School.
,, Gobindapada	19	•••	Hooghly Collegiate School.
,, Jogindranath	19	•••	Gobardangah School.
,, Kisorilal	21-4		Beerbhoom Zila School.
,, Krishnalal	16-1	•••	Maheshpur H C. E. School.
,, Manilal	17-2		Ranchi Zila School.
,, Nagendranath	18	•••	Dacca Collegiate School.
, Ramgati	16		Kandı School.
,, Rasamay	19	•••	Hamilton's School, Tamlook.
,, Sarachchandra	19	•.,	L. M. S. Institution.
,, Trishitanath	17	•••	Hooghly Collegiate School.
Smith, A.	15-6		St Paul's School, Darjeeling.
Smith, J. A.	16-4		La Martiniere College.
Som, Rakhaldas	17	***	Hooghly Collegiato School.
Srimani, Bholanath	20	•••	Andool School.
Sriram	18	•••	Thakur School, Ulwar.
Stalkartt, C. E. G.	15	•••	Wood's Academy.
Sukul, Mahabir Sahay	21	•••	Bahraich Zila School.
Sur, Matilal	18	•••	Hooghly Branch School.
Suryyaprasad	16	•••	Benares Collegiate School.
Sutf, Rahman	17	•••	Muharajah's School, Burdwan.
Swift, E. L.	16 17	•••	Gujranwallah Mission School.  Ditto.
Swift, E. M.	19	•••	Moradabad School.
Syamlal	18	•••	Lakhimpur High School.
Syed, Abrar Husain	20		Hardai High School.
", Ahmad " Ahmed	17	<b>,</b>	Nizamut School, Moorshedabad.
Ali Manun	17	•••	Maharajah's School, Kalna.
Syed-uddin Khan	20		Rajshahye Collegiate School
Tahmid-uddin Ahmed	16	•••	St. Xavier's College.
Turafdar, Rakhaldas	20-6		London Mission School, Khagra.
Tewari. Bisweswarnath	20	100	High School, Hardui.
Rama - anda	<b>1</b> 9	411	Sultanpur High School.
" Tama Haman		,,,	The second secon
<u>,,</u>			

Tewari, Rambarsha	19	Benares Collegiate School
" Śrigopal	20	High School, Jabalpur.
Thakur, Indramohan	17	Bhagulpur Zila School. *
Thomas	19.2	St. John's College, Agra.
Umaprasad (D.)	19-9	High School, Jabalpur.
Vardan, A. D.	19	St. Xavier's College.
Vithal Ganes, (N.)	19	High School, Jabalpur.
Wahuddin	20	Bareilly High School.
Weerapperume, S. A.	<b>2</b> 0	High School, Galle.
White, J. T.	16-1	Rangoon Govt, High School.
Wilks, M.	17	St. Xavier's College
Williams, Michael	17-2	St. Francis De Sales' School,
		Nagpur.

## THIRD DIVISION.

#### In Alphabetical Order.

$\boldsymbol{n}$ .	Alphaveti	cat Order.
Abu Said Abul Hafiz	17	Sylhet National Institution.
Acharyya, Kedarnath	16-5	Beerbhoom Zila School.
Ain, Ramkuwar	18	Nasirabad Entrance School.
Baburam	17	Bareilly High School.
Badhe, Jagannath Ganes	19	City School, Nagpur.
Badridas *	22	Moradabad Govt. High School.
Badrinath, Pandit	18	Gya Zila School.
Baksi, Purnachandra	19-1	Ukhra Kunjalal Institution.
Bandyopadhyay, Bhagaban		•
chandra		General Assembly's Institution
Rhagahaticharar		Badla School.
,, Girischandra	18	Bishenpur H. C. E. School.
Haridas	22	Bandgorah H. C. E. School.
" Kalinath	20	Naral II C. E. School.
Mahondranath	18	General Assembly's Institution.
" Promothonath	16-11	Magura H. C. E. School.
" Raimahan	18	L. M. S. Institution, Baduria.
" Rajendrachandra		Dinapur Aided School.
,. Sitanath	16	Banawaribad H. C. E. School,
Bardoloi, Gopinath	17	Debrugarh Zila School.
Bansidhar	20	Zila School, Cawnpur.
Bartholomeusz, F.	16-9	Trinity College, Kandy.
Basak, Girischandra	16	Hindu School.
Basu, Amritalal	18	Metropolitan Institution.
Rasantakuman	17	Ditto ditto.
Hyainmal	19	Teghoria School.
Chandicharan	18	Hinda School,
" Chlintilal	21	Jessore Zila School.
Kuniahihari	21	Private Student.
Madanmahan	19	Commilla Zila School.
Nammdwanath	17-6	Hooghly Branch School.
Samahahandua	17	Ruplal Raghunath School.
Samondrachandra	17	Metropolitan Institution.
Batabyal, Hemchandra	19	Ditto ditto.
Benigankar	22	L. M. School, Mirzapur.
Bhattacharyya, Hemial	19	Ditto, Midnapur.
Drosonnakuma		Jenkins' School, Cooch Behar.
* L'OBGILLION GIME	'''	

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Bhanmik, Satischandra
                            20
                                    Krishnaghar Anglo-Ver, School.
Bhaya, Bijaygobinda
                            16
                                    Rajshahye Collegiate School.
Bishnuchandra
                            22
                                    Benares Collegiate School.
                           17-9 ...
Biswas, Ibrahim
                                    Berhampur Collegiate School.
        Ka-hlohari
                           21
                                    Seal's Free College.
Buxy, H. D.
                           17-6 ...
                                    St. Francis De Sales' School.
                           18
                                    Darbar High School, Jodhpur.
Byas, Rupram
Chakrabarti, Bhabasankar
                          18
                                    Jaynagar Institution.
            Chandrasekhar 22
                                    General Assembly's Institution.
            Hemchandra
                            20
                                    Kannogar H. C. E. School.
                                ...
                            23
            Jadonath
                                    Makespur
                                                    ditto.
      7,
            Niikanta
                            18
                                    Baharoo School.
            Nilmani
                           18
                                    Harinabhi A. S. School.
            Panchanan
                           18
                                    Albert School.
     ,,
                           19
                                    Behala Mission School.
            Priyanath
Chattopadhyay Bipinbihari19
                                   Dacca Collegiate School.
           Chandicharan
                           17
                                    Banawaribad H. C. E. School.
                                ...
       "
           Debendranath 196 ...
                                    Ukhra Kunjalal Institution.
                           14-9 ...
           Haraprasad
                                    Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
       22
           Hemantakumar 18
                                    Chuadangha H. C. E. School,
                                ...
       49
                           19-6 ...
           Jadanath
                                    South Baharoo School.
       37
           Jagadis
                           16-10
                                    Naral H. C E. School.
       37
                           17
           Rasbihari
                                    Barrackpur School.
                                •••
                           20
                                    Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
           Saratgopal
       ,,
           Syaniacharan
                           16-3 ...
                                    Hooghly Branch School,
Chaudhuri, Abdul Goffer
                           18-4 ...
                                    Boerbboom Zila School.
            Ambikacharan 18
                                    Private Student.
     "
            Gangadas
                           18
                                    Bengalitola Preparatory School,
                                •••
     ,,
                                        Benarcs.
            Haridas
                           18
                                    Hooghly Collegiate School.
     9:
                           18
                                    Suburban School, Kalighat
            Hemendralal
     ,,
                           21
            Kartikprasad
                                    Training Academy, Bankipur.
     79
            Mohinimohan
                           18
                                    Pabna Zila School.
     ,,
           Satischandra
                           18
                                    Nabadwip Hindu School.
                           20-2 ..
Chunnilal
                                    Zila School, Allahabad.
Coinre Brajalal
                           18
                                    Hare School
                                ••
Dan, Haridas
                           17
                                          Ditto.
                                ••
     Harinarayan
                           16
                                   Baranagar Hindu School.
                           18
Dus. Baikunthanath
                                    Balusore Zila School.
     Gangacharan
                           18
                                    Dacca Pogoso School.
  39
                           17
     Kaminimohan
                                   Rungpur Zila School.
  1,
                           19
     Kunjabihari
                                    L. M. School, Midnapur.
                                    Sibpur H. C. E. School.
     Mahendranath
                           16
     Nabinchandra
                           19
                                    Chittagong Collegiate School.
     Parbaticharan
                           19
                                    Dacca Pogose School.
     Ramchandra
                           I5-10
                                    Chittagong Collegiate School.
     Rasananda
                           18
                                    Ravenshaw College, Katak.
                               . .
     Umeschandra
                           19
                                   Naral H. C. E. School.
Datta, Bhagabaticharan
                           20
                                   Ruplal Raghunath School.
       Bhabanchandra
                           19
                                   Chinsurah Hindu School.
       Binodbihari
                           20
                                   Private Student.
       Chitteswar
                           17
                                   Hare School.
                           16-2 ..
       Harigopal
                                   Hooghly Collegiate School.
```

Datta, Jaharlal	18	General Assembly's Institution.
" Khirodbihari	20	Private Student.
" Prasannakumar	21	L. M. School, Midnapur.
" Ramlal	18	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
" Sasibhushan	18	L. M. S. Institution.
,, Umacharan	17	Metropolitan Institution.
" Umeschandra	18	Teacher.
Dayal, Hurso	18	Arrah Zila School.
De, Bholanath	17	Hooghly Collegiate School.
De, Debendranath	19	Simla Bengal Academy.
" Tarinicharan	19	Calcutta Institution.
" Tariniprasad	17	Puri Zila School.
DeSilva, C. M.	18 .,	St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Dinanath, P. Sheoprasad	19 .	F. C. Institution, Nagpur.
Drieberg, J. B.	19	St. Thomas' College, Colombo.
Eaqub Ali	<b>23</b> .	Dacca Pogose School.
Emin, J.	18 .	St. Xavier's College.
Fernando, H.	21	Prince of Wales' Collegiate
		School, Colombo.
Gangadin	18.4.	Dinapur Aided School.
Gangopadhyay, Prabhas-		-
chandra ,	<b>20</b> .	Jessore Zila School.
Ghosh, Anandalal	<b>16-6</b> .	Kandi School.
,, Benimadhab	<b>16.2</b> .	
" Bipinbihari	<b>17-9</b>	
,, Brajaballabh	17	. Ravenshaw College, Katak.
,, Brajalal	20	Naral H. C. E. School.
" Debendranath		. L. M. S. Institution, Baduria.
,, Dwarkanath	20	. Nizamat School.
" Isanchandra	19	. Mymensing Zila School.
Maniklal	17	. General Assembly's Institution.
" Pranballabh	19	. Hitampur School.
" Prasannakumar	19	. Kalikisore School, Hashara.
,, Purnachandra	17-6	. Seal's Free College.
" Rajendranath	18	. Ilsoba Mondlye School.
" Rasiklal	21	Lakshipasa H. C. E. School.
" Satkari	18	. Metropolitan Institution.
" Umeschandra	17	. Ditto ditto.
" Upendranath	18	. General Assembly's Institution.
Gobindaprasad	18	. Farakabad Zila School.
Gosavi, Krishnaji Bishny	18	. City School, Nagpur.
Goswami, Manmatha	16	. Utterparah School.
Guha, Nibaranchandra	18	. Dacca Collegiate School.
Gupta, Chandicharan	18	. Kalia H. C. E. School.
,, Kalipada	16-6	. Krishnaghar Anglo-Ver. School.
" Nandalal	n 19	. Albert School.
" Narayanchandra	<b>17</b> .	. Baidyabati English School.
Haldar, Ambikacharan	10	. Zila School, Deoghar.
, Haridas	17	Canning College.
Hodges, F.	1 PT	. La Martiniere College, Lucknow.
Imam Uddin	19	Lahore Government School.
Inam-ul Haq	18	Calcutta Madrassa.
Inamellekahir	10	. Ditto.

		771 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
Jamait, Rai	26	
Jha, Madanlal	18	
Joardar, Kedarnath	18	
		pookur Branch
Joshi, Krishnaji Raghunat		/ Oi
Kalicharan	19	
Kamtaprasad	20-6	
Kanhayalal	17	
Karan, P. N.	<b>22</b>	. C. M. School, Monghyr.
Karnakar, Madhabehandr	a17-3	Bogra Zila School.
Khaja, Muhammad Zaffer	19	Benares Collegiate School.
Krishnadas	18	Ditta ditta
Kshetriya, Baldebprasad	20	Ditte ditto.
Kundu, Lakshminarayan	19	F. C. Mission School, Kalna.
Lahiri, Jagadischandra	18	TT ~ 1 CT
" Radhikamohan	19	33
,, Srischandra	17-9	
Lal, Angnu	22-6	-
" Banawari	20	Daniel I. J. Wales Oak and
,, Bankabihari (2)	17	A (1 1)
Roadhan	18	PT 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Calvan	21	7:1. 8.1
No leboral	21	Mississ Galand Galance
Laltaprasad	19	$C_1$ , $C_2$ , $C_3$ , $C_4$ , $C_4$ , $C_4$ , $C_5$ , $C_4$ , $C_5$ , $C_6$ ,
Maihar, Ramparayan	19	77 1 A 1 A A
Maitra, Girindrachandra	17	1) 1 1 0 1 1
11 1	17	
,, Kamkamai Majumdar, Amarchandra	10	
Dolmath	()1	Duttie II O II School
Gobindachandr		
• •		Zamanan II - H C W Caland
,, Hridaynath	20-9	Tanana Wila Calant
" Jaygopal	17	
,, Priyanath	19	
,, Ramlal	16	
Mandal, Hariballabh	18	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
" Hiralal	18	Scal's Free College.
	16-2	Hindu School.
Mathuraprasad	18 .	Government School, Palamow.
Misra, Dibyasinha	17 .	Puri Zila School.
,, Saligram	21 .	Patna Collegiate School.
Mitra, Akshaykumar	17 .	Calcutta Institution.
" Ambikacharan	17	City School.
" Ausutosh	17 .	Chundernagar School.
,, Binodbihari	19 .	Nabadwip Hindu School.
" Haramohan	17 .	Hare School.
"Kedareswar	18 .	Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
,, Kunjabihari	17 .	General Assembly's Institution.
" Makshadadas	17 .	Benares Collegiate School.
" Narendranath	<b>18-9</b> ,	Hindu School.
,, Piyarilal	20 ,	Midnapur Collegiate School.
,, Ramendralal	16 .	Metropolitan Institution.
Mohapatra, Sasibhushan	22 ,	Private Student.
Mohun, B. P.	20 .	Zila School, Allahabad.
Muhammad Abdul Jalil	18 .	Benares Collegiate School.
	-	<b>U</b>

Muham	mad Eshak	18	••	Rajshahye Collegiate School.
"	Haider Ashruff	20	••	Jaynarayan's College.
•3	Husain	17	41	Benares Collegiate School.
	Masih-uz-zaman		••	Calcutta Madrassa.
Mukho	padhyay, Chunilal	17	• (	Howrah School.
29	Girijaprasad	17	•4	Patna Collegiate School.
"	Harischandra	19	•	Behala Mission School.
>>	Harischandra	21	•	Naral H. C. E. School.
,,	Kalipada	19	•	Dacca Collegiate School.
,,	Kalipada	21	•	F. C. Mission School, Kalna.
"	Kumarishchandı		•	Bhagulpur Zila School.
29	Lakshminarayar		. •	Hetampur School.
"	Narayanchandra			Private Student.
5>	Natabar	16-	4.	Kandi School.
"	Priyanath	17		Konnagar H. C. E. School.
			0-22	
Musha	naf Husen	18		Zila School, Mirzapur.
	3aradakanta	17		Aryan School.
	, Haricharan	21		Sanskrit Collegiato School.
Nandk	ishore	16		Patna Collegiate School.
Ojha,	Durgaprasad	19		Mission School, Gazipur.
	sutosh	17		Hooghly Branch School.
,, B	ipinchandra	19		Pabna Zila School.
	yotiprasad		-1.	Useful Arts School.
	Haridatta	19		Almora Mission School.
	ono, Sitaram Balora			Free Church Inst. Nagpur.
	, Bisheswar	18		L. M. H. School, Benares.
	Saradacharan	19		Comillah Zila School.
Rajba		17		Private Student.
	handra	17		Agra Collegiate School.
Ramd	ayal	21		Sitapur High School.
Ramk		16		Canning College.
Ray,	Aunkulchandra	17		Mymensing Zila School.
	Binodbibari	24		Dacca Pogose School.
	Tarikisor	17	-	Nasirabad Entrance School.
	Tagadischandra	18		Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
"	luanudasan <b>k</b> ar	19		Dacca Collegiate School.
,,	Inanendranarayan	19		Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
••	Kedarnath	19	-	Free Church Institution.
3.5	Krishnalal	16	-	Suburban School, Kalighat.
	Lalitmohan	18		Mymensing Zila School.
"	Manindrachandra		-4.	Beerbhoom Zila School.
27	Nabinchandr <b>a</b>	18	-	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
,,,	Nabinkrishna		7-6.	Krishnaghar Collegiate School.
	Nripendrachandra	17		Ruplal Raghunath School.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Rajanikanta			Berhampur Collegiate School.
	Rajkumar	18		Pahna Zila School.
27	Sureschandra		6.	Gar Bhabanipur H. C. E. School.
	Upendracharan	. 16	5-4.	Bengalitola Preparatory School, Bonares.
19	Upendranath	17	·8 .	Hindu School.
, -	Bhagabanchandra	19		Indian Institution.
` ,	Laimohan	17		General Assembly's Institution.
,,			•	•

Saha, Pranbandhu	18	. Free Church Institution.
Sahay, Bhagabat	20	. Palamow Government School.
Salardia	19 .	Sultanpur H. School
Santlal	20 .,	. C. M. H. School, Gorackpur.
Sanyal, Banichandra	17	Th. 1 7771 . eq. 1 1
,, Sadananda	16	. Shampookur Preparatory School.
Sanyal, Sarnath	18 .,	I 3/ 1/ 0 1 1).
Saparay, Narharinarayan	21 .	The alone
Sarkar, Adyanath	17	, Muragacha School.
" Baradakanta	16	Bhagalpur Zila School.
,, Bhabataran	16-6	Bankura Government School.
" Hiralal	17	
" Isanchandra	17	Indian Institution.
" Jogeschandra	19	Pachamba H. C. E. School.
" Manindranarayan	17	Bandgora H. C. E. School.
,, Muniudranath	17	Hare School.
" Purnananda	19	
", Ramkanai	22	Scal's Free College.
" Sureschandra	18	
Saymal, Rameschandra	17	1
Schumacher, J. W.	21	
Sen, Amritalal	17	
" Basantakamal	19-5	
,, Gobindachandra	18	
,, Kaliprasanna	20 .	
" Mathuranath	17 .	
,, Ujjalchandra	16-8,	
Servati, Jayramkesah	20 .	
Shaikh Hedayeth-ullah	17	
Sikdar, Kshetramohan	19-7 .,	
Sil, Anupkrishna	19	<u>.</u>
Sahay Singh, Baijnath	20	
Singh, Baladionarayan	19	
Sinha, Hiralal	16	
,, iswarchandra ,, Lakshram	16 18 .	Darman on Makamaraka a a
" Upendrachandra	10	Rankana Garanamani Oak . 1
Slane, H.	150	F. Mandinian Cull. P. 3
St. Romaine, L. R.	3 77	St. Xavier's College.
Stalkartt, W. H. S.	15 .	Was d'a A au donne
Swaries, W J.	15-4	
Swaris, J. H.	19	Wellesley College, Colombo.
Syamalal	17-6	
Syed Muhammad Mujtaha	19	Amma Claffamiata Cabaal
Tafazz-ul Hosain	21	Danuman Calluminta Calana
Tafazz-ul Hosain	20	Cwe 7:3a Subsal
Thakur, Chandramohan	19	Diamedram Vila Galeral
Thakurdayal	16	. Arrah Zila School.
Tulasiprasad	18	. Dumraou Maharajah's School.
Vias, Futtoh Sanker	20	Damanan Malla sinta tinh -1
Wahid Ali	19 .	. C. M. H. School, Azimgarh.
Wijeyesakere, W.	20	
Yalayer Khan	17	Dacca Collegiate School.

# Graduntes—Medicine.

## M. D.

Basu, Jagadbandhu			Medical College.
Carter, R. W.	•••	1865	Asst. Surgeon, H. M.'s 82nd
•			Regiment.
De, Chandrakumar	•••	1862	Medical College.
Rudra Bhagabatchandra	•••	1880	Ditto.
Sarkar, Mahendralal		1863	Ditto.

#### HONORS IN MEDICINE.

Rudra, Bhagabatchandra	:	1877	Medical College.
Maitra, Bipinbihari	•••	1878	Ditto.
Sil, Kanailal	•••	1879	Ditto.
Mallik, Prasaddas	•••	1880	Ditto.
Ray, Sibaprasad	• • •	1880	Ditto.
Ghosh, Srinath	•••	1881	Ditto.

#### M. B.

_		
Acharyya, Kedareswar	1880	Medical College.
Basu, Biharikrishna	. 1880	Ditto.
" Biharilal .	. 1873	Ditto.
" Prandban .	. 1880	Ditto.
Bandyopadhyay, Amritalal	. 1877	Ditto.
Girinanada		Ditto.
Tadahahandra		Ditto.
Nahakumun	5000	Ditto.
Bhattacharyya, Hemchandra		Ditto.
Naccandranath		Ditto.
Sringth	9.00	Ditto.
Chakrabarti, Biharilal	2000	Ditto.
Purnachandra		Ditto.
,,		
Chattopadhyay, Bagalacharan		
Bhupatibhushan	. 1879	Ditto.
" Gopalchandra	. 1876	Ditto.
, Nilmadhab	. 1872	Ditto.
, Syamacharan	. 1867	Ditto.
Das, Manmohan	1077	Ditto.
Pramathanath	. 1872	
Datta, Kedarnath	. 1866	
Khirodkubar	. 1879	
De, Debendranath	, 1877	Ditto.

De, Nandalal		1867	Medical College.
" Rajendralal		1879	Ditto.
Gangopadhyay, Jadunath		1879	Ditto.
Ghosh, Chandramohan	•••	1864	Ditto.
,, Phakirchandra	***	1868	Ditto.
, Radharaman	• • • •	1876	Ditto.
Gupta, Bankabihari		1870	Ditto.
, Durgadas	•••	1878	Ditto.
,, Kalipada	•••	1868	Ditto.
Maitra, Bipinbihari	•••	1878	Ditto.
Mallik, Prasaddas		1880	Ditto.
Mitra, Bankabihari	•••	1871	Ditto.
Rinodhihani	•••	1880	Ditto.
" Mahendranath	•••	1877	Ditto.
" Umeschandra		1874	Ditto.
" Unoudranath	•••	1878	Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Amarchand	•••	1878	Ditto.
, Gangaprasad	•••	1867	Ditto.
Kailagahandra		1877	Ditto.
Nitrocharan	•••	1880	Ditto.
Smanacharan	•••	1866	•
Sadukhan, Khirodchandra	***	1878	· · ·
Syed Hossain	•••	1878	
Peters, C. E.	•••	1868	
Ray, Isanchandra	•••	1869	
" Sibaprasad	•••	1880	
Rudra, Bhagabatchandra	•••	1877	
Sarkar, Krishnagopal	•••	1873	
Natabar	***	1877	
Sil, Kanailal		1879	
Som, Dayalchandra	•••	1865	
, <del></del>			

## L. M. S.

Abdul Russaq		1874	Medical College.
Acharyya, Kamikhyanath	•••	1862	Ditto.
Akbar Khan	•••	1872	Ditto.
Asder Ali Khan	•••	1878	Ditto.
Bagchi, Abhaycharan		1861	Ditto.
Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschand	lra	1871	Ditto.
,, Abinaschandra (1		1878	Ditto.
,, Aghornath		1880	Ditto.
Buneswar	•••	1878	Ditto.
Brajendranath	•••	1878	Ditto.
Gopalchandra	••	1869	Ditto.
Harakanta	***	1874	Ditto.
Harmarayan	•••	1869	Ditto
Haripada		1879	Ditto.
Harischandra	•••	1861	Ditto.
Isanchandra	441	1880	Ditto
Kisorilal	•••	1874	Ditto
Kalinath		1880	

Bandyopadhyay, Madhabekan	dra	1880 1	Medical College.
Na bayahan dan		1867	Ditto.
Nandalal	•••	1872	Ditto.
Purnachandra	• • • •	1865	Ditto.
Raimohan	•••	1868	Ditto.
Ramlal	•••	1874	Ditto.
,, Sibchandra	••	1872	Ditto.
	***	1878	Ditto.
,, Surryyanath	***	1871	Ditto.
Bara, Sibram	•••	1869	Ditto.
Basak, Amulyaratna	***	1879	Ditto.
" Nrityalal	•••		Ditto.
,, Sanatan	•••	1872	
Basu, Adyanath	•••	1880	Ditto.
" Aghornath	***	1872	Ditto.
" Amritakrishna	•••	1867	Ditto.
, Benimadhab	•••	1865	Ditto,
,, Binodkrishna	•••	1874	Ditto.
" Biharilal	***	1879	Ditto.
" Chandrabhushan	•••	1875	Ditto.
" Chandrabhushan	•••	1877	Ditto.
, Dharmadas	•••	1861	Ditto.
" Dharmadas	•••	1873	Ditto.
" Dinanath	•••	1864	Ditto.
,, Gopalchandra	•••	1871	Ditto.
,, Harimohan	• • •	1865	Ditto.
,, Hiralal	***	1874	Ditto.
" Jadabchandra	• • •	1872	Ditto.
" Jadunath	•••	1.870	Ditto.
,, Kailaschandra	••	1874	Ditto.
, Kodarnath	• •	1876	Ditto.
, Kesabchandra	**1	1874	Ditto.
, Khargeswar	***	1870	Ditto.
"Kisorimohan	••1	1880	Ditto.
,, Krishnachandra		1871	Ditto.
,, Lakshminarayan		1863	Ditto.
" Mahendralal	••	1869	Ditto.
, Mahendramohan	4.91	1878	Ditto.
" Manmathanath	441	1879	Ditto.
,, Prabodhchandra	•••	1874	Ditto.
, Priyanath	••	1867	Ditto.
Rudhanath		1868	Ditto.
Pihabandra	••	1869	Ditto.
Sithurkuman	••	1880	Ditto.
Quantle!	10	1880	Ditto.
Surtranarayan	••	1877	Ditto.
Gauggalaman	••	1880	Ditto.
Taminiaharan	••	1874	Ditto.
Troilakwanath	••	1872	Ditto.
Timoraliandaa	••	1873	Ditto.
" II non dra chandra	••	1867	Ditto.
Transitrachandra	••	1880	Ditto.
Bhaduri, Akshaykumar	••	1880	Ditto.
Biharial	40	1865	

<b>79. 3 .</b>			
Bhaduri, Gokulchandra	•••	1880	20011
", Tarinicharan	•••	1866	Ditto.
Bhar, Girischandra	***	1874	Ditto.
3battacharyya, Amritalal	•••	1873	Ditto.
,, Bamandeb	•••	1880	Ditto.
,, Durgadas	•••	1874	Ditto.
" Jogindranath " Nandalal	•••	1880 1871	Ditto, Ditto,
,, Nandalai Nilmadhab	•••	1864	Ditto.
Sibchandra	•••	1871	Ditto.
. Taradas	***	1878	Ditto.
Biswas, Mahendranath	•••	1877	Ditto.
Chakrabarti, Bijaykumar	•••	1874	Ditto.
Dungarath	•••	1880	Ditto.
Horinath	•••	1877	Ditto.
Nahinchandra		1867	Ditto.
Narandranath	•••	1880	Ditto.
Rambal	•••	1869	Ditto.
Surgeskumar	•••	1871	Ditto.
Chambers, E. W.	•••	1866	Ditto.
Champati, Amulyachandra	•••	1877	Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Adharnath	•••	1878	Ditto.
Acharahandra	•••	1880	Ditto.
honordannagar	•••	1880	Ditto.
Annkulchandra		1877	Ditto,
Numachuran	•••	1865	Ditto.
" Bhuhanmohan	•••	1868	Ditto.
Bhulanmahan	•••	1872	Ditto.
Dandirai	••	1880	Ditto.
Galindachandr		1866	Ditto.
" Jagannath		1878	Ditto.
", Kalikrishna	•••	1880	Ditto.
, Kamalakshya		1880	Ditto.
,, Kedarnath	•••	1863	Ditto.
" Nilkanta	•••	1872	Ditto.
" Nimaichandra		1874	Ditro.
" Nityananda	•••	1876	Ditoo.
" Paresnath	•••	1878	Ditto.
" Phakirchandra	•••	1875	Ditto.
" Priyanath	•••	1880	Ditto.
" Radhikaprasad	***	1861	Ditto.
Chaudhuri, Apurbakrishna	•••	1880	Ditto.
"Bijaygobinda		1872	Ditto.
", Brajanath	•••	1874	Ditto.
, Chaudranath	-1-	1879	Ditto.
,, Kaliprasanna	***	1871	Ditto.
", Kapileswar	•••	1861	Ditto.
,, Khirodchandra	•••	1879	Ditto.
" Nilmani	•••	1867	Ditto.
Crump, H. W.	***	1866	Ditto.
Das, Adharchandra		1868	Ditto.
,, Amarnath	•••	1877	Ditto.
., Amritalal	4 6 0	1877	Ditto.**

Das, Annadaprasad		1879	Medical College.
,, Apurbakrishna	•••	1878	Ditto.
" Benimadhab	•••	1873	Ditto.
,, Binodbihari		1874	Ditto.
,, Chunilal		1866	Ditto.
" Chunilal	•••	1871	Ditto.
" Haranchandra	•••	1873	Ditto.
" Dinolal	•••	1878	Ditto.
" Himalal (1a4)	•••	1877	Ditto.
Valikana	•••	1866	Ditto.
Vasakukan dua		1867	Ditto.
Madhabladahaa	•••	1880	Ditto.
Makandaan Al	•••	1878	Ditto.
Dunnaahandus	•••	1873	Ditto.
Damlerman	•••	1875	Ditto.
Gildenighna	•••	1875	
**	***	-	Ditto.
" Srinarayan	***	1880	Ditto.
., Syamehand	•••	1880	Ditto.
,, Umeschandra	•••	1880	Ditto.
Dasgupta, Gurucharan	•••	1878	Ditto.
" Gurudayal	***	1868	Ditto.
,, Piyarisankar	***	1880	Ditto.
Datta, Akshaykumar		1879	Ditto.
" Annadaprasad	•••	1880	Ditto.
"Bankabihari	•••	1880	Ditto.
,, Batukrishna	• • •	1873	Ditto.
,, Brajendrakumar	•••	1871	Ditto.
" Dinanath	•••	1880	Ditto.
" Girischandra	••	1865	Ditto.
, Gobardhan	•••	1874	Ditto.
,, Gosthabihari		1880	Ditto.
" Haralal	***	1871	Ditto.
" Haralal	•••	1874	Ditto.
,, Haranchandra		1866	Ditto.
" Hiralal	• • •	1875	Ditto.
" Jogindranath		1880	Ditto.
"Krishnalal	•••	1870	Ditto.
" Manahar	•••	1865	Ditto.
"Monilal	•••	1862	Ditto.
,, Mannathanath		1878	Ditto.
Matilal	-	1880	Ditto.
Nahinahandra	•••	1873	Ditto,
Dahatimakan	***	1880	Ditto.
,, eaa	***	1878	Ditto.
77	•••	1863	Ditto.
TT	•••	1880	Ditto.
Davidson, W. H.	•••	1878	Ditto.
De, Akshaykumar	•••	1865	Ditto.
Climianhandan	4		
Classical alternation	•••	1874	Ditto. Ditto.
"Gopalchandra	•••	1868	
,, Gopalchandra	***	1865	Ditto.
,, Haranchandra	***	1872	Ditto.
J-dunath *		1871	Ditto.

D. 17 L. L		1970	Mudical Calless
De, Kalachand	•••	1877	Medical College.
,, Prasannakumar	•••	1876	Ditto. Ditto.
"Rajendranath "Ramankrishna	•••	1873	Ditto.
	•••	1865	Ditto.
,, Ramial	•••	1872	Ditto.
" Upendranath	•••	1869	Ditto.
Deb, Amritalal	•••	1880	Ditto.
Dhar, Batakrishna	•••	1880	Ditto.
,, Gokulchandra	•••	1871	Ditto.
Dhol, Bipinbibari	•••	-	
, Nandalal	•••	1862	Ditto.
Evart, Tillaimuttu, J. C.	•••	1877	Ditto.
Fuzler Rahman	•••	1878	Ditto.
Gangopadhyay, Anandalal	• • •	1868	Ditto.
" Harischandra	••	1868	Ditto.
" Mahendranath	• • •	1878	Ditto.
,, Tarakuath	•••	1869	Ditto.
Ghosh, Abinaschandra	•••	1875	Ditto.
" Biharilal	•••	1869	Ditto.
,, Binodbihari	•••	1874	Ditto.
" Dayalkrishna	•••	1867	Ditto.
, Dukari	•••	1863	Ditto.
,, Hiralal	•••	1864	Ditto.
" Jadabkrishna	• • 1	1864	Ditto.
, Judunath	• •	1863	Ditto.
" Jogindranath		<b>1877</b>	
" Jogindranath	• • •	1873	Ditto.
,, Kalikrishna	••	1869	• • • •
" Kasinath		1878	
,, Kisorimoha <b>n</b>		1878	
" Krishnadhan		1861	
,, Lalbiharı	••	1880	
" Madhabchandra	••	1867	
,, Nandalal	••	1864	
,, Nabinchandra	••	1872	Ditte.
" Parbatichandra		1864	Ditto.
,, Rajkrishna	4.	1879	Ditto.
" Rakhaldas	••	1875	Ditto.
" Ramchandra		1880	Ditto.
" Ramlal	••	1863	Ditto.
,, Ratikanta		1872	Ditto.
"Sureschaudra	٠,	1874	Ditto.
" Suryyakumar	••	1880	Ditto.
,, Syamacharan	••	1880	
" Syamapada		1877	Diito.
,, Trailokyanath	••	1866	
,, Umeschandra (1st)	••	1878	*****
,, Umeschandra		1879	
Ghosal, Kaliprasanna	••	1864	Ditto.
Goswami, Gopalchandra	••	1869	
Guha, Debendranath		1874	
Gupta, Abinaschandra	•	1871	
" Bipinbihari	44.	1877	
້ ດັບ			
<del>-</del> <del>-</del>			

Gunta Chandrakuman		1070	NE . 31 1 61 . 11
Gupta, Chandrakumar Debendranath	•••		Medical College.
Dwarkanath	•••	1875	Ditto.
Madhandan	•••	1871	Ditto.
Mahanduanath	•	1869 186 <b>7</b>	Ditto.
Novandyanath	•••		Ditto.
Makinghandun	•••	1877	Ditto.
Ramahama	•••	1868	Ditto.
Rombali	• • •	$1866 \\ 1870$	Ditto.
Sambhachandra	•••	1862	Ditto.
Taminilannan	•••	1880	Ditto.
Haldar, Kalachand	•••	1863	Ditto.
Nidbala1	•••	1872	Ditto.
Nitrauhanan	•••	1877	Ditto.
Priortoch	•••	1873	Ditto.
Kali, Chandrasekhar	***	1878	Ditto.
Kar, Nagendranath	• • •	1880	Ditto.
	••		Ditto.
" Pratapchandra Keyt, F.	•••	1880	Ditto.
Koch, E. L.	•••	1863	Ditto.
Kumar, Bipinkrishna	• • •	1862	Ditto.
Sasibhushan	•••	1874	Ditto.
Kundu, Rajkumar	••	1879	Duto.
, -	••	1865	Ditto.
Laha, Asutosh ,, Nabinchandra	•••	1873	Ditto.
	•••	1871	Ditto.
Lahiri, Bhushanchandra	•••	1873	Ditto.
" Durgadas " Gopalchaudra	• • •	1878	Ditto.
Symmology	•••	$\begin{array}{c} 1864 \\ 1865 \end{array}$	Ditto.
Lutful Khabir	• / •	1871	Ditto.
Maitra, Madhusudan	***	1879	Ditto.
_	•••		Ditto.
,, Trailokyanath Majumdar, Amritalal	•••	1880 1871	Ditto.
	•••		Ditto.
,, Annadaprasad Bhupalkrishna	•••	1873	Ditto.
, Kailaschandra	•••	1874	Ditto.
, Mahandranath	•••	1874 1874	Ditto.
Dentarrahandra	•••		Ditto.
Oromouhaman	4.4	1878 1868	Ditto.
Mallik, Kanailal	•••	1876	Ditto. Ditto.
Lowinglannoth	•••	1874	Ditto.
Durandranash	•••	1571	Ditto.
Nowandauleuman	•••	1878	Ditto.
Clare mula 1	•••	1869	Ditto.
McReddie, G. D.	•••	1861	Ditto.
Mitra, Baradaprasad	741	1880	Ditto.
1 Winariakh	,	1871	Ditto.
Ginisahandra	•••	1863	Ditto.
Giriughandra	•••	1867	Ditto.
Hamidaa	•••	1876	Ditto.
Tugadhandha	•••	1869	Ditto.
Lagindranath	••-	1880	Ditto.
Kailownath	***	1880	Ditto.
' Malitannan		1862	Ditto.
" Walle Cities.	•••	AUU#	AJIGOU.

Witne Velinneseume		1061	Madical College
Mitra, Kaliprasanna Kasikinkar	•••	1865	Medical College.
, Nabinchandra	•••		Ditto.
	•••	1861	Ditto.
" Nrityagopal	***	1877	Ditto.
,, Priyambarnath	• • •	1869	Ditto.
, Rajendrachandra	•••	1874	Ditto.
" Syamchandra " Umacharan	•••	1866	Ditto.
1)	•••	1861	Ditto.
, Umeschandra	• • •	1866	Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Aghornath	• • •	1866	Ditto.
,, Amritalal	•••	1877	Ditto.
,, Annadaprasad	•••	1876	Ditto.
,, Badrikanath	•••	1880	Ditto.
,, Bhagabaticharan	•••	1863	Ditto.
,, Bholanath	•••	1874	Ditto.
,, Chandrakumar	•••	1880	Ditto.
" Hemchaudra	•••	1873	Ditto.
,, Herambanath	• • •	1880	Ditto.
,, Jadubhushan	• 😯	1866	Ditto.
" Jadunath	.***	1866	Ditto.
" Kalidas		1875	Ditto.
" Kaliprasanna	***	1875	Ditto.
,, Kesabchandra	***	1871	Ditto.
, Khelaram	• • •	1879	Ditto.
" Lalmadhab	•••	1866	Ditto.
" Matilal	•••	1875	Ditto.
, Nripendrachanndr	ra	1878	Ditto.
,, Parkuschandra	•••	1876	Ditto.
,, Pranathanath	•••	1877	Ditto.
, Priyanath	•••	1877	Ditto.
" Rajkisor	•••	1863	Ditto.
,, Tinkari	•••	1880	Ditto.
Munsi, Amritalal	•••	1873	Ditto.
Nan, Hiralal	•••	1878	Ditto.
Nandi, Kunjabihari	•••	1873	Ditto.
,, Nityananda	•••	1862	Ditto.
Pain, Akshaykumar	•••	1876	Ditto.
Pal, Akhilnath	***	1876	Ditto.
, Banamali	•••	1876	Ditto.
" Bholanath	•••	1873	Ditto.
" Biharilal	•••	1874	Ditto.
,, Janaranjan	•••	1862	
" Kedarusth	• • •	1880	
" Nabadwipchandra		1880	
,, Tarinicharan	•••	1873	
Palit, Bireswar	•••	1868	
" Debendranath	•••	1873	
" Durgadas	***	1861	Ditto.
,, Khirodehandra	•••	1878	
Purkait, Purnachandra	•••	1879	
Raha, Kamalkrishna	***	1874	
Ray, Atulchandra	***	1880	
" Dehendranath	•••	1873	
" Gangadhar	•••	1878	Ditto.

Ray, Gopalchandra	1875 Med	dical College.
"Gopalchandra	1872	Ditto.
, Haranath	1867	Ditto.
,, Lalbihari	1877	Ditto.
" Jagatchandra	1878	Ditto.
" Jogenswar	1875	Ditto.
,, Khirodchandra	1879	Ditto.
,, Mahimachandra	1870	Ditto.
, Mahendranath	1879	Ditto.
" Manmathanath	1878	Ditto.
"Nabagopal	1865	Ditto.
" Radhanath	1872	Ditto.
, Rajkumar	1878	Ditto.
Sagthibar	1877	Ditto.
, Rammay	1874	Ditto.
Tananganna	1867	Ditto.
,, Taraprasanna	1869	Ditto.
Umagahandra	1867	Ditto.
Sadhu, Ramanchandra	1863	Ditto.
Saha, Asokkrishna	1875	Ditto.
Regional h	1873	Ditto.
Kuniahihani	1880	Ditto.
Sanyal, Kunjalal	1877	Ditto.
Sarkar, Atulehandra	1880	Ditto.
Rhahaanahan	1861	Ditto.
Dwarkanath	1880	Ditto.
Gangagohinda	187 <b>7</b>	Ditto.
Jadabkrishna	1874	Ditto.
,, Sadabkitsana ,, Nandalal	1874	Ditto.
22	1867	Ditto.
" Sesibheshan " Sureschandra		Ditto.
	1872	Ditto.
Sen Akshaykumar	1872	Ditto.
,, Balaichandra	1863	
" Bamandas	1879	Ditto.
" Basantakumar	1877	Ditto.
" Brajendranath	1874	Ditto.
", Durgadas	1872	Ditto.
" Durgananda	1877	Ditto.
,, Dwarkanath	1874	Ditto.
" Gurugobinda	1880	Ditto.
" Gurunath	1880	Ditto.
" Haricharan	1878	Ditto.
,, Jadabkrishn <b>a</b>	1872	Ditto.
,, Kalikanta	1880	Ditto.
" Kedarnath	1869	Ditto.
", Kedarnath	1877	Ditto.
" Kisorimohan	1868	. Ditto.
" Krishnadas	1872	Ditto.
,, Mathuranath	1872	Ditto.
" Piyarilal	1871	Ditto.
"Rakhalehandra	1872	Ditto.
" Synmacharan	, 1878	Ditto.
Timnachundro -	, 1873	Ditto.
", Upendranath	, 1865	Ditto.
***		

Sen, Upendranath	1880	Medical College.
Sengupta, Hemchandra	1880	Ditto.
" Kaliprasanna	1880	Ditto.
Set, Rajanilal	1872	Ditto.
Sikdar, Srmath	1869	Ditto.
Sinha, Durgacharan	1872	Ditto.
,, Narendraprasanna	1879	Ditto.
" Purnachandra	1871	Ditto
, Sasibhushan	1877	Ditto.
., Suryyanarayan	1865	Ditto.
Sriman, Sasibhushan	1879	Ditto.
Ulla, Adid	1868	Ditto.
Zalmur Ali Ahmed	1871	Ditt
Zuhur Uddin	1871	Ditto.

## Under-Graduates.

#### 1880.

## FIRST M. B. EXAMINATION.

FIRST DIVISION.

In Order of Merit.

Bagchi, Kalikrishna Sen, Khagendranath ... Medical College.

SECOND DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Basu, Jaygopal	•••	Medical College
" Narayauchandra		Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Bipinbihari	•••	Ditto
Das, Siddheswar	•••	Ditto.
De, Birchand	•••	Ditto.
Gangopadhyay, Kedarnath	•••	Ditto.
Haldar, Gopallal	•••	Ditto.
Kshetri, Srikrishna	***	Dirto.
Mitra, Upendranath	•••	Ditto.
Pal, Umeschandra		Ditto.
Ray, Girijasankar		Ditto.
Sen, Harimohan	•••	Ditto.

### FIRST L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Chattopadhyay, Upendranath	M	edical College.
Gliosh, Bidhubhushan	***	Ditto.
Majumdar, Rajkumar	•••	Ditto.
Mitra, Umeschandra	••• • ,	Ditto.

## 1881.

## SECOND M B. EXAMINATION.

FIRST DIVISION.

In Alphabetical Order.

Sanyal, Pulinchandra ... Medical College. Ohosh, Srinath ... Ditto.

## SECOND DIVISION.

## In Alphabetical Order.

Adhyay, Binodbihari	•••	Medical College.
Basu, Sanatkumar	•••	Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Debendranat	h	Ditto.
Ghosh, Khudiram		Ditto.
Lahiri, Nikanjamohan		Ditto.
Pal, Janakinath		Ditto.
Ray, Matilal	•••	Ditto.

### SECOND L. M. S. EXAMINATION.

## In Alphabeticst Order.

Bagchi, Bijaygobinda Medical College. Bal, Taranth Ditto. Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra Ditto. Chakrabarti, Krishnachandra Ditto. Chattopadhyay, Khrodprasad Ditto. Das, Harischandra Ditto. Datta, Priyanath Ditto. Ghosh, Kamakshanath Ditto. Trasnnakumar Ditto. Kar, Amritalal Ditto.
Bandyopadhyay, Abinaschandra Ditto.  , Umeschandra Ditto. Chakrabarti, Krishnachandra Ditto. Chattopadhyay, Khirodprasad Ditto. Das, Harischandra Ditto. Datta, Priyanath Ditto. Ghosh, Kamakshanath Ditto. , Prasnnakumar Ditto.
,, Umeschandra Ditto. Chakrabarti, Krishnachandra Ditto. Chattopadhyay, Khirodprasad Ditto. Das, Harischandra Ditto. Datta, Priyanath Ditto. Ghosh, Kamakshanath Ditto. ,, Prasnnakumar Ditto.
Chakrabarti, Krishnachandra Ditto. Chattopadhyay, Khirodprasad Ditto. Das, Harischandra Ditto. Datta, Priyanath Ditto. Ghosh, Kamakshanath Ditto. ,, Prasnnakumar Ditto.
Das, Harischandra Ditto. Datta, Priyanath Ditto. Ghosh, Kamakshanath Ditto. ,, Prasnnakumar Ditto.
Das, Harischandra Ditto. Datta, Priyanath Ditto. Ghosh, Kamakshanath Ditto. ,, Prasnnakumar Ditto.
Datta, Priyanath Ditto. Ghosh, Kamakshanath Ditto. ,, Prasnnakumar Ditto.
Ghosh, Kamakshanath Ditto. ,, Prasnnakumar Ditto.
,, Prasmakumar Ditto.
Kar, Amritalal Ditto.
Kundu, Ambikacharan Ditto.
Majumdar, Ramchandra Ditto.
Mandal, Nilmani Ditto.
Mukhopadhyay, Aghornath Ditto.
" Amritalal Ditto.
Sasibhushan Ditto.
Saha, Gopiballabh Ditto.

## FIRST M. B. EXAMINATION.

## FIRST DIVISION.

## In Order of Merit.

Bagchi, Ramaprasad	•••	Medical College.
Mukhopadhyay, Gopalchandra	t .	Ditto.
Bandyopadhyay, Nilmani	•••	Ditto.
Adhikari, Nilratan		Ditto.
Lahiri, Hrisikes		Ditto.
Pillai, S K.	•••	Ditto.
De, Ramnath	• • •	Ditto.

## SECOND DIVISION.

## In Alphabetical Order.

Bhattacharyya, Kumadnath	•••	Medical College.
Datta, Mahendranath	***	Ditto.
De, Jaharlal	••	Ditto.
Ray, Phatikchandra	•••	Ditto.

## SCHOLARSHIPS.

At Second M. B. Examination, Rs. 60 per month, tenable for two years.

#### IN MIDWIFERY.

Chattopadhyay, Syamacharan	 1867 N	fedical College,
Gupta, Kalipada	 1868	Ditto

#### IN MEDICINE.

Ray, Isanchandra	•••	1869 Me	edical College.
Gupta, Bankabihari	• •	1870	Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Nilmadhab	•••	1872	Ditto.
Ghosh, Radharaman		1876	Ditto.

At Second L. M. S. Examination, Rs. 40 per month, tonable for two years.

#### IN MIDWIFERY.

Sarkar, Mahendralal	• •	1861	Medical College.
Nandi, Nityananda	•••	1862	

#### IN SURGERY.

Bandyopadhyay, Rajkrishna	• •	1861	Medical Coll
Koch, E. L.		1862	Ditto.
Keyt, F.		1863	Ditto.
Ghosh, Chandramohan	•••	1864	Dirto.
Ray, Gopalchandra	•••	1865	Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Gobindachandra	•••	1866	Ditto.
Gupta, Mahendranath	• •	1867	Ditto.
Goswami, Gopalchaudra	•••	1869	Ditto.

#### IN MEDICINE,

Sarkar, Mahendralal		1861 Medical Coll	
Nandi, Nityananda	•••	1862	Ditto.
Haldar, Kalachand	• •	1863	Ditto.
Mitra, Kasikinkar	•••	1865	Ditto.
Datta, Haranchandra	•••	<b>1866</b>	Ditto.
Ray, Taraprasauna	•••	1867	Ditto.
Bandyopadhyay, Rajmohan	• • •	1868	Ditto.

At First M. B. Examination, Rs. 32 per month, tenable for two years.

#### IN DESCRIPTIVE AND SURGICAL ANATOMY.

Chattopadhyay, Syamacharan	•••	1865	Medical College.
Ray, Isanchandra	•••	1866	Ditto.
Sarkar, Natobar		1875	Ditto.
Sadukhan Khirodchandra	•••	1876	Ditto.

## IN MATERIA MEDICA AND PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY.

Peters, C. T.	•••	1866	Medical College.
Das, Pramathanath	***	1870	Ditto.

Ghosh, Radharaman Syed Hosen	•••	3000	Medical College. Ditto.	
	IN BOTANY.			

Gupta, Kalipada ... 1866 Medical College.

IN PHYSIOLOGY AND COMPARATIVE ANATOMY.

Das, Manmohan ... 1875 Medical College.

Mukhopadhyay, Amarchand ... 1876 Ditto.

# At First L. M. S. Examination, Rs 16 per month, tenable for two years IN DESCRIPTIVE AND SURGICAL ANATOMY.

Bandyopadhyay, Rajkrishna		1858 Me	dical College.
Bandernaike, A. W. D.		1859	Ditto.
Ghosh, Chandramohan		1862	Ditto.
Thu Alimburshaman		1863	Ditto.
Chattopadhyay, Gobindachandra.	••	1864	Ditto.

#### IN CHEMISTRY.

	1858	Medical College.
•••	1859	Ditto.
	1860	Ditto.
•••	1862	Ditto.
***	1863	Ditto.
***	1864	Ditto.
•••	1866	Ditto.
	•••	1859 1860 1862 1863 1864

#### IN MATERIA MEDICA.

McReddie, G. D.		1858	Medical College.
Acharyya, Kamikshyanath		1859	Ditto.
Haldar, Kalachand		1860	Ditto.
Basu, Benimadhab	•••	1862	Ditto.
Bandyopadhyay, Jadabchandra		1863	Ditto.
Saha, Brajanath	•••	1870	Ditto.

#### IN BOTANY.

Sarkar, Mahendralal	•••	1858	Medical College
Nandi, Nityananda		1859	Ditto.
Carbery, Joseph	••	1860	Ditto.
Datta, Kedarnath	• •	1863	Ditto.
Bnsu, Priyanath	•••	1865	Ditto.

#### IN PHYSIOLOGY AND COMPARATIVE ANATOMY.

Mitra, Matilal	••	1864	Medical College.
Ray, Taraprasanna		1865	Ditto.
Gangopadhyay, Harischandra	***	1866	Ditto.

## VI.

# EXAMINATION PAPERS.

0:000

## Entrance Examination. 1880.

#### ENGLISH-Morning.

Examiners— { Mr. W. Young. REV. W. Johnson, B. A.

(Candidates are recommended to pay particular attention to neat writing and correct expression).

N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. What do you understand by the title "Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare?"

2. What places are the scenes of the following pieces?

"The Winter's Tale," "Macheth," King Lear," "Romeo and Juliet," "Othello"? What indications of the date of the story, and of prevailing religious beliefs do you find in any of them?

3. Explain the following passages:

- (a). Choice beauties of Verona who would make him think his swan a crow.
- (b.) Under favour of his masking habit, he presumed to take her by the hand.
- (c.) It lifted up its head and addressed itself to motion as if it were about to speak.

(d) He was unable to sit out the rest of the play.

(e.) He would take the ghost's word for a thousand pounds.
(f.) Sea Nymphs hourly ring his knell.

- (g.) He outwent the very heart of kindness, and poured out his bounty as if Plutus...had been but his steward.
- (A.) The poor fool ... with his merry conceits, strove to outjest misfortune.
  - (i.) Regan was made of the same hollow metal as her sister.
- (i.) He had often interposed his mediation to make up the quarrel without effect.
  - (k.) A play represented to the life.

- (l.) If I can catch him on the hip, I will feed fat the ancient grudge I bear him.
- 4. Give a brief account of the following characters: Puck, 5 Hermione, Iago, Petruchio.

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5. (a.) Chauge the following into the indirect form:

He said to her "Give me your hand Kate I will go to Venice to buy you fine apparel against our wedding day. Provide the feast, father, and bid the wedding guests. I will be sure to bring rings, fine array, and rich clothes, that my Katharine may be fine: and kiss me, Kate, for we will be married on Sunday."

(b.) Change the following into the direct form:

"The duke pitying the unfortunate father, said, if it were not against the laws, which his oath and dignity did not permit him to alter, he would freely pardon him; yet instead of dooming him to instant death, as the strict letter of the law required, he would give him that day to try if he could beg or borrow the money to pay the fine."

6. In place of the expressions in italics in the following passage, insert other expressions having the same meaning.

Underline in your paper the exact words you insert:

"When Lucetta offered the letter to Juba, she would not receive it, and chid her maid for taking letters from Proteus, and ordered her to leave the room. But she so much wished to see what was written in the letter, that she soon called in her maid ogain, and when Lucetta returned, she said, "What o'clock is it?" ... Julia angry that her maid should thus take the liberty of sceming to know what she really wanted, tore the letter in pieces, and threw it on the floor ordering her maid once more out of the room."

7. Analyse the following sentences:

(a.) "Hamlet being come to his mether, she began to tax him in the roundest way with his actions and behaviour, and she told him that he had given great offence to his father, meaning the king, his uncle, whom, because he had married her, she called Hamlet's father."

- (b.) "Full fathom five thy father lies: Of his bones are coral made: Those are pearls that were his eyes: Nothing of him that doth fade, But doth suffer a sea change Into something rich and strange."
- 8. Give briefly in your own words the story of "The Merchant of Venice."
- 9. Parse the following words in question 7: full, but. Also 3 the following in question 3: about, rest, sister, fat.

10. Distinguish between:

Timid and Cowardly, Distract and Abstract, Unfortunate and Unhappy, Meaningless and Senseless, Strange and Unexpected, Pull and Pluck.

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#### ENGLISH-AFTERNOON.

N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

E xaminer - { REV. J. HECTOR, M. A. MR. J. V. S. POPE, M. A.

- 1. (a.) Define a Noun Distinguish between Abstract and Econcrete nouns.
- (b.) Abstract nouns are derived from (1) Adjectives, (2) Verbs. Cive three examples of each.
- (c.) Give three abstract nouns, that change their meaning, when in the plural number; and write three sentences to illustrate the exact meaning of the plurals.
- 2. The place of a noun may be taken by (1) a pronoun, (2) 3 an adjective, (3) the infinitive of a verb, (4) an adverb, (5) a noun clause:

Write a sentence to illustrate each.

- 3. (a) Define a Preposition. Some words are both prepositions and adverbs, others both prepositions and conjunctions. Write a sentence to illustrate each.
- (b. Write sentences to show that you understand the change in the meaning of the verbs, do, make, call, take, give, fall, when any one of the prepositions in, to, with upon, up, for, is suffixed.
  - 4. (a.) Define the terms voice, mood, tense.

Define an auxiliary verb. How are auxiliary verbs used in the formation of voices, moods, and tenses?

Are auxiliary verbs used finitely? Give three examples.

- (b) State the mood of the italicised words in the following:—
  "If you would but throw me into the water," said the gudgeon to the fisherman; "I should soon grow fatter and bigger, and then, whenever you wanted me, I would come and be caught."
  "If I could feel sure of that," replied the fisherman, "perhaps I might let you go."
- 5. (a.) Give the exact force of the following prefixes and suffixes:—Thoroughfare, forbid. forenoon, gainsay, withdraw, bisect, counteract. retrograde, vice-chairman, proconsul, castle, maiden, blacken, clarify, lower, otherwise.
- (b.) Break up the following compound words into their compound parts, and show in what relation these parts stand to each other in the several words:—

Steam engine, table-cover, man-servant, lamp-black, counterpoise, paper-cutter.

6. Write sentences to illustrate the literal and one figurative meaning of the following substantives:—

Dress, dawn, cradle, scourge, morning, sea.

- 7. Express the following idiomatically, as simple sentences :-
- (1.) If you will think a little on the matter, you will find out where you are wrong.
- (2). When you have some leisure, tell me, what people are saying in the town.
- (3). The last time you and I met was in May, and this is December, eight months have passed.

(4). When a man lays out his plans for the future, he cannot tell how they will turn out.

8. Put the following together, as tersely as you can, in a

narrative style:—

Compound Sentence. A husbandman sowed some corn in his fields. He had only recently done so. Cranes came to eat the corn. They husbandman fixed a uet in his fields to catch these cranes.

Compound Sentence.

The husbandman examined these nets. He did so to see what cranes he had taken. He found a stork among the number.

Direct Narration. The husbandman cut the stork short.

Direct Narration. The husbandman ventured to say, that the words of the stork might be true enough, all he knew was this—that he had caught the stork. The stork was with those, who were destroying his crops. The cranes would suffer. The stork must suffer too. The stork had been taken in the company of the cranes. The stork must suffer with that company.

## LATIN POETRY-Morning.

Examiner.—MR. W. II. PAULSON, B. A.

N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1- Translate into English-

Me misorum! quanti montes volvantur aquarum?

Jam jam tacturos sidera summa putes.

Quantæ diducto subsident æquore valles? Jam jam tactures Tartara nigra putes.

Quocunque adspicias nilul est nisi pontus et aer, Fluctibus hic tumidis, nubibus ille minax.

Give the nominative and genitive cases singular, and the genders of the substantives occurring in the above extract.

2. Translate into English, with explanatory notes— Vos quoque Phœbeû morbos qui pellitis arte,

Munera de nostris pauca referte Dec.

Nec vos, turba fero censu fraudata, magistri, Spernite: discipulos attrahit illa novos;

Quique moves cælum, tabulamque coloribus uris; Quique facis doctâ mollia saxa manu.

Mille Dea est operum: certe Dea Carminis illa est. Si mereor, studiis adsit amica meis.

Remark on the cases of the words in Italica.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION.	V
3. Translate and explain-	7
(a.) Trinacris a positu nomen adepta loci.	•
<ul><li>(b.) Lituo pulcher trabeâque Qurinus.</li><li>(c.) Nulla Sophocleo veniet jactura cothurno;</li></ul>	
(c.) Nulla Sophocleo veniet jactura cothurno;	
Cum Sole et Luna semper Aratus erit.	
(d) Usibus e mediis soccus habendus erit.	
(e.) In cæno latuit Marius Cannâque palustri.	
4. Fulmina post ausos cœlum adfectare Gigantas	8
Sumta Jovi: primo tempore incrmis crat.	
Translate these lines; scan them; and construct two new	
Elegiac couplets from any of the Latin words occurring in this	
papor	•
5. Curia, consilio quæ nunc dignissima tento est,	4
De stipula, Tatro regna tenente, fuit.	
Translate and explain these lines, and parse all the words.	_
6. Translate into Latin	8
(a.) Ovid, having offended Augustus, was banished from	
his country.	
(b.) He died at the age of 60.	
(c.) He was born at Sulmo and went to Athens to study.	
(d.) Cicero died the same year that Ovid was born.	4
7. Give examples of frequentative, desiderative, and inceptive	4
verbs, with their meanings; also of the use of the cognate accusative.	
8. Give the principal parts and the meanings of the following	A
verbs-ulciscor, trado, patior, audeo, arcesso, parco, posco, disco,	•3
pono, fido, soleo 9. Distinguish between alius and alter, quisque and quisquam,	A
quidam and quidem, vénit and renit.	-
quedam and quedem, series and come.	
LATIN PROSE-AFTERNOON.	
N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.	
Examiner.—REV. J. EDWARDS, M. A.	
1. Translite:	17
Dum hæc Romæ geruntur, C. Manlius ex suo numero ad Mar-	
cium Regem mittit, cum mandatis hujuscemodi:	
"Deos hominesque testamur, imperator, nos arma neque contra	
patriam cepisse, nequo quo periculum aliis faceremus, sed uti	
corpora nostra ab injuria tuta forent; qui miseri, egentes, violentia	
atque crudelitate feneratorum, plerique patriæ, sed omnes fama	
atque fortunis, expertes sumus: neque cuiquam nostrum liquit,	
more majorum, lege uti, neque, amisso patrimonio, liberum corpus	
habere; tanta sovitia feneratorum atque prætoris fuit. Sæpe	
majores vestrum, miseriti plebis Romanæ, decretis suis inopia	
opitulati sunt: ac novissime, memoria nostra, propter magnitu-	
dinem æris alieni, volentibus omnibus bonis, argentum ære solu-	
tum est. Sæpe ipsa plebes, aut dominandi studio permota, aut	
superbia magistratuum, armata u patribus secessit. At nos non	
imperium neque divitias petimus, quarum rerum causa bella at-	
que certamina omnia inter mortales sunt; sed libertatem, quam	

nemo bonus, nisi cum anima simul, amittit. Te atque senatum obtestamur, consulatis miseris civibus; legis præsidium quod iniquitas prætoris eripuit. restituatis; nove eam nobis necessitudinem imponatis, ut quæramus, quonam modo ulti maxime sanguinem nostrum pereamus.

(a.) Explain any historical allusions in the passage.

(b.) What duty was entrusted to the prator urbanus?

(c.) Parse divitias. Give the corresponding adjective. Mention other nouns like it in declension.

(d.) Name and account for the case of Romæ, aliis, patriæ, fortunis, lege, plebis Romanæ, inopiæ, libertatem, civibus, and sanguinem.

(e.) Parse fully, accounting for the Mood and Tense, and conjugate (giving the principal parts) faceremus, consulatis, restitu-

atis, imponatis, quaromus, and pereamus.

(f) Give the comparative and superlative forms of sæpe. What does maxime qualify? What is peculiar in its comparison? Give the parts or forms of comparison of those adverbs that resemble maxime and novissime respectively.

(g.) Distinguish between the two forms of expression consulatis miseris ciribus and consulatis miseros cives, and give an

idiomatic English rendering of each of the forms.

2. Translate freely into idiomatic English:

Sed, memoria mea, ingenti virtute, diversis moribus fuere viri duo, M. Cato, et C. Cæsar; quos, quoniam res obtulerat, silentio præterire non fuit consilium, quin utriusque naturam et mores,

quantum ingenio possem, aperirem.

Igitur his genus, ætas, eloquentia, prope æqualia fuere; magnitudo animi par, item gloria; sed alia alii. Cæsar beneficiis ac munificentia magnus habebatur; integritate vitæ Cato. Ille mansuetudine et misericordia clarus factus: huic severitas dignitatem addiderat. Cæsar dando, sublevando, ignoscendo; Cato nihil largiendo gloriam adeptus. In altero miseris perfugium; in altero malis pernicies: illius facilitas; hujus constantia laudabatur Postremo, Cæsar in anımum induxerat laborare, vigilare; negotius amicorum intentus, sua negligere; nihil denegare, quod dono dignum esset; sibi magnum imperium, exercitum, novum bellum exoptabat, ubi virtus enitescere posset. At Catoni studium modestize, decoris, sed maxime severitatis erat. Non divitiis cum divite, neque factione, cum factioso; sed cum strento virtute, cum modesto pudore, cum umocento abstinentia certabat: esse, quam videri, bonus malebat: ita, quo minus gloriam petebat, co magis sequebatur.

(a.) Explain the syntax of alia alii.

(b.) Decline through all their cases in the singular and in the plural hic and ille. Explain their usage, referring to the text. Explain also the usage of uterque and alter.

(c.) Explain the syntax of the last sentence, quo minus gloriam petebat, eo mayis sequebatur. Give, and explain the syntax of the corresponding English idiom.

3. (a) Decline in the singular and in the plural eadem domus.

(b.) Give the comparative and superlative forms of fortis, liber, prudens, telox, malus, and parvus.

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(c.) Write out the present and the imperfect indicative, and the imperfect subjunctive, of volo, nolo, and malo.

4. Translate into Latin prose:

(a.) The senate decreed that the consuls should hold a levy; that Antonius with an army should hasten in pursuit of Catiline, and that Cicero should protect the city.

(b.) To this address Q Marcius replied that, if they wished to make any petition to the senate, they must lay down their

#### SANSKRIT-Morning.

Examiners - { PANDIT HARISCHANDRA KABIBATNA, BIRSWAR BIDYÁRATNA.

(N .B .- The figures in the margin indicate full marks.)

- 1. Explain in Sanskrit the following extracts:
  - (a.) खदारचरितानाम वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्॥
  - (b.) रहस्यभेदो याच्त्रा च नैषुर्या चलचित्तता। क्रोधो निःसत्यता यूतनेतन्त्रिवस्य दूषसम्॥
  - (c.) शत्रुणा न हि सन्दध्यात् सुश्चिष्टेनापि सन्धिना। सुतप्तमिप पानीयं श्मयत्येव पावकम्॥
  - (d.) क्टिनेचनधा बद्धलीभवन्ति॥

arms and proceed as suppliants to Rome.

- (a) Parse कुटुम्बक्स् in the first line, and ग्रन्ज्या and सन्धिमा 2 in the fourth.
- (b.) In the third line, why is the singular number (एतन्) used instead of the plura (एतानि)?
  - 2. Turn the following into simple prose:
    - (a.) ते वयं बीधितास्त्रेम निन्यमस्राद्धितिषिणा। पित्रा कनीयसा स्त्रेसादुबुद्धिमनोऽग्रिवं ग्टस्स्। स्वनार्थः स्टातं मूट्टेर्दुर्थोधमवश्रामुगैः॥
    - (b.) धायसं द्वर्यं नूनं तस्य दुष्कृतकर्मणः। यस्तां धर्मापरं खेष्ठं कचाण्यत्रावयत्तदा ॥
    - (o.) दानां तच सभामधे खासमं रत्नभूषितम्। दृष्टा कुश्रष्टभी चेमां धोका मां रत्भयत्यक्षम्॥
    - (d.) तिममं प्रवणात्रं पूजितं देवदानवैः। भावनतक्तेनं दृष्टा समादानत कुष्णिः॥

- (a.) Derive and explain the meaning of कनीयसा, आयसं 3 and दानां.
- (b.) Expound the samásas in आसादितिषिणा, दुर्योधनवणा- 2 नुगैः, धर्मापरं and पुरुषयार्व
- (c.) Point out the roots of মুই:, অসাবযন, খ্যায়ন and ক্রাথান, and give the first person plural, present tense (ভাই or কী) of the first two, and the third person singular, second preterite (ভাই or তী) of the last two verbs.
- 3. In the declension of Sanskrit pronouns the word a 3 occurs in seven places. Mention them particularly.
  - 4. सद्ता भवता यस्मात् चिप्ता माला सहीतले। तस्मात् प्रनप्टलच्चीकं वैलोक्यं ते भविष्यति॥

Turn the first line of the above sloka into the active 3 (কলুবাছা), and the second into the intransitive passive (মাবৰাছা) form.

- 5. पिता मान्यो गुरः श्रेष्ठो यदा इष्टिकीपितः।
  चश्रद्धमानेसत् कार्यमसाभिरिति ना व्रतम्॥
  भवनाः सुद्धदेशस्माकमसान् कला प्रदक्षिणम्।
  प्रतिनन्य तथाशीर्भिनिवर्तेष्वं यथाग्रदम्॥
  यदा तु कार्यमस्माकं भवद्भिरपपत्यते।
  तदा करिष्यथास्माकं प्रयाणि च दितःनि च॥
- (a.) Write explanatory notes on the above extract.
- (b.) Point out and correct all the grammatical anomalies in the above.
- 6. Turn into a single sentence (एक्सवाका) the following two 3 separate sentences:

### कादाः परीचकात् विभ्यति । शिचकः तान् प्रवेषियति ।

7. Translate the following passage into English:

स्मेणोक्तम् अस्ति कलिक्विषये रक्ताक्रदे नाम स्पितः। स प दिमिक्यस्यापारक्रमेणामत्य चन्द्रभागानदीतीरे समावासितकरको वर्णते। प्राप्त वेनाचामस्य कर्पूरसरःसमीपे भवितयमिति व्याधानां मुखात् विवदन्ती त्रयते। तद्वापि प्रातरवस्त्रानं भयदेतुरित्याकीच यथाकार्यः

# तथारभ्यताम्। तक्त्वा कूर्माः सभयमाच सिन जलाश्यान्तरं गक्ति। काकस्याविप उक्तवन्ती भित्र एवसस्।

- 8. Render into Sanskrit the following English sentences, using as far us you can the phraseology of your text book:
  - (a.) The king is the guardian of religion.
  - (b.) Anarchy begets many evils in a country.
  - (c.) War is the offspring of anger.
- (d.) Forgiveness is the spirit of the spirited, the truth of the truthful, and the devotion of the devout.

### BENGALI-MORNING.

[N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.]

## Examiners— { PANDIT HARISCHANDRA KABIRATNA, BIRESWAR BIDYÁRATNA.

- 1. Give the different interpretations of the word নিৰ্মাণ, as 6 stated in your text-book, and deduce from them the fact that পাছিনি was not contemporary of, but anterior to, শাকাসিংহ.
- 2. Describe, in Bengali, the subjects treated of in the 3 নিক্ত and প্রাভিশাখ্য. Who is the author of the former?
- 3. Give a short description of the excavation of the Sucz 4 Canal, mentioning the name of the prime mover of the grand scheme.
  - 4. Explain the following extracts in Bengali:— 6
  - (a.) মোঙ্গল কুলপাৎসন অন্তিম দিলীখর বিদ্যোহি সিপাইর কলে রাজত্বের মুগতৃষ্ণায় মুগ্ধ হইয়া সবৎশে নফ হইয়াছেন।
  - (b.) সুপ্রোত্মিত কেশরীর ন্যায় ভর্জন করিয়া ভূর্কি জাতিকে ইউরোপক্ষেত্র হউতে সদ্যো-নিফ্কাসিত কর্ণার্থ প্রস্পর প্রতিজ্ঞাবদ্ধ হউলেন।
  - (c.) তদীয় অশ্বশ্রেণীর বিক্রমে, ভয় স্বয়ৎভীত হইয়া শর্পক্ষকে আশ্রয় করিল।
  - (d.) মুস্তাফা ইতো-ভূফ ততো-নষ্ট হইয়া আর কি করেন? বিজয়-পদচুত হইয়া পরাজয় স্বীকার করিতে হইল।
  - (e.) ঐ বৃক্ষদ্বয়ের মধান্তলে সফটিকময়-পীঠদংযুক্ত হিরপায় একটা বিহঙ্গ-নিবাদ-ঘটি আছে, যাহার মুল অনতিকঠোর-বেণুচ্ছায়-মণিবন্ধ।

- 5. The Sanskrit Grammar has three numbers—singular, dual and plural, but the Bengali has two only—the first and the last: how then can you express the dual number in the latter language?
- 6. Give the derivation and meaning of জিঘুকা, জিঘাৎসা, শিরস্তাণ, দুর্ধর্ম, উর্গ, কৌম, দ্বিষ্ঠ and নেদিঠ. Give the feminine form of the last five words.
  - 7. ফলতঃ অন্তঃশূন্য ব্যক্তিই সর্বাদা লঘুতাপ্রযুক্ত ইতন্ততঃ চালিতবা হয়, কিন্তু পূর্ণতা থাকিলে গৌরববশতাঃ অটলতা প্রাপ্তি হয়। Explain and illustrate the above in Bengali.
- 8. এবং উজীর মহাশয়কে কালপ্রেরিত শমনদূত জ্ঞানে তাঁহার যুমুৎসাকে কৃতান্তের দৌত্যক্রিয়ামাত্র ভাবিলেন। তাঁহার স্বকীয় অশ্বপ্র রণকুশল অগুণীর বাহন সদৃশ না হইয়া বরং ক্রীড়াগারে আমন্ত্রক কোন উজ্জ্বলবেশধারী রাজকীয় নট বা বিদ্যকের আড়ম্বরসূচক বোধ হইল। ঘোটকটীও মণিমাণিকাখচিত সুবর্ণপরিচ্ছদে আছম্ম ছিল, সুতরাং পরিচ্ছদের ভরে আর "তুরক্ব" নামধেয় রহিল না।
  - (a.) Explain the above in your own words.
  - (b.) Derive, and give the derivative meaning of 333.
  - 9. বিধির লিখিত ফল ভুঞ্জয়ে সংসারে।
    যথা ধর্ম তথা ফল বেদেতে বিচারে।
    অধর্মেতে কেহ ধর্ম লভে ধর্মফলে।
    ফর্ম হৈতে পাপ কেহ লভয়ে ভূতলে॥
    পূভ্রশাকে নরপতি, বিদ্ধলে পড়িল ক্ষিতি,
    নয়নে গলয়ে জলধার।
    বায়ুভয় যেন তরু, শোক হৈল অভিপ্রক,
    পড়িয়া ধরায় হাহাকার॥

## শুনির! কাশ্যপি স্তব অনেক করিলা। যোড়হাত করি পুনঃ বলিতে লাগিলা॥

(a.) Turn the above into prose order.

(b) In the above extracts point out such words and express.

(b.) In the above extracts point out such words and expressions as are used only in poetry.

(c.) Derive and explain কাশ্যাপি. Do you know the Pauránic 2 legend from which this appellation is derived?

10. Translate into English:— 5

বন্দুতঃ ভারতের সুবিশাল ঐতিহাসিক মরুভূমির মধ্যে বৌদ্ধ ধর্মের অভ্যুদয় একমাত্র শ্যামলশস্যপরিশোভিত ক্ষেত্র। ইহার পূর্বের ব্রাহ্মণ্য ধর্মের সমকালীন ভারত প্রাবৃত্ত অতি অসপষ্ট ও অকি-ঞ্ছিৎকর কিৎবদন্তী সমূহে পরিপূর্ণ ছিল। এই অসপষ্ট সময়ে মহামতি শাক্যসিৎহ কেবল সাম্যের মহিমা কীর্ত্তন করিয়া ভারতে নূতন জীব-নের সঞ্চার করেন। ভারতবর্ষ যেন দেহ-সঞ্চালিত তাড়িত তেজে অপূর্বে গতিবিশিষ্ট হইয়া নূতন পথে প্রধাবিত হয়। ফলে সে সময়ে প্রতাপ বায়ুর উচ্ছাসে তটিনী হৃদয়ের ন্যায় ভারতের হৃদয়ও তরকায়িত হইয়া উঠে।

### ARABIC-Morning.

Examiner-Major H. S. Jarrett.

[N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate the marks.]

1. Translate into English:—

قيل دخل اعرابي علي ثعلب فقال انت الذي تزعم انك اعلم الناس بالادب فقال كذا يزعمون فقال انشدني ارق بيت قالته العرب و اسلسه فقال قول جوير

ان العيون التي في طرفها حور قتلانا ثم لم يحدين قتلانا يصرعن ذا اللب حتى لا حراك به وهن اضعف خلق الله انسانا

فقال هذا الشعر غث رث قد لاكه السفلة بالسنتها هات غيريا

فقال ثعلب افدنا من عندك يا اعرابي قال قول مسلم بن الوليد صريع الغواذي \*

نبارز ابطال الوري فنبيدهم ويقتلنا في السلم لحظ الكواعب وليست سهام الحرب تفني نفوسنا ولكن سهام فوقت في الحواجب فقال ثعلب لاصحابة اكتبوها على الحداجر ولو بالخناجر

- 2. State what you know of Thaalab and Jarîr.
- (a.) Were either of them contemporaries of Muslim bin 3 al-Walid?
- (b) Are the words صريع الغواني applicable in any special 4 manner to Muslim? If so, how? Give their meaning.
- 3. Some copies read USI for Umil in the last line of the 3 first couplet. How would you translate it? Give the roots of both words.
- 4. Parse the expression خراک به Could you also say 3 ما به حراک ? Write them both with vowel-points.
  - 5. Give the plurals or singulars (as the case may be) 3
  - (a.) Of the following words · ابطال ـ الطال ـ السنة ـ حواجب خناد، حناجه ـ اصحاب ـ السنة ـ حواجب
- (b.) Mention some other plural forms of the words that are underlined. Have the last two nouns more than one form in the singular? What is the diminutive of
- (c.) Inflect the word انشدني through all the persons of the imperative, together with its pronominal suffix (ضبير متصل).
  - 6. Translate into English: -

لقا الناس ليس يفيد شيا ، سوي الهذيان من قيل وقال فاقلل من لقا الناس الا ، لاخد العلم او اصلاح حال اذا ما الناس جربهم لبيب ، فاني قد اكلتهموا و ذاقا فلم أر ودهسم الا خداعا ، ولم أر دينهم الا نفاقسا

7. Parse the form اکلتهبوا What is the root of يفيد To 4 which conjugation (باب ) does the word here belong? Give

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the Mâzî and Muzâri of the 1st and 4th forms, in the 3rd person singular, with vowel-points.

8. Translate into Arabic, write clearly, and place all the

diacritical points:-

I gave it to thee. I gave it to you. I walked twenty days. I beat my son in order to correct him I went several times to see you, but did not find you at home. Send the letter direct to my address. I have not been well for the last three days. I have been expecting you with impatience, and am very glad to see you. Excuse my entering without being announced.

### PERSIAN—Morning.

Examiner-Major H. S. Jarrett.

[The figures in the margin indicate full marks.]

10 Translate into English:-زسودلی خودشان نه پروای کس ، که درکنج توحیدشان جای کس ير يشيده عقل و براگنده هوش ، زقول نصيحت گر آگنده گوس بدريا نخواهد شدن بط غريق . سمندر چه داند عذاب الحربق تهسى دست مردان پر حوصله م بيابان نور دان بى قافلسه ندارد چشم از خلائق یسند \* که ایشان پسندیدهٔ حق بسند عزيزان يوشيده از چشم خلق و نه زنار داران يوشيده دلق ير از ميولا وساية ورچون رز الله ، نه چون ماسية كار و ارزق رز الله بخود سرفرو برده هم چون صدف ، نه مانند دریا بر آورده کف نهمردم همین استخوانند و پوست ، نه رصورتی جان معنی دروست ده سلطان خریدار هر بنده ایست ، نه در زیر هر ژندهٔ زنده ایست اگر ژاله هو قترهٔ در شدی ، چو خرصُ وه با زار ازو پرشدی چو غازی بخود درنه بندند پای ، که محکم رود یای چوبین زجای حريفان خلوت سراي الست ، بيك جرعة تا نفخهٔ صور مست .الحريق and ترحيد Give the etymology of

Explain the word Complete the sentence from

which it is quoted and give the meaning in English.

4. In line 12, for چوغازی, some copies have بحوغازی. What does the latter signify, and which is the better reading?

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- 5. Translate into Porsian :-
- (a) The more haste the less speed.
- (b.) It rained for three days consecutively.
- (c.) Do unto others as you would wish to be done by.(d.) The quicker he walked the quicker I followed him.

6 Translate into English:

حكايت در جامع بعلبك كلمة چند از وعظمى گفتم باقومى افسرده ودل مرده از صورت راه بمعنى ندرده ، ديدم كه نفسم درنمی گیود وآتشم در هیزم تر اثر نمی کند ، دربغ آمدم تربیت ستوران و آئیده داری در مجلس کوران - و لیکن در معنن باز بود و سلسله مشخن دراز ، در معنی این آیة و نحن اقرب الیه من حبل الوريد سخن بجائي رسيده بود . كه ميگفتم ، قطعه ،

> دوست نزدیك تر از من بدن است وین است مشکل که من ازوی دورم چ\_کنم با که توان گفت که او ور کذیار من و من مهجورم

من از شراب این سخن مست و فضله قده در دست ، که نا وای رونده در کنار مجلس گذر کرد و دور آخر دروی اثر ، نعری جنان بزد که دیگران بموافقت او در خروش آمدند و خامان معلس در جوش ، گفتم سبحان الله دوران با خبر در حضور و نزدیکان بی نصر دور پ

- Write out the imperative and present indicative of and mention some other verbs undergoing similar changes in those moods.
- 8. (a) What does the stand for in , and what in ? Omit the p in both words and substitute in writing the proper equivalents.

(b.) Mark the nouns ending in s, in the last four lines, that ought to have the izafat.

9. Translate into Persian :-

"By morning they had reached the Bedouin encampment of the Banu Khuzûa. An Arab lady sat in the door of her teut ready to give food and drink to any travellers that might chance

to pass that way. Mahomet and his followers were fatigued and thirsty, for the heat was extreme, and they gladly refreshed themselves with the milk which she offered them in abundance. During the hottest part of the day, they rested at Kudayd. In the evening, thinking they were now at a safe enough distance from Mecca, they joined the common road. They had not proceeded far when they met one of the Meccan scouts returning on horseback, who, seeing that he had small chance of success single-handed against four opponents, offered no opposition, but, on the contrary, pledged his word that if permitted to depart in peace he would not reveal that he had met them."

### URDU-MORNING.

### Examiner-Major II. S. Jarrett.

[N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate the marks.]

1. Translate into English:-

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درختون کی چهنون مین کهرے هو هو کر اینے اپنے جوس پرایات ایك مغوور تهی لیكن آن سبون مین سكندلا این حسن و ادامین بہت دورتھی چمکاوٹ آسکے چہرے کی عجب جلوہ دکھاتی تھی اور زلفین بکھری ہوئین منہ ہیر اسکے اس ردگ سے نظر آتیاں تھیں جیسے نموں دھوئیں کی شعلے پرھوتی ھی یاجیسے کچھھ کچھھ گهدا سورج پر آجائیهی نگام بجلی تهی که نظرون مین کوند جاتی مهی اس تب بن مین اِس رنگ و روب سے سمابند هاتها . خجل دیکهکر اوسکو هوتا تها مای ، تههرتی نه تهی مهر کی بهی نگای غرض که وی کی کے مکان میں باین جلوہ افروزی هر روش سے نونہا لون کونہال کرتی تھی راجائے اسے دیکھہ کر تعجب سے کہا کہ اگرهم اسے سوسوتی کہدن تویدن اسکے کاندھی ہو کہان ھی اگرگورا پاربتی کهین توبهی نه کهه سکین که آدها انگ مهادیوکا آدهاانگ السكا هي يالچهمي كهين توكيونكر كهين ولا چهاتي پربشن كي رهتی هی ایك دم آن سے جدائی نهین سهتی اگر رمبها یا مینكا یارت سوچین تو رہے جوانین هیں بهہ جو اسکے نئے جوبن کا سن و سال ھي وے کب رکھتين ھين ۽

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## in line 4. Is it employed اتيان (a.) with any other than feminine nominatives? How would the masculine plural of the verb be expressed? (b.) In the last line of the above extract you have is this construction allowable? How would it be more correctly written? 3. Note briefly on the proper names in this passage. Translate into English: • جادؤ راة بقا غير از فنا ملقاً نهيس \* • هي خودي جبتك كه انسانهين خداملتا نهين • جستجورهی هی درلت کا پتا مللاا نهین \* • سريهرا كرتا هي يرظل هما ملتا نهين • • هي تجسس شرط يان ملني دو ديا ملتا نهين • و ير كهين ونيا مين صادق آشنا ملتا نهين و • چشم نے کی مدتوں گردش تو پایا ایك تل ، • رزق انسان کو مقدرسی سوا ملقا نہیں • • وى جوسمة اجون كو دنياهو كه فرصت هي ابهي • 💂 جعوبة هما هي خاك مدن قارون گدا ملقا نهين 💂 • المدد مرقع مدد کا هی یه اے بال مواد • و دو د دو د د اینی کشتی ناخه! ملتا نهین و \* تهوندهتی پهرتی هیرن هم صحوامین مثل گردباد \* • منزلون ياران رفته كا بينا ملتــا نهين . • هوگیا کیا جاند\_ لیجا کے خط کسچا تباہ ، • صورت عنقا كبوتر كا ينا ملتسا نهين • • گبرهی خود منزل مقصود کی هی رو نبا « ه خضر ملجاتے هين جسكو راستا ملتا نهين . • آدمی کیون طالب راحت هی دور چرخ مین • • چین دانے کو بزیر آمدِ الله انہیں .

م گلشن هستی مین یه آب مروی کا هی قصط م

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- \* فخل کو پانی یہ نشو و نما ملقا نہیں \*
- شکل آینه نه پرچهو میری حیرت کا سبب •
- خلق صورت مین هی معنی آشنا ملتا نهبن .
- حق اگر پوچهو تو يه بهي <sup>ڏس</sup>ڪه اکسير هے •
- چهانتے هين خاک سب مضمون نيا ملتا نمين •
- روکے مانگ الله هي چاهي جود سعت رزق کي •
- شير داية طفل كو بهي بي سكا ملتا نهين •
- شاعران حال كيا مضمون دو پائين اسير •
- موندهنی هین یه تخلص بهی نیاملنا بهین •
- 5. (a.) Explain the allusion in ii in the first line. What is the nominative to the verb in the first hemistich (مصراع), line 8; and show the nominative and objective cases in بيت 2 line 9.
  - (b.) What difference is there between تخلص and أخلص 2
  - 6. Explain the usage and effect of the particle 2
- 7. Correct the mistakes in the following passage, re-writing it neatly:—
- ایک دن ایک لرکانے اپنے باپ سے پوچھنے لگا کہ روتی کھانا بہتر هی یابھات کھانی باپ کھا بھوکھہ کی وقت جو صلے اور جو کچھہ دسترخان پر ھو اور جب اچھا بھوکھہ نہو تو کوئی چیزاچھا نہیں اور ایسہی مانگے کی بھاری خلعت سے اپنے پرانی کپرے بہترھی اور اپنا جھونپریا دوسرے کا بارہ دری سے بہتر لرکانے یہ سنکر وهان سے چلاگیا اور اپنے والدہ صاحد کے پاس اکر اوسکی باپ سے حکیجھہ سناتھا سو سب بات اسنے کہدیا م
- 8. Express in correct and idiomatic Urdu the following sentences:—" How often have I told you not to do so? Alas! that misfortunes have befallen me through your disobedience! It would have been well, had he never been born. It is more dangerous to do many men a great service than a great injury."
  - 9. Write a short essay in Urdu on the evils of famine.

### HINDI.

### Examiner—REV. K. M. BANERJEA, D. L.

Full marks.

1 a. Translate into English the following:-

16

गीतम नारि खापवस उपस देख धरि धीर।
चरनकमलरज चाइती छपा करछ रघुवीर॥
परसत पद पावन सेकिनसावन प्रगट भई तपपुञ्च मंदी।
देखत रघुनायक जनसुखदायक सन्मुख दर करजीरि रखी॥
खितप्रेम खधीरा पुलक सरीरा मुख निहं खावे वचन कथी।
खितसय वड़भागी चरनन लागी युगल नयन जलधार वही॥
धीरज मन कौन्हा प्रभुक चंचीन्हा रघुपित छपा भिक्त पाई।
खित निर्मल जानि खलुति टानी ज्ञानग्रय जय रघुराई॥
मैं नारि खपावन प्रभु जगपावन रावनरिष जनसुखदार।
राजीवलीचन भवभयभीचन पाहि पाहि सरनहिं खाई॥

- 6. Who was गौतम नारि, and what the story connected with her?
  - er ? c. What is the object of प्रस्त ?
  - d. What part of speech is साकनसावन ?
  - e. In what cases are सन and रघपरित?
  - f Derive खाप्यम, and परसत.
  - g. Give two synonyms of रजः, नधन, राजीव and भव.
  - h. What is the literal meaning of एसक?
- 2 a. Render the following lines into simple Hindi and 10 in prose:—

भये प्रगट कपाला दीनदयाला कीसचा दितकारी। दिवंत महतारी मुनिमनदारी चङ्गुत रूप किदारी॥ कीचन चभिरामा तनु धनम्मामा निज चायुध भुजवारी। भूषन वनमाला नयन विमाला सीमासिंधु खरारी॥

- b. Parse the first two lines in this extract.
- c. What was the आयुष here mentioned?
- d. What is the story suggested by the word will?
- . What is the literal meaning of दश्यासा

- f. In which case is মূজবাৰী?
- g. What does the word वनसाला refer to?
- 3. a. Translate the following paper into English:

बड़िर कांग कही प्रीतम जी तुम कहा में सब में सुन्यों पर मेरी यह विचार नाहा जी तुम ते द्रोह करों। खब जी तुम मो में। प्रीति न करिशों तो तिहारे बार पर जपास करि करि प्रान तजोंगी। मोहिर राम लच्चन जू की खान है कीं कि खसाध की मिनाई थारे ई दिनिन में टूटे जी में माटी की पान फूटिकी न जुरे। खब साध की प्रीति रेसे हैं जीनें सुवरन की पान। नेग न फूटे खब जी फूटें तो फेरि संघे। खी कितेक सज्जन पुष्य नारियर की मांति रहत हैं कि जपर तें तो कठिन खब भीतर कांमल। पृनि दुष्ट जन की बैर की सी रहन है कि जपर कें माल खब भीतर कांगल। पृनि दुष्ट जन की बैर की सी रहन है कि जपर कें माल खब भीतर कांगल। पृनि दुष्ट जन की बैर की सी रहन है कि जपर कें माल खब भीतर कांगल। पृनि दुष्ट जन की बैर की सी रहन है कि जपर कें माल खब भीतर कांगल। पृनि दुष्ट जन की बैर की सी रहन है कि जपर कें माल खब भीतर कांगल। पृनि दुष्ट जन की बैर की सी रहन है कि जपर कें। माल खब भीतर कांगल। पृनि दुष्ट जन की बैर की सी रहन है कि जान्यों जातु है। कह रहन तें नाहीं। खब पिनंद दाता छर संकोची कें जान्यों जातु है। कह रहन तें नाहीं। खब पिनंद दाता छर संकोची कें हो निर्लोभी सत्यवता साथ होतु हैं खसाध न हैं। या हप की बातें सुनि हिर्म्यक मूसा बिज तें बाहर निकस बी हों। कि तेरे बचन सुनि मैं खित सुख पायों।

- b. In what case is सङ्जन and दुष्ट जन?
- e. How would the a be written in ordinary regular Hindi?
- d. What would be the regular Hindi forms of करिंडा and तजींगी?
- e. In what respects do the terminations of the accusative case in the Brajaboli differ from the regular Hindi?

4. Turn the following into regular Hindi prose: 10

यह सुनि मूसा चित्रपीव के बंधन काटनि लाग्यो। तब वित्रपीव कपातराज बेल्यो हित्र पहिले मेरे संघातोन के पांद काटो ता पार्ट मेरे काटियो। ई दुर कही प्रोतम ये बंधन किटन मेरे दांत के।मल। तातें पहिले वेरे बंधन काटि ता पार्टे कटेंगे तो चौर के काटिचा। चित्रपीव कही मित्र यह नायक की कर्म नाहीं जो खापने साधीन की। बंधाय खाप कूटे। यासें पहिले ये कूटि लेंग तो हमारी कूटमीं बने। पनि मूसा बेल्यो भाई खापनो होरि पराई बात कहनी यह नीति नाहीं। कही है कि दुख पायके धन राखिये धन दें स्त्री की रहा की जी खब धन स्त्री स्त्राय तो जानि दोजी। पर खापनपो राखिये कींकि भम अर्थ काम मोच ये चार पदार्थ प्रान के राखे रहें अब गये कांय।
बद्धरि चित्रपीत कही मिन नीति तो ऐसे ही है पे पंडित होय से।
सरनागतवत्सल चाहिये। कहाी है पराये हेतु भन प्रान दीजे कींकि।
एक दिन तो ग्ररीर क नास होय। तातें खीर के निमित्र आवे तो
यासी कहा भली है। बातें तू मेरे अनित्य सरीर राखिते की जतन
कांडि अब नित्य अविनासी जो जाम ताके राखिते की उपाय कर।

### URIYA, 1880.

Examiner—REV. K. M. BANERJEA, D. L. Full marks.

1. a. Translate the following into English:-

ଅଧ୍ରଗଣ କର ପ୍ରଶକୁ ଖ୍ହଁ ।
କହିଲେ ହନ୍ମନ୍ତ ଉପ୍କୁ ଖ୍ଡ଼ି ଦେଇ ।। ୧ ।। 18
କୋଲ୍ଲେ ଧୁଣୀବର ଆଜ୍ଞରେ ମୁଲ୍କାକୁ ।
ଆସିଅନ୍ଥ ମନରେ ନ କର ଶକ୍କାକୁ ।। ୬ ।।
ହୁଣୀବ ଭ୍ରଲ୍ ଲଣ୍ଡ ଅନ୍ତ ହରଷକୁ ।
କହିଛ୍ର ଜୁମ୍ବର କୁଣଳ ପୁନ୍ଥବାକୁ ।। ୭ ।।
ହନ୍ମାନ ନାମିଟି ଅଟିଲ୍ ମୋହର ।
ଅବନଦେବକର ହୋଇନ୍ଥ ମୁ କୁମାର ।। ୪ ।।
ସୀତାଙ୍କୁ ଖୋଜବାକୁ ସମୁଦ୍ର ଶରେ ଘଣା । ୪ ।।
ସୀତାଙ୍କୁ ଖୋଜବାକୁ ସମୁଦ୍ର ଶରେ ଘଣା । ୪ ।।
ବେଗରେ ସାଧୁ ଧ୍ୟର୍ନମାର୍ଗକୁ ଆଣ୍ଡେ କର ।
ଶ୍ରୀପ୍ରମ ପାଣେ ଦଅ ଜନକକୁମାସ୍ ।। ୧୬ ।।
କରିବ ଭୁମ୍ଭ ମଧ୍ୟ ଯମସ୍କରେ ଯାଇ ।। ୧୭ ।।

ବାଲୀକ ମାର ଏକ ସାସ୍ତ ବେ ପ୍ୟବ । ସୁଗ୍ରୀବର ସଙ୍ଗତେ କର ସଖା. ଭ୍ବ । । ୧୪ ।। ବାନରଙ୍କ୍ ଦଣ ଦଗଲୁ କର ଦୂତ । ପେଷିତ୍ରନ୍ତ କୁଝିବେ ସୀତାଙ୍କ ଉଦନ୍ତ ।। ୧୬ ।। ଏମନ୍ତ ମୋର ମୁଖ୍ ଶୁଣିଲେ ହେଲେ ଯାହା । ଆସଶାର ହତଲୁ ନ ତିନ୍ତ ବଂଶବାହା । ୧୬ ।। ଏ ସକାଶୁ ଶ୍ରୀଗ୍ୟ ଅସିଲେ ଏ ଲଙ୍କାଲୁ । ମାର୍ଚ୍ଚ ହିନ୍ଦ ସହତେ ଭୁମ୍ଙ୍କୁ । ୧୬ ।।

- b. Parse the first two of the above lines.
- c. What is the meaning of ANIQ in the 8th line?
- d. In what case is SIS in the 9th line?
- e. Parse 6 6 in the 10th line.
- f. What is the meaning of AGA?
- g. Give two synonyms of Alf and Alag respectively?
- h. What is the literal meaning of Isla, and who was he?
  - i. Who was Báli? Why and how did Rama kill him?
  - 2. a. Translate the following passage into English:-
- ଅନ୍ତମ୍ଭର ନର୍ବର ଶୋକାବେଶରେ ନୈଷ୍ଣିକ ସୈର୍ଯ୍ୟ 17 ଯଥ୍ୟାଗ ଥିଟକ ଉନ୍ନଡ଼ ପ୍ରାପ୍ ହୋଇ ବ ଷ୍ଟ୍ରଶ୍ୱକ ସ୍ତରରେ ବଳାପ । କର୍ଷ୍ୟକଳ ଅର୍ମ୍ଭ କଲେ । ଭାଦୃଶ ଗମ୍ଭୀରଥ୍ରକୃତ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିକର ଇଦୃଶ ଅବସ୍ଥାରେ ସୈର୍ଯ୍ୟ ଲେପ ହେବା ନଭାନ୍ତ ଅଷମ୍ଭବ ନୃତ୍ୟ ; ରକ୍ତ ମା॰ ସମସ୍ ମନୁଷ୍ୟର କଥା କ କହିବା, ଅଭଶସ୍ ଅଭତ୍ର ହେଲେ ଦୃଢ଼ଭର ଲୋହମଧ୍ୟ ବହ ଯାଏ । ସଳ ସେହ ପ୍ରଷ୍ଥମାଳାରେ ଦୃଷ୍ଟିପାତ କର କର୍ଣ ବଚନରେ କହିଲେ ହାସ୍ ! ଯେବେ ସୁକ୍ରୋମଳ ପ୍ରଷ୍ଥମାଳା ଗାଷ୍ ହୁର୍ଣ କର ଥିପ୍ ।ର ପ୍ରାଣ ବଧ କଲ୍, ତେବେ ଜୀବନ ଜମ୍ବଷ୍ଟ ବଧାତାର କୌଣସି ବସ୍ତ ଜୀବେଦ୍ର ଅଷ୍ଟ୍ର ହୋଇ ନ ପାରେ ?

- b. What is meant by ନୈସର୍ଗିକ ଧୈଯ୍ୟ?
- c. What is the literal meaning of SIS ?
- d. Give the meaning and etymology of ক্লপ্লের্ছ্
- e. Derive ଜୀବରସ୍.
- f. Who is and why is he so called?
- g. What is মৃত্র রি ? What does the author mean by speaking of the lotus and the মুপ্রাতি ?
  - h. Derive ନହର.
  - i What part of speech is କର୍ବାକୁ ?
- 3. a. Translate the following into English:—
  କ୍ଷିତ୍ର ଦନ ଉତ୍ତାରେ କୋପନିକସ ସ୍ୱଦେଶକୁ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟାଗନନ
  କ୍ଷିତ୍ର ଦନ ଉତ୍ତାରେ କୋପନିକସ ସ୍ୱଦେଶକୁ ପ୍ରତ୍ୟାଗନନ
  15 କଲେ । ସେ ସମପ୍ତର ତାହାଙ୍କର ମାଭୁଲ ଅନିଲଣ୍ଡ କଣପ
  (ଧମିଅକ୍ଷ) ଥିଲେ ; ସେ ତାହାଙ୍କୁ ପ୍ରାପ୍ଟ ନ କରଣ ପ୍ରଧାନ
  ଦେବାଲପୃର ଯାଜକତା ପଦରେ ନଯୁକ୍ତ କଲେ । ସେହ ସମପ୍ତର ଥରନ ନଗରର ଲେକମାନେ ସୂଦ୍ଧା ତାହାଙ୍କ ଅପଶାମାନଙ୍କର ଏକ ଦେବାଲପୃରେ ଦ୍ୱିଉପ୍ଟ ଧମିଅନ୍ତ ପଦରେ

ନତ୍ତିତ କଲେ । ଏତେବେଳେ ସେ ଏହ ସଙ୍କଳ୍ପ କଲେ ଯେ, ଦେବାଳପ୍ ସଂହାନ୍ତ କରି ଓ ବନାବେତନରେ ଦର୍ଦ୍ରମାନଙ୍କର ତିକ୍ଷା ଏବଂ ଅଭ୍ଳଷିତ ବଦ୍ୟାର ଅନୁଶୀଳନ ଏହି ତନ ବଷ୍ଟ୍ୟ ଅବଲ୍ୟନ କର ଜାବନ କ୍ଷେପଣ କରବା । ପ୍ରଧାନ ଦେବାଳପ୍ର ଅଦୂରବର୍ତୀ ଏକ ଉନ୍ନତ ଷୂତ୍ରଗ ଉପରେ ପ୍ରାସ୍ଥ ନ ବର୍ଷ ପୂଟକୁ ଯ ଜଳମାନଙ୍କ କାରଣ ଯେ ସକଳ ବାବସ୍ଥାନ ନେସ୍ୱାଜତ ଅନ୍ଥ ସେଠାର୍ ଅଭ୍ୟକ୍ଷ୍ୟର୍ପେ ପ୍ରହ ନକ୍ଷ୍ୟାଦ ପର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ଷଣ କରବାକୁ ପାଗ୍ ଯାଏ । କୋପର୍ନକ୍ଷ ତାହାର୍ ଅନ୍ୟର୍ପର ସ୍ଥାନରେ ବାସ୍ଥାନ ନର୍ପଣ କଲେ ।

- b. What is meant by ଅନ୍ତଲ୍ଭ କଦ୍ୟା in the above passage?
- c. What is ଅନ୍ୟରମ 🏱
- d. Who was Copernicus and what was he famous for?

### BURMESE.

### Examiner-REV. G. D'CRUZ.

1. Translate the following:—

On landing, the party discovered a grotto, formed of rocks with a surface washed smooth by the waves, and having within a spring of fresh water. The only accessible spot in the vicinity was a large hill, surrounded by enormous crags. From the summit of this hill turning towards the sea, they perceived to the right a prodigious mountain, attached to the cape, and rearing its sterile mass to the skies. To the left, a neck of land, covered with less elevated rocks, against which the surges dashed with great violence, closed the bay, and admitted but a contracted view of the ocean. In order to see as far as possible into the interior, our traveller climbed nearly to the summit of the mountain, where a most singular landscape presented itself to the view. A lake in the foreground had an elevation of at least ninety feet above the level of the sea; and on the top of an adjacent, but less lofty mountain, was another lake. The view was closed by peaked rocks, chequered by several patches of snow.

- 2. Also translate:—
- (a.) He would have been drowned but for me.
- (b) The more one studies the more he improves.
- (c.) He was unshaken in his determination.
- (d.) He is a credit to his family.

3. Translate the following into English: -

ပစ္လုပ္ပန္နဲ၊သံသရာအကျိုးစီးပ္ကါးနှစ်ပါးကို။ မျှော်မြင် တုန်သောယောက်ျားတို့သည်။ ပျင်းရှိခြင်းကိုမဖြစ် ငစရခဲ့။ မိမိတ္မိကောင့်တအပ်သောအကျိုးကို။ပြီးမြော က်စေရြင်းဌါ။ မြတ်သောလှည္လက်မို။ အားထုတ်အပ်လှ ၍။လုလ္လသည့်လျင်။ အထိုရှိတိုင်း။ အကျိုးကိုပြီးစေနို့ င်၏၊တပါးဘုံးသက်သေကိုမထောက်ဦးမူ၍။ကမ်းတ ဖက်ကိုမမြင်သောမဟာသရဒ္ဒဆုဒ္ခ်။ နှစ်မွန်းသည်ဖြ စ်တျက်။ ထိုအပ်သောအကျိုးပြီးမြောက်စေခြင်းငှါ။ လူလ္လုအားထုတ်ည်ဖြစ်၍၊ ထိုလုလ္လအစွမ်းကြေင့်။ မ ဘာသမုဒ္မဆုမှ။ ၍ပြဉ်သို့ကူးမြောက်သဖြင့်။ တော င့်တတိုင်း။ပြီးလေသောငကိုယ်ကိုပင်။သက်သေထား ၍။ဂါဆိုသတည်း။အချင်းကျွိ။ အကြင်သူသည်။ပစ္စုပ္ပ န်။ ဘံသရာ။ နှစ်ဖြာသောအကျိုးတို့ကို။ မြင်မျော် နိုင်သောပညာရှိမှန်အ။ ထိုသူသည်ကိုသ်ကိုမြ၍ဖြစ် သောဆင်းရဲ။ စိတ်ကိုမြ၍ဖြစ်သောဆင်းရဲတို့နှင့်တွေ ကြိမ်လတ်သော်လည်း။ အေားဆင်းရဲအပင်ရှိနှင်မည်မ. ဟုတ်၊ ကောင်း စွာအားထုတ်လျှင်ချမ်း သာခြင်းမဉ်သ ည်သည်း။အနေးနှင့်အမြန်သာ။တောင့်တတိုင်း။ မပြီး မရှိနိုင်ရာတျ၊ လုလ္လက်မလျှော့ဘဲ။ ဆင်းရဲက်သည်း ခံ၍။အားထုတ်ခြင်း၌ရှဉ်ထေရာ၍။

4. Write in your own words the latter portion of the above passage commencing from အကြင်သူသည်ပစ္စုပွန်။

- (a.) What part of specch is 30 CII What correlative word does it generally require after it?
- (b.) Write down the euphonic particles, if any, which occur in the above passage. Explain the force of දී: in  $\omega$ coor දී: නිස් and දී in  $\omega$ ල් රිහෙල් දීස්
- (ေ) Parse ချမ်းသာခြင်းမည်သည်လည်း။ နားနှေးနှင့် အမြန်သာ။ Give the grammatical construction of မပြီးမရှိနှို့၌။
  - (d) How are nouns formed from verbal roots?
  - (e.) What verbal affixes are used to express the future tense?
- (f.) Explain the meaning conveyed by the expression ဆင်းရဲ
- 5 Show from the formation of the following, the idea applicable to Bhudda:—

သုံးလူထွန်မြတ်စွာဘုရား။ ။ဘုရားလောင်း။ Give the literal meanings of မဟာသမတမင့်း။ ။ခုတ္တိယ မင်း။ ။ရာဇနဏ်။ ဥဒါန်း။ နိဒါန်း။

6. Write in Burness a composition on "ပျင်းမြခြင်း။ အားနည်းခြင်းနှင့်အသက်တရာရှည်၍နေသည်ထက်။ လူ လ္လခွန်အား နှင့်ပြည့်စုံသောသူသည်တရက်အသ က်ရှည်၍နောည်လျှင်။ သာ၍မြတ်၏။

### ARMENIAN.

Examiner-MB T. MALCOLM.

1. Translate-

անտերոն Դաբգ ը հունցույցարգաց, , ատգրմ ը քանովի ,ի քրբատլցաժատան չունժ շնաղորատ լգբաժոսի ։ ()տ բև բնրատոտնա նաժ Դրերուն շառէս Ժրամբալ բև ,ի մատար քանակա գահերձատ Հանոսնմատ անձակար իսև ,ի գաղարակո տախատետր դանախա-

#### 2. Correct-

ատատ արբժիր աղճ կեն է կաղ նուս ան Հաշկուսել , ։

Արևիանի իանույնեւ իր անիր առնուտոյեր և արտարար անասիս արգայի անար արտան արտանան արտանան արտան արտան արտան արտան արտան արտան արտան արտան արտան արտանան արտան արտա

புட விழ நிரு மன்ன நிற்ற விக்கள் :

3. Give the meanings of the following sentences in your own words:

յի պատիր բերբակալ առ թբեմ ուժ գժչրադ**կը** Մրիս ի արդարու առրբեն ժաբ քիր Մրիս ի արդարու արրբև պատիր

4. Give the meanings of the following words:

Մի միասանգում գրամ հարկաներ (ժարց հրամանի
Այինն ընդ հասե Դի նմաներ կնձիուս արկանես գերեսոր

լյինչդեռ ունէին 'ի դիմի հարիանես միմեանց լլկցին ընդ. դետն ոմանք 'ի լուղ և ոմանք 'ի Թաւակի

5. Decline-

Տարապ իներեր մասնել գնա

խոյգ , խոյս .

հուտանել , արեր , արեր , հոլանեն , հոլանի , հոլանի , հոլանի , հոլանի , հոլանեն , հոլանի , հոլանի , հոլանի , հոլանի , հուտանել , հուտել , հուտել

6. Conjugate-

7. Parse-

կացուց և մոտ պարոպին զվինուորս յունաց և առանի նոցա զրոս և վարեին երեք արը .

8. Write out a short account of the reign of Sanatrook the nephew of king Alegarus.

### TRANSLATION-AFTERNOON.

Examiners—

Rev. K. M. Banerjea, d. L.

Major H. S. Jarrett.

Babu Jogendranath Banerjea, m. A.

Pandit Ramgati Nyayaratna.

[N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.]

Translate the following idiomatically into an Indian vernacular:—

(a.) An accident which took place on Tuesday night was eminently one of the preventable class; yet similar casualties are constantly being reported, notwithstanding the lessons taught by experience. A platform which had been erected in the National school-room on the occasion of a concert was occupied by about 150 children. This platform suddenly gave way with a loud crash, and all the children fell with it to the floor. There was of course a frightful scene of excitement, and it is a wonder that the consequences were not even more serious, for directly it was known outside that the platform had fallen there was a general rush to the room, creating of course additional panic and confusion. Happily, it turned out that none of the children were killed, but one or two of them had sustained fractured limbs and a large number were severely

case ?

shaken. As there were no fatal results there will be no inquiry into the matter, but there is none the less need for a searching investigation of the circumstances under which the children were allowed to occupy the platform, which was evidently in an unsafe condition. Structures of this nature require careful testing by competent persons before they are used, yet their erection is too often left entirely in the hands of some village carpenter.

(b.) They are an athletic and by no means bad looking race, with brown complexion, flat noses, and high cheek bones are brave and warlike, treacherous and vindictive. Their dress consists of a dark blue or black kilt, ornamented with rows of cowrie shells, and a thick cloth of home manufacture thrown over the shoulders. As car ornaments, they wear tusks of wild boar: but the most coveted decoration is a neck collar of goat's hair dyed red, and fringed with the long scalps of slain encioics. Above the elbow are worn armlets either of ivory or plaited cane, prettily worked in red and vellow. Between the calf and the knee are bound pieces of finely cut cane dyed black, the calves being encased in leggings of cano similar to the armlets. The hair is, generally, cut square in front, and tied into a knot behind, with a plume of eagle or toucan feathers. The national weapons are a spear, a shield, and a dao or hill-hook. In recent years many have succeeded in obtaining guns or muskets, and the possession of fire-arms is the supreme desire of every Nágá.

### HISTORY--MORNING.

## Examiners { Mr. A. Thomson. Dr. C. Baumann.

(Lite. O. Daumann.	
N. B.—The figures in the margin undicate full morks.	
1. When were the Constitutions of Charondon passed, and	4
what was their object?	
2. Describe the attempts of Edward III to conquer France.	5
3. What changes were made by Henry VIII, in the doctrines	6
and government of the Church of England?	
4. How was the power of the English nobles gradually re-	6
duced, and what Acts of Parliament were passed to limit the	
power of the king?	
5. What led to the "War of the Spanish Succession"?	4
Name the most important battles, and give the date of each.	
6. What changes were introduced by the Reform Bill of	5
1832 ?	
7. What parts of India were visited by the Greeks, and why	5
are the Greek accounts of the country so very valuable?	
8. Trace the rise of the Sikhs.	4
9. Describe the two wars carried on against Tippu Sultan,	6
giving the most important dates.	
10. Name the Provinces added to the British Dominions by	5
Lord Dalhousie. What were the reasons for annexation in each	

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### GENERAL AND PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY—

#### Afternoon.

## Examiners— { MR. A. H. PIRIE. MR. J. S. SLATER.

N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1. Explain by examples what is meant by observation and experiment. Describe experiments showing "the formation of dew," "the cause of winds," and "the phenomena of day and night."
- 2. Distinguish between spring and neap tides, indicating by means of diagrams the positions of the sun, earth, and moon at each of these. Why does the tidal wave originate in the Southern Ocean?
- 3. Contrast the cause of floods on the Mahanadi and Indus rivers. Why does the former not dry up after the rains are over? What evil consequences attend the construction of bunds to restrict the channels of rivers flowing through plains?
- 4. Give a brief account of the Monsoons. What is their effect on the currents of the Bay of Bengal? In the month of December, why will a ship sail faster from Calcutta to Ceylon than from Ceylon to Calcutta?
- 5. (a.) P and Q are at opposite ends of a telegraph line. P despatches a telegram at noon, it reaches Q at 10h. 30m. A. M. Is Q cast or west of P, and how many degrees?
- (b.) A and B are on the equator in 60° and 90° cast longitude respectively. Each travels 60° of latitude directly North. Are they any nearer each other? What will happen when they each travel another 30° North?
- 6. (a.) What lands are joined by the is thmuses of Suez, Corinth, Perekop, Panama, and Kraw, respectively?
- (b.) What waters are connected by the following straits:—Orniuz, Gibraltar, Dover, Malacca, Bosphorus?
- 7. Name one large city, giving some interesting fact about it, on each of the following rivers:—Seine, Irrawaddy, Mississippi, Rhone, Tiber, Clyde, Junna, Nile, Tagus, Rhine.
- 8. Tell the localities of the following places, giving some historical event in connexion with each: Seringapatam, Bosworth, Dunbar, Mecrut, Hastings, Waterloo, Quebec, Sobraon, Thaneswar, Vittoria
- 9. Describe, as fully as you can, an imaginary voyage along the coast of India from Karachi to Calcutta.
- 10. On the basis of the following construction draw an outline map of South America, and insert in it the names of the different countries, with their capitals, the rivers, mountains, and capes:

Construction.—Draw the length required for the map, the vertical line AB, A being the North point. Bisect AB in C, and bisect AC in D. Through D draw a horizontal line FDE, from West to East, such that DE = AC, and DF = one third DE. Join AF, FC, BE, EA.

### ARITHMETIC AND ALGEBRA-MORNING.

## Examiners - { Mr. F. J. Biden, M. A. Rev. Father van J. Impe, s. J.

N. B .- The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- N.B.—Algebraical symbols are not to be employed in solving the first six questions.
- 1. Express each of the figures composing the number 128.456 as a multiple or sub-multiple of 10.

- What fraction must be added to

$$2\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{6}}{3\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}} - 2\frac{5}{7}$$
 of  $\frac{1}{19}$  that the sum may be equal to 3.

\_ 2. (a.) What fraction of 3 of Rs. 187 annas 5 is Rs. 28

 $\sim$  (b) Of what sum of money will  $\cdot$ 325 be 131.?

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- (c.) Extract the square root of 7 0225. 3. Divide 1271. 8s. among 2 men, 3 women, and 7 boys, giving each of the boys one-third of what a woman receives, and each of the men twice as much as a woman
- 4. A leaky cistern is filled in 5 hours with 30 pails of 3 gallons each, but in 3 hours with 20 pails of 4 gallons each, the pails being powed in at intervals. Find how much the cistorn holds, and in what time the water would waste away.
- 5. A race-course is half a mile long: A and B run a race, and A wins by 10 yards; C and D run over the same course and C wins by 30 yards; B and D run over it and B wins by 20 vards; if A and C run over it, which should win, and by how much?
  - 6. A tradesman puts two prices on his goods: one for ready money, the other for 6 months' credit, interest being calculated at 12½ per cent, per annum. If the credit price of an article be Rs. 26 anuas 9, what is its cash price?

7. Simplify—
$$\left\{\frac{x}{a} + \frac{2x^2}{a(b-x)}\right\} \left\{\frac{2ax}{x(b+x)}\right\}$$

8. Find the highest common factor and the least common multiple of-

 $3x^2 - 10ax + 7a^2$  and  $x^3 - 5ax^2 + 7a^2x - 3a^3$ .

9. Solve the equations-

(a.) 
$$15 + \sqrt{x+7} = 19$$
.

(b.) 
$$4x - \frac{x-1}{2} = x + \frac{2x-2}{5} + 24$$
.

(c.) 
$$\left\{ \frac{7+x-2x-y}{5} = 3y-5. \\ \frac{5y-7}{2} + \frac{4x-3}{8} = 18-5x. \right\}$$

10. If a : b : : c : d, show that—

$$ma + nc : mb + nd : : (a^2 + c^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} : (b^2 + d^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$
. 2

11. Extract the square root of-

$$x^{\frac{6}{5}} - 2a^{-\frac{3}{5}}x^{\frac{1}{5}} + 2a^{\frac{4}{5}}x^{\frac{4}{5}} + a^{-\frac{6}{5}}x^{\frac{1}{5}} - 2a^{\frac{1}{5}}x^{\frac{1}{5}} + a^{\frac{4}{5}}.$$

12. A boat goes up stream 30 miles and down stream 44 miles in 10 hours: it also goes up stream 40 miles and down stream 55 miles in 13 hours. Find the rate of the stream and of the boat.

### GEOMETRY AND MENSURATION-ATTERNOON

N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1. Enunciate and prove I. 6. Hence show that equiangular triangles are equilateral.
- 2. The side BC of the triangle ABC is produced to D, show that the angle ACD is greater than the angle ABC without showing that it is greater than the angle BAC.
- 3. Give the particular enunciation and the construction only of the following propositions:

- (b.) II. 9. If a straight line be divided into two equal, and 12 also into two unequal parts, the squares on the two unequal parts are double, &c.
  - (c.) II. 11. To divide a given straight line, &c.
- 4. Prove that if two circles touch one another internally the straight line which joins their centres being produced shall pass through the point of contact.
- 5. If two straight lines cut one another within a circle, the rectangle contained by the egments of the one of them shall be equal to the rectangle contained by the segments of the other. Prove this only when one of the lines passes through the centre and cuts the other which does not pass through the centre, but not at right angles.

AOC and BQD are two triangles having the angle AOC equal to the angle BQD and the angle ACO equal to the angle DBQ; show that the rectangle contained by AO and QB is equal to that contained by CO and QD.

- 6. Describe a circle about a given triangle, and show that the square on the side of an equilateral triangle described about a circle is four times the square on the side of an equilateral triangle inscribed in the same circle.
- 7. The radius of a circle is 12 feet: find the length of the 4½ side of a regular polygon of sixteen sides inscribed in it. Calculations to be carried to three places of decimals only.
- 8. Draw an accurate plan, and find, in acres, roods, and poles, the area of a field from the following notes in which the lengths are given in links:

0 30 0	⊙A 1,500 1,125 750 375 0 ⊙ C	0 30
0 40 rn	⊙ C 1,200 900 600 300 0 ⊙ B to the	0 40 0
	⊙ . P. 900 600 300 0 ⊙ . A.	0 20 10 0

9. A small object is floating on a tank; show how to find its distance from a given point on the edge of the tank, the ground about the tank being smooth and on a level with the surface of the water.

## First Examination in Arts.

### 1880.

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### ENGLISH POETRY-Morning.

### Examiner-MR. W. J. WEBB, M. A.

N. B - The figures in the margin indicate full marks.	
1 Give a description of Satan as he is represented in the	5
First Book of Paradise Lost.	
2. How does Milton illustrate the statement that Mammon	4
was "the least creeted spirit that fell from Heaven"?	
3. Explain the following passages:—	_
(a.) He, his wonted pride	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Soct recollecting, with high words, that bore	
Semblance of worth, not substance, gently raised	
Their fainting courage, and dispelled their fears.	
(b.) Up they spring	2
Upon the wing; as when men wont to watch	
On duty, sleeping found by whom they dread,	
Rouse and bestir themselves ere well awake.	
(c.) My bow of yew to a hazel wand,	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Thou'lt make them work upon the Border.	_
(d.) Scarce rued the boy his present plight,	11
So much he longed to see the fight.	~
(e.) He seem'd to seek in every eye,	15
If they approved his minstrelsy.	
4. What do we learn from the Lay of the Last Minstrel	4
respecting the social and political condition of the border	
country between England and Scotland at the period to which it	
refers ?	
5. State in simple language the purport of the last Canto of	4
the poem.	_
6. What does the poet say on the subject of patriotism in	4
the first two stanzas of this Canto?	-
7. Narrate the part taken by William of Deloraino in the	4
poem.	•
8. Explain the allusions in the following extracts:-	1 1
(a,) The moon whose orb	- 3
Through optic glass the Tuscan artist views.	
(b.) The Red Sea Coast, whose waves o'erthrew	1 1
Busiris and his Memphian chivalry.	r.3
(c.) A leper once he lost, and gained a king.	1 }
(d) When Charlemanne with all his nearons fell	1
(d.) When Charlemagne with all his peerage fell	-3
By Fontarabbia.	
9. Give the purport of the following stanzas:—	

	•
(a.) Few, few shall part, where many meet;	2
The snow shall be their winding sheet;	
And every turf beneath their feet	
Shall be a soldier's sepulcitre.  (b.) We buried him darkly at dead of night.	2
(b.) We buried him darkly at dead of night.  The sods with our bayonets turning;	_
By the struggling moonbeam's misty light,	
And the lantern dimly burning.	
	$2_{2}^{1}$
Who such a fight did win. "But what good came of it at last?"	
Quoth little Peterkin.	
"Why that I cannot tell," said he,	
"But 'twas a famous victory."	_
(d.) State the metres of stanzas a and b, and scan the lines.	2
and the second s	
ENGLISH PROSE-AFTERNOON.	
Examiner-Mr. K. Deighton, M. 4.	
N. B The figures in the margin indicate full marks.	
1. Give some account of the abuses and difficulties which	6
Chyo had to encounter on his return to India in 1765, and of	
the measures which he found it necessary to adopt.	
2. How does Macaulay sum up Clive's character? 3. Relate briefly the story of Nuccomar, and give the pith	4 6
3. Relate briefly the story of Nuccountr, and give the pith of Macanlay's reflections on the behaviour of Hastings and of	•
Impey in that case.	
4. Describe Hastings' treatment of Cheyte Sing.	4
5. Mention the more important of the expeditions undertaken	3
by Raleigh in person, or prompted by him. What was the	ı
political purpose which urged him forward in all these under-	
6. How came Raleigh to be suspected of plotting against	2
James? Describe briefly the course of his trial. What had Spain	2
to do with his death?	2
7. Explain the following passages:— (a.) "The corruption of death began to ferment into new	2
(a.) "The corruption of death began to ferment into new forms of life."	-
(b.) "Society began to exhibit all the symptoms of the South	1
"Sea year."	_
(c.) "They found the little finger of the Company thicker	1
"than the loins of Surajah Dowlah"  (d.) "The Dilettanti sneered at their want of taste. The	2
(d.) "The Dilettanti sneered at their want of taste. The "Maccaroni blackballed them as vulgar fellows."	~
(e.) "To this day they are regarded as the best of all sepoys	1
"at the cold steel."	_
(f.) "It had already collected round itself an army of the	· 3
"worst part of the native population, informers and false wit- nesses, and common barrators, and agents of chicano, and	
"above all, a banditti of bailiff's followers, compared with whom	
PANCE A seried to make manage on managed to become a series of a series of a series of the series of	

the retainers of the worst English sponging-houses in the	
"worst times, might be considered as upright and tender-hearted."	
(g.) "Burke had in his vortex whirled away Windham."	1
8. Explain the allusions in the following passages: -	_
(4) "But the devotion of the little band to its chief surpassed	2
"anything that is related of the Tenth Legion of Casar or of the	_
"Old Guard of Napoleon."	
(b.) "Not even the story which Ugolino told in the sea of	2
"everlasting ice, &c."	_
(c.) "There was still a Nabob, who stood to the British	2
"authorities in the same relation in which the last drivelling	_
"Chilperies and Childeries stood to their able and vigorous	
" Mayors of the Palace, to Charles Martel and to Pepin."	
(d) "In that part of the world a very little encouragement	1
"from power will call forth, in a week, more Oateses and Bedloes	
"and Dangerfields, than Westminster Hall sees in a century."	
(e.) "Now and then a white-heardedold Sepoy may be found	1
"who loves to talk of Porto Novo and Pollilore."	
(f) "And there the ladies, whose hps, more persuasive than	1
"those of Fox himself, had carried the Westminster election	
"against palace and treasury, shone round Georgiana Duchess	
" of Devonshire."	
LATIN POETRY—Morning.	
Examiner-Mr. W. H. PAULSON, M. A.	
N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.	
1. Translate into English:-	
E-t procul in pelago saxum spumantia contra	į
Littorn quod tumidis submersum tunditur olim	
Fluctions, luberni condunt ubi sidera Cori;	
Tranquillo silet, immotàque attollitur undâ	
Campus, et apricis statio gratissima mergis.	
Hie viridem Æneas frondenti ex ilica motam	
Constituit signum nautis pater, unde reverti	
Scirent et longos uni circumflectore cursus.	
Write down a list of adverbs of time and place, with their	~
	3
meanings. 2. Translate into English:—	-
Isque his Adnean solatus vocibus infit;	5
" Nate dea, quo fata trahunt retrahunt que, sequamur ;	
O sidenid acit surgerando amnis fertura formado ant	

Isque his Alnean solatus vocibus infit;

"Nate dea, quo fata trahunt retrahuntque, sequamur;
Qaidquid crit, superanda omnis fortuna ferendo est.
Est tribi Dardanius divinæ stirpis Acestes;
Hune cape consilius socium, et conjunge volentem;
Huie trade amissis superant qui navibus et quos
Pertæsum magni incepti rerumque tuarum est;
Longavosque senes, ac fessas æquore matres,
Et quidquid tecum invalidum metuensque pericli est,
Delige; et his habeant terris sine mænia fessi
Urbem appellabunt permisso nomine Acestem."

Scan the alternate lines in the above extract, beginning with the second.	4
3. Express at greater length in Latin prose-	
"Hos successus alit: possunt quia posse videntar."	4
4. Translate into English:—	
Respicit Encas subito, et sub rupe sinistra	
Mœnia lata videt, triplici circumdata muro,	
Que rapidus flammis ambit torrenubus amnis	
Tartareus Phiegethon, torquetque sonantia saxa.	
Porta adversa, ingens, solidoque adamante columno;	
Vis ut nulla virum, non ipsi exscindore ferro	
Coelicolæ valeant. Stat ferrea turris ad angas :	
Tisiphoneque sedens, pallà succincta cruenta,	
Vestibulum exsomnis servat, noctesque diesque.	
Hine exaudiri gemitus, et sæva somere	
Verbera, tum stridor ferri, tractaque catena.	
5. Translate and explain the references in the following:-	
(a.) Nosco crines, incauaque menta	2
Regis Romani, primus qui legibus in bem	
Fundabit, Curibus parvis et paupere terra	
Missus in Imperium Magnum.	
(b.) Aggeribus socer Alpinis, atque avce Monæci	2
Descendens; gener adversis instructus Hois.	
(c.) Tu maximus ille es	2
Unus qui nobis cunctando restituis rem.	_
(d.) Hou miserande puer, si qua fata aspera vampas  Tu Marcellus eris.	2
6. Translate into Latin:—	
	44
<ul><li>(a.) I cannot doubt that you are speaking the truth.</li><li>(b) Well! you may say what you please.</li></ul>	2
(c) Who told you to come here?	<u>ک</u> ده
(d.) He was very intimate with me.	2 2 2 2
(e.) Don't give him more than he asks for.	ند
(f.) He would have been condemned to death.	ĵ
7. Give the principal parts and the meanings of the follow-	6
ing verbs:	U
Adipiscor, emo, findo, gaudeo, lego, orior, lubor, sero, vapulo,	
Derio.	

### LATIN PROSE—AFTERNOON.

Examiner—REV. J. Edwards, M. A.

N. B .- The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate:

13

Perventum inde ad frequentem cultoribus alium—ut inter montanos—populum. Ibi non bello aperto sed suis artibus—fraude et insidiis—est prope circumventus. Magno natu principes castellorum oratores ad Pœnum veniunt, alienis malis—ntili exemplo—doctos memorantes amicitiam malle quam vim experiri Pœnorum, itaque obedienter imperata facturos, commeatum ftinerisque duces et ad fidem promissorum obsides acciperet. Hannibal nec temere credendum nec aspernandum ratus, ne re-

pudiati aperte hostes fierent, henigne quum respondissot, obsidibus quos dabant acceptis et commeatu quem in viam ipsi detulerant usus, nequaquam ut inter pacatos, composito agmine duces corum sequitur: primum agmen elephanti et equites erant. ipso post cum robore peditum circumspectans sollicitusque omnia incedebat. Ubi in angustiorem viam et parte altera subjectum jugo insuper imminenti ventum est, undiquo ex insidiis barbari a fronte ab tergo coorti comminus eminus petunt, saxa ingentia in agmen devolvent. Maxima ab tergo vis hominum urgebat: in eos versa peditum acies hand dubium fecit quin, nisi firmata extrems agminis fuiscent, ingens in co saltu accipienda clades fuerit. Tuno quoque ad extremum periculi ac prope perniciem ventum est: nam dum cunctatur Hanmbal dumitere agmen in angustias, quia non, ut ipse equitrbus præsidio erat, ita peditibus quicquam ab tergo anxilii resiquerat, occursantes per obliqua montani interrupto medio agmine viam unsedere, noxque una Hannibah sine equitibus atque impedimentis acta est.

(a.) Parse fully, explaining the syntax of firmata fuissent and accipiends fuerit.

(b.) Give the derivation and meaning of comminus, eminus, and impedementa.

(c) Distinguish between agere tempus and terere tempus. Distinguish also exercitus, agmen, and acies, and translate magis agmina quam acies in via concurrerunt.

(d.) Give the various meanings of peters, and form simple Latin sentences with their English equivalents to illustrate the ases of the verb.

#### 2. Translate: -

Rome aut circa urbem multa ca hieme prodigia facta aut. quod evenire solet motis semel in religionem animis, multa nuntiata et temere credita sunt: in quis ingenuum infantem semestrem in foro olitorio triumphum clamasse, et foro bovario bovem in tertiam contignationem sua sponte escendisse atque indo tumultu habitatorum territum sese dejecisse, et navium speciem do cœlo adtuisisse, et ædem Spei, quæ est in foro olitorio, falmine ictam, et Lanuvu haslem se commovisse, et corvam in adem Junonis devolasse atque ipso pulvinario consedisso. et in agro Amitecnino multis locis hominum specio procul candida vesto visos nec cum ullo congressos, et in Piceno lapidibus pluvisse, et Cæro sortes extenuatas, et in Gallia lupum vigili gladium ex vagina raptum abstulisse. Ob cætera prodigia libros adire decemviri jussi: quod autom lapidibus pluvisset in Piceno. novemdiale sacrum edictum et subinde aliis procurandis prope tota civitas operata fuit Jam primum omnium urbs lustrata est. hostiaque majores quibus editum est Diis cæsæ, et donum ex auri pondo quadraginta Lanuvium ad Junonis portatum est, et signum æneum, matrouw Junoni in Aventino dedicaverunt, et lectisternium Cipro, ubi sortes adtonuata erant, imperatum, et supplicatio Fortune in Algido.

(a.) Explain the following: prodigia, Lanuvii hastam, sortes extenuatas, libros adire decemviri jussi, novemdiale sacrum edicium, urbs lustrata est, lectisternium, and supplicatio.

13

(b.) Give the derivation and meaning of ingenuus, and compare with it the English adjective ingenuous.

(c.) Explain the syntax of Lanuvium ad Junonis. Is there any

English construction like ad Junonis?

(d.) Give the principal parts of escendisse, dejecisse, adfulsisse, and pluvisse.

3. Translate freely into idiomatic English:-

Ita per varium fortunam dici majore parte exacta quum in castra reditum esset. Minucius convocatis militibus, 'Sæpe ego" "inquit audivi, milites, eum primum esse virum, qui ipse consulat quid in rem sit, secundum cum qui bene monenti obodiat: "qui nec ipse consulare neo alteri parere sciat, eum extremi "ingenii esse. Nobis quoniam prima animi ingeniique negata "sors est, secundam ac mediam tencamus et, dum imperare discimus, parere prudenti in animum inducamus. Castra cum "Fabio jungamus: ad prætorium ejus signa quum talcrimus, ubi "ego eum patrem appellavero, quod beneficio ejus erga nos ac majestate ejus dignum est, vos, milites, cos, quorum vos modo "arma dexteræ texerunt, patronos salutabitis, et--si mbil "aliud—gratorum certe nobis animorum gloriam dies bic dederit."

(a.) Report the speech of Minucius in the indirect form of

narration.

Translate into Latin prose:-

(a.) Hanmbal, at break of day, having sent before him the Baliares and other light-armed troops, crossed the river, and placed his troops in line of battle, as he had conveyed them across the river. The Gallie and Spanish cavalry he placed in the left wing, opposite the Roman cavalry; the right wing was assigned to the Numidian cavalry, the centre of the line being strongly formed by the infantry

(b.) Had the deputies confined themselves to making a request in behalf of those who are in the bands of the enemy, that they might be ransomed. I should have briefly given my opinion, without inveighing against any one. For what else would have been necessary but to admonish you that you ought to adhere to the custom handed down from you ancestors, a precedent in-

dispensable to military discipline.

### SANSKRIT-Morning.

Examiner-Rev. K. M. Banerjea, D. L.

N. B.—The figures in marging indicate full marks.

दुक्लवासाः स बघूसमीपं निन्धे विनौतिरवरीधरकैः। वेसासकाशं स्फुटफेनराजिः नचैरदन्यानिव चन्द्रपःदैः॥ 12

12

10

तवार्षिता भोजपतेः परोधाः इलाग्निमाञ्चादिभिरग्निकस्यः। तभेव चाधाय विवाहसास्ये बधूनरौ सङ्गमयास्वार॥

- 1. (a.) In what voice is निन्द? What cases are connected with it in the above extract?
- (3.) Expound the samása in दुक्लवासाः and स्वरोधरचैः. Decline दुक्लवासाः in all numbers of the instrumental or third case.
- (c.) Is weight substantive or adjective? If the latter, to what substantive does it belong? In what case is that substantive, and with what verb is it connected?
  - (d.) What governs वेलासकाशं?
- (e.) In what sense is अभित used here? Derive पुरीका: and give its accusative plural.
- (f.) Give the root of দ্বলা and its third person singular, present and perfect (লুত and লুত).
  - 2. Translate the following passage into English:

स लं प्रशस्ते महिते मदीये वसंखत्थाऽग्निरिवाग्रागारे। दिवाणकान्यईिंस साल्मईन् यावद् यते साधियतं लद्र्यम्॥ तथेति तस्यावितथं प्रतीतः प्रत्यप्रकोत् सङ्गरमप्रजन्मा। गामात्तमारां रघूरप्यवेच्य निष्क्राष्ट्रमर्थं चक्रमे कुवेगत्॥ वशिष्ठमन्त्रीचणजात प्रभावा-दुद्वशकाश्महीधरेष्। मन्त्राखस्रेव वला इनस्य गतिर्विज्ञ हो न हि तद्रथस्य॥ अधाधिशिश्ये प्रयतः प्रदेषि र्थं रघः क ज्यित ग्रस्तगर्भम्। सामनासभावनंदैव धीरः वैद्यासनायं तरसा जिगौषुः॥

प्रातः प्रयाणाभिमुखाय तसी स्विसायाः काषग्रदे नियृत्ताः। दिरण्मयीं काषग्रदस्य मध्ये दृष्टिं ग्रांसुः प्रतितां नभसः॥

3. (a. what is meant by चृत्रश्राद्धाः?

- 8
- (b.) Who was sugar, and why was he so styled?
- (c.) Derive खवितशं, सङ्गरः, and सहीधरः.
- (d.) Expound the samása in विश्वसन्त्रीचण्जात् and जदम्बाकाशमचीधरेष्.
- (e.) Give the roots of वसन् and निष्मु हुं and their third singulars in लुङ and लुट् (a orist and future).
- (f.) What is the root of  $\widehat{\mathfrak{Al}}$ ? Is there any other root which takes a similar form in the infinite? In what other parts have those roots analogous forms?
  - 4. (a.) Translate the following lines into English:

8

हरियंथेकः पुरुषोत्तमः सृतो महेश्वरल्याम्बकएव नापरः। तथा विदुर्भा मुनयः मतकतुं दितौयगामी न हि मब्दएप नः॥ खताःयमश्वः कपिलानुकारिणा पितृक्वदीयस्य मयापहारितः। खलं प्रयत्नेन तवाच मा निधाः पदं पद्यां सगरस्य सन्ततेः॥

- (b.) Who were Kapila and Sagara, and what do the references to those names imply?
  - (c.) Parse Fault.
- 5. Translate the following sentences into idiomatic Sanskrit: 1. A vicious friend is to be given up like a finger bitten by a snake. The king with his wife arrived at the hermitage of Vasishtha in the evening.

Arjuna killed Karna, but Bhima broke the thigh-bone of Duryodhana and sent him out of the world

Kings desire to overcome rulers of other lands, hermits desire the conquest of the passions which rule their own hearts.

### SANSKRIT-AFTERNOON.

Examiner—BABU NILMANI MUKERJEA, M. A. (N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.)

चरण्याने सुकरे पिता सां प्रायुङ्क राज्ये वत दुष्कारे लाम्। मागाः ग्राचं वीर भरं वहामम् ष्याभाषि रामेण वचः कनीयान्॥ अतौ कती एडमवेषु धीमान् ल पैहकं चेदचनं न क्रायाः। विक्थियानेऽपि कुल परस्य पुंसः कथं स्थादि ह प्वकात्या॥ द्वीरमां राज्यध्रां प्रवाढं क्यं कनोयान हम्ताहेय। मा मां प्रथ्क्षाः कुलकी तिलीपे प्राच्छा रामं भरते।ऽपि धमारम् ॥ कर्ज्यलं इसितुरक्रमेतत् अमिन रतानि च राजभाञ्जि। राजन्यकं चैतदहं चितीन्द्रः त्विधि स्थिते स्थामिति शानामेतत्॥

(a.) Translate the above into English.

(b.) Parse ष्टद्रसतेषु in the fifth line, कुले in the seventh, कुले किलीपे in the eleventh, and राज्यक in the fifteenth.

(c.) Account for the use of the potential (alues) in the sixth and eighth lines.

2. Turn the following stauzas into plain prose, divesting them of such words as have anusual grammatical terminations:

लतान्पातं कुसुमान्यरहतात् स नदावकान्दम्पास्त्रम्य । कुतूस्लां बार्गाम्लोपवेर्मं काकुत्स्य देषत् स्वयमान खास ॥ संविप्रदर्भं कतवातयता यानं वने राविचरी डुढीके।
जिघांसुवेदं धतभासुराखाः
तां ताड़काष्णां निजधान रामः॥
महौय्यमाना भवतःतिमावं
सुराध्ये घस्मरिजलरण।
दिवाऽपि वच्चायुधभूषणायाः
चिणीयते वीरवती न भूमिः॥
दित ज्ञवाणो मध्रं सितस्य
तमाझिहत् मेथिलयज्ञभूमिम्।
रामं मृनः प्रौतमना मखाने
यशांस राज्ञां निजिष्टचिष्यम॥
खिश्यवद्वात्ययिकं तमेत्य
दूता यदार्थं प्रयियासयनः।
खांसिष्ट जाता ज्ञिहिषस्तदासी
उत्काष्टमाने। भरतागृहणाम्॥

3. Convert the first stanza into the active and the second into the passive voice, substituting throughout aerist ( ) forms for the perfect ( ) ones.

4

विक्विंवमे जन्धिर्ममये जहेश्यतं दैत्यकुलं विजिग्ये कल्पान्नदुःस्या वसुधा तथाचे येनैष भारोऽतिगृष्कं तस्य ॥ ख्वाम्यचक्र्नगरस्य मार्गान् ध्वजाम् वबन्धभुमुन्नः खधूपान्। दिशस्य पृष्येस्वक्षविचिनैः सर्थेषु राज्ञा निपृषा नियुक्ताः ॥

4. धसंस्कृतिनसंचानावनिविभाषासामि । धरुविंसपरीवारी पर्याभृता तथापि सास् ॥ श्वःत्रेयसमवाप्तासि आह्नश्यां प्रत्यभाणि सा प्राणिवस्तवसानार्थं त्रजाश्वसिष्टि सावदः ॥ खाचिसोऽनपराधेऽपि नराश्वतन्दियं वयस् ।

6

कुतत्स्य भीत यत्तेभ्यो दुश्चद्भ्योऽपि समामस् ॥ तैर्ष्टक्षत्रणसंभग्नस्प्रसिद्धविपद्यकैः। निमग्रोदिग्रसंस्रोणैः पप्रदीनिय मेदिनी ॥

- (a.) Translate the above into your own vernacular.
- (b) Account for g in giftia.
- (c.) Give the verbal nouns of all the past participles (%) used in the last stanza.
- (d) Analyse into their component parts, संद्यान, अध्येषसं, and कुतस्त्य.
- 5. Give the full meaning of the following in your own words in Sanskrit:

विग्रहस्तव शक्रण व्हस्पतिप्राध्या ।

मार्ड कुमारसेनान्या श्रुन्यसामीति की नयः ।

यदाहं नाथ नायास्यं विनसा हतदास्थ्या ।

नाजास्यस्विमदं मर्व्य प्रमाद्यन् चारदुर्व्यसः ॥

वतस्त्व पाचेसिमतिः खद्दारूदः प्रमादवान् ।

पानशीण्डः त्रियं नेता नात्यसीनसम्मानाः ॥

अध्यंष्वग्रिचित्रसु सोमस्त्वत आश्रमान् ।

असं महेन्द्रियं भागमैति दुस्रावनाऽभना ॥

6. Comment grammatically on the following extracts and render them into English:

श्रक्षाणुपार्थसत जिलराणि; रचीगणं चित्रुमविचताताः; अन्यो र्यातले तु समापि धर्मः; ब्रक्काद्विषसे प्रणिदिन येन; ससीतया राववरारधीयन्

7. Translate the following into Sanskrit:

Boys are always wishing to be men. Then they think they will be strong, and free, and happy. They build fine castles in the air, and think that these will become realities when they grow up to be men.

"Little boy! Do you wish to be a man? The wish is natural, and you are not forbidden to indulge it. But you should consider what kind of a man you would be. Is it a wise and good man? Then remember that this depends upon your conduct as a boy."

8. Give an abstract of the poet's description of a hermitage or penance-grove, and compare it with the fuller delineation of the same which you find in the Raghuvansa.

#### ARABIC POETRY-Morning.

Examiner-Major H. S. Jarrett.

[The figures in the margin indicate the marks.]

- 1. Translate into English:
- يا بني اسمع و صابا جمعت حكما خصت بها خير الملل اطلب العلم و لاتكسل فما \* ابعد الخير على اهل الكسل و احتفل للفقه في الدين ولا \* تشتغل عنه بمال و خول و اهجر النوم و حصله فمن \* يعرف المطلوب يحقو ما بذل لانقال قد ذهبت اربابة \* كل من سار على الدرب وصل في از دياد العلم ارغام العدى \* و جمال العلم اصالح العمل جمل المخطق يالنحو فمن \* يحرم الاعراب في النطق اختبل انظم الشعر و لازم مذهبي \* فاطراح الرفد في الدنيا اقل فهو عنوان على الفضل و ما \* احسن الشعر اذا لم يبتذل مات اهل الجود لم يبق سوئ \* مقرف او من على الأصل اتكل مات اللا اختار تقديل يسد \* قطعها اجمل من قلك القبل ان جزتني عن مديحي صوت في \* رقها او لا فيكفيني الخجل العنب الالفاظ قولي لك خذ \* و المر اللفظ نطقي بلعل ملك كسرئ عنه ثغني كسرة \* و عن البحر اكتفاء بالوشل ملك كسرئ عنه ثغني كسرة \* و عن البحر اكتفاء بالوشل
- 2. What is the metre of the above extract? Scan the first 3 line, writing the feet ( اجز ) under the corresponding feet of the formula in فعل
- 3. Write out the following words, with the diacritical points 4 which they bear in their places in the above poem:—

يحرم - جمل - تقل - حصله - اهجر - تشتغل - احتفل . امر - جزتدي - انكل - مقرف - يبق - اطراح - انظم

- 4. Several nouns in the singular, diverse in form and 3 meaning, make their plural خول, as in line 3. Name some of them.
- 5. The force of the particle من is to apocopate the final 4 wowel of the acrist. Show how this is done in الم يبق (line 10), with the discritical points.

6. Translate into English:

اما و فتور إجفائي النواعس \* وتنزيهي المحاضر و المجالس و اشراقي لعشاقي و يماقد \* كسائي الله من اسني المالبس وماقد حزت من نشر شذاه \* يفوح بطي انفاسي النفائس لقد عديت طورك في مقامي \* وهل احد بمثلك لي يقايس انا في البسط فاتح كل باب \* وخاتم كل زهر في المجالس و ان زفت كؤس الواح أجلى \* على صحبي كما تجلي العرائس و ان نحن اجتمعنا في مقام \* تقم في خدمتي و اظل جالس و ان تك خارسا ما ذاك فخوا \* فكم ما بين صلطان و حارس دع التعريض او صحف فاني \* اراك ان التقي الجمعان ناعس دع التعريض او صحف فاني \* اراك ان التقي الجمعان ناعس و هل للحب من حسن اذا ما \* يكون الورد في خدية غارس

- 7. (a.) Parso fully the line عن نشر شذاه وما قد حزت من نشر شذاه . 4
- (b.) Could يغر (line 3) be written عند and yet remain 4 grammatically correct? Give briefly the rules for the concord of the verb and the agent.
  - 8. Correct the following if incorrect :-

3 - بلغني ان زبد قائم - الا ان زيدا قائما - قلت ان زيدا قائما زرته و اني ذا امل - مررت برجل انه فاضل - عندي انك فاضلا

9. Translate into Arabic, giving all vowel-points:—
"The next year being the thurteenth of Muhammad's mission, Masab returned to Mecca, accompanied by seventy-three men and two women of Medina who had professed Islamism, besides some others who were as yet unbelievers. On their arrival they immediately sent to Muhammad and offered him their assistance, of which he was now in great need, for his adversaries were by this time grown so powerful in Mecca that he could not stay there much longer without imminent danger."

### ARABIC PROSE -- AFTERNOON.

Examiner-Major H. S. Jabrett.

[The figures, in the margin indicate full marks.]

1. Translate into English:

فهضوا على ذلك وبقيت آثار هم أ و احيت بعد موتهم ايامهم اخبارهم فهضي على ذلك مثل الاولين ، و بقى لهم لسان صدق

في الا خرين اذ صنعوا و بهوجب ما سهعوا و فكن حديثا حسنا ذكرة \* فابها الناس احاديث فكن حديثا حسنا ذكرة \* فابها الناس احاديث و انت و ان كنت تسلطت على النخلق \* قفد عدلت ايضا و لكن عن النحق \* و رعيت و لكن اموالهم و زروعهم \* و حبيت و لكن بالنار قلو بهم و ضلوعهم • و اسست و لكن قواعد الفئن • و سرت ولكن على سيراماتة السنن \* ومعهذا فلوعرجت الى السبع الشداد • مابلغت منزلة فرعون و شدان \* و لو رفعت قصورك على شوامخ الاطواد • ماضاهت ارم ذات العماد التي لم يخلق مثلها في البلاد \* فانظر لمن نهي و امر \* ثم مضي و غبر \* و لكن ممن طغي و فجر • فانظر لمن نهي و امر \* ثم مضي و غبر \* و لكن ممن طغي و فجر • و تولئ و كفر \* و اقنع بهذا النحطاب \* عن الجواب \* و اعط القوس باريها \* و اتراك الدار لبانيها \* و تول الله و رسوله و الذين آمنو و الا فانت اذا مهن تولئ في الارض ليفسد فيها \* فاني اذ ذاك امشي عليك \* و اضرب على يديك \* و امنعك من السعي في الفساد بان اسوى بدن رحليك \*

- 2. Is any portion of the above extract (exclusive of the verse) a quotation? if so, write out the quoted words, and name the work whence they are taken.
- 3. (a.) Explain السبع الشدار. Write the words with dia- 3 critical points. Note on شدار in the following line.
- (b.) Can زارع , with reference to ارم, be rendered into English in more than one way? Comment on it fully.
- (c.) What is the double sense of عرجت which renders its use 3 (in line 8) specially applicable? Give the various meanings of غبر.
- 4. Write the word قول in line 13, with discritical points. 4

  Give its root (مصدر), its conjugation (باب), and inflect it through the remaining persons of its mood.

  5. Translate into English:
- 6 و اهلم ان عقول العقلاء متحيرة في امر الحشائش وعجائبها وافهام الاذكياء قاصرة عن ضبط خواصها و فوائدها « وكيف لامع مايشاهد من اختلاف صو قضبانها و اختلاف اشكالها و الوانها و عجيب

صور اوراقها و ازهارها وكل لون منها ينقسم الى اقسام كالسموة مثلا فانها وردي و ارجواني وسوسني و شقائقى و آذريوني و الى غير ذلك مع اشتراك كلها في السموة \* ثم عجائب روائسها و مخالفة بعضها بعضا مع اشتراك الكل فى الطيب \* ثم عجائب اشكال حبوبها فانه لكل و احد شكل و ورق و عرق و زهر و لون و طعم و رائسة و خاصية بل حاصيات لا يعرفها الاالله تعالى \* و التي عرفها الانسان بالنسبة الى مالم يعرفه كقطرة من بحر و لدذكر شيا

من خواصها مرتبة على حروف المعجم ان شاء الله تعالى ... 6. Give the singulars of the following: عقال عقال ... عشائش عقال ... فعال ... اذكيا

that they may have.

- 7. What number is expressed by the plural of paucity 3 ( كُنُرة ) and what by the plural of multitude ( كُنُرة ) What is the smallest number that can be expressed by a plural of a plural ( جمع الجمع ) ؟
- 8. Give the imperatives of يشاهد and انقسم and انقسم, 2nd person 4 singular only, and the 3rd person plural (feminine) of their preterite (ماضي), and acrist (مضارع), with vowel-points.
- 9. Translate into Arabic, write neatly, and place the vowel-points:—
- "It is with extreme regret that I hear of the loss you have sustained. I can understand the nature and extent of your grief when I consider the many great and amiable qualities that distinguished your son. My long friendship with him, and the attachment I feel towards you, while enabling me to share in your sorrow, render me at the same time as much in need of consolation as yourself."

## PERSIAN POETRY-Morning.

Examiner-Major H. S. JARRETT.

[N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.]

1. Translate into English:-

درامد بهن خوابی از جوش مغز . دران خواب دیدم یکی باغ نغز کزان بان رنگین رطب چید می . و زو دادمی هر کرا دید می

رطب چین درآمدزدوشینه خواب \* دماغی پر آنش دهانی پرآب بر آورد موذن باول قذروت \* که سبحان حی الذی لا یموت بر آمد زمن ناله بی آگهی • کزاندیشه پرگشتم از خود تهی چو صبح سعادت بر آمد پگالا \* شدم زندلا چون باد در صبحگالا شب افروز شمعی بر افروختر \* وز اندیشه چون شمع میسوختم دلم با زبان در سخن پروری \* چوهاروت و زهرلا بافسون گری که بیشغل چندین نباید نشست \* دگر بار طرزی نو آرم بدست بوائی غریب آورم در سرود \* دهم جان پیشینگان را درود فرونی غریب آورم در سرون \* دهم جان پیشینگان را درود فرون چسراغی ز پروانه \* درختی برارم ز یک دانه که هر کافکند میوه زین درخت \* نشانده را گوید ای نیک دانه بشرطی که مشتی فرو ما یگان \* ندزند کالای همسا یگان بشوطی که مشتی فرو ما یگان \* ندزند کالای همسا یگان مندم شهنشالا گوهر فروشان مندم شهنشالا گوهر فروشان مندم شهنشالا گوهر فروشان مندم بدین چار سو چون نهم دستگالا \* که ایمن نبیاشم ز دزدان را الای

2. What is the metre ( وزن ) of this extract? Mention 2 any other Persian poems written in the same measure, that you may have read.

3. Analyze the word sinkly in line 15. Write out the infinitive and present tense of all verbs that form compound adjectives in that line.

(a.) Write those two words with their vowel-points.

(b.) Explain the allusion in the second hemistich (مصراع ) 2 of line 8.

# 5. Translate into English: -

- ای ز روی نسبت ذاتت ولایت را شرف .
- \* وي بزير ساية جاهت نبوت را يناه .
- \* سايعً يزداني و انسوار سيمايت دليل .
- داور کوند\_ني و انواع احسانت سپاه .
- . دست حفظت بهرچابکخیزی و بربستگے .

2

- \* بو میان شعله بو دنده نطاق از درگ کالا \*
- شاخ شاخ و برگ برگش تازی برهم ریختند \*
- تا زباغ همتت خواندبم طوبي را گياه •
- . شدهد عدلت بدست خلق در ایوان دهر .
- سندل و ریحان فشاند فنده را در خوانگاه \*
- « بسكة دست رحمدت آرايش هر چهره كرد «
- \* عشق ميورزد بحسن باس و اصيد اشتبالا \*
- \* توشه گير انتفاع از ريزش جود تو جود \*
- \* خوشه چين ار نفاع از مزرع جالا تو جالا \*
- از خیال هیدتت الدیشه سیرد در ضهیر ه
- \* وز نشان آسذانت سجدج رقصد در جدالا \*
- 6. Is it necessary to the proper scansion ( قطيع ) of the second line that the word وي should be written as it is? Could it be written in any other way? Resolve it into constituents.
  - 7. Explain the final ي and the second in 2 عوديذي in lines 4 and 3.
  - 8. (a) Write an explanatory note on lines 5 and 6.
- (b. Is جناع, in line 16, singular or plural? Give both forms of the word.
  - (c.) Give the etymology of انتفاع , اشتباء and ارتفاع and ارتفاع . 1
- (d.) What is the metre of the poem? Show your method of 2 ascertaining it.
  - 9. Translate into Persian: -
- "According to historians, so much treasure and such numbers of elephants as were collected in the household of this monarch, were never possessed by any other of that dynasty. He had three thousand male and female elephants: and in the reign of any other king we read only of two thousand. The sums of gold accumulated by him exceeded by a full half those acquired by other princes. None before him so completely reduced the rajahs and zemindars of the Carnatic, from whom he wrested much of the accumulated riches of 700 years: and it is computed that in his reign nearly 500,000 fell by the swords of the warriors of Islam, by which the population of the Carnatic was so reduced, that it did not recover for several ages."

#### PERSIAN PROSE-AFTERNOON.

#### Examiner-Major H. S. Jarrett.

[The figures in the margin indicate full marks.]

1. Translate into English: -

ال شکر نوازشهای سرفراز نامه مگر نهمان زبان رافت بیان ادا توان نمود - بعنوان قرحمی که در پرسش حال دعاگر پرداختهاند - و مشت خاکی را بنواهای تعظیم سربلده ساخته \* فضل الهی یاور دات رحمت آبات ایشان باد - و سایهٔ التفات شما را از سر نی دست و پایان بر مگیران \* بیت مشهود مصمون شاهد احوال اخلاص مآل بود - که نمقتضای اتحاد معنوی از قلم حقائق رقم آن دانای حفیقت جلولا نمود \* بتوجه عالمگیردام اخلاقی نگسترد باند ده دلها را صورت رای تواند بود - و کمند شفهتی نیفگندهاند که معلمه واری از گددن اخلاص توان کشود \*

- « سحر كز الفعال ماكسى مي دست و پا رفتم «
- \* عرق گل کرد و من سيالب دانستم ز جا رفتم \*
- \* مقامت ديده جابت ولهمان خلوت همين محفل \*
- \* بدل ليجيده ام چون اشك گو از ديدها رفتم \*

2

2. Write out separately those words in the whole of this passage that bear the izáfut.

3 (a.) Mark the vowel-points of the undermentioned words with distinctness, and give their etymology:—

التعات - اتحاد - مفتصاي - الهي - ترحمي - رافت مطلق التعال and انفعال

(b.) Resolve برمگیرای into its constituent parts, and give 2 their meaning. Could the letter min (م) in it be removed to any other position without altering the sense?

4. Translate into English literally :-

10 باندازهٔ طبع و قادش بلند آسمان کوتان اوج - و باغور و فکو نفادش ژرف دریا ندگ موج و بمعجز نغمهای داوودی موم کنندهٔ دلهای آهنین - و برطوبت قرانهای بار بدی از مغز زهد یموست

مچن و در گلش ترانه ساری جرم رهوه را بگل تسلیم شاگردی در تارات آرائی - و در صفیحه وقم طرازی صفر عطارد را بنقطه امتحان قلم در مرتبه افزائی و بلبل اگر بنغهای و نقش او نفس برامیود - کهن ترانه خود را با حرف گل از منفار فرو ریزد و بشهد فصاحت چاشنی بالخت درکام و زدان ابهاشده و دکلید طلاقت ففل لکنت از درج بیان برداشته و بروشای بیانش شام طبعان در صبح طرازی - برسائی ادایش کوتاه درکان در زبان درازی و دسترس طرازی - برسائی ادایش کوتاه درکان در زبان درازی و دسترس بمعانی سره کجاست نه فطرتش برطاق بلند نهاده - و قدرت خریداری لفاظ سنجیده کراست که فصاحتش به دیعانگی قیمت خریداری لفاظ سنجیده کراست که فصاحتش به دیعانگی قیمت داده و عبارت را پاکی لولوی عدن - و العاظرا بوی فیروژ کهن و داده و عبارت را پاکی لولوی عدن - و العاظرا بوی فیروژ کهن و داده و عبارت را پاکی لولوی عدن - و العاظرا بوی فیروژ کهن و

- \* مثنو*ي* \*
- 5. (a.) What particular allusions are intended by the words on connection with دارودي and عطاره and عطاره with reterence to عطاره.
- (b.) State the English names for 3 عطاره and name, عطاره and name, 3 if you can, the remaining five of what are called
- 6. Give the etymology of طلاقت ـ سرة ـ يبوست عقاد ـ وقاه and definition with their vowel-points.
- 7. When a noun ends in 2 in Persian, how is the idea of 1 unity, as given by the English indefinite article, expressed? and how with other terminations? Give examples.
  - 8. Translate into Persian:—
- "Fazi was sent on a special embassy to the kings of the Dekkan previous to the invasion of that country; and Abu'l Fazl lived to attain the highest military rank and to hold the office of Prime Minister. Akbar's distress at the loss of Abu'l Fazl has been mentioned, and the account of his behaviour at the death of Faizi is the more to be relied on as it is given by an enemy. It was midnight when the news was brought to him that Faizi was dying: on which he hastened to his apartment and found him already nearly insensible. He raised his head and called out to him with a familiar term of endearmeut, "Shaikhji, I have brought Ali the physician to you—why do you not speak?" Finding that he received no answer, he threw his turban on the ground and burst into the strongest expressions of sorrow. When he had recovered his composure he went to Abu'l Fazl, who had withdrawn from the scene of death, and remained for some time endeavouring to console him before he returned to the palace.

# For Female Candidates.

#### **~~** ⊕ **~~**

#### BENGALI-MORNING.

Examiner-REV. K. M. BANERJEA, D. L.

Full marks.

- 1. a. What is the subject of the "Nirvásiter viláp"?
- 3
- b. What is the difference between the words নিৰ্বাদিত, প্ৰবা-দিত, and প্ৰোষিত?
- c. How do the following words differ in meaning from each other, viz., নিবাস, প্রবাস, আবাস and বাস
  - 2. a. Translate into English the following lines:

### নিবিবার নয়

সে অপ্রিণ, জনলে যাহা তাহার অন্তরে, দেখিলে ভাহার মুখ পাষাণ বিদরে। কেহ বলে— শিশু তার কুচির-দশন. আদে যবে খেলাইতে সহাস্যবদন, অপুর বালক সনে; তাহারা সকলে আপন পিতার কথা পরসপর বলে:--কোন শিশু বলে, 'বাবা দেবেগো আমারে কেমন পুতুল কিনে ! বলেছি বাবারে ? কোন শিশু বলে 'বাবা কিনেছে আমার, কেমন সুন্দর যুতো।' আহা অভাগার অভাগা সন্তান, হায়! বলে আধন্বরেঃ---'কাল গো আমার বাবা আগিবেক ঘরে. কতকি আমার তবে আনিবে কিনিয়ে বল শুনি ভাতৃগণ দেকথা শুনিয়ে কাহার পাষাণ-মন গলিয়া না যায়; না ফাঁদে এরপ নর কে আছে ধরায়!

- b. Derive নিবিবার, দশন, সনে, কিনে, and বিদরে
- c. Is विषद् used as a transitive or instransitive verb?
- d. In what case is ভাতুগৰ?
- e. Give three synonyms of ধ্রা
- 3. a. Turn the following lines into prose using as far as possible words different from the text:

14

क्रानकी विश्दन यदत दमत त्रभूतत् কাঁদিলেন চিত্রকুটে, হইয়া কাত্র ফিরিলেন বনে বনে করি অম্বেষণ: কোথায় জানকী! মোর হইল ভুমণ। বৈদেহি বৈদেহি! করে চাতকের মত কাঁদিলেন উর্ক্নেত্রে শুধ্ অবিরত; অবশেষে ক্লান্ত হয়ে বনিয়া উপলে. রাখি শির লক্ষণের গুরু উরস্থলে, যথন নিরাশ হয়ে করিয়া রোদন, বলিলেন দীনস্বরে -- "ভাইরে! লক্ষণ! যাওরে কোশলধামে; যাওরে ফিরিয়া, অদ্যাবধি রাম নাম যাওরে ভুলিয়া; সুমিত্রা মাতার তুমি অঞ্লের ধন, ফিরে পুমি অযোধ্যাতে কররে গমন; রাম সীতা কোথা বলে জিজানিবে যবে. উঠনা কাঁদিয়া ভাই! বলোৱে তা সবে. 'তাঁদিগে শার্দূলে ধরে করেছে আহার ; একাকী এলাম আমি লয়ে সমাচার। ?

- 6. Give three synonyms of উপল
- c. What is nominative to the verb জিজানিবে?
- d. In what case is শাৰ্দুলে?
- 4. জানি ভাই সদাগতি! তোমার যে বল।
  কিবা শাখী বজু দম! অথবা অচল॥
  অভুভেদী চূড়া যার অশনি প্রহারে।
  না হয় কাতর কতু থাকে একাকারে॥
- a. What is স্মান্তি and why is it so called? What is the description given here of its force?
- b. What is the derivation and meaning of শাগা and আচল ? Why is the top of the latter called অভুভেদী ?
  - c. Give the meaning of আশনি

তথন জননি! কিগো ভেবেছিলে মনে। পয়োদানে অহি-শিশু পুষিছ ভবনে॥

- d. Is not the last vowel of जननी long? Why is it short here?
- c. Give the meaning of প্রোদান and আহি-শিশ্ব Can the first word have more than one meaning?

অন্তরে অন্তরে জ্বলে গুরু হুতাশন।

f. Give the meaning and derivation of হৃতাশন।
কিন্ত হায়! কিবা পুণ্য করেছে পামর।
যার বলে সিয়ৄজলে তাজে কলেবর॥

मकात्म ভবের ব্রুত করে উদ্যাপন।

শমন-সদন সুখে করিতে গমন॥

- 5. a. Translate these four lines into English.
- b Who is শ্যুর and why is he so called?
- c. Give three synonyms of ভব and derive সদন
- d What is the metre called, in which the Nirvásiter vilap is written? What is its scale?

— ব্যদ্ধন-প্রনে।

ক্রমে মুগ্ধ চরাচর; কুলায়ে গোপনে॥ নীরবিল বিহঙ্গম।

- 6. a. Give the meaning of the last sentence in these lines.
- b. Derive বিহলম

नम्रन मूनिया भाडी करत दामहन।

c. Give the meaning of রোমন্ত্র in English.

উগারিছে দীপালোক শীওল-কির্ণ

- d. Parse this sentence
- e. Explain the samasa in শীতল-কিব্ৰ

# for Female Candidates.

BENGALI-AFTERNOON.

Examiner-REV. K. M. BANERJEA, D. L.

Full marks.

1. a. Translate the following passage into English:

নিকৃষ্ট প্রবৃত্তি দকল চরিতার্থ হইলে প্রবল হয়। এক বার যে কুক্মোর অনুষ্ঠান করা যায়, তাহার প্রতি আর তাদৃশ ঘৃণা থাকে না। অধর্মের প্রতি দচ্চরিত্র দাধু বাজিদানের যে বভাব-দিদ্ধ অঞ্জা ও ঘূণা থাকে, তাহার হুাস হওয়াই দোষ। তাহার হুাস হইলেই পাপের পথ প্রশন্ত হইতে থাকে। যেমন কোন সেতুর কোন দ্বানেছিদু হইলে, তদ্বারা প্রতিহ্ণণ জল নির্গত হইয়া প্রতিহ্ণণই নেইছিদ্রের আয়তন বৃদ্ধি হয়, ও ক্রমে ক্রমে সমুদায় সেতু ভগ্ন হইয়া তাহার সমীপবত্তা ভূমি-থও জলে প্লাবিত হয়, সেইরূপ, আয়রা য়ত বার কুকর্মের অনুষ্ঠান করি, তাহার প্রত্যেক বারেই ধর্মের প্রতি অনুরাগ হুাস হইয়া অধর্মের প্রতি কাকর্মণ বৃদ্ধি হয়। এইরূপ অপ্প অভ্যাচার করিয়া অন্তঃকরণ এমত পাপাসক হইতে পারে, যে অবশেষে ঘোরতর কুকর্মা করিতেও আর সঙ্কুচিত হয় না। এক সময়ে যে বাক্তি যে কুকর্মের প্রসন্ধ শুনিবা মাত্র অভ্যন্ত ঘূণা ও বিয়য় প্রকাশ করে, পরে সেই ব্যক্তি অভ্যাসের বশীভূত হইয়া অসঙ্কুচিত চিত্তে অয়ান বদনে সেই ঘূণাকর কুৎসিত পাপে প্রবৃত্ত হইতে পারে।

- b. What emotions are according to the classification of the Dharma-niti included in নিক্ষপ্রতি? What other emotions are mentioned in the same work?
- c. Distinguish between আশ্রা মূলা and বিশার as these are used in the above extract.
- d. What useful purpose does a সেতৃ, in the sense of the above extract, serve?
- e. What is the peculiar term used among rural people for the sort of for indicated in the above extract?
- 2. সম্ভানগণের ভরণ পোষণ ওশিক্ষাসাধন ওসুখদস্পাদনের উপায় করা জনক জননীর অবশ্য-পরিশোধ্য গ্লণ-ম্বরূপ। আমাদের অপ তাম্মেহ-বৃত্তি উপচিকীষার সহকৃত হইয়া এই সকল কন্তব্য কর্ম্ম সম্পাদনে অনুমতি প্রদান করিতেছে। যাঁহাদের অপত্য-শ্লেহ ও-ধর্মপ্রবৃত্তি সমুদায় আবশ্যক মত তেজম্বিনী থাবে, তাহারা আপনা হইতেই এই সমস্ত পরম-কল্যাণকর বৃত্ত পালনে তৎপর হইয়া থাকেন।
  - a. What is the etymological meaning of উপ্তিকীৰ্বা?
- b. Translate the last sentence into English from the words বাঁহাদের অপত্য-যেহ to the end.
  - c. What is the meaning of অবশ্য-পরিশোধ্য
  - d. Derive তেজখিনী

3. a. Translate the following passage into English:

12

যথন দেখি, কোন যৌবনাবস্থ মুমূর্ ব্যক্তির পতিপ্রাণা প্রিয়তমা ভার্যা, নিজগৃহ হইতে চিকিৎসকদিগকে ক্ষমনে ম্লানবদনে প্রস্থান করিতে দৃষ্টি করিয়া, সভয় চিত্তে সঙ্গিনীগণকে স্থীয় পতির রোগের বার্ত্তা জিজ্ঞাসা করিতেছে, এবং প্রক্ষণেই তাহাকে মৃত্যু-শয্যায় শ্যান করিবার নিমিত্ত পরিজন-বর্গকে উদ্যত দেখিয়া, চতুর্দিক শূন্যবৎ ভাবলোকন পূর্মক ধরাতলে পতিত ও লুন্টিত হইয়া, আপনার ধূলি-শয্যা অক্রজলে আদু করিতেছে, ও নিতান্ত নিঃসহায় নব বৈধবা দশা উপস্থিত ভাবিয়া একেবারে হতাশা হইয়া, পরিসফুট রবে ক্রন্দন করিতেছে, তথন ইহা শারীরিক নিয়ম লঙ্খনেরই প্রতাক্ষ প্রতিফল ক্রপে প্রতীয়্মান হয়।

- b. Derive মুমুর্ and give its etymological meaning.
- c. What is the exact meaning of পতিপ্ৰাৰ
- d. What is the difference between শ্রান and শ্য়ন
- 4. তাঁহার অচিন্ত্য, অনির্ব্বচনীয়, পরমাশ্চর্য্য, পরাৎপর স্বরূপ ৪-পর্য্যালোচনা করিলে, কাহার অন্তঃকরণ প্রগাঢ় ভক্তি-রদে আদু না হইয়া ক্ষান্ত থাকিতে পারে ?
  - a. Parse the word সুকুপ
  - b. What is the meaning of ক্ষান্ত and আৰু :

5. Translate the following passage into Bengali:

12

On the 7th November Mary Carpenter arrived a second time in Bombay. She had intended to proceed at once to Ahmedabad; but the removal of friends, the heavy damage caused by recent floods, and other circumstances, had produced a serious depression; and she therefore relinquished the plan of starting an independent school there, and determined to remain in Bombay. No steps had as yet been taken for the establishment of the Normal School in that city, except the engagement of an English certificated Training mistress. Within four days of her landing she had reviewed the position and resolved upon her course. She offered her services gratuitously to the Government as Lady Superintendent; and when this proposal was gladly accepted, she immediately began to make preparations for the reception of the ladies who were to take part with her in the work.

8

7

#### ANCIENT HISTORY-Mouning.

### Examiner—Rev. W. Hastie, B. D.

#### N. B .- The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1. Give a concise account of the Phenicians as regards their ethnology, language, religion, civilization, colonies, and importance in history.
- 2. Point out the sources and extent of our historical knowledge of the ancient Persians, and describe their religion, government, and social life.
- 3. Sketch the history of Israel under the Judges, and describe the political extent and state of the kingdom in the age of Solomon.
- 4. Give an historical and descriptive account of the City of Babylon, and summarise what has been ascertained from its ruins regarding the Babylonian civilization.
- 5. Write brief biographies of:—1. Rameses the Great; 2. 6 Cyrus; 3 Hamilear Barca; 4. Antiochus Emphanes.
- 6. Narrate concisely the following events: -1. The over-throw of the Assyrian Empire; 2. The war between Alyattes and Cyaxares; 3 The invasion of Egypt by Cambuses.
- 7. Draw an outline map of the region between the Indus and the Mediterranean, putting in the countries, rivers, and cities of chief importance in ancient History.
- 8. State the facts which have been ascertained regarding 4 the historical connexions and communications between ancient India and the West.

#### HISTORY—AFTERNOON.

#### Examiner—REV. JAS. ROBERTSON, M. A.

#### N. B.—The figures in the mergin indicate full marks.

- 1. Give the traditional origin of the Hellenic race, and indicate the geographical position of the principal states belonging to each of its four great branches. State at some length the leading characteristics of the political history of Greece
- 2. Trace the development of the political institutions of Athens to the time of Clisthenes, and contrast them with those of Sparta as determined by Lycurgus.
- 3. Give an outline of the struggle between the Persians and the Greeks to the death of Cimon; and show how Athens became the first power in Greece.
- 4. Describe and characterise the part played in the history of Greece by Sparta under Agesilaus; and trace briefly the course of events from his death to the subversion of Greek independence by Philip of Macedon
- 5. Describe the state of Rome under Tarquin the Proud, and explain fully the character and extent of the revolution that resulted in his expulsion. State what elements in the constitution of the Roman republic were derived from the times of the

kings; and trace the steps by which the plebeians established their claim to share in the government.

- 6 Describe fully the course of events by which Greece 5 became a Roman province. Give the name of the province.
- 7. Give an account of the downfall of the Roman Republic, 6 specifying its leading causes.

6

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3

5

- 8. Indicate the extent of the Roman empire under Augustus, and describe briefly the social and political condition of Rome under the Casars.
- 9. Write short accounts of the life and times of Alcibiades, Demosthenes, Fabius Maximus, Marcus Aurelius, and Constantine the Great.

# EUCLID, ARITHMETIC, AND ALGEBRA-MORNING.

Examiner-Mr. John Eliot, M. A.

N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. In equal circles angles, whether at the centres or circumferences, have the same ratio that the circumferences on which they stand have to one another.

2. What is meant by a solid angle?

Prove that every selid angle is contained by plane angles 3 which together are less than four right angles

- 3. Given the base, altitude, and radius of the circumscribing 4 circle of a triangle. Describe it.
- 4 Inscribe in a given rectangle a rectangle which shall be similar to another given rectangle
  - 5. Reduce to its lowest terms:—

$$\frac{\frac{3}{11} + \frac{1}{21} + \frac{7}{3} - \frac{1}{5}}{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}} \text{ of } \frac{\frac{4}{11} \text{ of } \frac{3}{1\frac{1}{6}} - \frac{4}{3\frac{1}{3}} \text{ of } \frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{1\frac{1}{3}}}{\frac{2}{206} \text{ of } \frac{17}{7} \text{ of } 3\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{1}{5} \text{ of } 1\frac{5}{6} \text{ of } \frac{1}{6}$$

and find the value correct to three places of decimals of-

$$\frac{\sqrt{.05 - .065}}{\sqrt{.05} - \sqrt{.05}}$$

6. If 7 per cent, be gained by selling goods for 695 rapees, what percentage would be lost by selling them for 615 rapees?

7. Prove that—
$$a^{2}\left(\frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{c}\right) + b^{2}\left(\frac{1}{c} - \frac{1}{a}\right) + c^{2}\left(\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{b}\right)$$

$$a\left(\frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{c}\right) + b\left(\frac{1}{c} - \frac{1}{a}\right) + c\left(\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{b}\right) = a + b + c.$$

8. Solve the following equations:—

$$\frac{(1.) \ \frac{(x+a) \ (x+mb)}{(x-ma) \ (x-b)} = \frac{(mx+a) \ (x+b)}{(x-a) \ (mx-b)}$$

9. Prove that the sum of the roots of the equation  $x^2 + px = 0$  is equal to -p and their product to q.

If  $\alpha + \sqrt{\beta}$  be the roots, prove that  $\frac{1}{\alpha} \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{\beta}}$  will be the roots of the equation  $(p^2 - 4q)(p^2x^2 + 4px) = 16q$ .

10 Find the number of permutations of n things, taken r = 3 together. In how many of these will three given things occur?

11 Find the sums of the following series:—
5

(1) 
$$(x + y)^2 + (x^2 + y^2) + (x - y)^2 + &c$$
 to n terms

(2) 
$$1 + \frac{3}{2} + \frac{7}{4} + \frac{15}{8} + &c. to n terms.$$

(3) 
$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{9} + \frac{5}{27} + &c. to n terms.$$

12. State the Binominal Theorem.

Employ it to show that  $\sqrt[3]{1010} = 10033 +$ 

Find the first two terms in negative powers of x of the expansion of

$$\frac{x-h}{\{(x-h)^2+h^2\}}^{\frac{3}{2}}-\frac{x+h}{\{(x+h)^2+k^2\}}^{\frac{3}{2}}.$$

where x is large compared with either h or k.

Prove that-

$$\left(\frac{1+x}{1-x}\right)^n = 1+n\frac{2x}{1+x}+\frac{n\cdot n+1}{1\cdot 2}\cdot \frac{2^2x^2}{(1+x)^2}+\&c.$$

# TRIGONOMETRY AND STATICS-AFTERNOON.

Examiner-Mr. W. Geiffiths, M. A.

N. B .- The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

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4

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- 1. Assuming the ratio of the circumference of the circle to the diameter to be 333: 106, find the length of an arc which subtends an angle of 66° 15' at the centre of a circle whose radius is 48 feet. What is the circular measure of 176s 66' 66" .6?
- 2. Prove that (i)  $\sin (180^{\circ} A) = \sin A$ , (ii)  $\sin (A + B) = \sin A \cos B + \cos A \sin B$ , and find the values of  $\sin 810^{\circ}$ ,  $\cos 855^{\circ}$ ,  $\tan 930^{\circ}$ ,  $\sin 15^{\circ}$ .
  - 3. Prove the following identities:—

    (i)  $\cos A \cos B = 2 \sin \frac{A + B}{2} \sin \frac{B A}{2}$ .
    - (ii)  $1 8 \cos^2 A + 8 \cos^4 A = \cos 1A$ .
    - (iii)  $\cos^2 A + \cos^2 B 2 \sin A \sin B \cos (A + B) \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \cos 2 (A + B)$ .

If  $\tan A = \frac{2mn}{m^2 - n^2}$ , find  $\tan \frac{\Lambda}{2}$ .

4. Define a logarithm. Given  $\log 2 = 30103$ , find  $\log 5$ ,  $\log (0.0125)^{\frac{1}{5}}$ , L  $\sin 45^{\circ}$ 

Prove that  $\log_a x \log_b y - \log_b x \log_a y$ .

5. In any triangle prove that  $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$ . If  $a = \sqrt{y^2 + z^2}$ ,  $b = \sqrt{x^2 + z^2}$ ,  $c = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ , show that  $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \sqrt{\frac{(y^2 + z^2)(z^2 + z^2)(x^2 + y^2)}{x^2y^2 + y^2z^2 + x^2z^2}}$ .

6. In any triangle ABC prove that  $\tan \frac{A-B}{2} = \frac{a-b}{a+b} \cot \frac{C}{2}$ .

If CD bisects the angle C and meets AB in D, show that

$$CD = \frac{2ab}{a+b} \cos \frac{C}{2}.$$

7. Prove that a particle will be at rest under the action of three forces represented in ninguitude and way of action by the sides of a triangle taken in order.

ABCD is a quadrilateral, and forces acting at a point are represented in magnitude and way of action by AB, DC, BD, and AC; what is their resultant?

8. If three forces acting in one plane maintain a rigid body in equilibrium, prove that their lines of action either all meet at a point or are all parallel.

A uniform heavy rod of length 2a is supported, with its upper end resting at a point A against a smooth vertical wall, by means of a fine string of length  $\sqrt{13}a$  attached to the lower end of the

rod and to a given point in the wall vertically above A. Find the inclination of the rod to the wall, and show that the tension

of the string = 
$$\frac{\sqrt{39}}{6}$$
 × weight of the rod.

9. Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant of two like parallel forces acting on a rigid body.

A uniform lever of weight W is acted on at the ends A and B by weights P and Q, of which Q is the greater, show that if C be the fulcrum and O the middle point of the lever,

OC. AB:: Q - P : 2 (P + Q + W).

10. Define centre of gravity. Given the centre of gravity of a part of a body, and also the centre of gravity of the whole body, find the centre of gravity of the remainder.

A portion ADE of a uniform triangular lamina ABC is cut off by any straight line DE. If O, O' be the middle points of BC and DE, G the centre of gravity of the whole lamina and w, w, the weight of the whole, and of the portion cut off respectively show that the contre of gravity of the remainder BCED is (1) on the straight line through G parallel to OO', and (2) is at a

distance from 
$$G = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{w'}{w - w'} OO'$$

Find the ratio between the power and weight for equilibrium in the system of pullies in which each pully hangs by a separate string.

If there be three pullies and their weight, beginning with the lowest, be  $w_1$ ,  $w_2$ ,  $w_3$  respectively, show that if the weight

supported be 
$$\frac{w_1}{3} + \frac{2w_2}{3} + \frac{4w_3}{3}$$
 the mechanical advantage is 2.

12. A heavy particle W is supported on a smooth inclined plane, whose inclination to the horizon is  $\sigma$ , by two forces each equal to P, one acting along the plane and the other horizontally;

show that the pressure on the plane =  $W = P \cot \overline{2}$ 

# Alternative paper for Female Candibates. BOTANY.

#### Examiner—Dr. Geo. King.

- Describe the structure of a grain of rice or wheat.
- Describe stigmata, and state their uses.
- What is meant by the albumen of the seed? What is its use?
- Describe generally the circulation of the sap in flowering 4. plants.
  - Write a botanical description of the plant given to you. 5.
  - Describe in botanical terms the objects A and B.
- What are the chief economic products derived in India from Leguminous plants?
- 8. What do you mean by the terms rhizome, carpel, calyx node, axil, panicle.

is inventive genius?

# PSYCHOLOGY-Morning.

# Examiner-MR. J. SIME, M. A.

N. B .- The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

[N. B.—Cundidates may answer either of the following series of

questions ]	
Reid's.Inquiry.	
1. Explain briefly, but distinctly, the general aim of Roid's Inquiry, noticing the function he assigns to common sense.	5
2. Descartes found something certain in thought. Explain	6
this, and refer to any misconceptious of Reid on the point.  3. State clearly the Idealism in Perception of Locke, Berkeley, and Hume, shewing that each view follows inevitably from the preceding. Reid charges these philosophers with an	ธ
"error persona." Explain this. 4. Distinguish between sensation and perception, and between the primary and secondary qualities of body. How are the latter related to the former?	6
5. Explain and illustrate natural and artificial signs. How does Reid make use of these in his doctrine of perception?	5
6. Analyse Reid's perception by touch. Does he succeed in establishing a doctrine of immediate perception? Give reasons.	6
7. How, according to Reid, is extension perceived? How, in their relation to the real qualities, do the visible appearances of	6
figure and colour differ? Add your own remarks.  8. State Reid's theory regarding our seeing objects creet by	5
inverted images. How does this view differ from Berkeley's?  9. Take memory and imagination, and examine Reid's account of the knowledge and belief involved in these.	6
Abercrombie's Intellectual Powers.  1. How does Abercrombic meet the argument that the mind	5
is a function of the brain? On what does he base the belief of the soul's immortality?	J
2. Explain the process by which, according to Abercrombie, we acquire a knowledge of external things. Can there be any knowledge without attention?	6
3. Distinguish between the primary and secondary qualities of body. In foggy air objects seem to be further away than they	5
really are. Explain this.  4. What elements are involved in probability? What in credible testimony? How does Abercrombie distinguish between	•
a marvellous event and a miracle?  5. Explain, according to Abercrombie, recollection, concep-	5
tion, reverie, and voluntary suggestion.  6. State clearly the nature of the dispute between nominalism  What is consented in a second	ŧ
7. Explain the nature of first truths, and enumerate the chief of them. How does A ercrombie interpret what is called	•
necessity in moral phenomena?  8. Define reason, and explain what constitutes truth, in col-	6
lecting facts, in tracing causation and in generalisation. What	

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9. Note the points of resemblance and of difference between the phenomena of imagination, dreaming, and insanity. The poet does not believe in the actual existence of his own creations. Wherefore?

#### CHEMISTRY-Morning.

## Examiner-Mr. A. Pedler, f. c. s.

N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Fifty grammes of sodium are thrown on water, what new substances will be produced, and what will be their weights? What volume will the gas occupy at normal temperature and pressure? (Na = 23.)

2. What is a harometer, and how is it made? Describe some experiments which show clearly that it is the pressure of the atmosphere which supports the column of inercury in a barometer.

3. What are the chief commercial sources of ammonium compounds? How would you prepare ammonia gas, and what are its properties?

4. How would you prepare hydrochloric acid gas, and what are its properties? How would you show clearly the volumetric composition of the gas?

5. One hundred cubic centimetres of dry carbon dioxide are measured at 27° C., and 684 millimetres pressure, what will its volume be at — 13° C., and 834 millimetres pressure? What will be the weight of the gas?

6 Three volumes of a gaseous compound containing carbon and hydrogen are mixed with 12 volumes of oxygen, and an electric spark is passed. After the explosion 9 volumes of mixed gases are left, of which 3 volumes are oxygen, and 6 volumes are carbon dioxide. What is the formula of the original gas?

7. What are the properties of sulphuretted hydrogen, and for what purposes is it used in a chemical laboratory? A solution containing sodium chloride, ferrous sulphate and copper sulphate is given, how can these metals be separated by sulphuretted hydrogen?

8. A lighted taper is applied to each of the following mixtures of gases; (a.) Mixture of sulphuretted hydrogen and oxygen; (b.) Mixture of chlorine and oxygen; (c.) Mixture of marsh gas and air; (d.) Mixture of nitrogen and hydrogen; and (e) Mixture of bydrogen and chlorine. State exactly what will happen in each case.

9. Define the terms atom, molecule, acid, and base.

10. Classify the non-metals according to their atomicity or quantivalence. Give examples of compounds, showing clearly the quantivalence of each non-metal.

### LOGIC-AFTERNOON.

Examiner - Dr. A. F. Rudolf Hoernle	
N. B The figures in the margin indicate full marks.	
1. Are logic and deductive logic identical? Of what kind of reasoning does the latter treat? Is there any other kind of reasoning, and what is it? What is the use of studying logic?	5
2. State Fowler's classification of terms, according to the	8
principle of denotation and connotation. Wherein does it differ	
from that of J. S. Mill and the Schoolmen respectively? Which	
of the three is the most satisfactory? What kind of terms can	
be called concrete, and why?	
3. Point out and prove by examples the great importance of	6
the syllogistic rules regarding the distribution of terms.	
4. What is an "unquantified" proposition? Is it possible to	5
know the distribution of a term in such a proposition? State	
fully your reasons.	
5. Explain the difference between difference, property, and	6
accident, and determine the predicables in the following sen-	
tence: "Butler maintains, that prudence is a species of virtue."	
6. Given two propositions $E$ and $I$ to be used as premisses	8
of a syllogism,—enumerate and prove the moods in the four	
figures that will be legitimate. Montion the mnemonic names	
of those legitimate moods.	
7. Explain the principles of probable reasoning.	6
8. Examine the following arguments, stating them in logical	6
form (where necessary) assigning their mood and figure, and	
determining their validity or fallacy:	
(a.) This native of India is likely to be a Hindu, for most	
natives of India are Hindus.	

(b.) I cannot believe what you tell mo now, for not long ago you gave me a very different account.

you gave me a very different account.

(c.) No one can know the future; for no one can foresee what may happen to-morrow.

(d.) It is foolish to tell a lie; for honesty is the best policy.

# B. A. Examination.

# 1881.

# ENGLISH POETRY-MORNING.

Province Mr. W. W. Works	
Examiner—MR. W. T. WEBB, M. A.	•
N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.	
1. State briefly the argument of the First Book of Paradise	4
Regained.	
2. Interpret the meaning of the following:	4
He who reigns within himself, and rules	
Passions, desires, and fears, is more a king;	
Which every wise and virtuous man attains.	
And who attains not, ill aspires to rule	
Cities of men, or headstrong multitudes,	
Subject himself to anarchy within,	
Or lawless passion, in him which he sorves.	
3. $(a.)$ In what manuer does Satan in this poem justify the	.1
love of glory ?	
(b.) What is the purport of the reply made by the Saviour?	4
4. State some of the peculiarities in the style, language, and	4
versification of Milton. Criticise his frequent disuse of the verb	
n his sentences and his fondness for elliptical forms of expression.	
5. Narrate concisely the story of Virginia.	4
6. State the historical allusions in the following passage:	3
In those brave days our fathers stood firmly side by side;	
They faced the Marcian fury; they tamed the Fabian	
pride;	
They drove the fiercest Quinctius an outcast forth from	
Rome;	
They sent the haughtiest Claudius with shivered fasces	
home.	
7. Sketch the part taken by Orlando in As You Like it.	4
8 Give in few words an outline of the plot of the Tempest.	4
9 Explain the following passages:	_
(a.) I had rather have a fool to make me merry, than experi-	2
ence to make me sad.	4
(b.) So holy, and so perfect, is my love,	4
And I in such a poverty of grace,	
That I shall think it a most plenteous crop  To glean the broken ears after the man	
That the main harvest reaps: loose now and then	
A scatter'd smile, and that I'll live upon.	
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(c.) Sir, I am a true labourer; I carn that I cat, get that I wear; owe no man hate, envy no man's happiness; glad of other	4
nen's good, content with my harm: and the greatest of my	
oride is, to see my ewes graze, and my lambs suck.	
wrest the second of the Brown server by second second .	

- (d.)Thou art not for the fashion of these times. 3 Where none will sweat but for promotion; And having that, do choke their service up Even with the having: it is not so with thee. (e.) We are such stuff 2 As dreams are made of, and our little life Is rounded with a sleep. ENGLISH PROSE—EVENING. Examiner—MR. K. DEIGHTON, M. A. N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Explain with illustrations what Bacon means by Fantasti-4 cal Learning, Contentious Learning, Delicate Learning. 2. What does Bacon say as to too great reverence for the 4 intellect, and as to the mixture of knowledge with men's inclinations? 3. Show wherein consist the positive and the relative merits 4 of Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress. 4. Compare the conditions of travelling in England in the 4. 17th century with those of travelling in the present day. 5. (live a brief abstract of Macaulay's argument that it is the 4 duty of the State to educate the people. Put the following passages into modern English: (a.) "This propriety inherent and individual attribute in 5 your Majesty deserveth to be expressed not only in the fame and admiration of the present time, ner in the history or tradition of the ages succeeding, but also in some solid work, fixed memorial, and immortal monument, bearing a character or signature of the power of a king and the difference and perfection of such a king." (b.) "And for meanness of employment, that which is most 5 tradiced to contempt is that the government of youth is commonly allotted to them; which age, because it is the age of least authority, it is transferred to the disesteeming of those employments wherein youth is conversant, and which are conversant about youth." (c) "Take a view of the ceremonial law of Moyses: you 5 shall find besides the prefiguration of Christ, the badge or difference of the people of God, the exercise and impression of obedience, and other divine uses and fruits thereof, that some of the most learned Rabbins travailed profitably and profoundly to observe some of them a natural, some of them a moral sense, or reduction of many of the ceremonies and ordinances."
  - 7. Explain the following passage:
- (a.) "His genius may be compared to that pinion which, though it is too weak to lift the ostrich into the air, enables her. while she remains on the earth, to outrun hound, horse, and dromedary."
- (b.) "He liked revolution and regicide only when they were Ţ a hundred years old."

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- (c.) "Nor will be, for lack of human credentials, spare to deliver the glorious message with which he is charged by the true Hend of the Church"
- (d.) "No essays in the Spectator were more consured and derided than those in which he raised his voice against the contempt with which our fine old ballads were regarded, and showed the scoffers that the same gold which, burnished and polished, gives lustre to the Encid and the Odes of Horace, is mingled with the rude dross of Chevy Chace"
- (e.) "A clipped crown, on English ground, went as far in 1 the payment of a tax or a debt as a milled crown."

8 Explain the allusions in the following passages:

- (a.) "The man whose reviews and valuate had saved the Portuguese monarchy on the field of Montes Claros, the man who had carned a still higher glory by resigning the truncheon of a Marshal of France for the sake of the true religion."
- (b.) "His first exploit was the judicial murder of Algernon Sidney"
- (c.) "Yet he was himself under the tyranny of scruples as anreasonable as those of Hudibias or Ralpho."

(d) "Potsdam was, in truth, what it was called by one of its 14 most illustrious inmates, the palace of Alcina"

(e) "All the lantastic pomp of heraldry was there, 2 Clarencieux and Norroy, Portcullis and Rouge Dragon, the trumpets, the banners, the grotesque coats embroidered with lions and libes."

#### HYDROSTATICS—Morning.

# Examiner-Mr. W. Griffiths, M. A.

N. B .- The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Define a fluid, and state the fundamental property of it. A and B are any two points in a fluid at rest, show that any change of pressure at A produces an equal change at B.

If the difference between the pressures on the ends of a solid cylinder completely immersed in a fluid is to the resultant pressure on the curved surface as  $\sqrt{3}$ : 1, shew that the axis of the cylinder is inclined at an angle of 30° to the vertical.

2. Explain the meaning of each symbol in the equation W = VS. Find the volume, in cubic inches, of a piece of iron weighing 13 lbs. (S. G. of iron = 7.8, and a cubic foot of water weighs 1,000 oz.) If a cubic foot of the standard substance weighs 4 lbs., what must be the unit of length in order that the above equation may give the weight in ounces?

3. Prove that the pressure of a liquid at rest is the same at all points of the same horizontal plane within it, and that the common surface of two liquids that do not mix is a horizontal plane.

4. Explain what is meant by whole pressure, and state the 5 rule for finding it.

A vertical cylinder contains equal volumes of two liquids, d is the density of the upper liquid, and w is the whole pressure on the curved surface of the cylinder occupied by it, d' and w' are the corresponding density and whole pressure on the curved surface occupied by the lower liquid. Prove that  $\frac{w'}{w} - \frac{d'}{d} = 2$ 

5. State and prove the conditions of equilibrium of a body floating freely in a liquid at rest.

A triangular lamina ABC floats in a liquid with its plane vertical; if the surface of the liquid meets AB, AC in D and E, show that the line joining the middle points of BC and DE must be vertical.

6. Describe an experiment to prove Boyle's law.

A barometer tube 34 inches long opens into a large basin of mercury so that any small rise or fall of the mercury in the tube may be considered not to affect the level of the mercury in the basin. The reading of the barometer thus constructed is 31 inches, but it is found that the 19th inch of the tube is occupied by air, if this air escape to the top, where there is a vacuum, show that the reading of the barometer will fall to 28 inches.

7. State how the volume of a gas under a given pressure changes as the temperature increases, and assuming Boyle's law deduce the relation  $p = h\rho (1 + at.)$ 

If p, v, t; p', v' t' be corresponding values of the pressure, volume, and temperature of the same gas, show that

pv : p'v' :: 1 + at : 1 + at'.

8. A diving bell can just float in water with its mouth upwards: show that if placed in water with its mouth downwards, in such a way as to confine within it all the air which it originally contained, it will sink unless supported by a chain.

If the weight of the bell be 16 maunds, and the depth of the surface of the water within the bell below the outer surface be equal to the height of the water barometer, show that the tension of the chain is 7 maunds if the specific gravity of the material of the bell be 8.

- 9. Describe the construction and action of Smeaton's Air Pump, and show that the density of the air in the receiver diminishes in geometric progression as the number of strokes increases.
- 10. Explain the construction and use of the common hydrometer.

### DYNAMICS AND ASTRONOMY—AFTERNOON.

Examiner-Mr. John Eliot, M. A.

N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. State Newton's First Law of Motion.

Examine the cases of the earth's motion in space round the sun, and its rotation about its polar axis, stating clearly what inferences can be made by the use of Newton's First Law of Motion.



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2. State Newton's Second Law of Motion. Thence deduce the fundamental dynamical relation P = kmf, stating clearly your units of measurement and the value of k.

If the unit of length be a yard, find the unit of time in order that the weight of a body may be numerically equal to its mass.

3. State Newton's Third Law of Motion. Explain fully, and illustrate the terms action and reaction.

A shot weighing 800 lbs. is fired with a velocity of 1,800 feet per second from a gun weighing 40 tons. Prove that the velocity with which the gun recoils is approximately 16 feet per second. If the recoil of the gun be resisted by a steady pressure equal to the weight of 10 tons, through what space will it move?

4. State the kinetical propositions called "the parallelogram of velocities" and "the parallelogram of acceleration."

Two windows on opposite sides of a railway carriage (8 feet broad) are open. The windows are 4 feet in breadth, and the centre of one window is 8 feet nearer the end of the carriage than the other. If the carriage be moving with a velocity of 30 miles per hour, shew that a stone thrown in at the suitable window with any velocity between  $29\frac{1}{3}$  feet and 88 feet per second will pass through the window on the opposite side.

5. A body starts with initial velocity v, and is subject to uniform acceleration f; prove the following formula for the circumstances of motion at the time t.

$$V = v + ft$$
:  
 $V^2 = v^2 + 2f^2$ .  
 $s = vt + \frac{1}{2} ft^2$ .

A particle has been falling for 30 seconds. Find what force will stop it in 15", and also what force will stop it in 20 feet?

6. Prove that the path of a projectile in vacuo is a parabola. Find the greatest distance which a rifle bullet fired with an initial velocity of 1,200 feet per second can be projected up a hill the sides of which are inclined at an angle of 30° to the horizon.

7. Describe the Transit Instrument and the method of taking an observation of the transit of a star.

8. State clearly and in proper order your reasons for believing that the earth is rotating uniformly about an axis. Is the direction of this axis fixed with respect to the earth and to space?

9. State clearly and fully one method of determining the latitude and longitude of a place, specifying what instruments would be required for the observations.

10. Explain fully how the position of a star is affected—1stly, by refraction; 2ndly, by aberration; and 3rdly, by parallax.

11. In what direction does the shadow of the earth advance over the moon's face during a lunar eclipse, and in what direction does the moon's shadow move over the earth's surface during a solar eclipse? Give reasons.

# LATIN POETRY MORNING.

# Examiner-MR. W. H. PAULSON, M. A.

N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marke.

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1. Translate into English:—	4
Nunc age, naturas apibus quas Jupiter ipse	
Addidit, expediam, pro qua mercede canores	
Curotum sonitus, crepitantiaque aera secuta	
Dictæo cœli regem pavere sub autro.	
Solæ communes natos, communia tecta	
Urbis habent, magnisque agitant sub legibus ævum;	
Et patriam sole et certos novere penates;	
Venturaque hiemis memores astate laborem	
Experiuntur, et in medium quæsita reponunt.	
Give the principal parts of all the verbs in the above extract	. 2
2. Translate into English: -	.1,
His quidam signis, atque hæc exempla secuti	
Esse apibus partem divinæ mentis et haustus	
Ætherios dixere: deum namque ire per omnes	
Terrasque tractusque maris, cœlumque profundum;	
Hine pecudes, armenta, viros, genus omne ferarum,	
Quemque sibi tennes nascentem arcessero vitas;	
Scilicet huc reddi deinde ac resoluta referri	
Omnia; nec morti esse locum, sed viva volare	
Sideris in numerum, atque alto succedero colo.	
Scan the last line.	1
3. Translate into English:—	4
Janque pedem referens casus evaserat omnes,	
Redditaque Eurydice superas veniebat ad auras,	
Pone sequens; namque hanc dederat Proscrpina legen	l <b>;</b>
Quum subita incautum dementia cepit amantem,	
Ignoscenda quidem, scirent si ignoscere Manes;	
Restitit, Eurydicenque suam jam luce sub ipsa	
Immemor heu! victusque animi respexit. Ibi omnis	1
Effusus labor, atque imitis rupta tyranni	
Fædera, terquo fragor stagnis auditus Avernis.	
Illa, "Quis et me," inquit, "miseram, et te perdid	.I C
Orpheu ?	
"Quis tantus furor l'en, iterum crudelia retro	
"Fata vocant, conditque natantia lumina somnus.	
"Jamque vale; feror ingenti circumdata nocte	
"Invalidasque tibi tendens, heu! non tua, palmas."	
4. Change the last five lines of the above extract into Orat	10 4
bliqua. Also change the following into Oratio recta-	
Quid faceret? quo se, rapta bis conjuge, ferret?	
5. Give a brief account of Horaco and his writings.	4
What is meant by Lyric poetry?	4
6. Translate into English:	
Quanto quisque sibi plura negaverit	
A Dis plura feret: nil cupientium	
Nudus castra peto, et transfuga divitum	
l'artes linquere gestio	

Contempto dominus splendidior rei, Quam si, quidquid arat impiger Appulus Occulture meis dicerer horreis Magnas inter opes inops.	
What is the metre of the above?	1
7 Give a scheme of the Alcaic metre. Construct two	4
Alcaic stanzas from any of the words occurring in the Hexameter	-
extracts given above	
8. Translate into English:—	
Gens, qua cremato fortis ab Ilio	
Jactata Tuscis æquoribus sacra,	
Natosque, maturosque patres	•
Pertulit Ausonias ad urbes,	
Duris ut ilex tonsa bipennibus	
Nigra: feraci frondis in Algudo,	
Per danma per endes ab apso	
Ducit opes annumque ferro.	
9 Translate, and explain the allusions in the following :-	3
(a.) Quid debeas, O Rome, Neronibus	
Testis Metaurum flumen, et Hasdrubal	
Devictus, et pulcher fugatis	
Ille dies Latio tenebris,	
(b.) Spartacum si qua potuit vagantem	2
Fallero testa.	
(c.)Tua, Cæsar, ætas	5
Frages et agris rettulit uberes,	
Et signa nostro restituit Jovi	
Derepta Parthorum superbis	
Postibus, et vacuum duellis	
Janum Quirini clausit.	
Explain the last allusion in Latin.	
10. (live examples (a) of the different meanings of ut; (b) of	1
the uses of the gerund and gerundive.	

#### LATIN PROSE-AFTERNOON.

# Examiner-REV. J. EDWARDS, M. A.

N. B .- The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

(a.) Give some account of Tacitus and his works.
 (b) Characterise his style.
 Translate:—

Noctem minacem et in scelus erupturam fors lenivit; nam luna claro repente colo visa languescere. Id miles, rationis ignarus, omen præsentium adcepit, ac suis laboribus defectionem sideris adsimilans, "prospereque cessura quæ per jerent, si fulgor et claritudo deæ redderetur." Igitur æris sono, tubarum cornuumque concentu, strepere: prout splendidior obscuriorve, lætari aut mærere: et postquam ortæ nubes obfecere visui, creditumque conditam tenebris, ut sunt mobiles ad superstitionem perculsæ semel mentes, "sibi æternum laborem portendi, sua facinora aversari deos," lamentantur. Utendum inclinatione es

Cæsar, et quæ casus obtulerat, in sapientiam vertenda ratus, circumiri tentoria jubet. Adcitur centurio Clemens, et si alvi bonis artibus grati in vulgus: ii vigiliis, stationibus, custodiis portarum se inserunt, spem obferunt, metum intendunt. "Quousque filium Imperatoris obsidebimus? quis cortaminum finis? Percennione et Vibuleno sacramentum dicturi sumus? Percennius et Vibulenus stipendia militibus, agros emeritis largientur? denique pro Neronibus et Drusis imperium populi Romani capessent? quin potius, ut novissimi in culpum, ita primi ad pæniten tiam sumus! Tarda sunt quæ in commune expostulantur; privatam gratiam statim mereare, statim recipias? Commotis per hæc mentibus, et mter se suspectis, turonem a veterano, legionem a legione dissociant. Tum redire paulatim amor obsequii: omittunt portas: signa, unum in locum principio seditionis congregata, suas in sedes referunt.

- (a.) Give the date of the occurrence here related.
- (b.) Why is redderetur singular? Is there any similar construction in English?
- (c) Account for the mood of pergenent, redderetur, and obtulerat Parse mercare and recipias.
  - (d.) Remark on the use of quis in quis certaminum finis.
- (e.) Explain the construction et si alti bonis artibus griti in vulgus.
  - (f.) What was the fate of Perconnius and Vibulenus?
  - 3. Translate:—

Eodem anno continuis imbribus auctus Tiberis plana Urbis stagnaverat; relabentem sequuta est ædificiorum et hominum strages. Igitur censuit Asimus Gallus, "ut libri Sibyllini adirentur," renuit Tiberius, perinde divina humanaque obtegens. Sed remedium coercendi fluminis Ateio Capitoni et L. Arruntio mandatum. Achaiam ac Macedoniam, onera deprecantes, levari in præsens proconsulari imperio tradique Cæsari placuit. Edendis gladiatoribus quos Germanici fratris ac suo nomine obtulerat, Drusus præsedit, quamquam vili sanguine nimis gaudens: quod in vulgus formidolosum, et pater arguisse dicebatur. Cur abstinuerit spectaculo ipse, vario trahebant: alii tædio cætus, quidam tristitia ingenii, et metu comparationis, quia Augustus comiter interfuisset. Non crediderim ad ostentandam sævitiam, movendasque populi obfensiones, concessam filio materiem: quamquam id quoque dictum est.

- (a.) Comment on the parts in italics.
- 4. Translate:—

Cæsar paulisper ad spem crectus, dein fesso corpore adsistentes amicos in hunc modum adloquitur: "Si fato concederem, justus mihi dolor etiam adversus deos esset, quod me parentibus, liberis, patriæ intra juventam præmaturo exitu raperent; nunc scelere Pisonis et Planeinæ interceptus, ultimas preces pectoribus vestris relinquo; referatis patri ac fratri quibus insidiis circumventus, miserrimam vitam pessima morte finierim. Si quos spes meæ, si quos propinquus sanguis, etiam quos invidia erga viventem movebat, inlacrymabant, quondam florentem, et tot bellorum superstitem muliebri fraude cecidisse. Erit vobis

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locus querendi apud senatum, invocandi leges. Non hoc pracipuum amicorum munus est, prosequi defunctum ignavo questu; sed qua voluerit meminisse, qua mandaverit exsequi. Flebunt Germanicum etiam ignoti: vindicabitis vos, si me potius quam fortunam meam fovebatis. Ostendite populo Romano divi Augusti neptom, eandemque conjugem meam: numerate sex liberos. Misericordia cum adcusantibus erit; fingentious mandata ant non credent homines aut ignoscent "Juravere amici, dextram morientis contingentes, spiritum ante quam ultionem amissuros.

- (a.) Report the speech in the indirect form of narration.
- 5. Give a brief sketch of the career and character of Germanicus and Arminius.
  - 6. Translate into Latin prose:-

But at Rome, the issue of the sedition in Illyricum being not yet known and tidings of the uproar in the German legions having arrived, the city, in a state of alarm, made it a matter of charge against Tiberius. That while with feigned delay he mocked the senate and people, who were feeble and unarmed, the soldiers were in open rebellion; nor could they be kept in subjection by the immature authority of two young men. He ought to have gone himself, and awed them with the majesty of imperial power; as doubtless they would have returned to duty upon the sight of a prince of consummate experience, and also the supreme arbiter of the richest rewards and the most rigorous punishment. Could Angustus, in the decline of life, take so many journeys into Germany? and should Tiberius, in the vigour of his age, sit in the senate, wresting the expressions of sonators? He had consulted sufficiently for the servitude of the city: measures should be taken to calm the restless spirits of the soldiers, that they might adapt themselves to the burthen of repose,

#### SANSKRIT-Morning.

Examiner—REV. K. M. BANERJEA, D. L.

(N. B .- The figures in the following indicate full marks.)

1. (a.) Translate the following lines into English:

तसं शशंस प्रणिपत्य नन्दी
श्रुत्र्वया शैलस्तामुप्ताम्।
प्रवेशयामास च भ ुरेनां
भूद्रेपमावानुमितप्रवेशाम्॥
तस्याः सखीभ्यां प्रणिपातपूर्वं
स्वस्त्रस्तुनः शिश्रिरात्ययसः।
यकीर्थेत त्युम्बक्षपाद्मूले
पृष्णोचयः प्रस्त्वभ क्रभिद्यः॥

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जमापि नीलालकमध्यश्रोभि
विसंसयनी नवकर्षिकारम्।
चकार कर्णच्यतपक्षत्रेन
सूत्री प्रणामं द्यमध्यज्ञाय॥
खनन्यभाजं पितमा प्रृष्टीति
सा तथ्यमेवाभिष्टिता भवेन।
न ही खरवा इतकः कदाचित्
पृष्णिन लोके विपरीतमर्थम्॥

कामसुवाणावसरं प्रतीच्य पतङ्गवद्वज्ञिम्खं विविद्यः। जमासमदं दरबद्धलच्यः शरासनच्यां मुखराममर्थः॥

- 7.) Give the root of खकीर्यत, its third person plural, active, present and perfect (ल्ड and ल्डि).
- (b.) What is the root of unfin? Give its third singular Aorist (स्ट). Can that verb be conjugated according to any other conjugational class? Would that affect its Aorist?
  - (d.) Parse तथा and विविद्य:.
- (e.) Explain the samása in भूचेपमानानु मितप्रवेशाम्. To what does this compound word refer?

तदिक् भी विभी खष्टुं सेनान्यं तस्य ग्रामये। कर्मनश्विद्ं धर्मं भवस्येव मुमुचवः॥ इतः स दैत्यः प्राप्तश्रीनैत एवार्चति चयम्। विषष्टचीऽपि मंवध्यं खयं केन्मसाम्प्रतम्॥

- 2. (a.) Expound fully the simile contained in the first two lines of the above extract.
  - (b.) What is meant by **इत**:?
- (c.) Translate the last line into English and show the relevancy of that maxim here.

विधिप्रयक्षां परिज्ञद्धा सिक्तयां परित्रमं नाम विनीय च चणम्। जमां स प्रथम् ऋज्ञीव चचुपा प्रचक्रमे वक्तमम् ज्ञिनतक्रमः॥

# श्विप क्रियार्थं सुल सं सिसक् ग्रं जलान्यपि खानविधि च माणि ते। श्विप खग्रत्था तपसि प्रवर्त्तसे ग्ररीरमाद्यं खलु धर्मसाधनम्॥

- 3. (a.) What is the object of the enquiry about समिल्ह्य ?
- (b.) Give the meaning of the following words in the above extract, viz., विधिप्रयुक्तां, विनीय, खडाना. धन्डिक्सतक्रसः, खानविधिचमाणि, expounding the samása in the last two compounds.
  - (c.) What part of speech is च सं?
- (d.) Has the word wft the same meaning throughout the above lines? If not, show the difference.
- (c.) Translate into English the last two lines in the above extract.
  - 4. (a.) Translate into English the following lines:

**M**2

त्रद्वावर्षं जनपद्मथक्षायया गाहमानः देवं स्वप्रधनिपग्रनं कीरवं तद्भजेथाः। राजन्यानां शितशरशते येव गाण्डीवधन्या धारापातस्विमव कमलान्यस्यिश्वनुखानि॥ हिला हालामभिमतरसां रेवतीलाचनाङ्गां बन्धप्रीत्या समरविमुखो लाङ्गली याः सिषेवे। कला तासामभिगममपां सौम्य सारखतीनाम् श्वनःश्राह्मस्वमि भविता वर्णमावेण क्रष्णः॥ तसाङ्गकरनुकनखलं श्रीलराजावतीर्णां जङ्गोः कन्यां सगरतमयखर्गसोपानपंक्तिम्। गौरीवक्तभुकुटिरचनां या विहस्थेव फेनैः श्रभोः केश्रपहणमकरादिन्द्सग्रोभिष्टसा॥

- (b.) What part of India was called Brahmavarta? Is there in the text itself any clue to its situation?
- (c.) What is meant by arms? Why was he so called? What act of his is here alluded to?
- (d.) Where is 有有意识? What is the object of the verb next? What connection has that object with 有可证明?

- (e.) Who was must away? With whom is he compared here? Write the same word in the instrumental singular. Expound the whole simile in reference to this character,
- 5. Translate the following sentences into idiomatic Sanskrit: Rama, being about to go to the forests, bowed down before his mothers, asked their blessings, and then left the kingdom with Sita and Lakshmana.

An ancestor of Raghu had fought against the Asuras as Indra's ally, sitting on the "Kakud," or hump of an ox. He was, therefore, surnamed "Kakutstha," and his descendants were called Kakutsthas.

Away with bragging! Tell me candidly can you fight on horseback and lead a squadron of cavalry?

A Rishi must consider asceticism as his treasure, but to a hero, honour is wealth.

## SANSKRIT-AFTERNOON.

Examiner—BABU NILMANI MUKERJEA, M, A.
N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

मन्दाकिन्याः सिललिपिपिरिः सेव्यमाना मर्द्धि-मेन्दाराणामनुतटरहां बायया नारिवाष्णाः। चन्वेष्टवैः कनकिततामुहिनिचेपगुढैः संक्रीड्ने सणिभिरसरप्रार्थिता यन कन्याः॥ चालीके वे निपनति पुरा सा विलयाकुला वा सत्साद्यसं विरहतनु वा भावगर्सं लिखनी। प्रक्नी वा सघुरवचनां सारिकां पञ्चरस्थां किंचक्क : स्नर्रोंच रिचके लं दि तस्य प्रियेति॥ जतारे वा मिल्नवसने सीम्य निचित्र वीणा मद्गीनाद्धं विरचितपदं गेयमुद्गातुकामा। तन्त्रीमार्दा नयनचिल्लीः सारियता कथश्चिद् भूयोभूयः खयमपि हतां मूर्कनां विद्यारनी ॥ तामाय्यानाम च वचनादातामशोपक ु ब्रूयादेवं तव सञ्चरी रामगिर्धात्रमछः। च्यापद्मः कुशस्त्रमयले ए<del>च</del>ित लां वियुक्तः पूर्व्वाभाष्यं सुसमिवपदां प्राणिनामेतदेव ॥ नन्वात्मानं मञ्ज विगणयञ्जातानेवावस्त्रमे तत्वलाणि लमपि नितरां भागमः कातरत्वम

# कस्यात्यनं सुखमुपनतं दुःखमेकान्तते। या नौचैर्गक्त्युपरि च दशा च ऋनेमिक्रनेण॥

(a.) Turn the above into plain prose using compound words

as sparingly as you can.

(b.) What is meant by sign in the second line; do you know of any other preposition used in a similar sense? State and illustrate two other significations of sign.

- (c.) Why does the root क्रीड़ take आतानेपर in the fourth . line? Justify or impugu the expression " मं क्रीड ति सक्त."
- (d.) Account for the use of the present tense in नियति पुरा in the fifth line, and the genitive case in भन्ने: सार्सि in the eighth.

(c.) Explain fully the samása in उद्तातुकामा, and point out

the force of preposition 37 in the same.

- (f.) Point out the propriety of आध्यान, and justify or correct, the expression आतानशोपक में in the thirteenth line.
- (g.) Explain the full signification of कल्याणि; is there any Sandhi in सामा: ? If not, why?

एतसानां कुर्यों लग्नाभिज्ञानदानादि दिला मा कौलीनाचिकतनथने मय्यविचासिनी भूः। संदानाद्यः किमपि विरद्दे ध्वसिनस्ते लभीगा-दिष्टे वसुन्युपचितरसाः प्रेमराशीभवन्ति॥ कचित्यौग्य व्यवसितमिदं वन्युक्तयं लया मे प्रत्यादेशाच खल भवता भीरतां कल्पयामि। नि. शब्दोऽपि प्रदिश्यसि जलं याचितसातकेभ्यः प्रत्युक्तं द्वि प्रक्षिषु सतानी सितार्थक्रियैव॥

(a.) Translate the above into English:

- (b.) Scan the latter stanza marking the length of the syllables?
- (c.) Account for the long दें in प्रेमराशोसनिन, and for the use of the third person plural and the termination of the perfect (चिट्) in आह: in the third line, and also the neuter gender in प्रसन्धां in the eighth line.
- 3. Illustrate the remark " उपमा काश्विद्रास्य" by apt quota- 3 tions from the works of the poet.

4. धाचार द्रत्यविद्वतेन मया ग्रहोता या वेजयष्टिरवरीधाटचेषु राजाः। काले गते बद्धतिये मम सैव जाता प्रस्थानविज्ञवगवेरवलम्बनार्था॥ नियमयसि विमार्गप्रस्थितानात्तदण्डः प्रश्रमयसि विवादं कल्पसे रचणाय। धतनुषु विभवेषु ज्ञातयः सन्तु नाम त्विय तु परिसमाप्तं बन्ध्कत्यं प्रजानाम् ॥ कार्था चैकतलीन इंसमिएना स्रोते वहा मालिनी पादास्तामभिता निषष्ठारणा गौरीग्राः पावनाः। शाखालम्बितवकालस्य च तरीर्निमीतुमिकाम्यघः प्रके कृष्णसगस्य वामनयनं कण्डयमानां सगीम्॥ मोहामाण स्तम पूर्वमण्चितसे या बडविन्द्रघरं परिबाधमानः। तं तावदाक्वटिलपचाविल्यसय वाष्यं प्रसच्य विगतानुष्यया भवेयम्॥

(a.) Explain the above after the manner of Mallinatha.

- (b.) Parse आचार in the first line, काले in the third, रचणाय in the sixth, and तां in the tenth.
- (c.) Analyse and explain the component parts of ৰন্তনিপ্ৰ mentioning two other words having the same termination.

(d) Can you explain why the vowel before H in नियमधिस is not lengthened?

(e.) Account for the short 's in सनत

5. Give the third person singular and plural Aorist (जुड़) of जान, second person singular imperative (जार) of मून, first person singular Aorist of यून, second person singular perfect (जार) of सह, third person singular benedictive (जार) जिंह) of प्राणी केंद्र

6. Translate the following into Sanskrit:

With eyes dim with tears, and a heart that seemed to burn like a coal, he again went to the window. There was a lull in the storm, the snow had ceased to fall, and the moon and stars were beginning to shine out from the breaking clouds. The old man became more soothed as he gazed on the calm, blue sky; yet he could not banish his heavy sorrow. "I fear," he said, "my last days are come; and the work which should have been begun threescore years ago, can never, never, be done."

7. Translate the following into your own vernacular, dispensing with the use of the author's expressions as much as you can: 6

विद्रषकः। खगतम्। डो दु से खवसरं न दाइसां। प्रकाशम्। मो वश्वसा दे तावसकाखा अञ्चलीचा दीसद्।

> राजा। सखे न पिरदार्थ्य वसुनि पौरवाणां मनः प्रवर्तते। सुरगुवतिसभावं किस मुनेरपत्यं तदु जिभताधिगतम्। स्वर्कस्योपरि शिथिसं स्वतिमव नवमिक्तवाकुसुमम्॥

विद्रषकः। विस्सा। जस कस्त वि पिण्डखर्ज्या सं उक्षेर्दस्त तिनानीए खिलासी सोद् तस द्विमारखणपरिसाद्को सब्दे। दुध् ध्वारणणा।

> राजा। न तावदेनां पश्चिस येनैवमवादीः। विदूषकः। तं कव रमणिज्ञं जं भश्चदे वि विन्द्ष्य उप्पादेद्र। राजा। वयस्य कि बङ्जना चित्रे निवेश्य परिकल्पितसत्त्वयागा

चित्रं निर्वेश परिकल्पितसत्त्वयागा रूपाचयेन मनसा विधिना छता नु। स्त्रीरबद्धिरपरा प्रतिभाति सः मे षातुविभ्रवसम्बद्धित्य वपृष्य तस्याः॥

विदूषकः। जर् एवं पचारेया दाणि रूववरीणं। Write the last sloka in the above extract in Roman characters.

## ARABIC POETRY-AFTERNOON.

Examiner—MAJOR H. S. JARRETT.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English-

# قال دريد بن الصبة

دصحت لعارض و اصحاب عارض و رهط بذي السوداء والقوم شهدي فقلت لهم ظنوا بالعي مد جج \* سرا تهم في الفارسي المسرد فلما عصوني كذت منهم وقدارى \* غوايته م و انندي غير مهتد امرتهم امري بمنعرج اللوى \* فلم يستبينوا الرشد الاضحى الغه وهل إنا الامن غزية ان غوت \* غويت و ان ترشد عزية ارشد تنادوا فقالو ارن الخيل فارسا \* فقلت اعبد الله ذلك م الردى الحجد اليه و الرماح تنوشه \* كوقع الصياعي في النسيم المهند

و كذت كذات البوريعت فاقبلت و الى جلد من مسك سقب مقدد فطاغنت عنه الخيل حتى تنفست و حتى علاني حالك اللون اسودي قتال امرئ آسى اخالا بنفسه و يعلهم أن المرء غيه مخلد فكان يك عبد الله خلي امكانه و فما كان و قافا و لا طائش اليد كميش الازار خارج نصف ساقه و بعيد من الافهات طائع انجد كميش الازار خارج نصف ساقه و بعيد من الافهات طائع انجد

- 2. (a.) Explain the term بني السودء what does it literally 2 mean.
  - ظنوا Parse ظنوا
- 3. Why is غزية pointed with a fath. Is there any rule for it? 2
  Give the imperative 2nd person singular of
- 4. In what case is قنال and show the reasons for your 1 answer,
- 5. Is اسودي (line 9) grammatically correct? Show on what 4 grounds the final في is defensible. Some readings have اسود Can this be justified?
- 6. Illustrate کبیش الازار by addacing analogous examples of 3 such a form of expression.
- 7. Derive (line 8). Give the 3rd pers. sing. preterite 2 and agrist of this verb in the active and passive voices with their meanings

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8. Translate into English .--

و زلت ولسم ترى يوما كريها \* يسر الروح فيسة بالزوال رواق العسز فوقك مسبطسر \* و مُملك على ابنك في كهال سقى مدواك غاد في الغرادى \* نظير نوال كفك في النوال لساهية على الاجداث هفش \* كايدي الخيل ابصرت المخالي أسائل عنك بعدك كل مجد \* وما عهدي بهجد عنك خالي يهر بقبسرات العافي فيبكي \* و يشغله البكاء عن السوال و ما اهداك للجدوئ علية \* لو انك تقدرين على فعسال بعيشك هل سلوت فان قلبي \* و ان جانبت ارضك غير سالي نزلت على الكراهة في مكان \* بعدت عن النعامى و الشهال تحجب عنك رائحة الخزامى \* و تمنع مدك انداء الطلال

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بدار كل ساكنها غريب « طويل الهجر منبت الحبال حصان مثل ماء المزن فيه « كقروم السر صادقة المقال يعللها نطاسي المعالي ال

- 9. What is the metre (بحر) and what the class (عروض) of this and the preceding extract ?
- 10. Derive مبطر (line 2) and منبت (line 11). What is the force of الماحية (الماحية عند الله عند الله
- 11. Parse و عما اهداك التجدري عليه Give the singulars of any plurals that may occur in the rhyme endings of the above extract.
- 12. In line 12 you have كتوم السوصادقة المقال why should not كتوم السوصادقة عدد assume the same feminine termination as كتوم
  - 13. Explain the allusion in line 13.
  - 14. Translate into Arabic-

When al Mahdi grew up, his father appointed him governor of Tabaristan and its dependencies, and he was taught pointe literature and associated with the learned and distinguished himself. Subsequently his father named him to the succession and when his father died, he was acknowledged Caliph. The news reached him at Baghdad and he preached before the people and said, "verily the prince of the Faithful is a servant—he hath been summoned and hath answered to the summons, and he hath been commanded and hath obeyed." Then his eyes filled with tears and he said, "verily the apostle of God wept at separating from his friends, and indeed, I have suffered a great separation and have been invested with a weighty charge, but the prince of the Faithful reckons upon a reward from God and I implore His assistance upon the Caliphate of the Muslims.

### ARABIC PROSE-MORNING,

Examiner-Major H. S. JARRETT.

The numbers in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English as closely as the idiom will admit. 10 فاقبل السلطن على استيناف العدة و العقاد ـ و استكمال الميرة و الازواد و استدعاء اعيان الغزاة من اطراف البلاد ـ حتى اذا تبت العدة و العديد . و باهي العقد باخواته الفريد ـ و تضام الناس كقزع الخريف من كل وجه منشورا ـ وعن كل اوب محثوثا و محشورا -

واقبل الربع بطيب المقيل - واعتدال برد الغداة والاصيل - استخار الله تعالى في الرحيل - و سار كالبحر الا خضر تضربه الاعاصير - و الامر الحقم تجنبه المقادير - فغدت و حوش الارض مأسورة - وطيور الجو مقهورة - و لو احست الارض لرنت من ثقل الحديد - و المشي الوئيد - وحث الابطال فرق القب القناديد - و ساق امامة ادلاء يهندون اعماق تلك البلاد ولا الشمس عليها طالعة - ولا الفجوم بينها مستقيمة و راجعة - و حث الركائب شهربن بين انهار عبيقة الاعوار بعيدة مابين الاقطار - و بواد تضل في آرجائها اسراب اليعا فير - و تحار في دهدائها افواج العصافير - حقى اذا قارب المقصد عبى الخيول كتائب - و ميزها عصائب - و رتبها كواكب و قسمها مناسر ومقانب - و نصب اخاة الافواد و ارسلان الجاذب في الميسرة في مناسر ومقاند - و حماة الافواد و ارسلان الجاذب في الميسرة في البهم الذكور - و البرل القحول - و جعل ابا عبد الله محمد بن ابواهيم الفائي على المقدمة في مساعير العرب احلاس الظهور - وابناء الصوارم الذكور \*

- 2. Write out with their vowel-points and meanings the plurals of (a) عدد \_ عناد \_ عديد \_ مدوق \_ عال \_ اصيل غداة \_ عديد \_ مدوق \_ عال \_ اعامير والله \_ عقد \_ and the singulars of (b) عقد \_ عقد \_ عامير والله \_ عقب \_ عناديد \_ ارجنا \_ نراد \_ اغوار \_ ركائب \_ اولاء \_ قب مسراب \_ بهم \_ كهاة \_ مقانب مناسو \_ عمائب \_ كتائب \_ معالب \_ كتائب \_ معالب \_ كتائب \_ احالس and
- (c.) One variant for oilow (line 14) is Derive the 1 latter and give its singular.
- 3. What number does a plural of paucity express? What 3 are the measures (in i) of this form of plural.

Give the plurals of paucity of رجل (a foot); کساء (dress); کساء (a slave); کساء (a load).

4. Derive استینان (line 1) and تضام (line 3). Mention to 5 what conjugations (Bab.) they belong and give with vowel-points the 3rd person preterite (mazi) and acrist (muzara) of both verbs

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in the passive (صيغة الجميول) voice of the tenses in which they stand Can the latter belong to more than one conjugation?

5. Translate the following into English, using the proper form of the Arabic verbs mentioned, and be careful in your employ-

ment of the governing prepositions.

He changed (بدل) one thing for the other. He possessed himself (مكن ) of the town. He allowed (مين ) me to depart. This is distinguished (ميز ) from that. He neglected (مهن ) the affair. He informed (خبر ) him of the accident. He suggested (شور ) this to him. He sat (شعك ) on his right hand. He laughed (ضحك ) at him. He went (الترا ) to the house.

6. Illustrate the use of (کلای) and (کلفای) — (a) When 4 and when not inflected — (b) in what number the predicate (غنی) is placed — as in the sentences — Each of us can (غنی) dispense with his brother — We two have done this together.

7. State the rule for the government of nouns by numerals; in units, tens, hundreds and thousands and give examples in

each case.

8. Write out the cardinal numbers from 11 to 19 both inclusive — masculine and feminine.

9. Translate into Arabic

When I reached the age of 17, I left the college at which I was studying and set out for my native place Tripoli during the vacation, at the close of my attendance at lectures, after an absence of more than 3 years. One day when I was wandering about the gardens, breathing the fragrant odours which the trees exhaled, it occurred to me to stroll down to the sea shore and as I rambled leisurely on I saw a steamer approaching, ploughing the waves with great speed. It soon anchored in the port, and as I was wondering what vessel it was, it hoisted its flag and I then knew that it was the Russian steamer that had delayed two days behind its time. Wearied with fatigue, I threw myself on the grass and rested for about three quarters of an hour between sleeping and waking listening to the rustling of the trees and the roar of the sea.

### PERSIAN POETRY-AFTERNOON.

Examiner-Major H. S. Jarrett.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English with annotations where necessary. 10

و زکمان چرخ گر آتش زند تیسر سخر خم نگردد حلقهٔ از جوشن مقدر من صرصر صور ارفلک را هفت دامن بسر درد ربشه زر آغشته ندهد گوشه دستار من \* خرمن ماه از فرو ریزد ز راه کهکشان کم نگردد یك جوی از دخل استعضار من ربع ربع چار ربع و شش جهت را خمس یافت عاشر نه تخته باغ از عشر یك انبار من عرصة باغ دو عالم را مساحت كرد و هم بســرهٔ دیدش رقــم در دفتر احرار من نصف ربع عشر کمد در ترازوی خرد ترو خشک هر دو کون از حاصل ادرار منن من چو در فنوی سبق بردم ز برجیس آفنات نه لگن از تنگهای لعل کرد ایدار من ست و یك دان بیكر از بفت كسوت در شهار ميذ ه بر نور شان كنجيذ م اسرار ص قدسیسان اندر نمساز آیند و باشد دائما سبحه او ران شهان سبط در اشعهار صن

- 2. What is the metre of the verse? Scan line 9 with the 3 standard measure from each
- 3. (a) Write out the imperative of غشنی through all the 2 persons.

(b) Write out line 9 with all the vowel-points.

4. (a) How are fractions expressed in Persian? e.  $g_{10} - \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$  (b) Translate: "The fiftieth time." The ninetieth man."— 3 the ninety-ninth child. Every third woman—triple—quadruple. They came four by four.

5. Translate into English, adding explanatory notes when needed.

خوان کعده هشت خوان خلدرا ماند که عست چار جوی او را بچسای سبع الوان آمده

بر سر خوانش دل پاکان چو صرغان دمشت نیمسه رو گویا و دیگسر نیمه بریان آمده كعبة در تر بيع هم چون تخت نود مهره باز كعبتين تنها ونراد انسى وجان آمدي نقش یك تنها بروی كعبتین پیسه شده پس شش و پنیج و چهار و سه دو پنهان آمده هر حسائی کردلا برحق ختم چون نود زیاد هر که شش پنجی زده یک بر سر آن آمده هوی هو گویان مربدان هوی هوی اندر دهان چون صدف تى غرق اشك وسينه عطشان آمده صوفیان رکوت پر آب زند گانی چون خضر همچو موسی در عصا شان جان ثعبان آمدی این صورع خانه نور از خروش صارقان چون مسدس خوان زنبوران پر افغان آمده چوں مشبك خوان زند وران زالا عاشقان بس دریچه کاندرین نه بسام ایوان آمدة كعبه همجون شالا زابوران همانجا معتكف عالمي گردش چو زندسوران غويوان آمده

- 6. Explain the final فنسي in انسي (line 6). Give the plural of 2 the noun.
  - 7. Remark on كعبدتين
- 8. What class of noun is described. Mention any other terminations that are similarly employed. Distinguish between such as are used with animate and inanimate objects.
  - 9. Translate into Persian.

Joking apart, what made you do this. Fie on you for such 10 base conduct. Four horses were drawing his carriage. We need at least two horses.

These countries are inhabited by an almost savage race who in their habits of robbery and foundatory warfare can scarcely be surpassed. They have their abode in the heart of dense and inaccessible forests whence they issue to plunder the cattle of the surrounding districts, and boast of their dexterity in performing these thefts as if they were the most heroic exploits. Their

chief ambition is to enrich their family and tribe for which they brave death with the utmost intrepidity. They occupied a range of hills, the passes of which were fortified with walls of large loose stones and with a broad deep ditch, in front of which was planted a hedge of bamboo canes, so thick that it could not be penetrated but by fire or the axe.

#### PERSIAN PROSE-Morning.

Examiner-Major H. S. Jarrett.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Translate into English literally-

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اما نه در دل او رحمرا یکبار باری . و نه در دست این کشایش كارى \* ضرب بر شكم خورد ؛ چون امعا بر خود مى بديد و بر زبان مي آورد که اينها سفك مجاعت است که براي لشكر گرسفه از جان سیر شده از آسیان می بارد . و سنگ بدندان رسید از اسیان میکشود كة سخن فهمئ عالم بالا هم مفهوم شد كه من ميكفتم در حيدر آبان سذگهای کلان خواهم یافث م دندان طمع بر الماس و یاقوت داشتم طلب من آنسنگ و این دندان نبود - ظاهرا جواهر مجوده اصطلاح جوهریانوا نمی دانند ، بآن میماند که زاهدی در سفر بیاده ميرفت يايش بدرد آمده دست برداشته گفت اللهم اعطني مركبا -قدمی چند نرفته بود که ترکی مادیان سوار عنان گسیخته توسی نفس مردم آزار برخورد - و کرد از مادیاش هماندم زاد - و برخاک راة از رفنار عاجز يبش يا افتادة - عزيز مستجاب الدعوات را ديدة بنیر تازیانه کشید که زود کره را بردوش گیر و بامادیان بدو . سیچاره كرة ددرش ميدويد - و با اشك گرم و آة سرد مىناليد - و مىگفت -البجوم منى ما صرحت أعطني صركبا ليحملني فاعطاني الله صركبا حملته س

- 2. Is singular or plural? Write out both forms with 2 vowel-points.
  - 3. (a) What is the derivation of color ? Remark on the

allusion in جواهر مجرد Give the root and primary meaning of

- (b.) Parse مستجاب الدعوات and give the literal signification 2 of each word.
- 4. Explain the final ي in تركى and the izafat of عربية 3 What is the nominative of برخورد in the same sentence?

5. Translate into English—

برهان الملك بذابر غلجه اصراض اعراض و اعراض امراض در همان اوقات وفاك يافت - وصحصلي از يساولان ديوان بموجب حكم والا عازم صوب لكنهور گشته يك كرور نقد كه از مال برهان الملك در آن صوب دود با جواهر زواهر و فواخر ذواخر نقل خزانه عامره ساخت ـ و در مطاوی این طواری و مطارح این اطواو رای اقدس قوار یافت که با خاندان گور کانیه شاهد و داد را بدوشیم صدوشیم سازند تیرم کتابون قدر ارز بیون توان ناهید نهاد چهرا زاد نزاد همائی همت منیجه نجابت از نواز نواز فرانگ فرفرهنگ هنگ فرنکیس کیش رو دایه رای روشدک روان پورك ركاب سود ابه داپ خسر وزاد ؟ شيرين شمائل يعني در ؟ صدف گور گانيه را بشاهزاد ؟ فيروز روز نصر الله ميرزا عقد كردلا كنار درياي جمغورا عشرتكدة عام ساخته بزمی جنت نزهت آراستند - که در جنب نزهت آن جذات اربع سعد و شعب و نهر ابله و غرطه در عرق خجلت غرطه میزد \* وصجمعی خلد زینت پیراستند که حذای مفای آنهشت بهشت در ششدر حدرت مرد، د نضای بهجت فزایش جذات عدن صفتحة لهم الابواب - و حاشية نشيفان كمكام كام بخش متكئن، فيها يدعون بفاكهة وشراب ، چهاني چهان در چهن عشرت باچامه و چمان يطاف عليهم تصحاف من فضة و اكواب - و هواخواهان در اطراف قصر دولت جبين ساى تراب وعندهم قاصرات الطرف اتراب . 6. Write out the singulars, with their meanings, of 3 طواري ــ مصاوي ــ ذواخر ــ فواخر ــ زواهر ــ جواهر ــ اعراض -- الراب - اكواب - صحاف - مطارح

- and غوطه and نهوابله \_ شعب \_ سعد and مغوطه and state their geographical positions.
- 8. What part of speech is عازم? Derive it. Write the word 2 with its vowel-points.

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9. How are causal verbs formed in Persian? Give examples.
10. Translate into Persian—

The frame of private society in Persia is still more calculated to render men artful and false, than the constitution of their government. The wives and slaves of a despotic husband and master must have all the vices of their debased condition. The first lesson which their children learn from the example of those they love, is to practise deceit, and this carly impression is confirmed by all their future habits, They may hear and admiro moral sentences upon the beauty and excellence of truth, but prudence warns them against a rigid adherence to so dangerous a virtue. The oaths which they constantly use to attest their veracity are only proofs of their want of it. They swear by the head of the king, by that of the person they address, by their own that they are not asserting what is false, and if a stranger should continue to evince suspicion, they sometimes exclaim "believe me, for, though a Persian, I am speaking the truth." There are no doubt some of the natives of Persia who do not deserve to be included in this description, but their numbers are too few to save their countrymen from the reproach of talsehood as a national vice.

### CHEMISTRY-Morning.

Examiner-Mr. A. Pedler, f. c. s.

N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. A normal or neutral salt of sulphuric acid and a dyad metal contains

21:05 per cent. of sulphur, 42:11 per cent. of oxygen, 36:84 per cent. of metal.

Show clearly how you can calculate the atomic weight of the metal, and what is its name. Atomic weight of sulphur = 32.

- 2. How may ozone be prepared and what are its properties? What is the supposed source of atmospheric ozone?
- 3. Chlorine water is added to a solution of potassium bromide, and bromine water to solution of potassium iodide; Iodine and excess of chlorine are added to potassium hydrate solution. What occurs in each case, and how in the first two cases would you show by tests that reactions had taken place?
- 4. Give the formulæ for all the acids of phosphorus; how would you prepare the three modifications of phosphoric acid?

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- 5. What are the sources of potassium intrate? How is gunpowder prepared? What takes place when gunpowder is fired, and to what is its explosive force due?
- 6. Classify the different varieties of glass, and give an outline of the methods of glass manufacture. What is the use of the process termed "annealing."
- 7. How is potassium permanganate prepared? What is the action of a solution of this salt, acidified with sulphure acid, (a) on sulphurous acid and (b) on ferrous sulphate solution? Express all the chemical changes by equations.
- 8. Describe how lead is prepared from its principal ore, and also how small quantities of silver can be separated from lead.
- 9. Give some reasons for placing introgen, phosphorus, arsenic, antimony, and bismuth in the same chemical group. Write out the formulæ for the hydrides, chlorides, exides, and sulphides of these elements, showing the quantivalence of each element present.
- 10. What are the reasons for considering that the molecules of elementary substances usually contain more than one atom? Give examples of elementary molecules containing one, two, three, four, and six atoms respectively.

### PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY—AFTERNOON.

Examiner-Mr. A. Pedler, f. c. s.

N. B .- The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1. Define clearly the object of Physical Geography, and its connection with the other sciences.
- 2. What are the evidences that the interior of the earth has a high temperature, and what is the estimated law of increase of temperature in the strata near the surface which have been examined? Describe and explain the Geysers of Iceland.
- 3. What are the principal rock formations, and in what order have they succeeded one another in their formation? To what great divisions do the following rocks belong: Felspar, Mica-Schist, Limestone, Sandstone, Granite, Obsidian, Coal, and Lava?
- 4. Give an outline of the history of water which is evaporated from the ocean, stating the forms which it may assume, its uses, and its final destination.
- 5. What instruments are employed in investigating the bed of the ocean, and what is the present state of our knowledge with regard to its depth, its physical configuration, and its temperature?
- 6. What is the effect of the aqueous vapour in the atmosphere on the heat rays of the sun as they pass to the earth, and what is its effect on radiation from the earth? Show how this principle may be applied to explain the great differences between the temperatures in the sun and in the shade on high mountains.

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7. Strata containing marine fossils are found at some of the highest points in the Khasi Hills in Sylhet. Explain their origin and mode of formation, and the probable course of events by which they have been placed in their present position.

8. State the advantages of a broken coast line. Discuss the eastern coast line of the peninsula of India, and its causes.

9. What are the conditions necessary for the formation of a cyclone in the Bay of Bengal, and at what seasons of the year do they occur? Describe the usual phenomena attending them, and the directions in which they move.

10. Explain in what way, and to what extent, the motions of the earth in space are subject to periodical change, and the probable influence of such change on the climate of the carth.

## HISTORY OF ENGLAND-MORNING.

### Examiner-REV. JAS. ROBERTSON, M. A.

N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

1. Explain fully how national unity was brought about among the English Kingdoms.

2. Describe feudatism as introduced by William the Conqueror, explain its influence, and show how it was modified and finally destroyed. Illustrate the chreacter of the people of England under the Norman and Augevin kings.

3. Sketch the history of the Laglish Parliament from its rise to the death of Edward III. Name and explain the important statutes passed during this period.

4. Describe the social and political condition of England under Richard II, and illustrate it by reference to the literature of the time.

5. "When the lawyers of the Long Parliament fell back for "their precedents of constitutional liberty to the reign of the "House of Lancaster, and silently regarded the intervening "period as a blank, they expressed not merely a legal truth but "an instorical one:" explain this fully, state precisely the causes of the change in the character of the monarchy during this period, and trace the various steps by which it was brought about. Name and characterise the leading statesmen of the Tudor period, and explain their attitude towards the "now monarchy."

6. Sketch the history of religious parties in England from the Reformation to the Revolution, distinguishing carefully the principles, and influence of each. Indicate as precisely as you can the extent of the reaction against Puritanism at the Revolution.

7. What light is thrown on the real nature and results of the Revolution by the political state of Europe? State summarily the plans of the Stuarts for the recovery of the throne, and show how they were ultimately defeated.

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- 8. Explain fully the securities for the personal liberty of the subject that have been obtained since the Revolution Sketch the history of the English press, dwelling particularly on the questions that arose in connexion with it during the reign of George III.

  9. Name, and characterise briefly, the policy of the various 5
- 9. Name, and characterise briefly, the policy of the various ministries that held office during the reign of George III. Discuss the attitude of the English statesmen of the period towards the French Revolution.
- 10. Give a brief summary of the more noteworthy events in English history since the accession of George IV., with notices of the leading statesmen.

#### HISTORY-AFTERNOON.

### Examiner-REV. W. HASTIE, P. D.

#### History of India.

#### N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1. Mention the sources of attainable historical knowledge of the Hindu period; state what has been definitely ascertained regarding its chronology; and contrast the earlier Vedic with the later Brahmanic society, accounting for the difference between them.
- 2 Describe the political, religious, and intellectual state of India in the time of Chandra Gapta and Asoca.
- 3. Give an account of the Rajouts as regards their origin and social system; and briefly sketch their history.
- 4. Write a short narrative of the rough of Shah Jehén; and (referring to facts and authorities) describe the state of culture and art in the empire at that time.
- 5. Describe the three great battles of Paniput,—when fought, 5 by whom, and with what political results.
- 6. Give a chronological synopsis of the principal events during the administration of Lord Wellesley; and summarise the intellectual and social progress of the people from 1805 to 1835.

#### Arnold's Lectures on Modern History.

- 1. State the method laid down by Arnold for the study of 6 Modern History; and illustrate the mode in which it is to be applied to a period of imperfect civilisation.
- 2. Distinguish between external and internal History, and show how the difficulties presented by the latter are to be treated.
- 3. Montion and criticise the sufficiency of Arnold's criteria for distinguishing real from fictitious history, and apply them to the Ramayan or to any historical Romance.

#### Mill on Representative Government.

1. State the essential functions of Government according to Mill, and give his arguments for holding that a representative

Democracy is ideally a better form of Government than an enlightened Monarchy. 2. Discuss the following points: 1. The proper method of 6 electing Representatives in a free State; 2. The official responsibilities of the Elected to the Electors; 3. The dangers incident to a universal Democracy. Examine, with historical references, the applicability of 6 Representative Government to Colonies and to heterogeneous Dependencies imperfectly civilised. History of the Jews. 6 Write a short narrative of the reign of Ahab, and sketch the career, character, and influence of Elijah. 2. Describe the political and social condition of Judwa at the birth of Christ, and draw a map of Palestine, putting in the leading places mentioned in Josephus and the Gospels. Point out the influence of the Captivity and the Dis-6 persion upon the spiritual life of the Jews, and give an account of the chief Jewish Sects. HEAT AND LIGHT-Morning. Examiner-Mr. A. Ewbank, M. A. N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks. 5 Explain the difference between propagation of heat by conduction and propagation of heat by convoction. 2. Describe Regnault's method of determining the density of 8 various gases as compared with the density of air. 3. A narrow beam of solar light is admitted into a darkened 6 room and traverses successively a convex lens of rock salt and a prism of rock salt; state the thermal effects observed. 4. Define the terms "specific heat," "method of mixtures." 3 A piece of iron weighing 100 grams is heated to temperature 60° and immersed in 216 6 grams of water of which the tempera-

5. Explain the terms "coefficient of the apparent expansion of mercury," "coefficient of the absolute expansion of mercury."

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ture is 20°; calculate the rise of temperature which the water will experience, taking the specific heat of the iron to be 114.

At temperature 12° the height of a barometer is found to be 758 millimetres. Determine the corresponding height for temperature 0°, taking the required coefficient of the expansion of mercury to be 3508.

6. State the laws of the reflexion of light.

A small object is placed between two plane mirrors which are at right angles to each other. Determine the number of images produced, tracing their successive formation and showing why the number is limited.

7. Describe clearly any experiment which illustrates what is 5 called total reflexion. 8. A convex lens has a focal length of 12 inches; on the axis of the lens and at a distance from it of 18 inches is placed a small luminous object. The image produced is received on a screen. Show in a diagram the formation of the image, and calculate its relative magnitude. 9. Describe one form of the camera obscura. 10, Define the term "interference of light," and describe 8 Fresnel's experiment to illustrate the effects of interference. SOUND, ELECTRICITY, AND MAGNETISM -AFTERNOON. Examiner—Mr. A. Ewbank, M. A. N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Distinguish between noise and sound, and state the 6 conditions necessary for the transmission of sound to the ear. 2. Explain the production of clear cchoes. 4 A monosyllabic echo is just distinctly heard; discuss the effect 8 of a large rise or fall of temperature in the surrounding air if it is wished to reproduce the echo. 3. Describe the formation of beats, pointing out in what cases 7 they are audible. 4. Examine the difference between the action of the earth on 7 a magnetic needle floating in water and the action on the same needle of a small bar magnet when it is brought near the needle. 5. Describe the Inclination Compass, stating the imperfec-8 tions to which the instrument is liable with the corrections necessary to be observed. 6. Explain the construction of Coulomb's Torsion Balance 8 when employed to estimate magnetic repulsions. 7. Give some illustrations of the statement that electricity 6 resides only on the surface of bodies. Is this true of dynamical electricity? A small pith ball and a small metal ball, each suspended 6 by a fibre of silk, are successively brought near a large electrified sphere. State what happens, and give the reasons. 9. Mention the kinds of materials that may be used for the 7 various parts of Epinus's condenser, giving your reasons in each case. 10. Describe Daniell's Battery, pointing out the principle on 8 which its constancy depends.

#### BOTANY-MORNING.

### Examiner—Dr. Geo. King.

- 1. Describe the structure of the underground and aerial stem of equisetum, and give an account of the organs and mode of reproduction of the genus.
- 2. What are the principal facts regarding parthenogenesis in plants?
- 3. What is the geographical distribution of the natural orders Malvaceæ, Euphorbiaceæ, Orchidaceæ, Gramineæ?
- 4. Describe minutely the flower of a triandrous grass. Give the arguments for and against Robert Brown's view of the structure of the flower and inflorescence of Graminezo.
- 5. State the various forms under which silex occurs in the tissues of plants.
- 6. In what families of plants do pitchers or allied organs occur? Give the views commonly received as to their structure and uses
- 7. Describe the structure of the capsule in mustard, poppy, and datura.
- 8. By what characters are Apocynacea allied to Asclepiadacea, Papaveracea to Crucifera, and Graminea to Cyperacoa, and by what characters are they distinguished from each other?
  - 9 Describe the parasitism of loranthus.
  - 10. Describe botanically the objects numbered 1, 2, 3.

#### BOTANY-AFTERNOON.

### Examiner—Dr. Geo. King.

- 1. Describe the vegetative and reproductive organs of mosses.
- 2. What is known respecting the irritability of plants?
- 3. Describe minutely the development and structure of the anther and pollen in phanerogams.
  - 4. How do you account for free central placentation?
- 5. Point out the distinctive characters of the epidermis in plants, and give an account of any organs developed exclusively from it.
- 6. What are the principal modifications of the floral disk? Of what parts may the organ be a modification?
- 7. Describe the different modifications of the style and stigma in Composite. How far are these available for divisional characters?
- 8. Describe the general appearances presented by a transverse section of a leaf-stalk and a leaf in a dicotyledon.
- 9. Describe the structure and arrangement of the fibro-vascular bundles in the stems of monocotyledons, lycopods, and ferns.
  - 10 Describe the objects numbered 4 and 5.
- 11. Define the terms cystolith, cytoblast, dichogamy, dichotomy, strophiole, strobilus.

#### GEOLOGY.

### Examiner-Mr. V. BALL, M. A.

- 1. How are rocks classified with reference to their origin?
- 2. What are the principal agents which have produced the present outlines and form of the earth's surface?
- 3. Draw an imaginary geological section representing, in different parts, conformable, unconformable, faulted, cleaved and faise-bedded strata.
- 4. By what appearances on the surface of a tract of country would you feel justified in concluding that it had been subjected to glaciation?
- 5. What do you understand by the term metamorphism? Describe the characters of any metamorphic rocks with which you are familiar.
  - 6. Mention the principal strata of organic origin.
- 7. What are the tests of relative age which are applicable to sedimentary rocks?
  - 8. What are characteristic fossils?
- 9. What proofs are there that distinct species of animals and plants successively lived on the earth?
- 10. What are the indications from which we are enabled to deduce the character of the climates of past periods in the earth's history?

#### MINERALOGY AND PALÆONTOLOGY.

### Examiner-MR. V. BALL, M. A.

- 1. Give the composition of a few of the most common ores of iron and copper.
- 2. State the composition and crystalline form of the following minerals: Cinnabar, Rock Salt, Quartz, Cale spar, Gypsum.
- 3. Give a list of the principal elementary substances which occur 'native.'
- 4. What are the principal methods made use of in the determination of minerals?
- 5. What are most important useful minerals found in India? In what geological formations do they occur?
- 6. What is the earliest evidence of animal life which has been found in the crust of the earth?
- 7. What were the leading characteristics of the fauna of the Devonian period?
  - '8. How and of what was coal formed?
- 9. When did the Archæopteryx, the Plesiosaurus and the Megatherium live? To what classes of animals are they respectively referred?
- 10. What are the nearest living representatives of the Ammonites and where are they found?

#### ZOOLOGY.

### Examiner-MR. V. BALL, M. A.

- 1. By what characters are the Hydrozoa distinguished from the Actinozoa?
- 2 In what respects do the Amphibia differ from the Reptilia? Describe the stages in development of the common frog.
- 3. Describe the structure of any one of the following animals: Ascidian, Amphioxus, Axolotl, Echidua.
- 4. Draw a sketch of an annulose animal indicating the relations of the alimentary, circulatory, and nervous systems.
- 5. What are the two divisions of the sub-kingdom annulosa? How are they distinguished?
- 6. What are the leading characteristics of the marsupial animals?
- 7. To what sub-kingdoms, classes and orders do the following animals belong: Leech. Prawn, Spider, Moth, Beetle, Oyster, Shark, Gecko, Duck, Whale. Lemur
- 8. Give a list of invertebrate animals which you know to occur in Bengal.
- 9. Give a list of the mammals of which identical or closely allied species occur both in India and Africa.
  - 10. What are the chief characteristics of the Australian fauna.

#### PHYSIOLOGY.

### Examiner-MR. V. BALL, M. A.

- 1. Describe accurately the course of the blood through the heart of a mammal.
- 2. What are the functions of the thoracic duct? Describe its course.
  - 3. Enumerate the cerebral nerves.
- 4. How many vertebræ are there in the human skeleton? How are they classified?
- 5. Where are the following bones situated respectively: Atlas, Clavicle, Hyoid, Malleus, Sternum, Radius, Patella, Fibula?
  - 6. Describe the process of deglutition.
  - 7. Describe the parts included in the eyeball.
- 8. What are the muscles which move the eyeball, and what is their nervous supply?
- 9. Enumerate the most important named structures which are included in the brain.
  - 10. What is reflex action?

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#### PSYCHOLOGY-Morning.

### Examiner-Mr. J. SIME, M. A.

(Hamilton's Metaphysics.)

### N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1. Define the scope of Psychology, Nomology, and Ontology and tell what you know of the history of the first term.
- 2. State clearly Hamilton's doctrine of the Conditioned. How 4 yet does he vindicate the primitive conviction of liberty?
- 3. Explain the terms substance and phenomenon, activity and passivity hypothesis and theory, disposition and habit; and trace the expression passive power
- 4. State the characteristics by which the three great classes of the Mental Phenomena are discriminated; and give reasons for the place of the Feelings as intermediate between the other two classes.
- 5. Explain precisely what Hamilton means by a fact of Consciousness properly so called. Take a phenomenon of External perception, and distinguish between its dubitable and indubitable element.
- 6. State, and illustrate with reference to Association, the doctrine of latent mental agency. How do Reid, Stewart, and Hamilton explain the mental operation in the Acquired Dexterities? Add Mill's view, if you can.
- 7. Distinguish between Mediate and Immediate knowledge, and state the two grand doctrines of Mediate Perception. On what ground do the most recent idealists reject the duality of Consciousness?
- 8. State clearly Hamilton's doctrine of Perception. In what respect does he regard all the senses as modifications of Touch?
- 9 Explain—"Knowledge has its commencement in sense, but its origin in intellect?" How are intuitive elements of knowledge distinguished from experiential? Illustrate your answer.
- 10. Analyse the feelings of the Beautiful and the Sublime 4 with reference to Hamilton's theory of Pleasure.

# INDUCTIVE LOGIC AND MORAL SCIENCE

#### -AFTERNOON.

Examiner-REV. A. F. RUDOLF HOERNLE, PH. D.

N. B.—The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

#### Inductive Logic.

1. How is the universal tendency of mankind to generalise on their experience to be explained? Is the indulgence of that tendency legitimate, and, if so, under what conditions?

- 2. Distinguish between the subjective and objective elements in our idea of cause. Explain the various theories to account for the presence of the subjective element, and state whose theories they are. Does Hume's definition, invariable antecedent, fully express our idea of cause?
- 3. Fowler, in various places, refers to (a) the process of crystallisation, (b) the discovery of Neptune, (c) the epicyclical theory of the heavens, (d) the derivation of French words from the Latin. What positions are these references intended to illustrate? Show how they do so.
- 4. Explain Dr. Whewell's views on the inductive methods, and on the tests of a true hypothesis. State Fowler's criticisms thereon. Are they just?

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- 5. Explain the relation of induction to deduction. Show how they may be combined in reasoning, and in what relation they stand to the process of verification.
- 6. Why are Analogy and Simple Enumeration not proper inductive methods? Under what conditions may those two methods be employed for inductive purposes?
- 7. Examine the following opinions with regard (1) to the inductive method employed in forming them, and (2) to their validity, stating the class of fallacies to which the invalid ones belong.
- (a.) Men's fortunes in this world are caused by their acts in a previous state of existence
- (b.) Men's condition after death will depend on their conduct during their present life.
- (c.) When you speak about an absent person, he is sure to appear on the scene.
  - (d.) Where there is smoke there must be fire.
- 8. Give a tabular view of the fallacies incident to Observation and to the Inductive Methods.

#### Moral Science.

- 1. What is Moral Philosophy? What is its relation to Mental Philosophy? What is the amount of authority due to Sacred Books of Religion with regard to the study of the former?
- 2. Distinguish between Will and Desire. Assign to them their respective places as springs of action. Explain the mutual relations subsisting between Will, Intellect, and Sensitivity.
- 3. Compare Instinct and Habit, with regard to their nature and origin. Is it possible to identify them in any way psychologically and morally? State briefly the various theories on the subject.
- 4. Define Conscience, and analyse its functions. Review the various theories that have been held regarding its nature and origin. Is it possible to not wrongly under its guidance?
- 5. In what sense is the will free, and in what sense is it not free? What makes us responsible for vice, even though our understandings be deprayed?
- 6. What is meant by the System of Utility? Describe it, and 7 review the controversy regarding it.

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7. Define Justice and Veracity. Can it be right, under any circumstances, to violate the laws of either of them? State your reasons?

8 Define the place in Meral Philosophy of the questions regarding the Existence of God and the Immortality of the Soul. Explain briefly the arguments in favour of both doctrines.

#### Butler's Analogy.

1 What is the meaning of the title "Analogy of Religion"? E. plain the nature, degree, and foundation of the kind of evidence that Butler adduces. Show the peculiar utility of his method.

2 What objections have been urged against the doctrines that we are under Divine Government, and that that Government is a moral one? How does Butler answer them?

3. What a priori objection founded on the divine attributes might, in the absence of experience, be urged against the supposition of our being subjected to hazard and dauger? Whence does that speculative difficulty arise? Show that experience supplies a practical answer.

4. Butler says:

(a) "The principle of virtue, improved into habit, of which "improvement we are thus capable, will plainly be, in 'proportion "to the strength of it, a security against the danger which finite "creatures are in, from the very nature of propension or "particular affection."

(b.) "It is indiculous to assert that self-denial is essential to "virtue and piety; but it would have been nearer the truth, "though not strictly the truth itself, to have said, that it is "essential to discipline and improvement."

Explain fully these statements, clause by clause.

5. What is the doctrine of Necessity? Butler shows that even admitting that doctrine to be true, the conclusions deduced therefrom by the Atheist and Deist do not follow. Explain this.

6 Hobbes hold (a) "that personal gratification was the sole "end of every act," (b) "that every exercise of passion or faculty "was equally authoritative," and (c) "that man has no moral faculties of perception or action." State Butler's arguments in refutation of these three positions. Where are they set forth?

7. Butler maintains that "there is a natural principle of benevolence in man, which is in some degree to society what "self-love is to the individual." What does he mean by this? how does he prove it? and what important conclusions does he deduce from it?

### ALGEBRA AND TRIGONOMETRY—

#### Morning.

### Examiner-Mr. W. Grithitis, M. A.

N. B.—The figures in the riargin indicate full marks.

1. Prove the exponential theorem.

If  $\log (1 + x) (1 + ax) (1 + ax) (1 + ax) (1 + ax) \dots$  to infinity be expanded in a series of ascending powers of a, shew that the

coefficient of  $x^n$  is  $\frac{(-1)^n}{n(n^n-1)}$ .

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2. When is an infinite series said to be convergent or diver- 6 gent?

Show that  $\frac{1}{1p} + \frac{1}{2p} + \frac{1}{3p} + \dots$  is divergent if p is equal to

or less than unity, and convergent if  $\rho$  is greater than unity.

Determine whether the series whose general term is  $(n'+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ — n is convergent and divergent.

3. Prove the law of formation of successive convergents to the value of a continued fraction.

If 
$$\frac{P_n}{Q_n} = q + \frac{1}{q_1 + q_2 + q_3 + \dots + \frac{1}{q_n}},$$
 shew that

$$\frac{P_n}{P_{n-1}} = q + \frac{1}{q_{n-1} + q_{n-2} + q_{n-3} + \dots + \frac{1}{q}}....\frac{1}{q}.$$

4. Find the sum of n terms of the recurring series

$$u_0 + u_1 x + u_2 \omega^2 + u_3 x^3 + \dots$$

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whose scale of relation is  $1 - px - qe^2$ , and prove that

$$u^{2}_{n} - pu_{n} u_{n-1} - qu^{2}_{n-1} = (-q)^{m} (u^{2}_{n-m} - pu_{n-m-1} - qu^{2}_{n-m-1}).$$

5. Prove that the arithmetic mean of any number of positive 6 quantities is not less than their geometric mean.

If a, b, c be the sides of any triangle and  $s = \frac{1}{2} (a + b + c)$ ,

shew that 2 s is greater than

$$\sqrt{s(s-a)} + \sqrt{s(s-b)} + \sqrt{s(s-c)}$$
.

6. Find expressions for the radii of the inscribed and circum- 6 scribed circles of a triangle.

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A dodecagon, six of whose sides are equal to a, and six equal to b, is inscribed in a circle; prove that the radius of the circle

is 
$$\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + \sqrt{3} ab}$$
; and that the area of the dodecagon is  $6ab + \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}(a^2 + b^2)$ .

7. Assuming De Moivre's theorem, deduce the formula

Sin 
$$\theta = \theta - \frac{\theta^3}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\theta^5}{\sqrt{5}} - \&c.$$

Show that the limit of  $\left(\frac{\theta}{\sin \theta}\right)^{\frac{G}{\theta^2}}$  when  $\theta$  is indefinitely

diminished is c.

8. Find exponential values for sin x and cos x. Given  $\tan (\phi + \theta) \cos 2a = \tan \phi$ , prove that

$$\theta = \tan^2\alpha \sin 2\phi + \frac{1}{2} \tan^4\alpha \sin 4\phi + \frac{1}{3} \tan^6\alpha \sin 6\phi + \&c.$$

9. Sum the series

$$1 + x \cos \theta + \frac{x^2}{2} \cos 2 \theta + \frac{x^3}{2} \cos 3 \theta + \&c.$$

### ANALYTICAL CONIC SECTIONS-AFTERNOON.

Examiner-MR. JOHN ELIOT, M. A.

N. B .- The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1. Find the length of the perpendicular drawn from the point a B to the straight line Ax + By + C = 0.
- 2. Find the polar equation to the straight line passing through the two points  $(r_{\ell}, \theta_{\ell})$   $(r_{\ell}, \theta_{\ell})$ .

Thence deduce the condition that three points may lie in a straight line, and interpret the result geometrically.

3. Obtain an expression for the area of a triangle in terms of the co-ordinates of its angular points.

Find the area of the triangle included by the straight lines-

$$x \cos a_1 + y \sin a_1 - p_1 = 0.$$
  
 $x \cos a_2 + y \sin a_2 - p_2 = 0.$   
 $x \cos a_3 + y \sin a_3 - p_3 = 0.$ 

- 4. Explain what is meant by the terms pole and polar. Find the co-ordinates of the pole of the line Ax + By + C = 0 with respect to the circle  $(x \alpha)^2 + (y \beta)^2 = \gamma^2$ .
- 5. What is meant by the radical axis of two circles? Prove 5 that the radical axes of three circles intersect in a point.

Find the co-ordinates of this point for the three circles whose equations are—

$$x^{2} + y^{2} = r^{2},$$
  
 $(x - a)^{2} + (y - \beta)^{2} = \gamma^{2},$   
 $(x - a)^{2} + (y - b)^{2} = c^{2}.$ 

6. Define a parabola, thence obtain its equation in the 4 simplest form, and trace its figure from the equation.

7. Obtain the equations to the tangent and normal at any point of a parabola in the form—

$$y = m\alpha + \frac{a}{m},$$
  
$$y = mx - 2 am - am^3.$$

Common tangents are drawn to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$ , and the parabola  $y^2 = 4$  as. Find their equations.

8. Obtain the polar equation to an ellipse, a focus being the pole and an axis the initial line. Also find the equation to the tangent at any point.

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Prove that tangents drawn from an external point subtend equal angles at either focus.

9. What is meant by conjugate diameters of an ellipse? Find the co-ordinates of the extremities of one conjugate diameter in terms of the co-ordinates of the extremities of the other diameter.

Show that the area of the parallelogram formed by normals at the extremities of conjugate diameters of an ellipse is  $\frac{(a^2-b^2)^2}{ab}$ 

 $\sin^3 2 \phi$ , where  $\phi$  is the eccentric angle of one of the extremities.

10. All chords of a conic section which subtend a right angle at a given point of the curve pass through the same point in the normal at the given point.

11. If the normals at two points of a parabola intersect on the curve shew that the line joining the two points intersects the axis at a fixed point.

# B. L. Examination.

### 1881.

#### JURISPRUDENCE.

### Examiner-Mr. B. L. GUPTA, C. S.

- 1. What are the ultimate sanctions of all laws? From what authority do those sanctions emanate? Whence and how do laws based upon custom and judicial decisions derive their binding force?
- 2. Give the judicial sense of the terms "intention," "negligence," "malice"
- 3 (a) "It is a general rule that courts of law will not move unless some duty or obligation is broken." What exceptions, it any, are there to this rule? (b) "Obligations may be neither ex contractu nor ex delicto. Illustrate by examples.
- 4 A Hindu on his deathbod gives directions for the distribution of his personal property after his death. Are such directions valid? What rules must be observed to make the execution of an unprivileged will valid?
- 5. On what grounds may a will, though duly executed, be declared void by a court of law?
- 6. Explain (a) Residuary legates (b) Ouerous bequests (c) Election (d) Specific legacy (e) Adminstration.
- 7. What are the prerogatives and legal attributes which attach to the Crown of England?
- 8. What, according to Blackstone, was the origin (a) of the right of property; (b) of the right of inheritance; (c) of the right of disposing of one's property or a part of it, by testament?
- 9. When, how, and by what authority were the Supreme Court and the Sudder Dewany Adalat respectively constituted? State briefly their respective functions, and their relative position, as resulting from the legislation of 1781.
- 10. What control, if any, has the Governor-General, as such, over the different legislative bodies in the country?

### LAND TENURES, &c.

### Examiner-Mr. B. L. GUPTA, C. S.

- 1. What provision is there in Reg. VIII of 1793 against the levy of abwabs and mathants? Is there any similar provision in Act VIII (B. C) of 1869? If so, state it.
- 2. How are the rights of intermediate tenure-holders, of mortgagees, and of other persons having an interest in a putnee talooq, affected

- by its transfer, (a) by private sale, (b) by public sale in execution of a decree, (c) by public sale, at the instance of the zemindar; for arrears of jumma?
- 3. State the nature and extent of the interest which the owner or the occupier of land acquires over accretions formed by alluvion. What liabilities, if any, attach to such interest?
- 4. Does a ryot cultivating his land under a lease for a fixed period acquire a right of occupancy? If so, may this operation of the law be defeated by any express stipulations to the contrary?
- 5. May one of several joint-mortgagors redeem (a) a portion of the property by paying his share of the debt, (b) the whole property by repaying the whole of the debt? In either case, should your answer be in the affirmative, what would be the respective rights and liabilities of the parties interested as against one another?
- 6. A obtains a decree for redemption of property pledged to B, but neglects to execute it until the decree is barred by limitation. Has A any remedy left?
- 7. Under what circumstances, if any, could a civil court annul a sale under Act XI of 1859?
- 8. What advantage, if any, is there in having a document registered, the registration of which is optional?
- 9. Under what circumstances may a registering officer lawfully refuse to register a document, and what remedy is open to the aggrieved party after such refusal?
- 10. Explain "servient tenement," "dominant tenement," "enjoyment as of right," "affirmative casements," and "negative easements," and state fully in respect of what subjects, and how, rights to easements may be acquired, and how, after their acquisition, such rights may be lost?
- 11. When, if at all, may a foreign rule of limitation be pleaded to a suit in British India; and how far, if at all, are suits in British India, on contracts entered into in a foreign country, subject to the law of limitation obtaining in such country?

#### HINDU AND MAHOMEDAN LAW.

#### Examiner—MR. C. PIFFARD.

- 1. What are the principal points of difference between the Dayabhaga and the Mitákshara schools of law?
- 2. What questions were at issue in the Shiva Gunga case and how were they decided by the Privy Council?
- 3. A dies leaving a widow, a daughter, a daughter's son, a sister, a sister's son, and a brother's grandson. In what order will they

inherit to his estate? Supposing A's daughter's son to die leaving a son, after A's death, but before the death of A's widow, when will such son take the inheritance?

- 4. In a family governed by the Mitakshara law can a stepmother succeed to the estate or share in the estate once inherited by her stepson? Does the same rule prevail in families governed by the Dayabhaga?
- 5. A dies leaving a son B, a daughter C, a widow D, and a brother's grandson E. B dies unmarried and is succeeded by his mother D, who afterwards remarries and dies leaving a son F; C died in the lifetime of D, having previously in pursuance of authority given to her by her, duly adopted G. Upon D's death, E, F, and G claim the estate which had descended from A to B. Which of them is entitled to it!
- 6 What are the principal provisions of the Hindu Wills Act? To what extent, if any, does a subsequent marriage affect the validity of a will by a Hindu. Mahomedan and Christian respectively? A, being sonless, makes a will, leaving all his immoveable property to his brother; a son is afterwards born to him; does the birth of such son affect the validity of A's will?
- 7. A dies leaving two son B and C, a son's son D, a daughter's son E, and a widow F the mother of B. How will his estate be divided?
- 8. Who are the only heirs not liable to be excluded by other heirs?
- 9 What is wulf? What conditions are indespensable for its validity?
- 10. What is the share of the husband of an only daughter when there are no sons? Of two or more daughters in the like case? Of a son's daughter when there is also an only daughter, and when there are also two or more daughters?
- 11. Enumerate the legal sharers and residuaries, and state in what respects their rights differ. Enumerate also the four classes of distant kindred and the persons included in each class?
- 12. What is shoofed or preemption? How, and by whom, and under what circumstances, can this right or privilege be claimed or exercised? What formality, if any, must be observed by the person claiming it. By what legal devices may a claim of preemption be evaded?

#### CONTRACTS AND TORTS.

### Examiner-MR. C. PIFFARD.

- 1. What is specific relief and how can it be onforced?
- 2. In what case is a court bound to refuse specific performance of a contract?

- 3. What constitutes a partnership? What are the reciprocal rights and liabilities of partners (1) as between themselves and strangers?
- 4. A, a partner in a firm, purchases the house in which the partnership business is carried on—Can he, on the expiration of a then running lease, enhance the rent payable by the firm? If not, why not? What difference, if any, would it make, if the house became his by gift or bequest?
- 5.4 A and B jointly promise to pay C Rs. 1000 on demand. C, afterwards, without A's concurrence, releases B from his promise. Is A still liable to pay C, and it so, how much? A, knowing that C has released B, voluntarily pays the whole Rs. 1000 to C. Can he afterwards sue B for contribution? If not, why not?
- 6. Define fraud and misrepresentation. What is their effect upon a contract?
  - 7. What is the law as to appropriation of payments?
- 8. What is contributory negligence? A, the customer of a bank, has been warned by his bankers to keep his cheque-book under lock and key. He does not do so, but negligently leaves it on the table in an empty room. B, A's servant, enters the room, tears out a leaf from the cheque-book, forges a cheque for Rs. 500, cashes it at the bank, and then disappears. Who must bear the loss?
- 9. What is stoppage in transitu? If goods, that have been stopped in transitu, are resold by the seller after reasonable notice to the buyer, who is bound to bear any loss, and who is entitled to any profit that may result from such result?
- 10. A sold, and delivered to B, a horse warranted to be sound but which was in fact unsound at the time of the sale. Has B any remedy? Can be return the horse without A's consent?
- 11. What is a balment? How many kinds of bailments are there, and what obligations are in each case imposed upon the bailee?
- 12. A's dog kills B's donkey, without the knowledge of either A or B; B's donkey is left lying on the high road; C, a shortsighted man, was driving in a buggy to present for payment a cheque, the property of his employer D, and coming across the donkey's body, upsets his buggy, and gets one of his legs broken. The bank, upon which the cheque was drawn, stops payment the same afternoon, and the cheque was not presented in time, solely on account of the accident to C. Can B sue A? Can C sue either A or B? Can D sue A, B, or C? Can C sue D for injury sustained while employed in his service?

### CIVIL PROCEDURE AND EVIDENCE.

### Examiner-Mr. C. PIFFARD.

- 1. What is an admission? In what cases is it inadmissible to prove a previous admission or statement as against the person or the representative of the person who made it? In what cases, if any, may a previous admission or statement, be proved on behalf of the person who made it? Give reasons and illustrations.
- 2. When the question in issue is whether A did or did not survive B, and the date of B's death is known, what evidence is necessary to place the burden of proving that A died before B on the party who so states? What evidence given by him is sufficient to throw the burden of proof on the other side?
  - 3. When is a foreign judgment no bar to a suit in British India?
- 4. In what cases, if any, may a Court make a decree upon a lost negotiable instrument?
- 5. From what materials may a Court frame issues upon a settlement of issues?
  - 6. When may a case be disposed of at the first hearing?
- 7. If a suit has been instituted or an application made in a Court which has no jurisdiction to try the suit or hear the application, can such Court make any order as to costs? If such an order should be made, (1st) how could it be executed? (2nd) Would an appeal he against it? And (3rd) if so, to what Court?
- 8. If an order has been made in a suit in which a minor is concerned, without the minor being represented by a next friend or guardian, how may the Court deal with the matter, and what order may it make as to costs?
- 9. How may the credit of a witness be impeached? May the party who has called a witness afterwards impeach his credit? If so, under what circumstances?
- 10. Under what circumstances may a Court before final judgment issue a warrant (1) to arrest a defendant? (2) to attach his property?
- 11 What is a public charity? What remedy does the law provide in case of a breach of trust in the administration of a public charity?
- 12. Draw an ordinary plaint by the owners of a cargo totally destroyed by fire against the insurers.

#### CRIMINAL LAW.

### Examiner-Mr. B. L. GUPTA, C. S.

- 1. What provisions, if any, are there in the I. P. Code specially affecting persons who own, occupy, or have an interest, in land?
- 2. Define "mischief." May a person commit mischief on his own property? Give reasons and illustrations.
- 3. Define "wrongful gain," "wrongful loss," "dishonesty" and "good faith."
- 4. Under what limitations, if any, are minors criminally responsible for their acts, and what application is there of the doctrine of burden of proof to this subject?
- 5. To what extent, if at all, and under what limitations, if any, is a wrongful act, if done under compulsion, free from criminality?
- 6. What offence or offences, if any, has Z committed in each of the following cases? Give reasons for your answers. (a) Intending to annoy A, Z throws dirt and brickbats into A's house. (b) Z challenges A to a duel and in fair fight and without taking any undue advantage kills A. (c) Z sets his dog at A. The dog springs on A and bites him severely. (d) Z padlocks the door of a room in the lawful possession of A, not believing in good faith that he has a right to do so, and thereby prevents A from entering the room. (e) Z finding his today (tári) stelen every night by some person or persons unknown, puts poison into it. A drinks it by stealth and dies in consequence. (f) Z, in payment for goods purchased by him, gives a cheque on a bank, where he has no funds, and without intending at the time to put funds there. The cheque is presented and dishonoured. (g) A owes money to several persons who apply to Z, the village chowkidar, for the recovery of their just dues. Z, without intending any gain to himself, seizes some of A's cattle, against his will, and without his consent, sells them, distributes the proceeds among the creditors, and makes over the balance to A.
- 7. Distinguish between summons and warrant cases, and note the principal points of difference in the procedure prescribed for the trial of the two classes of cases.
- 8. May a magistrate holding preliminary enquiry into a case triable by the court of sessions examine witnesses for the defence? Is he bound to do so, if the accused so desires?
- 9. Under what circumstances, if ever, may the evidence of witnesses examined before the committing magistrate, be referred to by the sessions judge, and his judgment grounded thereon?
- 10. What are the respective positions of assessors and jurors? What course or courses are open to the judge, if he differs (a) from the opinion of the former, (b) from the verdict of the latter?

# B. G. E. and L. C. E. Gramination.

### 1880.

### ARITHMETIC AND ALGEBRA.

Evaminer-Dr. H. W. M'CANN.

- 1. What is a "prime number"? Resolve into prime factors the numbers 129600, 254016, 5775; and hence determine the L. C. M. and G. C. M. of these numbers.
- 2. Explain what is meant by a "vulgar fraction" and show from your explanation that  $\xi$  of  $\frac{1}{2}$  is equal to  $\frac{1}{12}$ .

Simplify 
$$\left(\frac{\frac{6}{5} \text{ of } \frac{7}{5} \text{ of } \frac{6}{5} + \frac{7}{7} + \frac{19\frac{10}{10}}{19\frac{10}{5} + \frac{8\frac{10}{2}}{6}} - \frac{221}{680}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{\frac{6}{152} + \frac{6}{95}}{\frac{9}{8}} + 39\frac{11}{12} - 24\frac{3}{5}\right).$$

- 3. Give and explain the rule for dividing one decimal number by another, and exemplify it by dividing 1015265 by 2.5, 125 and by 25 successively. Divide 0163 by 0002, and 10002 by 10163.
- 4. A bath is supplied with water from two pipes one of which can fill it in 12½ minutes, the other in 15 minutes; there is also a discharging pipe, which would empty it, when filled, in 10 minutes. The first pipe is open alone for 4 minutes, and then the first and second open together for one minute: if now the third pipe be opened as well, how long will it take to fill the bath?
- 5. A with a capital of Rs. 60,000 began business on the 1st day of January, and wishing to extend his trade, he took in B as a partner, with a capital of Rs. 50,000 on the 15th March following: and on the 27th May they admitted C as a third partner, who brought Rs. 70,000 into the concern. On taking stock at the end of the year they find the profits of the firm to be Rs. 24,850: how must this sum be divided amongst the partners?
- 6. If 72 men can make an embankment 324 yards long, 12 yards wide, and 8 feet high. in 9 days, working 12 hours a day: how many men must be employed to make an embankment 1458 yards long, 40 feet wide, and 3 yards high, in 36 days, working 9 hours a day? (Solve this without using the "Rule of Three.")

7. Prove 
$$\frac{a^4 (b^2 - c^2) + b^4 (c^2 - a^2) + c^4 (a^2 - b^2)}{a^2 (b - c) + b^2 (c - a) + c^2 (a - b)}$$

$$= (a + b)(b + c)(c + a)$$

$$\frac{x(1-y^2)(1-z^2) + y(1-z^2)(1-z^2) + z(1-z^2)(1-y^2) - 4xyz}{x + y + z - xyz}$$

$$= 1 - xy - yz - zx.$$

8. Explain the principle of the solution of quadratic equations, and show that, in the equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ , the sum of the

roots is 
$$-\frac{b}{a}$$
, and the product of the roots is  $\frac{c}{a}$ .

Resolve into the product of two linear factors the quadratic expressions  $7 x^2 - 3 x - 160$ , and  $mnx^2 + (n^2 - m^2) x - mn$ .

9. Solve the equations

(i.) 
$$\frac{1}{a(b-a)} + \frac{1}{b(c-a)} = \frac{1}{ac-ac}$$

(ii.) 
$$x^2 + y(x+1) = 1$$
.  
 $y^2 + x(y+1) = 2$ .

(iii.) 
$$ax + cy + bz = cx + by + az = b + ay + cz = a^2 + b^3 + c^3 - 3 abc$$

10. Insert a Harmonic Means between a and b.

Prove that if  $a^2$ ,  $b^2$ ,  $c^2$  be in Arithmetic Progression, then b+c, c+a, a+b, will be in Harmonical Progression.

11. Find the sum of the coefficients of the terms in the expansion of  $(1 + x)^n$  by the Binomial Theorem, where n is any positive integer, n-1

Show also that the sum of the coefficients of the odd terms is 2

Find the coefficient of  $x^{2n-1}$  in the expansion of  $\left(x-\frac{1}{x}\right)^{4n+1}$ 

12. Define a logarithm, and prove that

$$\log_b x = \frac{\log_a x}{\log_a b}.$$

Find the logarithm of  $800\sqrt{50}$  to the base  $2\sqrt{5}$ .

### GEOMETRY AND CONIC SECTIONS.

Examiner-DR. H. W. M'CANN.

1. If a straight line be divided into two equal, and also into two unequal parts, the squares on the two unequal parts are together double of the square on half the line and the square on the line between the points of section.

Illustrate this from Algebra.

2. If any chord of a circle be produced until the part produced is equal to the radius, and its extremity be joined with the centre of

the circle, and produced to the circumference, of the two arcs intercepted between these two lines, the one is 3 times the other.

3. Describe a circle which shall touch the base of a triangle and

the two sides produced.

Show that if the centre of the circle so described, and the centre of the circle inscribed in the triangle be joined to either extremity of the base, the joining lines are at right angles.

- 4. Give Euclid's definition of proportion, and illustrate it by proving that triangles of the same altitude are to one another as their bases.
- 5. A point moves so that its distances from two fixed points are in a constant ratio to one another. Prove that its locus is a circle.
- 6. When is a straight line at right angles to a plane, and when are two planes perpendicular to one another?

If two straight lines are parallel, and one of them is at right angles to a plane, the other is also at right angles to the same plane.

7. Show that in a parabola, tangents at the ends of a focal chord

intersect at right angles in the directrix.

Show also that, if from the ends of a focal chord perpendiculars be let fall upon the directix, the intercepted portion of the directix subtends a right angle at the focus.

- 8. The rectangles contained by the segments of any two intersecting chords of a parabola are to one another as the parameters of the diameters which bisect the chords. Hence show that if a circle intersect a parabola, the common chords are equally inclined to the axis of the parabola.
- 9. If perpendiculars be let full from the two foci upon any tangent to an ellipse, prove that the foet of these perpendiculars lie on the auxiliary circle, and the rectangle contained by the perpendiculars is equal to the square on the semi-axis minor.
- 10. Prove that in an ellipse the sum of the squares on two conjugate semi-diameters is constant.

If along the normal at any point of an ellipse a portion be measured equal to the conjugate semi-diameter, the locus of its extremity is a circle.

11. Define an asymptote of an hyperbola, and prove that the curve continually approaches its asymptote but never meets it.

If a directrix of the hyperbola cut an asymptote in E, prove CE =

CA, where C is the centre, and A a vertex.

12. If a chord Qq of an hyperbola be produced to meet the asymptotes in R, r, prove QR = qr. Hence show that if the tangent at P meet one asymptote in T, and TQ, drawn parallel to the other asymptote, meet the curve in Q, and PQ be produced to meet the asymptotes in R, R', then RR' is trisected at the points P, Q.

### TRIGONOMETRY AND MENSURATION.

#### Examiner—Dr. H. W. M'CANN.

- 1. Explain what is meant by the "circular measure" of an angle, and prove that it is a correct measure.
- If D, G,  $\theta$ , be respectively the number of degrees, grades, and units of circular measure in any angle, find the relation between D, G,  $\theta$ .
- 2. Trace the variations in sign and nugnitude of the secant of an angle as the angle increases from 0° to 360°.

Show how the trigonometrical ratios of all angles whatever, positive or negative, may be made to depend upon those of some positive angle less than 45°.

3. Write down the general expressions for all angles which have (i) the same sine, (ii) the same cosine, (iii) the same tangent, as a given angle  $\alpha$ .

Solve the equations, obtaining the value of  $\theta$  in the most complete form,

(a) 
$$\cot^2 \theta + 4 \cos^2 \theta = 6$$

(b) 
$$\sin \theta + \cos \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

#### 4. Obtain the formula

$$\cos (A + B) = \cos A \cos B - \sin A \sin B$$

Assuming its truth when A, B, A + B, are each less than a right angle, prove it when A and B cach lie between 90° and 180°, and (A + B) lies between 180° and 270°.

Express sin 2A, cos 2A, in terms of tan A, and express tan A in terms of cos 2A.

5. Given a, b, c, the three sides of a triangle, investigate a formula for determining  $\cos \frac{B}{a}$ .

If 
$$a = 4439$$
,  $b = 4861$ ,  $c = 8583$  yards, find B. having given  $\log 8.9415 = .9514104$ ,  $\log 4.439 = 6472851$ ,  $\log 4.0805 = .6107027$ ,  $\log 8.583 = .9336301$  L  $\cos 11^{\circ}52' = 9.9906180$ , L  $\cos 11^{\circ}53' = 9.9905914$ .

6. Show how to solve a triangle having given two sides and the angle opposite one of them, and explain completely the resulting ambiguity.

If 
$$a = 36$$
,  $b = 44$ ,  $A = 32^{\circ}42'$ , find B and C, having given  $\log 3 = 4771213$ ,  $\log 11 = 10413927$ 

L sin 
$$32^{\circ}12^{\dagger} = 9.7325870$$
, L sin  $11^{\circ}19' = 9.8196888$ , L sin  $41^{\circ}29' = 9.8198325$ .

- 7. A certain square pleasure-ground, containing 5 acres, has in its centre a circular sheet of water occupying 1 acre, 1 rood, 20 perches: find the lengths of the paths reaching from each of the angles to the water's edge.
- 8. Prove the rule for finding the area of the surface of a right circular cone. Also, given the expression for the volume of a right circular cone in terms of the radius of its base and its height, deduce that for the volume of the frustum of such a cone in terms of the radii of its two ends, and of its height.
  - 9. The volume of a spherical orange is  $\frac{99}{7}$  cubic inches: the thick-

ness of the rind is  $\frac{1}{6}$  inch: after the rind is removed the orange is divided into equal parts by planes through a diameter making angles of 30° with one another: find the volume of each of these parts

$$\pi$$
 to be taken  $=\frac{22}{7}$ .

10. A rectangular tank is excavated whose sides are vertical, but whose ends slope at an angle of 15°, of length 38; feet, and of depth 5 feet; the earth from the excavation is employed to fill up a pit 21 feet deep, of circular section, whose radius at the top is 8 feet and at the bottom 7 feet. How broad must the tank be so that the earth may just fill the pit?

#### STATICS AND DYNAMICS.

### Examiner-Dr. H. W. M'CANN.

1. Define a "force" and show how it is possible to represent a force completely by a straight line.

Define and explain the principle of the transmissibility of a force to any point in its line of action.

2. If any number of forces acting on a particle be represented in magnitude and way of action by the sides of a polygon taken in order, they will keep the particle in equilibrium.

If the forces, instead of all acting at a point, actually act along the sides of the polygon, what is their resultant?

Forces represented in magnitude and way of action by the sides AB, BC, CD, AD of a quadrilateral act on a particle: find their resultant. If these same forces do not act on a particle, but act along the sides of the quadrilateral, find their resultant.

3. Define the centre of gravity of a body or a system of bodies, and find that of a plane triangular lamina.

From a plane triangular lamina the triangle obtained by joining the middle points of its sides is cut away; find the centre of gravity of the remainder.

4. Explain what is meant by the "tension" of a string at any point.

Find the ratio of Power to Weight in the 3rd system of pullics.

If the strings, instead of being fastened to a weight, are fastened to a scale-pan in which a man, weight W, stands, find with what force he must pull down the free end of the string passing over the lowest pully in order to support himself, the strings being all vertical.

5. State the three laws of friction.

A uniform rod rests with one end against a rough vertical wall, the other end being supported by a string of equal length fastened to a point in the wall; prove that the least angle  $\theta$  which the string can make with the wall is given by the formula  $\mu$  tan  $\theta = 3$ , where  $\mu$  is the coefficient of friction between the rod and the wall.

6. State and discuss Newton's Three Laws of Motion.

7. A body starts with velocity u and is acted on by a uniform force in the direction of the velocity during time t; if f be the acceleration due to the uniform force, and s the space described in time t, then prove  $s = ut + \frac{1}{2} ft^2$ .

If a body be projected vertically upwards with velocity u, find for what time it will rise, what beight it will reach, and after what time it will return to the point of projection, neglecting the resistance of the air.

8. Prove that a body projected in any direction not vertical and acted on by gravity will describe a parabola.

From two points A, B, not in the same vertical line, two particles are projected at the same instant towards one another: prove that the line joining the particles is always parallel to AB, and that the particles will meet: and find the time of meeting.

9. Two bodies, masses m, m', moving with velocities v, v', in the same direction impinge; find expressions for their velocities after impact. Show that the momentum of the system is unaltered, but the vis viva diminished, unless the bodies be perfectly elastic.

An engine weighing 40 tons, and 3 coal-trucks, each weighing 15 tons are at rest on a horizontal line; there is an interval of one foot between the engine and the first truck, and between each truck and the next. The engine starts off and strikes the first truck which then strikes the second, and so on. Supposing the engine to be constantly impelled by a force equal to the weight of one ton, and the bodies to be inelastic, find the velocity with which the last truck starts, and the whole time occupied in starting the train, neglecting friction, and taking y = 32.

10. Explain what is meant by a "simple pendulum", write down the time of a small oscillation, and show how it may be used to determine the force of gravity at any place.

A pendulum which oscillates in a second at one place gains 5 beats an hour if carried to another place. Compare the weights of the same substance at the two places.

### HYDROSTATICS AND OPTICS.

### Examiner—Dr. W. H. M'CANN.

1. Distinguish carefully between pressure at a point, and pressure on a point in a fluid.

Prove that the pressure at any point within a heavy inclustic homogenoous fluid at rest, not subject to external pressure, is equal to the weight of a column of fluid whose base is a unit of area and whose height is equal to the depth of the point below a horizontal plane through the highest point of the fluid. How is this result modified if the atmospheric pressure be taken into account ?

2. State the rules for determining the vertical and horizontal components of the pressure of a fluid at rest under the action of gravity on any surface in contact with it, and hence deduce the resultant pressure of a fluid upon the surface of a solid either wholly or partially immersed in it.

A body floating on an inclustic fluid is observed to have volumes  ${f V_1,\, V_2,\, respectively}$  above the surface at times when the density of the surrounding air is  $\rho_1$ ,  $\rho_2$ ; find the density of the inelastic fluid in terms of  $V_1$ ,  $V_2$ ,  $\rho_1$ ,  $\rho_2$ .

3. Find the centre of pressure of a triangular lamina immersed in liquid with its base in the surface (i) neglecting the atmospheric pressure (ii) taking it into account.

If a quadrilateral lamma ABCD in which AB is parallel to CD be immersed in liquid with the side AB in the surface, the centre of pressure will be at the point of intersection of AC and BD if  $AB^2 = 3 CD^2$ .

4. Explain the construction and use of the common hydrometer. The hydrometer being graduated upwards, its readings for two different fluids are  $x_1, x_2$ , and for a mixture of equal parts of these x; show that the volume of a unit of length of the stem is to the volume of the whole instrument below the zero point as  $x_1 + x_2 - 2x : xx_1 + xx_2 - 2x_1 x_2$ . 5. Describe the Forcing Pump, and explain why the air-vessel is

necessary for its efficiency.

6. Explain the terms geometrical focus, principal focus, applied to a pencil of rays reflected or refracted at a spherical surface.

In direct reflection at a spherical concave or convex surface,

radius r, prove that FQ. Fq =  $\left(\frac{r}{2}\right)^2$ , where F is the principal

focus, Q, q, a pair of conjugate foci.

7. Rays of light diverging from a point are refracted directly at a spherical surface; write down the formula

(i) connecting the distances of the conjugate foci from the centre of the surface.

(ii.) connecting the distances of the conjugate foci from the centre of the sphere.

An eye is placed close to the surface of a sphere of glass  $(\mu = \frac{3}{4})$ which is silvered at the back; shew that the image which the eye sees of itself is 3 of its natural size.

8. Prove that when a ray of light is refracted from one medium into another, the deviation increases as the angle of incidence increases, whether refraction be from a denser into a rarer medium or vice versa.

Hence show that the axis of a pencil of rays which passes through a prism in a principal plane is turned from, or towards, the edge of the prism, according as the prism is denser or rarer than the surrounding medium.

- 9. Find the geometrical focus of a pencil of rays after direct refraction through a lens the thickness of which is neglected. Hence show that in any lens whatever the position of the principal focus is the same whichever side be turned towards the incident light.
- If Q, q, be conjugate foci and the lens be concave, trace the change in position of q as Q moves from a great distance on one side to a great distance on the other.
- 10. Describe Galileo's telescope, giving a diagram of the path of rays from a distant point to the eye. What is the best place for the eye in using this telescope?

Define the "magnifying power" of a telescope, and prove that in this telescope the magnifying power is the ratio of the focal length of the object-glass to the focal length of the eye-glass.

#### GEODESY.

# Examiner—Capt. W. H. Johnstone, R. E. Assoc. Inst. c. E.

- 1. Describe the method of observing horizontal angles with a theodolite. If not pressed for time how could you improve the accuracy of your observed angles?
- 2. You are required to carry a triangulation over a piece of country comprising about 30 square miles. Only horizontal distances are required, not vertical heights. You will be supplied with a 6-inch Everest theodolite and whatever chains, staves, &c. you may require. Describe how you would proceed, indicating the successive steps of the process. Give a diagram of your triangulation and mention the length of your base.
- 3 Describe fully how you would test the correct adjustment of an Everest theodolite (whose antecedents were unknown to you) before commencing the above triangulation.
  - 4. Describe how you would set out a right angle in the ground :-
  - (1.) With a 100-feet chain.
- (2.) With a piece of rope, the length of which you have no means of measuring.
- 5. What is meant by the "line of Collimation" of the telescope of a theodolite or level? Describe how you would "collimate" a Dumpy level. How is it that defective collimation produces no errors as long as the distances observed are equal?
- 6. Describe the process of "traversing" with a theodolite. Under what circumstances would you employ this method of surveying, and what are its advantages?

7. "I set up a levelling staff upon a point A and turning my level upon the staff, I read 2.23 feet. I now send the staffman forward, in the direction in which I wish to level, and halt him at a convenient point B about 200 feet off. Directing the level upon the staff at B I read 7.89. I now take up my level and carry it forward to a convenient distance beyond the staff. Having set up the level I read 3.11 upon the staff at B But I now see, away to the right, a Bench mark, the reduced level of which I know to be 153.07 feet. I therefore send the staff to it and read 5.36. Again sending the staff forward to C, I read 4.73. Shifting the level as before I read 6.04 back upon C and 3.12 forward upon D."

Enter the above flying levels in a suitable form of level book and deduce the reduced level of the points A, B, C and D. Mention the difference in level between the points A and D

- 8. You are standing on the sea-shore which is unobstructed and practically level. Show how you would find your distance to a buoy which is moored a short distance out to sea:—
  - (1.) When provided with only a 100-feet tape and a ball of string.
  - (2.) When provided with a 100-feet tape and a pocket sextant.
- (3) When provided with a 100-feet tape and an optical square or cross staff.
- N. B. You are supposed to have pencil and note book but no logarithmic or trigonometrical tables.
- 9. Explain clearly the principle of the Vernier. You have a scale of inches divided into tenths,—what will be the length of a Vernier scale which will enable you read to the eightieth part of an inch?
- 10. What is the best and most accurate method of finding the variation of the compass with a theodolite? Give a detailed explanation of the successive steps of the process.

# CARPENTRY AND MECHANISM.

# Examiner - MAJOR ECKFORD, R. E.

- 1. Give one or two methods of fixing the end of the rafter to the tie beam, also of attaching an iron king rod and two wooden struts to a wooden tie beam.
- 2. What is the relative thickness of the tongue and the cheeks of a mortiso.
- 3. Give two examples of scarfs for lengthening timber. (2), When the beam is not required to be of the same dimensions throughout, describe an easy way to join two pieces of timber together.
- 4. Give a sketch of a trussed beam. And of a truss for a roof of 50 feet span, using queen posts and struts to support the rafter.
- 5. How is the centering for a bridge over a stream (which can be diverted or which is only full during the rains) usually supported in India? Describe the method of lowering the centres by sand cylinders.

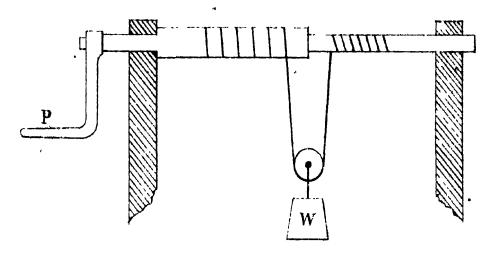
- 6. Sketch a centering for a bridge a single arch, sixty feet span, an arc of 60°, using the abutments of the arch; to take the thrust of the centering and not supporting the centering underneath.
- 7. In a compound wheel and axle, Fig. (1) length of handle = a diameter of greater axle = (b) diameter of smaller do. = c, what is the velocity ratio of P to W?
- 8. Insert a train of wheels between the hour wheel of a clock revolving once in twelve hours, and a wheel which revolves once in 24 days and twelve hours.
- 9. Give the velocity ratio of P to W in a rack and pinion where the handle of the pinion is 18" long, the number of teeth on pinion 7, and the distance from tooth to tooth 2" on pitch line.
- 10. In a compound screw, Fig. (2) let the distance between the threads of the large screw be 1" and the distance in the smaller screw \{ \}" what will be the velocity ratio of P and W, when the length of the handle is three feet?
- 11. Required the velocity ratio of P and W Fig. (3), in the endless screw attached to a toothed wheel and axle, when the number of teeth in the whole circumference of wheel is 10; diameter of axle 10" and length of handle of screw, is 1'6".

#### HYDRAULICS.

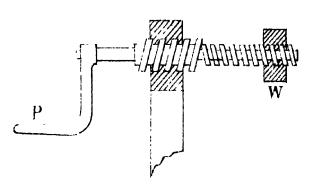
# Examiner-Major Eckford, R. E.

- 1. What is the least velocity you should give running water to prevent the growth of weeds? What velocity of water was fixed in the Sone Canals? What is a velocity rod?
- 2. What is meant by Hydraulic mean depth, and what section gives the greatest area of water for a given wetted border?
- 3. Give a section of the weir (dam) used at Dehra on the Sone? How does this differ from the dam for the Agra Canal across the Jumna at Okola? Give a section of the Lower Ganges Canal weir.
- 4. Where does damage commence from the action of floods on these weirs? and how would you repair this damage?
- 5. Give cross sections of the Sone Canal at head, the Agra Canal at head and Lower Ganges Canal at head
- 6. How many acres will one cubic foot per second irrigate in the cold season and how many in the khurreif harvest? Deduce from this the number of cubic feet which should be allowed per 1000 acres, making allowance for fallow and uncultivated land.
- 7. Where are weir sluices particularly placed and where are they placed in the Sone Canal weir? What would be the effect of there being no sluices?
- 8. Where are regulating bridges placed? and where would you place Escapes? What is the use of an Escape on a running Canal?
- 9. Give a section of an ogee full, a perpendicular full, and of a fall provided with gratings. Which is the best kind? What is the defect of an ogee full?

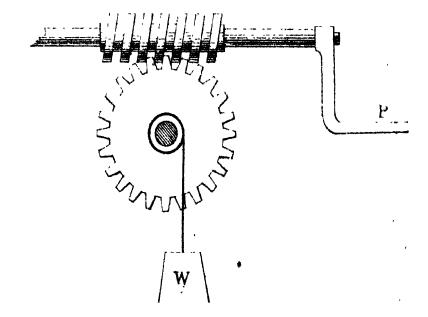
Fig (1)



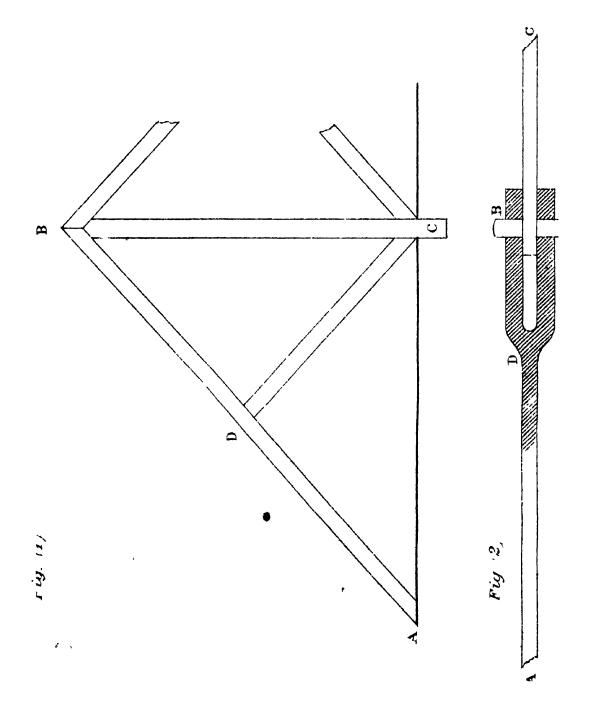
Fig(2)



Fig(3)







10. What is the best position for a lock? What is the disadvantage of the lock Chamber being removed a little distance from the Canal as on the Gauges Canal?

11. How is the main drainage of the country passed across a Canal when found needful? Give the three well known drainage passages on the Gauges Canal between Hurdwar and Roorkec.

12. What is the usual coefficient of contraction in a thin lipped orifice? Give the discharge through a rectangular thin hyped orifice 12" × 4" the depth of water being 9 feet above the centre line of the orifice.

13. Slope per mile in a Canal bed = a feet; hydraulic mean depth = b; what is the mean velocity of the current? and what the central surface velocity?

#### STRENGTH OF MATERIALS.

#### Examiner-Major John Eckford, R. E.

1. Give the resistance to crushing and tearing of mortar made with 2 parts soorkhee, 3 of white line and 5 of sand.

What is the crushing and tearing resistance of pure Portland Cement?

Give the crushing resistance of good brick and hard sandstone.

- 2. A teak beam is 20 feet long 12 inches deep and 8 inches broad; what weight will the beam sustain
- (a) supported at one oud, and all the weight supported at the other?
  - (b) supported at one end, and the weight distributed uniformly?
- (c) What weight when the beam is supported at both ends, and all the weight distributed uniformly?
- 3. ABC fig. (1) is a truss AB = 20 feet  $\angle$  BAC = 45. The trusses are 6 feet apart, with a tiled roof and a factor of safety of 1-4th the whole lead (wind; tiles, and wooden purious). What dimensions would you make AB a teak beam whose depth is double its breadth? What pressure will there be on DC and BC reckoning the wind to blow at maximum force?
- 4. ABC fig. (2) represents two wronght iron rods in tension linked by pin B; supposing the tension stress to be 5 tons and the factor of safety 1-5th, what would be the thickness of AD, DB, and pin, B, F?

5. What is the usual proportion of the diameter of a rivet to the

thickness of a plate?

6. ABCD, EBCF are two iron sheets three feet broad } an inch thick; what loss of strength would there be in the usual style of single rivetting their plates together?

What is double rivetting?

7. Design a strong joint to get a high percentage of tensile strength in joining these plates either by chain or lozenge-rivetting when the plates are lap-rivetted and also when butt joints and cover plates are used?

- 8. A room is 30 feet broad and the girders are six feet from centro to centre the floor is six inches of tiles and terrace taking the weight of the floor alone and neglecting the cross girders but allowing for a full load of people standing on the floor. Sketch a girder to sustain this load; the girder is to have a depth of 2 feet, the flanges 2 feet broad and factor of safety 1-5th; what would be the dimensions of web and flanges?
- 9. Why are the ends of all long girders left free? would you if it could be avoided close in the seats of wooden beams air tight with cement; would it harm the iron work of a girder to be set in cement?

### ROADS AND RAILWAYS.

#### Examiner—Capt. W. H. Johnstone, R. E.

- 1. What are catch-water drains and how are they employed?
- 2. Give a sketch of the cross section of a hill cart-road. The sidelong slope of the ground is about 1 to 1. The material is moorum and unsound rock. What should be the steepest gradient permitted on such a road:
- 3. Define accurately what is meant by the "gauge" of a railway. In laying the permanent way how is the expansion of the rails by heat allowed for, and what would be the consequence if it were not allowed for? What is the object of giving super-elevation to the outer rail curves? Describe how this is done in practice.
- 4. What are the advantages which steel rails possess over iron ones? What office does the guard rail, opposite a crossing, perform? What are "bull-headed" rails and why were they introduced?
- 5. What advantages have transverse over longitudinal wooden sleepers? What objections are there against the use of stone sleepers? Under what circumstances is the use of cast iron pot sleepers to be recommended?
- 6. It is an unsafe practice to run an engine tender foremost, consequently at each end of its run an engine requires to be turned round. How would you accomplish this supposing you had no engine turn tables?
- 7. The intersection angle between two straight pieces of railway is 150° and it is proposed to employ a curve of 2000 ft. radius to unite them. Describe in detail, how you would proceed to stake out the curve with a theodolite, and give necessary calculations. If the chainage of the first tangent joint is 357 12 feet what will be the chainage of the second?
- 8. It is proposed to make a siding leading out of a line of railway of metre gauge. The angle of the crossing is 5° 30' or about 1 in 10.4. The radius of curve to be employed is 660 feet. Calculate the "lead" and give a sketch showing the crossing and the position of the guard, stock and switch rails: the latter are 12 feet long.

9. Is it advisable that the gradient of a railway should rise to a station on each side, so that the station may be on a summit, or is it better that the station should be in a hollow between two falling gradients. Give reasons for your answer.

10 Give a sketch of the main section of a small portion of an imaginary railway, shewing the kind of information which a working

section should contain.

#### CHEMISTRY AND HEAT.

#### Examiner—DR. C. J. H. WARDEN.

1. What are the chief sources of heat? Explain the meaning of "mechanical equivalent of heat."

2. Describe the laws which govern ebullition; and indicate briefly their technical and scientific applications.

3. A bar of cast iron at 10° C, measures 15.4ft: what would be its length at 79.3° C.?

4. Describe the wet bulb hygrometer. Give Apjohn's formula

for ascertaining the hygrometric state of the atmosphere.

5. Describe the chemical composition of a lime (Ca O) suitable for building purposes. Mention the reason which would lead you to reject a sample.

6. Give at least two tests for each of the substances you may

have mentioned as occurring in lime. Give equations,

7. Describe the composition of a water fit for use in boilers. To what is "fur" in boilers due? Are you acquainted with any method by which it may be prevented?

8 Describe the preparation and chemical and physical properties of Chlorine. What would be the weight of one litre of Chlorine at

60° C. and of 750 mm. barometric pressure?

9. Define the following terms, convection, athermancy, evaporation, radiation, and condensation.

10. State the principles of Dalton's atomic theory,

#### PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY AND MINERALOGY.

#### Examiner-Dr. C. J. H. WARDEN.

- 1. Give a short account of the source and course of the Brahma-pootra river, and of the physical characters of the localities through which it flows.
  - 2. What are the causes and effects of the Gulf Stream?
- 3. State what you know regarding sub-soil water; its rate of movement, and the causes which influence its level.
- 4. Give a brief description of the soil constituents of the Indo-Gangetic plain.



5. To what systems of Crystallography do the following crystals belong: nitre, borax, chlorido of sodium, fluorspar and sulphur? Explain the meaning of cleavage of crystals.

6. Mention the localities m India in which coal is worked and

give a short account of coal mining

7. Describe the physical properties of the following minerals: graphite, mica, anthracite, asphaltum and granite.

8. Mention the names and give the chemical composition of the

chief ores of iron, copper and zinc.

- 9. What is the usual chemical composition of wrought iron? Give a brief account of the manufacture of cast steel by Bessemer's patent.
- 10. You are requested to give an opinion in the ventilation of a room which is supposed to be defective. Give details regarding the method you would adopt in conducting the enquiry.

# PRACTICE OF BUILDING, I.

# Examiner—CAPT. W. H. JOHNSTONE, R. E.

- 1. Describe what is meant by "English bond" in brick work. Illustrate your answer by sketches. What is meant by a wall "a brick and a half thick;" what does this dimension amount to in feet and inches if ordinary bricks are used?
- 2 What do you understand by "Hydraulic lime" and "Fat lime"? What are the principal differences in their composition and properties? Which will take the most sand and why? What is the object of adding sand to mortar?
- 3. When limestone is burnt what is the result, and what change takes place in its composition? Mention a simple test to distinguish limestone from sandstone.
- 4. Give a specification for concrete to be made with good hydraulic lime.
- 5. Give sketch and description of a small pile-driving machino or ringing engine, and explain the contrivance for releasing the monkey.
- 6. Give sketch and description of a "Lewis" for lifting large Ashlar stones and of one suitable for lowering such stones into position under water.
- 7. What are collerdams, and what are they used for? Describe one.
- 8. Explain the terms "battering rule," "arris," sumpt," "manengine," "soflit," "adit," "bottle jack" and "snatch-block." When is the surface of a stone said to be "in winding?"
- 9. What are the principal differences in the composition and properties of Wrought and Cast iron? What is effected by the process of "puddling."
- 10. Why is "soorkee" used in mortar, what kinds of lime is it used with ?

# PRACTICE OF BUILDING, II.

# Examiner—Capt. W. H. Johnstone, R. E.

- 1. In order to move horizontally a weight offering a resistance of one ton, you are required to make a tackle with a double and a treble block. Shew by a sketch the most advantageous disposition of the blocks and the reeving of the rope. Shew also which block the standing part of the rope is made fast to, and calculate the power which must be applied to the fall of the rope in order just to move the weight, friction and stiffness of ropes being neglected. What sized hemp rope would you use?
- 2. Give sketches of a 10 feet arched culvert, shewing plan, elevation and sections. The arch is to be semi-circular, and the culvert passes under a radway embankment 25 feet high with stopes  $\mathbf{1}_2^4$  to 1. Formation width is 14 feet. The culvert is to be built of ordinary consect stone masonry. The foundations are rock.
  - 3. Write a specification for the masonry of the above culvert.
- 4. Make an estimate, in a suitable form, of the expense of constructing the culvert in question 2, assuming any reasonable rates.
- 5. A railway cutting is 500 feet long, the formation width is 16 feet and the slopes \( \) to \( 1 \). The levels taken at every hundred feet make the depths of cutting to be 0, 560, 830, 1040, 670, 0 feet. The ground may be assumed as level across the railway. Find the content of the cutting by the "Prismodal formula."
- 6. What should be the thickness of a 15 feet semi-circular arch of stone masonry? How many voussoir stones would you allow to the half ring? Describe the process of getting out a teuplate for the use of the masons who have to does the voussoir stones.
- 7. Make a sketch (with dimensions) of the cross section of a surcharged retaining wall about 20 feet high. The material which it will have to retain will have a slope of 1 to 1 back from the top of the wall. The natural slope of the ground, perpendicular to the crest of the wall, is 2 to 1. The wall is to be built of ordinary coursed stone masonry. Show what means you would employ to prevent the accumulation of water at the back of the wall.
- 8. Explain how you would proceed to determine the discharge of a canal or small river.

#### DRAWING.

# Examiner-Mr. H. H. LOCKE.

In the following exercises all working lines are to be left, but they should not be shewn so strongly as the actual lines of the figures. Ink in the drawings if you can, but if you have not the means at hand to do this, pencil work will be accepted, but the lines must be very clean and distinct, as the quality of this part of your work will be taken into account in adjudging marks.

- 1. Explain the way in which you would set off an angle of 50° from any given point in a given vertical line by the use of the scale called the Line of Chords.
- 2. Draw, to scale of 10 feet to an inch, the figure shewn in the diagram marked A, the following being its dimensions:—

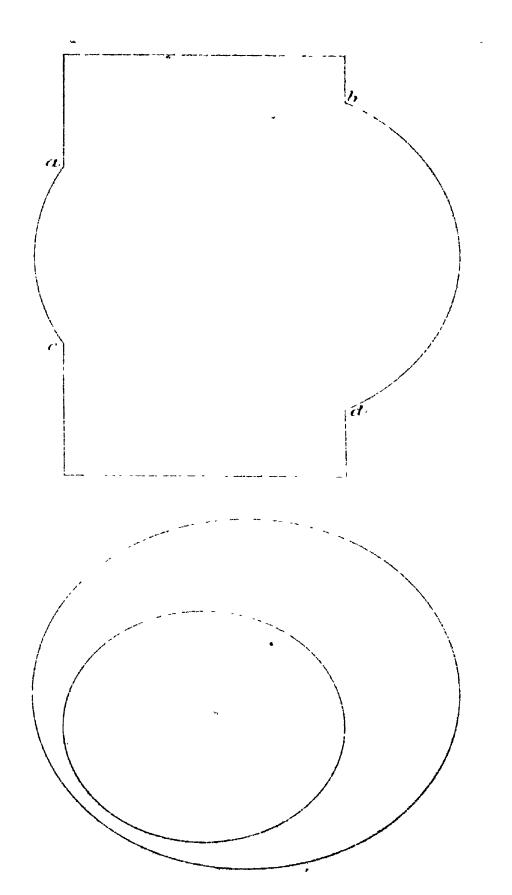
Lines:—	Angles:
A. B. $= 40$ feet.	B. A. F. = 135  degrees.
A. F. = 20  ,	A. F. E = 90 ,
F. E. = 40 ,	$F. E. D = 135 \qquad ,$
E. D. = 30 ,	<b>A.</b> B. C. = $60$
B. C. = $30$	

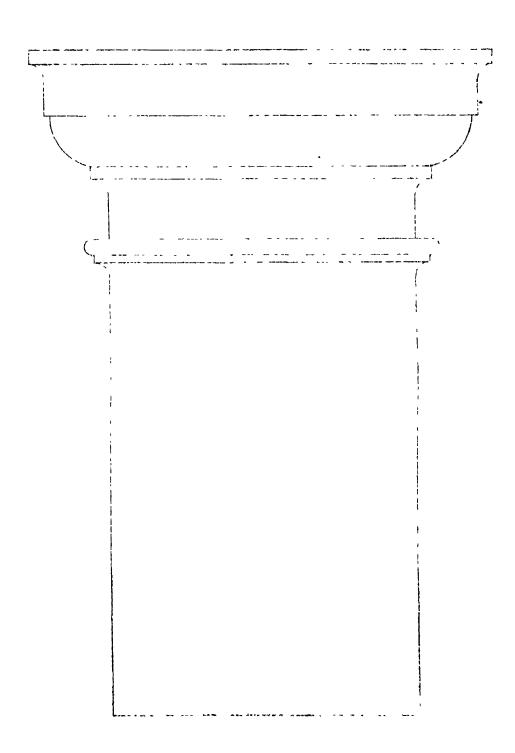
3. Figure B gives the plan and elevation of a sphere intersected by a cylinder the elevation shewing simply the outer bounding lines of the two solids. Draw the lines of penetration which would be visible between a and b and between c and d.

4. Make an isometrical drawing, half full size, of the object marked C; the corner on which the letter C is placed being nearest to you.

- 5. Make a perspective drawing of the object C, settling for your-self the view which you will take of it, and the places of the Station Point, Plane of Projection (Picture Plane), and height of horizon. In awarding marks for this exercise regard will be given to the judgment which you display in so choosing the view which you take of the object, and in so arranging the positions of the Station Point, Plane of Projection, and Horizontal Line that a drawing may result which shall not, as regards the lines of the figure itself,\* measure less than four inches across its greatest dineusion, and which shall well display the form and proportions of the model, with good perspective effect, without that abruptness or distortion which follows upon an ill-arrangement of the working data above referred to.
- 6. To what "Order" of Architecture does the Capital shown in Fig. E. belong?
- 7. Draw, in elevation, the column-base which you would use with such a Capital as that referred to in the last question.
- That is to say quite exclusive of the distances occupied by Vanishing Points or other working means.

# Fugure A.





# Honor and M. A. Gxamination.

#### 1881.

#### H-0-0-

#### POETRY.

#### Examiner-Mr. K. Deighton, M. A.

- 1. Shakespeare, Wordsworth said, "could not have written an Epic": Why not?
- 2. "Mr. Wordsworth's sonnet never goes off, as it, were, with a clap, or repercussion at the close; but is thrown up like a rocket, breaks into light, and falls in a soft shower of brightness:" Explain this effect of Wordsworth's sonnets, and point out why Shakespeare's sonnets differ so widely from his in this respect.
- 3. What predominant sentiments do you trace in each of the four "Books" of the Golden Treasury? Quote any passages from it which refer to the daisy, the daffold, or the violet.
- 4. "In imaginative intensity Marvell and Shelley are closely related:" illustrate this remark by a comparison of passages from their lyrics.
- 5. Point out evidences of Keats' admiration of our Elizabethan poetry.
- 6. Describe the constitution and aims of the Order of the Knights of the Round Table. What circumstances led to its failure and dissolution?
- 7. To what does Teunyson compare the barge which bore Arthur to Avilion? And to what, Lancelot's plucking down of Modred from the wall? Explain this "strange rhyme of by-gone Merlin:"

  "Where is he who knows?

From the great deep to the great deep he goes."

- 8. Illustrate Tennyson's treatment of the Arthurian legends by comparing passages from the Idylls with the following extracts from Mallory's Morte D'Arthur:—
- "Comfort thyself, said the king, and do as well as thou mayest, for in me is no trust for to trust in. For I will into the vale of Avilion, and heal me of my grievous wound. And if thou hear never more of me, pray for my soul. But ever the queens and the ladies wept and shrieked, that it was pity to hear."
- "And when queen Guenever understood that king Arthur was slain, and all the noble knights, Sir Mordred and all the remnant, then the queen stole away, and five ladies with her, and so she went

to Almesbury, and there she let make herself a nun, and wore white clothes and black, and great penance she took, as ever did sinful lady in this land, and never creature could make her merry, but lived in fasting, prayers, and alms-deeds, that all manner of people marvelled how virtuously she was changed. Now leave the queen Guenever in Almesbury a nun in white clothes and black, and there she was abbess and ruler, as reason would."

- 9. From what poems are the following lines taken? Explain the allusions:—
  - "To merry London, my most kindly nurse,
    That to me gave this life's first native source,
    Though from another place I take my name,
    An house of ancient fame."
  - (b.)

    "The oracles are dumb
    No voice or hideous hum
    Runs through the arched roof in words deceiving."
  - (c.) "And now the Irish are ashamed To see themselves in one year tamed:
    So much one man can do
    That does both act and know."
  - (d.)

    "Sydneian showers

    Of sweet discourse, whose powers

    Can crown old winter's head with flowers."
  - (e.) "She wolf of France, with unrelenting fangs
    That tear'st the bowels of thy mangled mate,
    From thee be born, who o'er thy country hangs
    The scourge of Heaven!"
  - (f.) "The fiend whose lantern lights the mead Were better mate than I."
  - (g.) "Thy soul was like a star and dwelt apart."
- 10. Write notes on the italicized words, in the following passages:--
  - (a.) "I had liefer twenty years
    Skip to the broken music of my brains
    Than any broken music thou caust make."
  - (b) "Last, in a rocky hollow, belling, heard The hounds of Mark."
  - (c.) "Shot like a streamer of the northern morn Seen were the moving isles of nunter shock By night, with noises of the Northern Sea."
  - (d.) "And all his greaves and cuisses dash'd with drops Of onset."

(e.) " For housel or for shrift.

(f.) "Down in the cellars, merry, bloated things Shouldered the spigot, straddling on the butts."

#### THE DRAMA.

# Examiner-Mr. K. Delguton, M. A.

- 1. "Why did Shakespeare, with the authentic materials of history at hand, and with his own matchless power of shaping those materials into beautiful and impressive forms, why did he, in this single instance" [the play of King John]. "depart from his usual course, preferring a fabulous history to the true, and this too when, for aught now appears, the true would have answered his purpose just as well?"
- 2. What "humours" are ridiculed in the characters of Holofernes, Armado, Nym, Shallow, Slonder, and Bardolph? Under what circumstances does Shakespeare employ prose justead of verse?
- 3. Reproduce, in a vivid narrative, the substance of any one of the following scenes:—
  - (a.) K. John, iv. 1: Hubert, Executioners and Arthur.
- (b.) Shrew, iv. 3: Katherine and Grumio: Enter Petruchio and Hortensio Enter Tailor. Enter Haberdasher.
- (c.) Richard, ii. v. 5: King Richard. Enter Groom. Enter Keeper. Enter Exton and Servants, armed.
- 4. Professor Dowden speaking of the "six full-length portraits of kings of England" "left by Shakspero" says that "these six fall into two groups of three each": of what do these two groups consist, and to which do John, Richard II., and Henry IV. severally belong? Give a careful sketch of the character of Henry IV.
- 5. The following quotations are from the Folio (1623). Give reasons for leaving the text as it stands, or propose and explain any emendations (affecting words or punctuation) that may occur to you:—
  - (a.) With him along is come the Mother Queeue, An Ace stirring him to bloud and strife.
  - (b.) Who hath not heard it spoken,
    How deepe you were within the Bookes of Heaven?
    To us, the Speaker in his Parliament,
    To us, th' imagine Voyce of Heaven it selfe.
  - (c.) And when Love speaks, the voyce of all the gods, Make heaven drowsie with the harmonie.
  - (d.) Huntsman I charge thee, tender well my hounds, Brach Meriman, the poore curre is imbost.
- 6. By whom, and in what connection, are the following words spoken:—

#### exxviii Honor and M. A. examination.

- (a.) "Life is as tedious as a twice-told tale, Vexing the dull ear of a drowsy man."
- (b.) "As in a theatre, the eyes of men,
  After a well-graced actor leaves the stage,
  Are idly bent on him that enters next,
  Thinking his prattle to be tedious."
- (c.) "A plague of all cowards, I say."
- (d.) "Thus we play the fools with the time, and the spirits of the wise sit in the clouds and mock us."
- (e.) "A child of our grand-mother Eve, a female; or for thy more sweet understanding, a woman."
- (f.) "As Stephen Sly, and old John Naps of Greece, And Peter Turf, and Henry Pimpernel."
- 7. State the different interpretations that have been put upon the dramatic purpose and significance of the opening scene of Richard II.
- 8. "How various in size and quality the orbs that revolve round him" [Falstaff] and shine by his light": illustrate this?
  - 9. Explain the following passages:
- (a.) "Thou art so fat-witted, with drinking of old sack, and unbuttoning thee after supper, and sleeping upon benches after noon, that thou hast forgotten to demand that truly which thou wouldst truly know. What a devil last thou to do with the time of day?"
  - (b.) "A thousand flatterers sit within thy crown, Whose compass is no bigger than thy head; And yet, incaged in so small a verge, The waste is no what lesser than thy land."
  - (c.) "A greater power than we denies all this;
    And till it be undoubted, we do lock
    Our former scraple in our strong-barr'd gates;
    King'd of our fears, until our fears, resolv'd,
    Be by some certain king purg'd and depos'd.

(Give the reading of the folio in the fourth line, of the above extract.)

(d.) "Why, thou say'st true; it is a paltry cap, A custard-coffin, a bauble, a silken pie:

O mercy, God! what masquing stuff is here? What's this? a sleeve? 'tis like a demi-cannon: What, up and down, carved like an apple-tart? Here's snip and nip and cut and slish and slash, Like to a censer in a barber's shop.''

#### ENGLISH PROSE.

# Examiner-MR. W. T. WEBB, M. A.

1. Point out any characteristics of Language and Style in "The Autocrat of the Breakfast Table." Can you draw any comparison between the author and any English writer or writers in this respect? In what, in your opinion, does the charm of the book consist?

2. Explain, pointing out any allusions:

(a.) Hamlet first and Bob Logic afterwards, if you like; but don't think as they say poor Liston used to, that people will be ready to allow that you can do anything great with Macbeth's dagger after flourishing about with Paul Pry's umbrella.

(b.) Talk to me about your δὸς ποῦ στῶ! Tell me about Cuvier's getting up a megatherium from a tooth, or Agassiz's drawing a

portrait of an undiscovered fish from a single scale!

- (c.) A Club is the next best thing to this, strung like a harp with about a dozen ringing intelligences, each answering to some chord in the macrocosm.
- (d.) I tell you the higher a man has to carry the raw material of the thought before he works it up, the more it costs him in blood, nerve, and muscle. Coloridge knew all this very well when he advised every literary man to have a profession.

(e.) The woman who "calc'lates" is lost.

3. Investigate the significance of the term "The Lake School of Poetry."

4. Expound the meaning of the following passage: -

Every man's heart (this organ belongs, you know, to the organic system) has a regular mode of action; but I know a great many men whose brains, and all their voluntary existence flowing from their brains, have a systole and diastole as regular as that of the heart itself. Habit is the approximation of the animal system to the organic. It is a confession of failure in the highest function of being, which involves a perpetual self-determination, in full view of all existing circumstances. But habit, you see, is an action in present circumstances from past motives. It is substituting a vis a tergo for the evolution of living force.

- 5. How were the political and social views of Wordsworth and Coleridge determined or modified by the French Revolution of 1789? Illustrate your remarks, where you can, from their writings.
  - 6. Explain and comment upon, pointing out the allusions:-

(a.) I have noticed frequently that even sudden and intense bodily pain forms part of the machinery employed by nature for quickening the development of the mind.

(b.) It is an impressive truth, that sometimes in the very lowest forms of duty, less than which would rank a man as a villain, there

is, nevertheless, the sublimest ascent of self-sacrifice

(c.) He could destroy, his intellect was essentially destructive. He was the Gog and he was the Magog of Hunnish desolation to the existing schemes of philosophy. He probed them; he showed the vanity of vanities which besieged their foundations, the rottenness below, the hollowness above.

(d.) Porson was accustomed, meanly enough, to ridicule the Greek lexis of this ode, which was to break a fly upon a wheel.

(e.) The stranger was a picturesque-hunter, but not of that order who fly round the ordinary tour with the velocity of lovers posting to Gretna, or of criminals running from the police.

(f.) The English language ... is running forward towards its ultimate mission of eating up, like Aaron's rod, all other languages.

(g) Accordingly here, as in all cases before, the Deus ex machina who invariably interfered when any nodus arose in Wordsworth's affairs, such as could be considered vindice dignus, caused the distributor to be gone into a region where no stamps are wanted.

(h.) Now in Miss Wordsworth there were certainly no "Cousin Mary" fascinations of manner and deportment that snatch a grace

beyond the reach of art.

(i.) A fine moral feeling, and a profound sympathy with elementary justice, is that which in all Southey's historical writings creates a soul under what else may well be denominated, Miltonically, "the ribs of death."

(k.) The style of his mind naturally prompts him to adopt a trenchant, pungent, accelerated form of terse, glittering, stenographic sentences, saying which have the air of taying down the law without locus parameters or privilege of appeal.

1. Describe Coloridge's personal appearance and characterize his conversational powers. How may his recourse to optum be probably accounted for? Give some account of his writings. How far may

he be accused of plagiarism?

8. Explain: --(a) A few cowardly back-stair regues, who wish to curry favour with the Guises. (b) Their bulls, pardons, indulgences are on this side the channel, a mere enchanter's cloud eastle and Fata Morgana, which vanishes into empty air by one touch of that magic wand, the constable's staff. (c) Wearrsome arguments about the bull in Caena Domini. Elizabeth's excommunication the nullity of English law, the sacred duty of rebellion, the right to kill a prince impenitently heretical. (d) He was one who could form the wisest and best digested plans, but who could not stoop to that hail-fellowwell-met drudgery among his subordinates which has been the talisman of great captains. (e) "The Devil has played his pact," said Jack; "and now by the rules of all plays Vice should come on." (f) "Ah! thou hast the palabras, and the knee, and the cap, and the quip, and the innuendo, and the true Town fashion of it all-no old tarry-breeks of a sea-dog, like thy dad!" (g) "And then up the forty acres; sprang two coveys, and picked a leash out of them. The Irish hawk flies as wild as any haggard still, and will never make a bird. I had to hand her to Tom, and take the little peregrine."

9. What may be learnt of Charles Kingsley's character and opinions from "Westward Ho!" Illustrate your answer by instances

drawn from the book.

#### ENGLISH PROSE.

#### Examiner-Mr. W. T. Webb, M. A.

- 1. What were Dr. Arnold's views as regards school discipline and education? What effect have they produced since?
- 2. Explan:—(a) The folly or the mischievous obstinacy with which they persist in palliating the excesses of the Jacobins is really scandalous, though I own I do not wish to see Carlton House trimming up the constitution as if it were an Hussar's uniform. (b) I have been reading Lamennais, and recognizing the true Guelf union of democracy and priesteralt, such as it existed in Guerf Florence of old. The Sans Culotte, with the mitre oi, his head, and the bandage over his eyes, is to me the worst Sans Culotte of all. (c) When I hear men talk of the Church," he used to say, "I cannot help recalling how Abbe Sièyes replied to the question, 'What is the Tiers Etat?' by saying 'La nation moms la noblesse et la clergé." (d) 'With regard to ambition I should like to be aut Casar aut nullus,"
- 3. Comment upon:—(a) The utter neglect of vivà voce translation at Cambridge is another great evil; even though by construing instead of translating they almost undo the good of their vivà voce system at Oxford. (b) It delights me to have a good protest against that wretched doctrine of Warbuiton's that the State has only to look after body and goods. (c) I wish to make the main point not the truth of Christianity per se, as a theorem to be proved, but the wisdom of our abiding by it, and whether there is anything else for it but the life of beast or of devil.
- 4. State and discuss the arguments Arnold uses, in one of his letters, in favour of tird voce examinations.
- 5. Examine the extent to which Shakspere made use of Plutarch's Lives.
- 6. Annotate upon: causeys, regrators, amated, grammercy, harborough, leman, loupgarou, stickler, ygot, yaraye, rakehels, eftsoons, slents, braiery; and the phrases—I can thee thank, in a good hour, he should not break his head about it, he took order for, it stood them upon to, he will rule the roast, he made it duinty to enter into this war, hand over head dog cheap.
- 7. Sketch briefly the character of Julius Cosar as portrayed in Plutarch's Life of him.
- 8. Re-write in modern English:—(a) It was no more but a bait to gauge the people's good wills, which he had set out in the stately shews of his common plays, to see if he had brought them to his lure, that they would abide such parts to be played, and a new alteration of things to be made. (b) Then the home-tarriers and house-doves that kept Rome still, began to repent them that it was not their hap to go with him, and so envied both them that had sped so well in this journey; and also, of malice to Martius, they spited to see his credit and estimation increase still more and more, because they accounted him to be a great hinderer of the people. (c) Thus fretting and challing to see himself so straighted with victuals, and to think of his ill luck, he raised his camp, intending to go set upon Scipio, making account, that either he should draw Pompey to battle against his will, when he had not the sea at his back to furnish him

with plenty of victuals; or else that he should easily overcome Scipio, finding him alone, unless he were aided. (d) One M. Phaonius, that ...... took upon him to counterfeit a philosopher, not with wisdom and discretion, but with a certain bedlem and frantic motion: he would needs come into the clamber, though the men offered to keep him out. But it was no boot to let Phaonius, when a mad mood or toy took him in the head: for he was a hot hasty man, and sudden in all his doings, and cared for never a senator of them all. (c) His enemies, judging that this favour of the common people would soon quait, when he could no longer hold out that charge and expense, suffered him to run on, till by little and little he was grown to be of great strength and power.

- 9. What may be gathered from Arnold's letters regarding the social and political condition of England at the time when they were written?
- 10. Give some account of the Spelling of North's time. Discuss the question of a Reform in English spelling, showing how far it is desirable or possible.

#### · COMPARATIVE GRAMMAR.

#### Examiner-MR. W. T. WEBB, M. A.

- 1. Tabulate the Indo-European family of Languages. What classes of words in these languages would you point to as showing their common origin? Write down the Numerals from one to ten in Sanscrit, Greek, Latin, Gothic, and Old English.
- 2. How is the existence and action of Grimm's Law to be accounted for? What, according to that Law, are the representatives of break, door, goose, looth, father, other, head, vein, in Sanscrit, Greek, Latin, Gothic, and Old High German?
- 3. Define Grammar. State what remains of true Grammar in modern English. How is its absence supplied? Parse the underlined words:—

Whan Zephirus eck with his swete breethe Enspired hath in every holte and heethe The tendre croppes, and the yonge sonne Hath in the Ram his halfe cours i-ronne And smale fowles maken melodie That slepen all the night with open eye.

- 4. What are the three main causes of Change in Language? Discuss and illustrate them by examples.
- 5. What four propositions does Max Müller lay down to show that true Etymology has nothing to do with sound. Briefly sketch his proof of them.
- 6. Languages have been divided into Inflexional, Agglutinative, and Isolating. Explain and exemplify these terms in their application.
- 7. Annotate upon the forms—utmost, could, headlong, best, alms, ago, seldom, once, swestheart, buxom, did.

# ESSAY.

# Examiner-Mr. K. DEIGHTON, M. A.

(One subject only to be treated.)

1. The influence of the French Revolution upon English Poetry.

2. The politics of Shakespeare's Historical Plays, with illustrative references to any two or more of those Plays.

#### SANSKRIT.

# Examiner-BABU NILMONI MUKERJEA, M. A.

Rhetoric and the Vedas.

- 1. (a) Give the definition of Abhidhá (THAI), and deduce therefrom some theory of the origin of language, contrasting the same with the "Imitation and Interjection" theory noticed by Max Müller.
  - (b.) Criticise the maxim "समासेखलु भिन्नेव श्रातिः पङ्का अस्ट्यस्."
- (c.) Explain the different functions of अभिश्रा, लचणा and यञ्जना, with reference to the phrase "गङ्गायां घोषः."
- (d.) Do Naiyáyikas and Western philosophers admit अञ्चला? If not, how would they respectively account for the ideas of "coolness", "sacredness" &c. impued in the above instance?
- 2. State concisely the different theories of the genesis of what is called the "Rhetorical flavour" (天朝).
- 3. Classify the rhetorical blemishes (देष), and state and illustrate those which might be included under असमयेता.
- 4. (a.) Vámana admits ten rhetorical excellences (114), and Campbell five (perspicuity, vivacity, elegance, animation and cuphony.) whilst Mammata is content with only three: Account for this apparent deficiency of Mammata's classification.

(b) Purity or grammatical correctness is considered by some English rhetoricians as a guna; can you account for its omission in

your text-book?

- 5. (a). Enumerate the figures of speech that have resemblance (初記) for their base.
- (b.) Define and illustrate the figures of speech that might be classed under "climax."
  - (c.) Give in English the gist of the following discourse:

शासन एव हि यथा शौर्यादयः नाकारस्य, तथा रसस्वैव माधुर्या-द्या गुणा न वर्णानाम्। क्वचित्तु शौर्यादिसमुचितस्याकारमञ्चादेदेशं-नात् 'श्वाकार एवास्य ग्रूरः' इत्याद्र्यवन्दारात्, अन्यवाग्रूरेऽपि विस्ताद्य-तिमाचेण 'ग्रूरः' इति, क्वापि ग्रूरेऽपि मूर्त्तिलाधवमाकेण 'श्रूग्रः' इति श्ववित्रान्त-प्रतीत्वेग यथा व्यास्त्रत्तिः, तद्वत् मधुरादिव्यञ्चकसुकुमारादि-वर्णानां मधुरादिखवन्दारप्रतीतेः श्रमधुरादिरमाङ्गानां वर्णानां सौकुमार्या-दिमाचेण माध्यादि, मधुरादिरसोपकरणानां तेषामसौकुमार्यादरमाधु-य्यादि रसपर्यान्तवित्रान्तप्रतीतिबन्धा व्यवस्त्रत्ति। श्रतएव माधुर्यादये। रसधर्माः समुचित्वेर्णेर्यञ्चलो, नतु वर्णमावात्रयाः।

6. Point out all the rhetorical figures, excellences, and blemishes that you find in the following sloka:

वेदं वेद न कीऽपि भूधरदरी जीना मृनी मां गिरः खच्छं खेच्छमतं जनासदनुगाः का नाम धर्म्माः क्रियाः। मदं हृद्यमतीव भण्डवट्काः सेव्या न गुर्व्वाद्यः किं कार्यं परिश्रिष्टमिस भवते। नाहं न जाने कले॥

- 7. पावका नः सरस्तौ वाजिभिवाजिनौवतौ । यञ्चं वष्टु धियावसुः ॥ चोद्यिची सुखताना चेतन्ती सुसतीनाम् । यञ्च द्धे सरस्तो ॥ महो खर्णः सरस्तो प्रचेतयित केतृनाः । धिया विद्या विराज्ञात ॥
- (a.) Give the purport of the above hymns in your own words.
- (b.) Compare the above picture of Sarasvatí with her present position in the Hindu pantheon.
  - 9. Modernize the following:

श्विमा यव्यरोरिधो द्रवत्वाणो ग्राभस्ततो । पुरुभुजा सनस्यतम् ॥ श्विमा पुरुद्ंससा नरा भवीरया थिया । धियात्रा वनतं गिरः॥ द्या युवाकवः सुता नासत्या दृक्तवर्त्तिषः । श्वायातं रद्रवर्त्तनौ ॥

# SANSKRIT.

# Examiner—BABU NILMONI MUKEBJEA, M. A. Poetry and Prose.

1. Characterise and account for the peculiarity of S'riharsha's style. What was the age he lived in? Give reasons for your answer. Sketch in Sanskrit what you know of his life and writings.

2. Reproduce in your own language the substance of the Charvaka's speech in the seventeenth cauto of the Naishadha-charita.

- 3. At the end of his work S'riharsha affirms that, now and then he has introduced most difficult stanzas ( प्रश्निष्य) to confound pedants; quote a few slokas of that description and explain them.
  - व्रजतारिप प्रण्यपूर्व्यमेकतां 4. कुकुराधिनाथ कुरुनाथ-सैन्यवाः। च त्षे विषाणिभरन्चणिमाथी सद्मृद्विष् विवेकिता कुतः ॥ तत् सुराज्ञि भवति स्थिते प्रः कः कतं यजतु राजलचणम्। उड़ती भवति कस्य वा भुवः श्रीवराष्ट्रमपत्राय वाग्यता ॥ दिखकेश रिवपुः सुरद्विषो नैव लक्षणमगाय्धैरिप। द्निवार णकण्ड् के मले र्वेच्च एष निग्दारयञ्ज्लेः ॥ खवनीसतां लसपहाय गणमतिलङ्ः सम्बतम्। नीचि नियतमित्र यत्रपले। निरतः स्फुटं भवति निम्नगासुतः॥ विहितं मयाच सदमीद-मपस्वितमच्ताईनम्। यस्य नमयतु स चापसयं चरणः कृतः भिगमि सर्वभ्रस्ताम् ॥ अधिविक्र पतक्रतेजसा नियत खान्तसमर्थक में षः। तव सर्वविधेयवर्तिनः प्रश्तिम्बिर्धात केन भूखतः॥
- (a.) Turn the first five stanzas into simple prose without using compound words.
  - (b.) Give two interpretations of the last stanza.
- (c.) Is there any pun in सद्सूद्रवृद्धि in the 4th, and जिल्लास्तः in the 16th? If so, explain the same.

- (d.) Comment grammatically on सुराजि in the 5th, दुनिवाररण-कार in the 11th, यस अपस्थित in the 18th, सक्षेत्रस्ता in the 20th, and अधिविक in the 21st.
- (e.) State and explain what figure of speech is expressed, and what implied, in the 3rd stanza.
  - (f.) Do you find any rhetorical blomish in the 10th line?
  - चिप लोकयुगं दशाविप 5, अतद्या रमणीग्णा अपि। श्रितगामितया दमखसुः व्यतिभावे सुतरां महीपवे ॥ न सुवर्णमधी तनः परं मन् किं वागपि तावकी तथा। न परं पथि पचपातिता-नव्लम्बे किम् मादशेऽपि सा ॥ धिक चापले वितासवताललं यतप्रेरणाद्भरसीभवन्या। समीरसङ्गादिव नौरभङ्गा मया तटस्यम्बम्पद्रते। सि ॥ मनस् यं ने। जभति आतु यातु समीरथः कपर्धयं कथं सः। का नाम बाला दिजराजपाणि-पदाभिलाषं कथयेद ज्ञा॥

Give in your own words the full meaning (expressed and implied) of the above extracts.

6. ताच प्रविद्यां हृद्दा चन्द्रापीड्सत्चणमचिन्यत्। चरो दुर्निवारता खर्मापनिपातानां यदीह्मीमप्याक्तिमनिभयनीयामात्मीयां कुर्वान्न । सर्व्या न न कचन स्पृम्मा म्रिस्मीणम्पनापाः । बस्त्रती
चि द्वन्द्वानां प्रष्टितः । द्दमप्रमिधकतरम्पजनितमिनच्त् मनिस मे
कौतुकमस्यावाष्प्रसिल्लपातेन । नद्यास्पीयसा भ्रोककारणेन चनित्रियनो
एविधामूर्भयः । निद् सुद्रनिधातपाताभिन्दता चल्ति वसुधा । दति
संविधामूर्भयः । निद् सुद्रनिधातपाताभिन्दता चल्ति वसुधा । दति
संविधामूर्भयः । निद् सुद्रनिधातपाताभिन्दता चल्ति वसुधा । दति
संविधामूर्भयः । वस्ति सुद्रनिधातपाताभिन्दता चल्ति वसुधा । दति
संविधामूर्भयः । वस्ति सुद्रनिधातपात्रभयानपराधिनमिवात्मानमवगक्त्रमुः
त्याय प्रववस्त्राद्यस्तिना मुखप्रचालनीदकम्पनिन्ये । सा तु तद्नरीधात्
किचित्रक्षाधितीदरे प्रचाल्य कोचने दीधमुष्यच निचस्य मनैः प्रत्युवाः

दीत्। राजपुत्र किमनेनातिनिर्घुणस्द्याया सम सन्दर्भाग्यायाः पापाया जन्मनः प्रस्ति वैराग्यष्टतान्तेनाश्रवणीयेन श्रुतेन ? तथापि यदि सस्त् कुतू एसं, तत् कथ्यामि श्रूयताम्।

- (a) Translate literally the above extracts.
- (b.) Derive श्रीर्धमीएं, कषायित and पापाया: quoting the rules of Panini.

#### SANSKRIT.

#### Examiner—BABU NILMANI MUKHOPADHYAY, M. A.

#### Drama.

- 1. (a.) Name the plays in your course in the chronological order of their subjects, and also in that of their authorship.
- (b.) Schlegel divides dramas into two classes,—classical, and romantic: Under what head would you place the Sanskrit dramas, and why?
- (c.) To what extent do Sanskrit dramatists conform to the laws of dramatic unity? Support your answers with apt quotations.
- 2. Delineate the character of SINEII as exhibited in the Viracharita, and compare the same with some one of Shakespeare's characters.
  - 3. तटस्यं नैराग्याद्पि च कलुषं विप्रियवणादियोगे दीर्घंऽस्मिन् भटिति घटनीमिमतिमिव।
    प्रसन्नं सीजन्याद्यितकर्णेगाढ़करणं
    द्रवीभूतं प्रेम्णा तव दृद्यमस्मिन् चण्रव॥
    देखिं साचितचन्द्रभेखरधनुद्ण्डावभन्नोद्गतयद्गारध्वितरायंग्रवालचित्तप्रसावनार्डिण्डमः।
    द्राक्पर्यस्कपास्त्रसम्पटिमस्द्रभृष्णाण्डभाण्डोद्रभग्यत्पिण्डतचण्डमा कथमचो नाद्यापि वित्राग्यति॥
    न दि सुस्भवियोगा कर्त्तुमात्मप्रियाणि
    प्रभवति परवत्ता, शासने तिष्ठ भ ुः।
    च्रमपि तव स्वनावद्य निग्यस्य राज्यं
    विचरितस्यग्र्यान्यात्रविष्ये वनानि॥
    भातीन् विटान् सभ्जविक्रमस्वभवषान्

राजापमानकृषितां य नरेन्द्रस्त्यान्।
छत्तज्ञयामि सुद्धः परिमो चणाय
यागन्यरायण द्वाद्यमस्य राज्ञः॥
छत्खातचितिपालवं सग्रहनालिः सप्तक्रलोदिष्यः
छला विश्रुतकात्ति केयविजयसाध्यस्य बाहोबेलात्।
सदीपामध्य कथ्यपाय गुरवे दत्त्वाश्वमेधे महीमल्लयस्तसम्द्रमृक्तविषयावस्थास्तपस्त्यावे॥

- (a.) Explain the above after the manner of Mallinátha.
- (b.) Scan the first four stanz is and name their metres.
- (c.) Is the phrase तपस्त्राचे in the active or passive voice?
- (d.) What is the leading sentiment (天安 or भाव) in each of the above stanzas? Give reasons for your answers.
- 4. Note down from the story of the Rámáyana all the points of divergence that you find in the Uttaracharita.
- 5. Prákrita words are divided into three classes तजा, तत्स्स, and देशा. Make a list of words belonging to each of the above groups from the following extracts and write down their Sanskrit equivalents against them.

श्रमाच पिड़बडकण्यकवाडस्य दग्गत्रजण् मणोरचा-श्रायासत्ररस्य वसन्तरेना-भवणद्वारस्य सिन्सरीत्राः। द्र्यं श्रवरा सामिसंमाणणा स्टिपसरा विश्व धरदासी श्रिध्यं कुर्तकरायित सदणसारित्राः। एदे श्रवरे वुड्टसच्छका विश्व द्देः तदेः सञ्चरन्ति धरसारमाः। श्रव्त एसा क्ष श्रम्हाणं श्रव्तायाए श्रित्याः। श्रहो से करद्वाद्रणीए पेडिवित्याराः।

Translate the following into Sanskrit. Sorrowful dwelt the king S'uddhodana, All those long years among the S'akya Lords Lacking the speech and presence of his son; Sorrowful sate the sweet Yasodhará, All those long years, knowing no joy of life, Widowed of him her living Liege and Prince, And ever on the news of some recluse, Seen far away by pasturing camel-men Or traders threading devious paths for gain, Messengers from the King had gone and come \*Bringing account of many a holy sage Lonely and lost to home; but naught of him, The crown of white Kapilavastu's line, The glory of her monarch and his hope, The heart's content of sweet Yasodhará, Far-wandered now, forgetful, changed, or dead.

6. Write a short essay in Sanskrit on

"ते दिनो दिवसा गताः।"

#### SANSKRIT.

Examiner-Rev. K. M. BANERJEA, D. L.

Bhatti. (Frammar, &c.

1. a. Translate into English:—

विकत्यी याचते प्रत्तमिविश्वमी मुद्धेजलं।
पर्व्याग्यशातकः पद्यौ निक्तनिविष्ठ मानमं॥ ७॥ ११॥
विलोक्य योतनं चन्द्र लद्धाणं शोचनीऽनद्त्।
पश्च दन्द्रमणान् इमानरिवन्द्रममुत्सुकान्॥ १५॥
जल्पाकीभिः महासौनः स्त्रौभिः प्रजविना लया।
गत्ना लद्धाण वक्तयो जिथना निष्ठ्रं वद्यः॥ १९॥

न्यविचत महायाहमकुलं मकरालयं।
सेका बह्ननां कुर्याणा नकाणामित्रितकावं॥ ८॥ ०॥
छतेनीपद्यतं वायाः परिकीणानमृत्यितं।
पित्रा संरचितं स्कात्समैनाकाद्रिमैचत ॥ ८॥ ८॥
खं पराजयमानीऽमानुद्वत्या पवनात्मजं।
जगादादिविजेषीष्ठा मिय विश्वस्य वैरिणं॥ ९॥
परौचितुमुपाकंख राचमौ तस्य विक्रमं।
दिवसाक्रममाणेव केतुतारा भयप्रदा॥ २६॥
जले विक्रममाणाया हनूमान् स्तयोजनं।
खास्यं प्रविष्य निरगादणूभ्य प्रचेतितः॥ ९४॥

- b. What is the original root of Example? Can you compare it with a similar root in any other language? Can you trace any English word to such a root?
- c. Mark with inverted commas any line within the first six lines above that according to English usage should be so marked. By which is the word ag: governed (6th line)?
  - d. Derive नज
  - 2. a. Translate into English:-

श्वभीषयम् ये ग्रजं राज्यसा रणपण्डिताः। श्विक्यापयमामसाम् किपराटी द्रश्राद्रश्रं॥ ८॥ ४२॥ सीतां दिहसुः प्रश्रद्धाः सीऽगर्दयत राज्यसाम्। खवद्यत मायाच खमायाभिनेर दिवाम्॥ ४२॥
गूडमानः खमाडात्यमिटिला मन्त्रिसंसदः।
खभ्योऽपवादमानस्य रावणस्य ग्रन्थं ययौ॥ ४५॥
ता चनूमान् पराकुर्वन्नगमत् पुष्पकं प्रति।
विमानं मन्दरस्यादेरनृकुर्वदिविषयं॥ ५०॥
खभ्यासी दाववस्या चं नाग्र्ययं कथं ग्राचः।
वैदेखा जन्ययं वा कथमानन्दमुत्तमं॥ ५०॥
तां पराज्यमानां स प्रीतेरस्यां दश्याननात्।
खन्तद्धानां रक्षोभ्यो मिलनां ध्याममूर्डजां॥ ७९॥

- b. In what case is द्वारों and what governs it?
- c. Is there any difference in meaning and syntactical connection in the word प्राज्ञयमानः in the extract under question I, and प्राज्ञयमानां in the extract here under question II? Refer to authority in whatever you may say.
- d. Can you refer to a passage similar to वश्चयत सायाश्वसायाभिः &c., in the 1st Adhyaya Rig Veda ?
- e. Give the root of द्वधासीत्. Mark with inverted commas such words as ought to be marked according to English usage in the same line with द्वधासीत् and the line following.
- 3. a. Give a summary of the following passage in Sanscrit prose in your own words:—

वचनं रचशं पत्युरनृष्णुद्धा पितिष्ठिया।
पापानुविसतं सीता रावणं प्राष्ट्रवीद्दः॥ ८॥ ८५॥
म भवानन्रासश्चेदुपग्रदेषु वा ततः।
पपवाद्य कलादी ती किमर्थं सामिश्वाहरः॥ ८६॥
खपग्रदं नते दृषं कथं रानिश्वराधम।
यत् संप्रत्यपकीकेश्यो लद्भायां वस्तिर्भयात्॥ ८०॥
- पारासदर्भनात् पाप विद्योतस्व स्त्रियः प्रति।
सहुत्तानन् दुर्धं तः परिस्तिं जातमन्त्रथः॥ ८८॥
प्रभिद्योतिष्यते रामो भवन्तमित्ररादिषः।
पद्भूषंवाणः संप्रासे या नारायणतः प्रति॥ ८८॥
कुत्वोऽभिद्यास्यस्य क्रम् निष्यस्थेन प्रविभिः।

न स्क्रं भवतात्ययमित रामं मदोडत ॥ १०॥
परिश्रेषं न नामापि स्थापियपति ते विभुः।
स्थिप स्थाणुं जयेद्रामो भयते। यहणं कियत्॥ १९॥
स्थिप सुद्धिप सेधास्त्रांस्त्रयम्क्रं नराश्रन।
स्थिप सिद्धेः दृश्यानौ ल द्र्षं मय्यपि योऽभिकः॥ १९॥
स्थिरामे पराक्रान्तमिकक्षे। स ते चय।
द्राया मैथिली तृश्णीमासाञ्चके द्रशाननं॥ १६॥

4. a. What prefixes and affixes in samasa will impart an honorific signification to the words to which they are prefixed or affixed?

- b. Is there or may there be any difference in the word उत्सहिए and जी when compounded by samasa and when left separately as चतुस्तृष्ट: गी:
  - c. Derive the words नस्त्रम् and नाक:
- d. Are there any words declinable or indeclinable which being prefixed to a in samasa may serve as prepositions and change its participle and into any? Answer with illustrations.
  - e. Expound the meaning of fau:
- f. When does the word yell retain its terminal vowel intact with a prefix, and when is it changed as in the word agays:?
  - g. How is the word धनः affected in samasa?

h. Classify as far as you can the following English compounds using the terminology of Sanscrit samasa, viz., Ill-gotten wealth. The Commander-in-Chief's house. Man-eating tiger. Red-handed. Long-sighted. Large-hearted. The Captain of Marines' name is Jones. That is a Master of Arts' gown.

i. What verbs governing the Accusative or 2nd case by themselves will govern the Dative or 4th case when compounded with certain prepositions? What verbs again will govern the Dative or some other case by themselves, but will govern the Accusative with certain prepositions? Point out any examples of the same that may be found in the passages extracted in this paper.

j. Show an instance in the extracts in this paper of a preposition

governing the Ablative.

k. In the extract under question 3 a, how would you explain the phrase पापानवस्ति ?

#### SANSKRIT.

Examiner-Rev. K. M. BANERJEA, D. L.

Vedas and Philosophy.

- १५। १ अभि यज्ञं ग्रणी हिना ग्रावी नेष्टः पिव चहतुना। लं हिरत्वधा असि॥
  - ४ अग्ने देवा द्वा वह साद्या यानिषु विषु।
    परि भूष पिव ऋतुना॥
  - ५ ब्राह्मणादिंद राधमः पिवा सीमसतूँरनु। तवेदि मख्यमस्तं॥
  - ६ युवं दक्तं भ्रतवत मिचावरण् दूलभै। ऋतुना यज्ञमाशाधे॥
- 1. a. Parse and give the meaning of  $\pi$ 1 at: and the etymology of the first word. How would  $\pi$ 1 be written according to modern usage? Can you refer to any other word which has the same form as  $\pi$ 1 be you know of any word in another language which in meaning may be compared with the radical word in  $\pi$ 1 ?
- b. What is the meaning of TANI? Is this word to be found in any form elsewhere in the Rig Veda?
- c. What is implied by in the 4th verse? Is the idea expressed in the first sentence in that verse to be found elsewhere in the Rik?
  - d. What is meant by ब्राह्मणात् in the 5th verse?
- e. Who were "Mitrávaruna"? What were their positions in the estimation of primitive Arians?
  - 2. a. Translate the following into English:-
  - १८। १ सोमानं खरणं क्षणं इत्स्मणस्यते। कचीवंतं य जै। फ्रिज॥
    - १ या रेवान्यो समीवसा वसुवित्पृष्टिवर्धनः।
      - स नः सिषम् यस्रः॥
    - र मा नः शंसा खरवषो धूर्तिप्रण्ड्यस्य। रचा को क्रम्भक्स्यते॥
    - स वा वीरा न रिष्यति यक्तिंद्रो त्रद्धाणस्पतिः ।
       वाको चिनाति मर्त्यं ॥

- ध सं नं ब्रह्मण्यते साम इंदय मर्त्यं। द्विणा पालंडसः॥
- ६ सदसस्प्रतिमञ्जूत प्रियमिंदस्य काम्यं। सभिं मेधामयासिषं॥
- b. Who was Usij and what appears to have been the profession of Kakshivan?
  - 3. a. Translato into English:-

पराचि खानि वाहण्त् खथमूससात् परां पण्यति नानाराह्मन्। किसिडीरः प्रत्यगातानमे चदाष्टतचनुरस्तलिमिक्सन्॥१॥

पराचः कामाननुयन्ति बालाखे चत्योर्थन्ति विततस्य पाग्रं। श्रथ भौराश्रम्तत्वस्विद्वा भूवमभुवेष्वित्त न प्राथयन्ते॥ २॥

येन रूपं रसङ्गन्य प्रव्यान् स्पर्भाय + + । एतेनैव विज्ञानाति किसव परिश्रिष्यते । एतद्वैतत् ॥ ३॥

खत्रान्तञ्चागरितान्तश्चाभौ येनानुपश्चति । सहान्तस्विभुसात्मानस्वा धौरी न शोचति ॥ ४॥

य इसमाध्यदम्बेद आतामञ्जीवमन्निकात्। इंग्रामसूतभयस्य न तते।-विज्ञुगुप्तते। एतद्वीतत्॥ ५॥

यः पर्व्यनपरीजातमङ्गाः पूर्व्यमजायत । गुराम्प्रविषय तिष्ठमां योभू-तेभिर्थप्रथत । एतदैनत् ॥ ६ ॥

- b. Explain the meaning of प्रत्यगाता and आष्टमच स्
- e. What is the meaning of सध्वदं and of विज्ञाम्यते ?
- d. What is implied by आद्भा: पूर्व and ग्रास्?
- 4. a. What is the meaning of the statement, in the Tarkamrita, जीवातानः प्रतिग्रीरभिद्रहः बन्धभोच्चयोग्याः ? Would the Vedantists allow this?
- b. What, according to the Tarkamrita is utant or atom the cause of?
  - c. What is the samaváyi कार्ष of a pot (घट)?
- d What is the 3rd or Instrumental cause of a binary (হ্যুক্ত) and what of a pot (ঘত)?
  - e. What is the meaning of the following sentences:
- ं प्रत्यचद्रके प्रत्यचमेव प्रमाणं खतीन्द्रियेऽनुमामं। + + + चाक-मवायू मञ्चेन सार्मेन जानुमीयेवे

f. Is the last example quite accurate? If not, why not?

5. a. Translate the following passage into English:—

## पत्युरभामञ्जस्यात्॥ ३०॥

इदानीं केवलाभिष्ठाची खाकारणवादः प्रतिषिधते। तत कथमव-गम्यते, प्रक्रतिस प्रतिज्ञा द्यानान्परीधाद्भिश्योपदेशाचेत्यत्र प्रक्रतिभावे-नाधिष्ठात्मावेन चोभयसभावस्येश्वास्य स्वयमेवाचार्येण प्रतिष्ठापितत्वात। यदि पुनरविश्रेषेणेश्वरकारणवादमात्रमिस प्रतिविध्येत पूर्वे। तरिविधा-द्याहताभिवाहारः स्त्रकार द्रत्येतदापद्येत। तसादप्रक्रतिरिधष्ठाता केवल निमित्तकारणभी श्वर इत्येष पत्ती नेदानति हितश्रक्षीक लप्रतिपत्तवात यतं-नाच प्रतिषिधिते। सा चेयं वेदवाद्योख कल्पनाउनेकप्रकारा। केचिभावत साङ्ग्रियाययात्रयाः कल्पयन्ति प्रधानपर्षयोर्धिष्ठाता केवलं निमित्तका-रणभी घरः इतरेतरविलचणाः प्रधानप्रविश्वरा इति। सार्चेश्वरासु सन्धन्ते कार्य्यकारणयोगविधिद्ःखान्ताः पञ्च पदार्थाः पग्रुपतिनेश्वरेण पग्रुपाश-विभोचायापदिष्टाः, प्रमुपतिरौद्यगं निमिनकारणमिति वण्यनि। तथा वैशेषिकाद्यापि केचित् कर्णाञ्चत् खप्रक्रियान्सारेण निमित्तकारणमि-ति। अत उत्तर्म्यते। पत्यरमामञ्जलादिति। पत्यरीश्वरस्य प्रधानप्रष-यारिधष्ठाढलेन जगत्कारणलं ने।पपद्यते, कस्माद्सामञ्जस्यात्। किं प्न-रसामञ्जलं। सीममध्यमोत्तमभावेन सि प्राणिभेदान विद्धत र्श्वरस्य रागद्वेषादिदेषप्रसन्नेरस्पदादिवद्नी स्वरतं प्रसच्चेत । प्राणिकमीपंचितता-द्दीष इति चेत्, न, कर्मैश्वर्दाः प्रवर्त्त्यप्रवर्त्तियहत्वे इतरेतरात्रयदेषप्रस-जात्। अनादिलादिति चेत्, न, वर्त्तमानकालवद्तौतेष्वपि कालेष्वितरे-तरात्रयदेषाविशेषादन्यपरम्परान्यायापत्रेः।

6. What is the specific doctrine which is attempted to be refuted in the above Sutra, and what is Sankaracharya's chief argument on the subject?

e. Is the argument here relied on consistent with Sankara's positions under Sutras II. 1, 31, 35.

d. What is the sort of theism which Sankara holds and the sort of theism he attacks?

e. What is the chief argument used in the Vedant against the Sánkhya and what the principal argument relied on by the Sánkhya as against the Vedant?

#### ESSAY.

## Examiner—Rev. K. M. Banérjea, D. L.

Write an Essay in English on the History of Sanscrit literature, depicting archaic forms as found in the Vedas, how far it was influenced by contact with the Iranians whose sacred language was the Zend, how archaic Sanscrit was gradually approaching to the state which Panini's sutras disclose, how the Bráhmanas, Aranyakas, Upanishads and Sutras testify to the disappearance of old forms, step by step, how the literature stood the ordeal of the Buddhistic revolution and the consequent or subsequent formation of the rational schools of Philosophy and the rise of different sects, how it fared on the stage and in the Courts of patronizing Kings, how and when it dealt with Astronomy and other sciences, and its further development in the Mahákávyas.

N. B.—Citations and References to original passages will be expected as proofs of allegations, and will be considered weightier evidence than mere quotations from European scholars.

#### HISTORY.

## Examiner-Rev. Jas. Robertson, M. A.

Guizot, Hall im, Taylor.

1. "A language is at once the most complete, and it is the least fallible of all historical records." explain this fully, and show how the history of a language below to determine the genuineness of a work extant in it. If a Greek manuscript were placed before you, purporting to belong to the 5th century. A D, explain how you would proceed to determine its date and genuineness, and how you would account for any variations of reading as compared with other manuscripts of the same work.

2. Explain fully on what grounds, and with what limitations, ancient works, professedly historical, deserve confidence as truthful narratives; and give an illustration of each important principle. State and explain the common principles of evidence that should be stabled to the common principles of ancient records.

applied to the genuineness and authenticity of ancient records.

3. Contrast the state of the English Constitution under Henry VII. and William III., and trace the history of the struggle between the Crown and Parliament during the interval. Did Parliament truly represent the people in the times of the Tudors and Stuarts? Explain the origin, functions, and responsibilities of the British Cabinet.

4. Explain fully and discuss Elizabeth's policy with regard to religious parties; and examine her treatment of Mary, Queen of Scots, as a matter of abstract right, and as a measure of political expediency.

5. Give a full account of the Constitution of Scotland as it existed in 1603, and explain how it was affected by the Revolution and the Union. Contrast and account for any differences between the English and the Scottish Reformation.

- 6. Characterise and account for the state of European society between the 5th and the 9th century, and describe the various attempts to improve it. Explain political legitimacy, and show what claim to it is possessed by each of the elements of European Civilization.
- 7. Explain fully and account for the general tendency of European society at the beginning of the 15th century, and trace its development in each of the great countries at the close of the century.
- 8. Explain the two contradictory principles of European Civilization in the 16th century and show how they affected the subsequent history of France and England. Contrast the progress of civilization in the two countries, and explain fully the influence of France on the other countries of Europe
- 9. "The moral and intellectual development of Europe has been essentially theological:" explain and examine this statement, and illustrate the influence of the Church in each of the three grand periods into which Guzot divides the history of European Civilization.

#### HISTORY OF ENGLAND-1603-88.

## Examiner-REV. W. HASTIE, B. D.

- 1. Mention the principal sources available for investigating this period of English History; estimate their value in relation to parties and characters; and state the grounds of the opinion you have formed regarding the Popish Plot or the legitimacy of the Pretender.
- 2. Give a survey of the political and religious situation at the accession of James 1; criticise the aim and character of his government; and review its influence upon the constitution and the people. Discuss James's Title to the English Crown.
- 3. Write a chronological summary of the first 5 years of the reign of Charles I, noticing particularly the relations between the King and the Parliament.
- 4. Trace the rise of the two great English political parties; state their leading principles; and follow their movements through the Long Parliament Explain the earlier and later names of the parties and mention their most influential leaders.
- 5. Briefly narrate the facts and discuss the constitutional principles connected with (1), The Trial of Hampden, (2). The Impeachment of the Five Members, (3), The Execution of Charles I.
- 6. Give an account of the "Barebone's Parliament," as regards its convocation, name, constitution, members, doings and termination.
- 7. Mention the principal facts in Cromwell's settlement of Ireland, and in his foreign wars. Describe the state of the Army and Navy; give an estimate of the population of England during this time; and compare the position and influence of England during the later years of Cromwell with what they were in the days of Charles I.
- 8. Describe the causes and progress of English Colonization in this period; and state the nature and effects of the Navigation Act.
- 9. Write a short paper on the influence of the Commonwealth upon the social and intellectual life of England.

#### HISTORY OF ENGLAND—1603-88.

## Examiner-Rev. W. HASTIE, B. D.

- 1. Give an account of the Restoration as regards the influences that led to it, the leaders of the movement, the diplomatic transactions, and the feeling of the people towards it.
- 2. Survey the relative positions of the Episcopalians, the Presbyterians, the Independents, and the Roman Catholics at the Restoration: and show how the religious question was dealt with by the New Act of Uniformity.
- 3. Narrate the foreign wars of Charles II, up to the Triple Alliance; explain the nature of this alliance; and describe the relation of England to the principal European powers at the time.
- 4. Give an account (a) of the condition of the city of London, (b) of the conveniences of domestic life, (c) of the means of travelling and of diffusing information about the year 1685.
- 5. Give an account of the Scottish Covenanters, their rise, their principles, their leaders, their relation to the English parties, and their instory in the time of James II.
- 6. Describe the following battles, giving dates, forces engaged, and political results, (1) Marston Moor, (2) Philiphaugh, (3) Southwood Bay, (4) Sedgemoor.
- 7. Write short biographical notices and estimate the influence and character of (1) Thomas Wentworth, (2) Sir Harry Vane, (3) John Pym, (4) Edward Hyde, (5) William Penn.
- 5. Point out the unconstitutional acts of James II, which brought about his fall; and shew how the relation between the Crown and the people was adjusted by the Declaration and Bill of Rights.

## HISTORY OF ENGLAND—A. D. 1603-88.

## Examiner-Rev. W. HASTIE, B. D.

- 1. Give a summary account of Lord Bacon's scientific doctrines referring to the writings in which they are contained; consider their connection with the general intellectual movement of the time; and briefly sketch the progress of scientific research through the period.
- 2. Expound the views held regarding Church and State by 1, Laud and his party; 2, The Presbyterians; 3, The Quakers; 4, The Fifth Monarchy Men.
- 3. Give an outline of the leading political philosophies of the period; and mention the discussions of the principle of Religious Toleration.
- 4. Review Milton's political writings, pointing out their occasion, substance, and literary characteristics.
- 5. Write a biographical sketch of Cromwell so far as it may be drawn from his Letters and Speeches; Consider the value of these

to the historian regarding his character and aims; and add a note on the Squire papers.

6. Give an account of the following works as regards their authors, dates, and the light thrown by them on events and persons:
1. Apology for the Oath of Allegiance; 2, Histriomastix; 3, Hudibras; 4, Annus Mirabilis; 5, Absalom and Achithophel.

7. Summarise the leading doctrines of the Puritan Theology;

and mention the works of its chief literary exponents,

8. Write a short paper on the influence of the Restoration on the English Languago and Laterature, with illustrative facts.

#### HISTORY.

## Examiner-REV. JAS. ROBERTSON, M. A.

Write an essay on one of the following subjects:-

1. Expediency as a Guide in Political Matters

- 2. The History of Political Relations between England and Ireland.
- 3. The History of the English Press.

## POLITICAL ECONOMY.

## Examiner-Rev. JAS. ROBERTSON, M A.

- 1. State and exemplify the functions of labour in production, and show in what circumstances it is unproductive. Explain fully the meaning and importance of labour for the supply of unproductive consumption. Describe and illustrate the elements that determine the productiveness of the labour of any community; and show how the division of labour is limited by the extent of the market.
- 2. Show how industry is influenced by the different tenures of land that exist in different countries; and explain how strikes affect wages and profits. Explain how monopolies and government subsidies affect wages, and discuss the remedies proposed for low wages.
- 3. Explain inequalities of wealth, and examine the various schemes of social life that have been proposed to prevent them. Describe the social and economical effects of the English Poor Law system, and show how far it is socialistic in tendency.
- 4. Adam Smith discriminates between the real and the nominal price, and between the natural and the market price of commodities: explain and examine his views. Is a measure of value possible? Determine the conditions and the laws of value, and explain the "general exchange value" of a commodity. State summarily the laws that regulate the price of agricultural commodities.
- 5. Discuss the policy of restraining the importation of foreign goods that can be produced at home, and explain as fully as you can the cases in which such a policy is held to be justifiable. Explain

and exemplify the principles of international trade, and apply them to the trade between England and India. How do casual variations in the value of money affect international trade?

- 6. Describe the operation of the causes that tend to reduce profits when a country is advancing in wealth and population; and explain how these are counteracted. How does the tendency of profits to a minimum modify the effects of taxes on necessaries?
- 7. Discuss fully the principle of the equality of taxation. Show how far it is practicable. Is it possible to assess an income-tax so as to secure equality of taxation? Explain the economical effects of a land-tax; and discuss the comparative merits of a capitation-tax, and a tax on food as a source of public revenue?
- 8 Discuss the question of the extent to which a government should interfere in matters other than those which properly belong to it, illustrating your remarks by historical references.

#### MORAL SCIENCE.

## Examiner-MR. J. SIME, M. A.

- 1. Give a connected view of the chief points in the moral system of Aristotle.
- 2. Distinguish between the Platonic and the Epicurean views of Justico.
- 3. In what did Hobbes place the foundation of moral distinctions? Starting with the assumption that 'all mon have an equal right to all things,' and are originally in a state of mutual warfare; how did Hobbes explain the termination of this state and the means by which the peace of society is secured?
- 4. Explain Hutcheson's theory of the moral sense and of the mature of virtue; and state in what respects his views appear to be erroneous.
- 5. Describe the moral system of Adam Smith. To what heads does he reduce the different explanations of virtue?
- 6. Explain fully the Principle of Utility of Bentham. Wherein does Bain's theory differ?
- 7. It is objected to the doctrine of Utility that it is impossible to trace an action into all its consequences. Answer this objection.
- 8. Conscience is a faculty of Human Nature; it is an exercise of the Reason; it is a sentiment of Awe or Authority. Explain these views, referring them to their authors.
- 9. Distinguish each of the things perceived through Conscience, and define Prudence and Sympathy.
- 10. Explain the view of Kant as to the difference of validity between the dictates of the Practical and of the Speculative Reason. State and explain Kant's famous moral formula.

#### MENTAL SCIENCE.

#### Examiner-MR. J. SIME, M. A.

1. Note the different meanings of the term consciousness. 8 How are facts of consciousness distinguished from organic facts? 10 2. Describe the connection between brain function and pure intellection. How has the phrenological view been reputed? 3. Distinguish between Muscular Feeling and Sensation. What muscular teelings enter into the perception of visible solidity? What is meant by Spontaneous Muscular Activity? 4. Says Bain—'all knowledge finally resolves itself into 10 Differences and Agreements.' Explain this fully. 5. State the fundamental ground of the dispute between Transcendentalism and Experientialism. What is Sensationalism? With what justice has Locke been called an experientialist, and J. S. Mill a sensationalist? 6. State and criticise Cousin's proof of the existence of Body. What does Ferrier say of the perception of matter per se! 7. Characterize the conviction of Self according to Kant, 12 Hamilton, and Mill; and explain Locke's statement that 'consciousness makes Personal Identity. 8. State and criticise Mill's theory of the nature and origin 9 of the ideas of Space and Power. What new light does Dr. Franz's case throw on the genesis of the former? 9. Distinguish, according to Hamilton, between Desire and Voltion. Give both sides of the argument-whether moral causation is fatalism. 10. How, according to Bain, is Belief generated? Give Mill's criticism of Hamilton's distinction between Knowleage and Belief.

#### LOGIC.

#### Examiner—Rev. A. F. Rudolf Hoernle, Ph. D.

1. Distinguish accurately between the spheres of deductive and inductive Logic. What processes are included under them respectively, and why? To which of them does the Aristotelian induction belong, and why? In what relation does the term "formal logic" stand to them? State what different views have been held on that subject, and by whom?

2. Discuss the question of the quantification of the predicate. both from the theoretical and practical points of view. Can it be justified from any point of view? What modifications would it introduce into Logic, as ordinarily set forth? Whose name is principally connected with it?

- 3. What different views have been held about the import of propositions? Which of them properly allows of a diagrammatical treatment of the propositions? Explain this by diagrams. Can all the eight kinds of propositions of Hamilton be strictly distinguished by diagrams; if so, how? Explain and illustrate the advantages and defects of the diagrammatical representation of syllogisms in Logic as usually taught.
- 4 Review and criticise the controversy between Mill and Whewell regarding the utility of the inductive methods and the place of hypothesis in inductive science. Show how Analogy and Hypothesis enter into the formation of the conceptions of the pre-existence and, the future state of man. Are they equally legitimate in both cases?
- 5. What are the difficulties to which all inductive methods are exposed? What may be done to avoid or reduce them? Give illustrations. How should probabilities be estimated and chance errors eliminated?
- 6. "There can be no absolute test of truth, though there must be an ultimate test." Is this statement correct; it so, why? State and criticise the views of Hamilton. Mill and Spenser as to what the ultimate test of truth is.

#### NATURAL THEOLOGY.

## Examiner-MR. J. SIME, M. A.

- 1. 'No difficulty emerges in Theology which had not first emerged in Philosophy.' Explain this, and show its bearing on the former science.
- 2. Explain the views of Kant, Schelling, Cousin, and Hamilton regarding our knowledge of the Infinite. What does Mill say of Hamilton's view? Did he understand Hamilton?
- 3. On what grounds does Mansel object to all à priorz arguments for the being and attributes of God? Wherein are the arguments from Cause and Design defective?
- 4. State and examine the argument of Dr. Samuel Clarke for the existence of God. Is this argument fairly charged with a petitio principii'
- 5. God is all-perfect; therefore I can love Him: I can love Him; so the object of this love is an all-perfect God. Expand these arguments, and trace them to their authors.
- 6. Show how the idea of a veritable God is derived from man's moral nature. Can this rightly be made the only source of a speculative knowledge of God?
- 7. How does Forrier arrive at -'a supreme and infinite and everlasting Mind in synthesis with all things? How does Sponcer reach the unknowable?
- 8. What, according to Butler, are the external evidences of Natural Religion? What use does he make in his system of the existence of general laws of the Divine action?

9 How does Butler answer those who resolve the moral character of the Deity into Benevolence? What are the three distinct questions answered by him regarding the Immortality of the Soul?

10. What solution of the problem of moral evil does Pantheism

furnish; and to what objections is such a solution opposed?

#### HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY.

## Examiner—Rev. A. F. Rudolf Hoernle, Ph. D.

1. Explain the meaning and the origin of the term "Philosophy." Enumerate the sciences that may be classified under that term. What is the object and utility of studying philosophy? Discuss the various methods that have been employed in its study at different times, mentioning the principal representatives of each among the philosophers.

2. Explain the meaning and origin of the following names of philosophical schools: Eleatic, Sophist, Cyrchaic, Neoplatonic, Peripatetic, Heraclitic, Stoic, Scholastic. Who were the founders or principal followers of each? Place them in historical order, men-

tioning their dates and principal seats

3. Compare Plato and Aristotle, the history of their lives and their characters; and show how the method and tendencies of their

teaching were affected by them

1. Name the chief philosophical systems among the Hindus. Give some account of them, their dectrines, authors, relative dates and literature. Point out their resemblances to the early Greek systems: how may these be accounted for?

5. Sketch the character and course of the Scholastic philosophy. Contrast it with the modern philosophy, and trace the causes of the

philosophical revolution of the 17th century.

6. Compare the philosophical systems of Leibnitz and Spinoza, and trace the influence of their doctrines upon the subsequent philo-

sophical thought.

7. Give some account of August Comte and of Schopenhauer (with dates), and of their philosophical systems. By what terms are the latter generally known? Explain their antagonism to the preceding and trace their influence on contemporary philosophical thought.

## HISTORY AND PHILOSOPHY OF SCIENCE.

## Examiner -Mr. A. Ewbank, M A.

1. Describe the distinctions, if any, between laws of nature and laws generally. Apply your conclusions to the following cases, (1) Man is mortal. (2) The roots of plants have a sense of touch. (3) With the help of a lever a small weight can balance a great one.

- 2. A phenomenon is sometimes said to result from a certain cause in conjunction with certain favourable conditions. Point out the difference between the popular and scientific aspects of the case.
- 3. In what is called the composition of causes we may distinguish two or three cases. Explain these cases. Are the distinctions purely formal, or do they lie in our ignorance, or in the nature of things?
- 4 The methods of Experimental Inquiry have sometimes been divided into several groups. Briefly describe them, indicate their respective powers of producing conviction and illustrate each by one example.
- 5. Distinguish the several senses in which a law or phenomenous may be said to be explained. Select, if possible, from the following sentences one or more illustrations: (1). If a substance not readily combustible is held over the flame of a candle, the flame is lengthened, (2), Wild animals often have skins or firs of the colour of the places they frequent, (3). If a line of rails is only traversed by trains travelling due north, certain peculiarities in the wearing of the rails are observed. Of each fact an 'explanation' is required.
- 6. Give a definition of chance and consider in what cases a repeated conjunction of phenomena implies a law directly connecting them.
- · 7. Explain the chief requisites of a philosophical language.
- 8. What do you understand by "Natural classification?" Does it differ in degree or in kind from any other classification likely to be proposed?
- 9 Give a careful description of any discovery or fertile conception which we owe to one of the following thinkers, Faraday, Darwin, Heimholtz, Lister. N.B. Only one subject must be taken.
- 10 Apply any of the rules or principles of Inductive Logic to indicate how you would endeavour to verify or controvert one (only) of the following statements: (1), The evidence for the undulatory theory of light is as strong as that for Newton's theory of gravitation. This statement has been made by Tyneatl, (2), Growing plants derive the greater part of their dry constituents not from the soil but from water and the atmosphere. This view was advanced by De Saussure, (3), It has been thought that human reason elaborated human language, but it is more true that language has created reason. This theory is put forth by Ludwig Noiré, (4), Language is fossil poetry. This expression is due to Holmes.
- N. B. To questions 1, 5, 9 and 19 the marks assigned are each 13. To each of the remaining questions 8 marks are given.

#### CHEMISTRY.

## Examiner-MR. A. PEDLER, F. C. S.

Value of Question. Marks.

- 1. Into what classes are chemical actions divided; give 8 several typical examples of each class.
- 2. In what manner are the phenomena of allotropy explained; 8 give reasons for and against the explanations advanced.

- 3. A solution contains the following substances; explain how you would analyse it qualitatively.  $Cd SO_4$ ,  $Sn Cl_4$ ,  $Hg (NO_3)_2$ ,  $Fe_2 Cl_6 Zn SO_4$  and K Cl.
- 4. How would you distinguish Arsenic and Antimony, first 8 when in separate solutions, and second when present in a single solution?
- 5. Give an outline of the work of Black and of Dalton in 10 Chemistry.
- 6. Describe briefly the first rational system of chemical nomenclature; upon what principles is our present nomenclature based; explain your statements by examples.
- 7. In what way is the chemical force connected with the 10 other physical forces, and how can we experimentally demonstrate its conversion into other forms of force?
- 8. Give a detailed description of the processes employed for 10 the determination of Carbon and Hydrogen in an organic substance.
- 9. What do you understand by the terms "normal alcohol," 12 "secondary alcohol" and "tertiary alcohol"? Give the graphic or constitutional formulæ of the amyl alcohols; what will take place in each case of oxidation?
- 10. Describe the mode of determining the density of a vapour by Gay-Lussac's and by Dumas' process. In the determination of the density of a vapour by the former process, the following data were obtained: (1), Weight of substance = 0.1163 grain. (2), Observed volume of vapour 50.77, cc. (3) Height of barometer 755.5 num. (4) Height of mercury in tube above outside level 80 mm. (5) Height of column of spermaceti equal to 16.9 mm. of mercury, (6) Temperature of bath 215°C. Calculate the vapour density. Hydrogen being taken as unity.

#### HEAT.

## Examiner-MR. A. EWBANK, M. A.

- 1. The co-efficient of expansion of mercury in glass is estimated 8 at  $\frac{1}{6480}$ . As much mercury is enclosed in the bulb and tube of a thermometer as measures 162cc at 6°C. An increase of temperature of 7°C is indicated by a rise of one centimeter in the tube. What must this tube be in section?
- 2. Describe Bunsen's Calorimeter and mentionall the precautions necessary in conducting an experiment.

7

3. Of a substance whose specific heat is required 4 grams at 10°C were introduced into a Bunsen's Calorimeter. While the ice in the apparatus was being partially melted, the surface of the mercury in the capillary tube was displaced through one centimeter. The section of the tube was '025 square centimeters. The latent heat of ice was estimated at 79'25. The S. G. of water at 0°C was taken as '99988 and that of ice at 0°C as '91674. Determine the specific heat.

7

7

4. Heat is passing steadily across a stratum of given thickness and large superficial extent. Obtain an expression for the flow of heat in terms of the difference of the temperatures on the two sides of the stratum, these temperatures being supposed constant

5. A beam of sunlight traverses a glass prism and the thermal intensities are measured along and near to the visible spectrum. Describe the manner in which the heat is found to be distributed and state whether the variations of intensity

depend only on the nature of the rays.

6. Describe some kinds of specific heat which we may attribute to a gaseous body. Explain the meaning of the statement that a certain kind of specific heat of saturated steam is negative.

7. On what element besides temperature is the fusion of a body dependent? Illustrate your answer by considering (1) the case of melting ice, (2) the fusion of any other substance.

If a perfect gas be enclosed in an extensible envelope which is impermeable by heat, show that the volumes and the absolute temperatures are connected by the equation

$$\frac{\tau_1}{\tau_2} = \begin{pmatrix} V_2 \\ V_1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{where } K = 1.41.$$

Assuming that the above equation is applicable to atmospheric air which is imitally at the temperature of ordinary freezing water, calculate the temperature to which the air will rise if it is compressed to one third of its original volume.

Given  $\log 3 = 4771213$  and  $\log 1.569 = 1956197$ .

Explain the formula  $\frac{H}{h} = \frac{S}{T}$  which has reference to heat

and temperature in the working of a reversible engine.

Change the foregoing equation so as to exhibit the work performed. An engine works between the temperatures 50°C and 1573°C. Find what proportion of the heat supplied is transformed into work.

If an engine be absolutely free from friction or any defects of construction, and if its material be impervious to heat, can it in any case transform into work the whole of the heat it receives?

#### ELECTRICITY.

## Examiner-Mr. A. Ewbank, M. A.

Describe Biot's Experiment or any other which is suitable for verifying the statement that electricity resides only on the surface of a body. What do you understand by such a statement?

If in Biot's Experiment the inner diameter of the shell is nearly equal to the diameter of the other spherical body, is the experiment likely to succeed? Give your reasons and suggest any improvement in the apparatus.

- 2. Apply the theory of induction to show how the electric of effects of several bodies may be added together.
- 3. If electric attraction is inversely as the square of the 10 distance, show that there is no force within an electrified spherical shell.
- 4. It is desired to protect from lightning a building on whose roof there are several masses of metal. What measures should be adopted?
- 5. An electric charge () is imparted to an insulated solid sphere of one foot in radius. The sphere is surrounded by a concentric spherical shell of radius 14 inches and in metallic connection with the earth. Calculate the capacity of the system.
- 6. Investigate the distribution of electricity on the surface 12 of a spheroid

If we propose to deduce the distribution on a circular plate from that on a spheroid we find that the density at some points becomes infinite. What inference do you draw?

- 7 The cells of a voltage battery are sometimes arranged for 10 quantity and sometimes for intensity. Explain the difference between the two arrangements.
- 8. Describe Ampère's theory of magnetism and apply it to 9 explain the magnetism of the earth.
- 9. You are given a magnet and a pair of similar unmagnetised needles in order to make an ordinary astatic needle. How would you examine whether the needles were suitably magnetised before you proceeded to combine them? What is the difference in behaviour between an ordinary astatic needle and one that is perfectly astatic?

## BOTANY, I.

## Examiner-DR. GEO. KING.

- 1. Give an account of the Linnzean System of Classification of plants.
  - 2. Describe the ovule in Loranthaceæ, and in Gnetaceæ.
  - 3. Describe the ovary and its contents in the flower of Santalum.
- 4. Describe the modifications of style and stigma found amongst Composition, and state how these have been used by systematists in dividing that order into sections.
- 5. Describe the flowers of Cynodon and Vanda. Compare them with flowers of the ordinary monocotyledonous type. Describe the mode of fertilization in Vanda.
  - 6. Sketch briefly the morphology and life-history of Salviria.
- 7. Give a short general description of the natural vegetation of the delta of the Ganges
- 8. Give as many examples as you can of indigenous Indian plants that have
  - (a) winged seeds
  - (b) winged fruits
  - (c) hairy seeds.

- 9. Describe the floral envelopes in Phoenix, Nelumbiam, Mussaenda.
- 10. Describe the fructification of Funaria, Adiantum, Marchantia.

## BOTANY, II.

#### Examiner-Dr. Geo. King.

- 1 Give a general account of the influence of temperature on vegetation.
  - 2. Describe the sexual reproduction of Ferns.
- 3. What are the advantages of cross-ferthization? Give examples of the various ways in which it is secured in Nature.
- 4. What is meant by Cleistogamy? Give two examples of its occurrence in Indian plants.
- 5. Give an account of the manner in which Coal has been formed, and enumerate the chief fossils found in Indian Coal.
- 6. Give the geographical distribution of the Natural orders to which Nymphæa, Maguolia, Nephelium, Melia, Cinchona, Jatropha and Cyperus belong.
- 7. What is Aleurone? Where does it occur, and how may it be recognised?
  - 8. Describe the objects numbered 1, 2, 3.

## BOTANY, III.

## Examiner—Dr. Geo. King.

- 1. A copy of Roxburgh's Flora Indica and three plants numbered 4, 5, and 6 are herewith given to you. Find out the names given to these plants by Roxburgh, and state to what Natural orders they belong.
- 2. Define the terms Monopodial, Sympodial, Helicoid, Scorpioid as applied to inflorescences.
- 3. What is meant by the term Carnivorous as applied to plants. Give examples of carnivorous plants; state how they are supplied in nature with animal food, and how they assimilate it.
- 4. Describe the changes which occur in a phanerogamous ovule after fertilization.
- 5. Define the term Bark and describe the Histological changes which lead to the production of some of its most characteristic forms.
- 6. Describe the chemical and morphological changes that occur in the passage from the herbaceous to the woody condition in the shoot of a dicotyledonous tree.
- 7. Give a full account of the processes of Assimilation and Metastasis.
- 8. Give a brief description of the fossils named Stigmaria, Lepidodendron, Calamites, and state in what strata they are found.
- 9. What is the oldest known fossil vegetable? State in what strata it occurs.

# Honor Examination.

## 1881.



# ALGEBRA, TRIGONOMETRY, THEORY OF EQUATIONS, CONIC SECTIONS.

Examiner-Mr. Eliot, M. A.

1. Expand  $a^x$  in powers of x. Show that if n be greater than 3

$$n^{3} + \frac{n \cdot n - 1}{1 \cdot 2} (n - 2)^{3} + \frac{n \cdot n - 1 \cdot n - 2 \cdot n - 2}{3 \cdot 4} (n - 4)^{3} + \&c., = n^{2} (n + 3) 2^{n - 4}$$

- 2. Shew how to convert a surd into a continued fraction, and prove that the last quotient before the quotients occur is twice the first.
- 3. Prove that the distance between the centres of the circumscribing and inscribed circles is  $\sqrt{R^2-2 Rr}$ , where R and r are the radii of these circles.

From a point P perpendiculars PL, PM, PN are drawn to the sides of a triangle ABC: show that twice the area of the triangle LMN is equal to  $(R^2 - d^2) \sin A \sin B \sin C$ , where R is the radius of the circle circumscribing the triangle ABC and d the distance of its centre from P.

4. Investigate an expression for  $\cos \alpha$  in exponentials; and prove that the sum of n terms of the series

$$1 + \frac{\cos \alpha}{\cos \alpha} + \frac{\cos 2\alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} + \frac{\cos 3\alpha}{\cos^3 \alpha} + \dots$$

is equal to 0 if  $\cos \alpha = \pi$ .

- 5. Resolve  $x^{2n} 2x^n \cos \theta + 1$  into real quadratic factors.
- 6. Investigate Newton's method of approximating to the real roots of an equation.

Prove that if c be very near a root of the equation f(x) = 0 the root is

$$-\frac{f(c)}{f'(c)} - \frac{f(c)|^2}{2} \frac{f''(c)|^2}{\{f'(c)\}^3} + \&c.$$

7. If  $S_r$  represent the sum of the  $r^{th}$  powers of the roots of the

equation 
$$x^n + p_1 x^{n-1} + \dots + p_n = 0$$
  
prove if  $m \neq n$ 

$$S_m + p_1 S_{m-1} + ... + p_n S_{m-n} = 0$$

Show also that

$$6 \Sigma (\alpha \beta \gamma)^m = S_{m}^3 - 3 S_{2m} S_m + 2 S_{3m}$$

8. Form the equation the roots of which are the squares of the differences of the roots of the equation  $x^3 + qx + r = 0$ . Hence or in any other way find the condition that this equation may have a pair of imaginary roots.

Find whether the equation  $x^3 - (a^2 + b^2 + c^2) x + 2abc = 0$ 

has imaginary roots.

- 9. Obtain an expression for the area of the trangle contained by the three lines Ax + By + C = 0, A'x + B'y + C' = 0 and A''x + B''y + C'' = 0.
- 10. When the equation to a conic is given in the form  $ax^2 + 2c'xy + by^2 + 2a'y + 2b'x + c = 0$  find the co-ordinates of the centre.

Also prove that the eccentricity is given by the equation

$$\frac{e^4}{1-e^2} = \frac{(a+b-2c'\cos\omega)^2}{(ab-c'^2)\sin^2\omega} - 4$$

w being the angle between the axes.

11. Find the equation to a hyperbola referred to its asymptotes as axes.

Shew that the equation to the chord joining two points may be put in the form

 $x \cos a \cos \beta + y \sin a \sin \beta = c \sin (a + \beta).$ 

where  $c \tan \theta$ ,  $c \cot \theta$  are the co-ordinates of any point on the curve.

12. If  $\phi(xy) = (ax + \beta y)^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$  be the equation to a parabola, the equation to its axis is

$$\alpha \frac{d\phi}{dx} + \beta \frac{d\phi}{dy} = 0.$$

#### ALGEBRA.

Examiner-MR. W. GRIFFITHS, M. A.

1. Shew that the equation to a conic circumscribing the triangle of reference is

$$\frac{l}{\alpha} + \frac{m}{\beta} + \frac{n}{\gamma} = 0.$$

Shew also that the condition that the conic may be a rectangular hyperbola is

 $l\cos A + m\cos B + n\cos C = 0$ .

If a right-angled triangle be inscribed in a rectangular hyperbola prove that the perpendicular from the right angle on the hypothenuse is a tangent to the curve.

2. Having given the locus of one focus of the conic

$$\sqrt{la} + \sqrt{m\beta} + \sqrt{n\gamma} = 0,$$

shew how to find the locus of the other focus.

Prove also that if the above curve be a parabola the co-ordinates of the focus are proportional to

$$\frac{a^2}{l}$$
,  $\frac{b^2}{m}$ ,  $\frac{c^2}{n}$ .

3. When a point is in motion in a curve, find its accelerations along, and perpendicular to, the tangent at any instant.

A circle is described by a particle under the action of two forces to the ends of a diameter. If r, r' be the distances of the particle from the two centres of force; P, P' the forces, prove that

$$\frac{dP}{dn} + \frac{5P}{r} = \frac{dP'}{dr'} + \frac{5P'}{r'}.$$

4. A particle is projected from a given point in a given direction and with a given velocity, and moves under the action of a central attraction varying inversely as the square of the distance. Find the orbit and also the conditions that it may be an ellipse, parabola or hyperbola, and find the values of the major axis, eccentricity, and area described in a unit of time.

If the particle move in a resisting medium, find the general effect on the major axis and eccentricity.

5. A particle is constrained to move on a given smooth plane curve, under the action of given forces in the plane of the curve, and the velocity and the pressure on the curve.

If the curve be a parabola whose axis is vertical and vertex uppermost, and gravity the only force acting show that the pressure

on the curve at any point 
$$=\left(\frac{h}{r}-1\right)g\sin\frac{\theta}{2}$$
; where  $r$  is the

focal distance of the point,  $\theta$  the inclination of r to the vertical, and h its vertical distance from a fixed line.

Hence shew that a particle projected freely will describe a parabola.

6. A heavy particle is projected vertically upwards in air, the

resistance of which is measured by  $\frac{g}{\bar{k}^2}$  (velocity)<sup>2</sup>; prove that, if U,

V be the velocities with which the particle leaves and returns to the point of projection.

$$\frac{1}{V^2} - \frac{1}{U^2} = \frac{1}{\lambda^2}.$$

7. Investigate the general equation of continuity.

If the motion be symmetrical in all directions about a fixed centre, write down the equation in its simplest form.

8. Define steady motion, and write down the equation of motion of a steadily moving stream. Also find the pressure on a plane lamina immersed perpendicular to the direction of the stream.

9. Find an expression for the cosine of an angle of a spherical triangle in terms of the sides. Shew that if the triangle be equilateral

$$\tan^2\frac{a}{2}=1-2\cos A.$$

10. Show that there can be only five regular polyhedrons.

11. Describe the nature of the errors to which a Transit Instrument is liable. If  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ , be the errors of collimation, level, and deviation respectively, show that the error in time of transit of a star whose declination is  $\delta$  is

$$=\frac{\sec\delta}{15}\Big\{\alpha+\beta\cos\left(l-\delta\right)+\gamma\sin\left(l-\delta\right)\Big\},\,$$

where l is the latitude of the place.

12. Determine the interval from sunrise to sunset at a given place.

If the increase of the sun's declination from noon to noon be  $\Delta^{\circ}$ , and t, t' be the times from sunrise to noon and from noon to sunset respectively, show that

$$t' - t = t \frac{\Delta}{180} \frac{\sin l \sec \delta}{\sqrt{\cos (l - \delta) \cos (l + \delta)}}$$
 nearly

where l is the latitude of the place, and  $\delta$  the sun's declination at sunrise.

13. How is the apparent position of a heavenly body affected by parallax?

Explain what is meant by horizontal parallax. If h' is the parallactic change of the hour-angle h, prove that

$$\frac{\sin h'}{\sin (h+h')} = \frac{\sin c \sin P}{\sin \Delta},$$

where c is the co-latitude of the observer,  $\Delta$  and P the north polar distance and horizontal parallax of the observed body.

## STATICS, HYDROSTATICS AND OPTICS.

Examiner-Mr. Eliot, M. A.

1. Investigate formula for determining the position of the centre of mass (gravity) of any solid.

Find the position of the C. G. of the solid bounded by the co-ordi-

nated planes and the surface 
$$\sqrt{\frac{x}{a}} + \sqrt{\frac{y}{b}} + \sqrt{\frac{z}{c}} = 1$$
, the

radicals being all positive.

2. Find the attraction of a circular lamina on an external particle situated on a straight line drawn at right angles to the famina through its centre.

A right circular cone of given volume attracts a particle at its vertex. Find the form of the cone so that the attraction may be a maximum.

3. A rough heavy body rests a fixed rough surface. Deter-

mine the conditions of stable equilibrum, the forms of the surfaces, being known.

A wire is bent into the form of a semicircle with the bounding diameter, show that the arc will rest in stable equilibrium on the vertex of a perfectly rough parabola with the axis vertical, if the latus rectum be 7 the semicircular arc.

4. A string is stretched over a rough plane curve. Find the tension at any point, and the pressure on the curve in the limiting position of equilibrium.

A uniform inextensible string whose length is l hangs in limiting equilibrium over a fixed rough cylinder (radius a) whose axis is horizontal. Find the lengths of the portions which hang vertically.

5. Find the conditions of equilibrium of a fluid acted on by any forces whatever, and prove that the resultant force at any point of a surface of equal pressure is normal to the surface, and inversely as the density at the point, and the distance to the consecutive surface of equal pressure.

6. Distinguish between whole and resultant pressure. Find the condition that the pressures of a heavy meompressible finid on a given surface may be equivalent to a single resultant.

If a triangle be immersed in a fluid in a vertical plane and if a,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  be the inclinations of its sides to the horizon, and x, y, z (in order of magnitude) the depths of its vertices prove that the depth of the centre of pressure in given by

$$\frac{x^4 \sin A \sin \alpha - y^4 \sin B \sin \beta + z^4 \sin C \sin \gamma}{x^3 \sin A \sin \alpha - y^4 \sin B \sin \beta + z^3 \sin C \sin \gamma}$$

7. Define metacentre. Investigate the  $=^{n}$ , V. H M = A  $k^{2}$  for determining its position.

A solid is formed by the revolution of a quadrant of an ellipse about the major axis. Prove that if it is to float in water in stable equilibrium with its axis vertical and vertex downwards with half its

axis immersed, the eccentricity must be less than 
$$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$$
.

8. Investigate an equation for determining the height of a station above the level of the sea by means of a barometer and thermometer regard being had to the variation of gravitation.

9. Find the position of the focal lines of a small pencil obliquely refracted at a spherical surface.

A small pencil emerging from a point on the axis of a cylinder of radius r is reflected at the sides of the cylinder. Shew if  $\phi$  be the angle of incidence the distance of the area of least confusion from

the point of incidence will be  $r \sec \phi \cot^2 \frac{\phi}{2}$ .

10. Find the condition for the minimum deviation of a ray of from light through a prism.

The minimum deviations at the three angles of a triangular prism of a ray of index  $\mu$  are  $\delta_1$ ,  $\delta_2$ ,  $\delta_3$  prove that

$$\mu^{3} - \mu^{2} \left( \cos \frac{\delta_{1}}{2} + \cos \frac{\delta_{2}}{2} + \cos \frac{\delta_{3}}{2} \right)$$

$$+ \mu \left( \cos \frac{\delta_{1} + \delta_{2}}{2} + \cos \frac{\delta_{2} + \delta_{3}}{2} + \cos \frac{\delta_{3} + \delta_{1}}{2} \right)$$

$$- \cos \frac{\delta_{1} + \delta_{2} + \delta_{3}}{2} = 0.$$

11. Define positive and negative lenses. Shew that they must be respectively thinnest and thickest in the middle.

12. Explain fully the formation of the Primary Rainbow.

#### ALGERRA.

Examiner - Mr. W. GRIFFITHS, M. A.

1. Define the terms "limit" and "differential co-efficient" of a function.

Assuming the limit of  $\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x$  as x increases indefinitely to be the base of the Napierian system of logarithms, investigate the differential co-efficient of  $a^x$  with respect to x.

Differentiate with respect to x the expression  $\left(a^{x} + x^{b}\right)^{c}$ .

- 2. State and prove Taylor's theorem, mentioning the cases in which it fails to give a correct result. If r terms only of the series be taken find limits between which the error lies.
- 2. If  $\phi(xy) = \phi_n(xy) + \phi_{n-1}(xy) + \phi_1(xy) + \phi_0 = 0$  be the equation of a curve, where  $\phi_r(xy)$  is the sum of the terms of the  $r^{th}$  degree in x and y, prove that the equation of the tangent at any point (f, y) of the curve is

$$x \frac{d}{df} \phi (f, g) + y \frac{d}{dg} \phi (f, g) + \phi_{n-1} (f, g) + 2 \phi_{n-2} (f, g) + \dots + n \phi_{n} = 0.$$

Find the differential equation of the family of curves that cut the family  $\phi(x, y, c) = 0$  at right angles.

4. Define a "multiple point" a "point of inflexion" and a "cusp." Find the conditions that a given point on the curve  $\phi$  (xy) = 0 may be a double point, and shew how to find the two directions of the curve at it. If the two branches cut one another at right angles, prove that

$$\frac{d^2\phi}{dx^2} + \frac{d^2\phi}{dy^2} = 0.$$

5. In any plane curve show that

$$\frac{1}{p^2} = u^2 + \left(\frac{du}{d\theta}\right)^2, \text{ and } \rho = r\frac{dr}{dp}.$$

Two points are moving with velocities which are always proportional to one another, one in the line joining the points, the other in a perpendicular direction. Shew that the curves traced out are both equiangular spirals.

6. Investigate the method of integrating by parts; and prove that

$$\int_{0}^{a} \phi(x) dx = a \phi(a) - \frac{\sigma^{2}}{2} \phi'(a) + \frac{\alpha^{3}}{8} \phi''(a) - \dots$$

$$\frac{(-1)^{n-1} \sigma^{n} \phi^{n-1}(a)}{n} + \frac{(-1)^{n}}{n} \int_{0}^{a} x^{n} \phi^{n}(x) dx.$$
Show that 
$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \cos \theta \log \cot \left(\frac{\pi + \theta}{4}\right) d\theta = 2.$$

7. Find the area included within the positive compartment of (xy), of the curve  $y^2 + 2xy + 2x^2 = a^2$ , employing (i) rectangular, (ii) polar co-ordinates.

8. A plane is drawn through a diameter of the base of a right circular cone whose equation is  $x^2 + y^2 = (a - z)^2$ , the plane making an angle 45° with the base. State between what limits the

integrations in  $\int \int \int dx dy dz$  must be performed to find the volume cut off by the plane.

9. Investigate the equations of a straight line in the form

$$\frac{x-a}{l} = \frac{y-\beta}{n} = \frac{z-\gamma}{n}.$$

Prove that the hyperboloid  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$  has two systems of

generating lines, and that the perpendiculars from the origin upon the generating lines lie upon the cone

$$\frac{a^2}{x^2} (b^2 + c^2)^2 + \frac{b^2}{y^2} (c^2 + a)^2 = \frac{c^2}{z^2} (a^2 + b^2)^2.$$

10.  $(x_1 \ y_1 \ z_1)$ ,  $(x_2 \ y_2 \ z_2)$ ,  $(x_3 \ y_3 \ z_3)$  be the co-ordinates of the extremities of any three conjugate diameters of the ellipsoid

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1, \text{ prove that } x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 = a^2$$

$$y_1^2 + y_2^2 + y_3^2 = b^2$$
, &c.

Prove also that 
$$\pm \frac{x_1}{a} = \frac{y_2 z_3 - z_2 y_3}{bc}$$
,  $\pm \frac{y_1}{b} = \frac{z_2 x_3 - z_2 x_3}{ca}$ , &c.

11. A cone envelopes an ellipsoid, find the equation to the cone and to the plane of contact

12. Define the principal sections at a given point of a surface, and find the relation between the radius of curvature of any normal section and those of the principal sections.

#### PROBLEMS.

Examiner-Mr. Eliot, M. A.

1. If 
$$a^{2} x^{2} + b^{2} y^{2} + c^{2} z^{2} = 0$$

$$a^{2} x^{2} + b^{2} y^{3} + c^{2} z^{3} = 0$$
and 
$$\frac{1}{c} - a^{2} = \frac{1}{y} - b^{2} = \frac{1}{z} - c^{2}$$

prove that  $a^4 x^3 + b^4 y^3 + c^4 z^3 = 0$ 

and  $a^6 x^3 + b^6 y^3 + c^6 z^3 = a^4 x^2 + b^4 y^2 + c^4 z^2$ 

- 2. If A', B', C' be any points on the sides of the triangle ABC prove that AB', BC' CA' + B'C, C'A A'B = area of  $\Delta$  A'B'C' × twice the diameter of the circle circumscribing  $\Delta$  ABC.
- 3. If P be the orthocentre i. e. point of intersection of the perpendiculars from the angular vertices on the opposite sides, PA, PB, PC are the roots of the equation

$$x^3 - 2 (R + r) x^2 + (r^2 - 4R^2 + s^2) x - 2R (s^2 - (r + 2R)^2) = 0$$
  
where  $R$  and  $r$  are the radii of the circumscribed and inscribed circles, and  $s$  is the semi-perimeter.

4. A circle is described touching a parabola and also intersecting the parabola at the ends of a focal chord. Prove that if  $\theta$  be the inclination of the chord to the axis, and 4a the latus rectum

the radius of the circle is 
$$\frac{\alpha (1 + 4 \sin^2 \theta)}{2 \sin^3 \theta}$$
.

- 5. Having given a tangent, a focus, and the eccentricity of a conic section, prove that the locus of its centre is a circle.
- 6. A conic is described having the origin for focus and osculating the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  at the point  $a \cos \phi$ ,  $b \sin \phi$  prove that the equation of its directrix is

$$(a^2 - b^2) (ax \cos^3 \phi - by \sin^3 \phi) + a^2b^2 = 0.$$

- 7. Find the form of a surface of revolution such that when water is poured into it, and it is placed with its axis wertical, the whole pressure on it may vary as the square of the length of the axis immersed.
- 8. A quantity of elastic fluid whose particles attract one another according to the law of nature fills a sphere in whose centre resides a central force  $\frac{\mu}{r}$ . The radius of the sphere is c and mass of the

fluid  $(2\kappa - \mu) c$  where  $\kappa = \frac{p}{\rho}$ . Show that the conditions of equili-

brium are fulfilled if p varies as r

9 A glass rod is balanced partly in and partly out of a cylindrical tumbler with the lower end resting against the vertical side of the

tumbler. If  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are the greatest and least angles which the rod can make with the vertical prove that the angle of the co-effici-

ent of friction is given by 
$$\tan 2\mu = \frac{\sin^3 \alpha - \sin^3 \beta}{\sin^2 \alpha \cos \alpha + \sin^2 \beta \cos \beta}$$

- 10. The vertex V of a cone is on the surface of a sphere, and its axis touches the sphere. Find the centre of gravity (G) of that part of the surface of the cone on one side of the vertex which is enclosed by the sphere, and if  $\theta$  be the inclination of GV to the axis of the cone, and  $2\alpha$  the vertical angle of the cone tan  $\theta$ : tan  $\alpha = 9\pi$ : 32.
- 11. If one end of a flexible elastic string be fixed to the rim of a whoel sufficiently rough to prevent slipping, and the other end is attached to a mass (M) resting on the ground so that when the string (length a) is just taut, it is vertical. Show that the work which must be spent in turning the wheel so as just to lift the mass off the ground is

$$Mga + Ea \log \frac{E}{E + Mg}$$

where E is the tension which would double the length of the string (neglecting its own weight).

12. Prove that the magnifying power of a telescope is given by

Breadth of visual pencil at the object glass

Breadth of visual pencil at the eye glass

supposing no light lost at any lens.

#### ALGEBRA.

## Examiner--MR. W. GRIFFITHS, M. A.

1. If the normal at one extremity of a diameter PP' of an ellipse of semi-axes a, b cut the ellipse again at Q, prove that the greatest

value of the angle PQP' is 
$$\pi = \tan^{-1} \frac{2 n b}{a^2 - b^2}$$

- 2. Chords are drawn to the curve  $r = a(1 \cos \theta)$  passing through the pole, and at the ends of the chords pairs of normals are drawn, prove that the locus of their point of intersection is a circle.
- 3. Prove the following theorem by reciprocation: The envelope of the asymptotes of hyperbolas which have one common focus and equal minor axes is a circle whose centre is at the common focus.

4. Trace the curve 
$$y^2(x-b) = x^2(x-c)$$
,

(i) when 
$$b \neq c$$
, (ii) when  $b \neq c$ .

5. The centre of a circle moves along the circumference of a fixed circle, the plane of the moving circle being perpendicular to that of the fixed circle and passing through a fixed point in its circumference; find the whole volume generated by the moving circle.

6. The locus of the centres of all plane sections of an ellipsoid whose planes pass through a given point is another ellipsoid.

7. A B is an arc of a curve, such that a particle starting from B and moving along any portion of it with a velocity u, and then along a straight line to A with velocity v may always arrive at A after the same time, show that the equation to the curve is

$$r = a \, \epsilon \sqrt{u^3 - v^2}$$

where a = the initial radius vector A B, A being the origin.

8. Two particles start simultaneously from the same point and move along two straight lines, one with uniform velocity and the other from rest with uniform acceleration. Prove that the line joining the particles at any time is a tangent to a fixed parabola.

9. A particle is describing an ellipse about the focus; when it comes to the extremity of the minor axis, the absolute force is diminished by one-third. Find the position and dimensions of the new orbit, and prove that the distance between its focus and the centre is bisected by the minor axis of the original orbit.

10. A heavy particle of weight W is moving in a medium in which the resistance varies as the  $n^{th}$  power of the velocity; prove that if F be the resistance when the direction of motion makes an angle  $\phi$  with the horizon,

$$\frac{\mathbf{W}}{\mathbf{F}} = n \cos^n \phi \int_{\mathbf{S}^{n}} \mathbf{e}^{n+1} \phi \, d\phi.$$

11. The distance between two places on the same parallel of latitude  $\lambda$  is measured along that parallel and found to be c. Shew that if c be taken as the length of the great-circle arc joining the places, the error made is less than

$$\frac{c^2}{2d}\tan^2\lambda\tan\phi\sec^2\phi$$

where d is the diameter of the carth, and

$$\sin \phi = \cos \lambda \sin \left(\frac{c \sec \lambda}{d}\right).$$

12. A spectator on the earth's surface is supposed to move so as to have the sun always on his meridian at a constant altitude, the sun's motion in the celiptic being supposed uniform. Show that  $\lambda$ , l the spectator's latitude and longitude at time t are given by the equations:

(i) 
$$\frac{dl}{dt} = \omega - \Omega \left\{ \frac{\cos i}{\cos^2 \delta} \right\}$$
 (ii)  $\frac{d\lambda}{dt} = \Omega \sin \iota \cos \alpha$ .

where  $\Omega$  is velocity of the sun in the ecliptic,  $\omega$  the angular velocity of the Earth about its axis, i the obliquity of the ecliptic, a,  $\delta$  the R. A, and declination of the Sun.

# Premchand Nopehand Studentship Examination.

## 1881.

#### ENGLISH LITERATURE.

## Examiner—MR. W. H. PAULSON, M. A.

- 1. Comment on the following extracts, noticing verbal, metrical and grammatical peculiarities.
  - a. No more, up peyne of leesyng of youre heed!

    By mighty Mars, he schal anon be deed,

    That smyteth eny strook that I may seen!

    But telleth me what mester men ye been,

    That ben so hardy for to fighten heere,

    Withoute jugge or other officere?
  - Two woful wreeches been we, two kaytyves,
    That ben accombred of oure owne lyves;
    And as thou art a rightful lord and jage,
    Ne yeve us neyther mercy ne refuge.
  - c. Lo her this Arcite and this Palamoun,
    That quitely waren out of my prisoun.
    And mighte han lyved in Thebes really,
    And weten I am hir mortal enemy,
    And that hir deth lith in my might also,
    And yet hath love, maugre hir eyen two,
    Ybrought hem hither bothe for to die!
  - 2. Modernize-
- a. As touching the proposition, which the Physiciens entreteden in this cas, this is to sain that in maladies that a contrarie is warished by another contrarie, I wold fain knowe how ye understonde thilke text.
- b. Though so were that thou haddest slain of hem two or three, yet dwellen ther ynow to wreken hir deth. And though so be that youre kinrede be more stedefast and siker than the kin of youre adversaries, yet, natheles, your kinrede is but a fer kinrede; they ben but litel sibbe to you, and the kin of youre enemies ben night sibbe to hem.
- 3. State the authorship of, and explain the allusions in the following:
  - And bid alternate passions fall and rise,
    While at each change the son of Libyan Jove,
    Now burns with glory, and then melts with love!
  - b. And call him up, who left half told The story of Cambuscan bold.

c. He that meets me in the forest to-day shall meet with no wiseacre I can tell him. Master Stephen, you are late. Ha, Cokes, is it you? Aguecheck, my dear knight, let me pay my devoir to you. Mister Shallow, your worship's poor servant to command. Master Silence, I will use few words with you. Slender, it shall go hard if I edge not you in somewhere. You six will engross all the poor wit of the company to-day.

d. Dead Shepherd, now I find thy saw of might, "Who ever loved, that loved not at first sight?"

e. Very few and very weary are those who are in at the death of the Blatant Beast.

f. The morning-star of song, who made His music heard below.

g. Oh mighty-mouthed inventor of harmonies.

"Concluding all were desperate sets and fools,
Who durst depart from Aristotle's rules."

Explain these lines, and examine, in reference to these rules,

Shakespeare's Tempest and Winter's Tale.

5 "Lord Byron, like Wordsworth, had nothing dramatic in his genius. He exhibited his characters in the manner not of Shake-speare but of Clarendon."

Explain and, as far as you can, illustrate this statement.

6. " unless an age too late, or cold"

"Climate, or years damps my intended wing."

How far was Milton justified in these misgivings?

## ENGLISH LITERATURE, II.

## Examiner-Mr. W. H. Paulson, M. A.

1. "Spenser writ no language."

"Spenser wrote in a Gothic style."

Examine these statements, and describe the Spenserian stanza, giving instances of its employment.

2 Give some account of the fashion of Alliteration in poetry.

3. Explain-

a. So, as a painted tyrant, Pyrrhus stood,
And, like a neutral to his will and matter,
Did nothing.

b. Cut off even in the blossoms of my siu, Unhousel'd, disappointed, unanel'd.

c. "——— we are men, my liege!

'Ay, in the catalogue ye go for men;
As hounds, and greyhounds, mongrels, spaniels, curs,
Shoughs, water-rugs, and demi-wolves are clept
All by the name of dogs; the valued file
Distinguishes the swift, the slow, the subtle,
The housekeeper, the hunter, every one,
According to the gift which bounteous nature
Hath in him closed, whereby he does receive
Particular addition, from the bill
That writes them all alike; and so of men.'

## CIXX PREMCHAND ROYCHAND STUDENTSHIP EXAMINATION.

- d. And the imperial vot'ress passed on, In maiden meditation, fancy-free.
- e. He, that a fool doth very wisely hit,
  Doth very foolishly, although he smart,
  Not to seem senseless of the bob; if not
  The wise man's folly is anatomized
  Even by the squandering glances of the fool
- 4. Distinguish between the Mysteries and Moralities, and give allusions to them from Chaucer and Shakespeare.
- 5. Describe the reformation of the stage effected by Jeremy Collier.
  - 6. "Or Jonson's learned sock be on."

Explain accurately what is here meant.

7. "— what thou would'st highly
That would'st thou holily; would'st not play false,
And yet would'st wrongly win."

Discuss how far these words are descriptive of the Character to whom they are applied.

8. Mention the chief sources of Shakespeare's plays.

## ENGLISH LITERATURE, III.

## Examiner-Mr. W. H. PAULSON, M. A.

1. The perfect historian is he, in whose work the character and spirit of an age is exhibited in miniature."

"History, in its ideal perfection, is a mixture of poetry and philo-

sophy."

Show how near Macaulay himself approached to the ideal, which he has here formed.

2. (five some examples of noteworthy forgeries and impostures in the history of English Literature.

3. Explain—

a. "The metaphysical school of poets."

b. "Johnson's speech, like Sir Piercy Shafton's Euphuistic eloquence, bewrayed him under every disguise."

c. "Cowper was the forerunner of the great restoration of English Literature."

d. Oh, thou, whatever title please thine ear,

Dean, Drapier, Bickerstaff, or Gulliver

4. 'Here lieth one, whose name was writ on water:'
But, ere the breath, that could erase it, blew,
Death, in remorse for that fell slaughter,
Death, the immortalizing winter flew,
Athwart the stream, and time's monthless torrent grew
a scroll of crystal, blazoning the name
Of Adonais.

Explain these lines of Shelley's and describe the characteristics of the poet to whom he refers.

- 5. Give some account of the poems, from which the following extracts are taken:
  - "He must not float upon his watery bier Unwept nor welter to the parching wind,

## PREMCHAND BOYCHAND STUDENTSHIP EXAMINATION. CIXXI

Without the meed of some melodious tear."

b. "A white-haired shadow, roaming, like a dream, The ever-silent spaces of the East."

6. Contrast or compare Dickens and Thackeray as novelists.

7. Of what nature and by whom are the following works:

"History of John Bull." "Splendid Shilling." Venice Preserved." "Ion." "Frankenstein." "Romola" "Eothen" "Critic." "The Bairad." "Castle of Otranto." "The ring and the book."

#### ENGLISH ESSAY.

Examiner-Mr. W. H. PAULSON, M. A.

Select one of the following subjects:

- 1. The rise and development of Novel-writing in England.
- 2. Lord Bacon and his works.
- 3. "As civilization advances, poetry almost necessarily declines" Macaulay.

#### POETRY.

Examiner-REV. K. M. BANERJEA, D. L.

Sisupalabadha-Naishadha.

1. a Translate into English the first four slokas in the following passage, i. e., from the words दोतिविद्य to the word साइच्येतः

वौतिवञ्चमनघेन भाविता
सिन्निभेस्तव सखेन सेऽध्ना।
कोविद्यमस्त्रमास्थिते।द्ये
वासरित्रयमस्तितदौधितौ॥ ९४॥ ८॥
खायतेयसिभगस्य धर्मातः
पर्य्यपास्त्रयमबीष्टधस्य यत्।
कीर्यगासि करवे विधानतस्त्रज्ञापस जुद्दवानि चानसे॥ ८॥

तं वदस्वभिति विष्टरत्रवाः त्रावयद्मध्य समस्त्रभूस्तः । व्याजसार द्रश्मांग्रमण्डल-व्याजसार श्वसन्द्रधद्वपः ॥ १२ ॥ मुचुकुन्दत स्पग्नर ग्रंथ मगधपितशातितौजमः। सिडमवल सवलत्मची तव रेडिणीतनयसाइचर्यतः॥ १५॥ १५॥ जगति श्रिया विरोडितोऽपि यदुद्धिसुतामुपायथाः। श्वातिजनजनितनामपदा-न्तमतः श्रियःपतिरित प्रथामगाः॥ २०॥ श्वभिग्रच संयति कद् चि-द्विडितपराक्रमोऽपि यत्। योग्नि कथमपि चक्थ पदं यपदिश्यसे जगति विक्रमीत्यतः॥ १८॥

- b. What is the subject, what the predicate, and what the verb connecting them, in the first sentence above beginning with the words बीतविञ्चसमधेन?
- c. What is the meaning of equip ? Can the word have any other meaning? Is there any way of determining when it would have the one or the other meaning?
- d. Give the story alluded to in the sloka commencing with the word सचुनुन्द. In what case is खबल ?
- e. Explain the allusions in the slokas commencing with the words জাগনি সিয়া and অনিম্ব .
  - f. Elucidate the play on the word विकासी.
  - 2. a. Translate into English the following passage:—

    तामिजिते प्यमुमीयमायामयं न भैस्या वियदुत्पपात ।

    तत्पाणिमात्सोपरि पातुकन्तु मोधं वितेने सुतलावनेन ॥ ५ ॥

    ययी द्यां प्रत्येन तेन तथावसाय यवसायमस्याः ।

    परस्परामिपतस्सातालं तत्कालमालोभिरच्छातालं ॥ ६ ॥

    एकाटमीयः करतालीकानां दानादिदानीं भवतीभिरेषः ।

    यान्वेति मां दुद्धाति मद्यमेव साचेत्यपालिम तथालिवर्गः ॥ ७ ॥

    धतास्पकीपा एसिते सखीनां हायेव भाखन्तमभित्रयातुः ।

    श्यामाय चंनस्य करामवाप्तेर्भन्याच्छाच्या स्नगति सा प्रयात् ॥ ८ ॥

    श्रस्ता न चंसिममुखी प्रस्ते याचेति ताभित्रस्य स्थामाना ।

## PREMCHAND ROYCHAND STUDENTSHIP EXAMINATION. clxxiii

साह सा नैवाशकुनी भवेमो भाविष्रियावेदक एव इंसः॥ १॥ इंसीऽप्यसी इंसगतेः सुद्त्याः पुरःपुरखाद चलन् वभासे। वंलच्यहेतार्गतिमेतदीयामग्रेऽन्द्रत्योपहरुत्विवीधैः॥ १०॥

b. In the line यान्वेति मां दुद्धित मद्यमेव साबेत्यपालिया तथालियाः

-- mark with inverted commas the part that, according to English usage, would require to be so marked, and after such marking, show the subject and object of the residue of the line.

c. Why in the first part of the line, set forth in question b, is the object placed in the Accusative in one case and the Dative in the

other?

d. Explain the plays on the words इंस and कर in the above passage.

3. a. Write out the following passage in prose order and a simple style using other words as far as possible than those in the text.

चरिमर्चितवान्स भूपति-र्घेदि राज्ञस्तव काऽव मतारः। न्यसनाय ससीरभस्य क-स्तरस्वनस्य शिरस्यस्त्रधितः॥ २०॥ सक्सारमची जधीयमां इदयनाद्गतमप्रियं यतः। सइमैव समद्गिरन्यमी चपयन्येव हि तनानी विणः ॥ २१॥ चपकारपरः खभावतः सततं सर्वजनस्य सळानः। चसतामनिश्रन्याय हो गरहदोगकरी तद्यतिः॥ ११॥ परितयात एव ना नासः परितप्रोऽष्यपरः समंद्रतिः। परष्टि भिरा चितवा थः स्कटनिभिन्न दुराश्योऽधमः॥ १३॥

- b. Why is व्यवसाय in the Dative case ?
- c. Derive सुसंष्टितः.
- d. How would you render सुद्धार in English?
- 4. Translate and expound the following adages from the Sisupala-bad/ta.

परष्टि सत्सरि सनी चि सानिनाम्। १४, १।
प्रस्नयाणं वेात्यित द्वादि प्रक्राक्तरः। ॥।
द्यितञ्चनः खलु गृणौति सन्यते। १४।
स्फुटसापदाम्पद्सनात्मवेदिता। २१।
स्फुटसापदाम्पद्सनात्मवेदिता। २१।
स्फुनञ्चनाञ्चलियतुङ्ग द्रंग्रते। ४०।
स्मुनस्थिगतगुणस्मरणाः।
पटवेा न देष्मिखलाङ्गलूत्तमाः॥ ४३॥

## PROSE, &c.

Examiner—REV. K. M. BANERJEA, D. L.

Kadambari-Viracharita.

1. a. Translate the following into English:-

दृशा च तमदृष्ट्यममानुषक्षाकाचिताकारमाखलविभुवनराज्या-चितमशेषल्चणे।पपन्नमञ्रक्ष।तिश्यमितधीरप्रकृतेरिप चन्द्रापी इस्य प सामे विसाया सुद्यम्। आमी बास्य सनित धरमस बिवर्णनव सितवासु कि-अभितमन्दरेण मधाता जलनिधिजलस् इटमश्ररतमनुदरता पूर्व्य किञ्चास रतम्द्रं सुरासुरलीकेन। श्वनारीहता च मेर्फालातलविशालमस्य ए-ष्ठम् आखण्डलेन किमामादितं वैकोक्यराज्यफलम् उद्येः श्रवसा विसितन्ह-द्या विश्वतः खल् जलनिधिमा ग्रतसखः। सन्ये च भगवते। नारायणस्य च चुंभी चरमियतापि कालीन नायम्पगतः येनाचापि तं गर्डारा चणवान-निता न परित्यजित । अदे खल्लि मिया वित्य राजस्वि दियं तातस्य राज्यस्कोः यदेवविधान्यपि सकस्विभ्वन दुर्सभानि रसान्यपकरस्तामा-गक्का अतितेज खितया महाप्राण्तया च सदैवतेवेयमस्याद्यतिः यस-त्यमारी इसे शक्कामिव में जनयति। निह सामान्यवाजिनाममान्यकीकी चिताः सक्छविम्वनविद्ययजनन्यर्देहक्यो भवन्याक्रतयः दैवतान्यपि स्टि म्निशाववशादु विक्रतनिवश्ररी रकाणि शापवचनवली पनीता न्येतानि श-रौरानारा खध्यासतरव । श्रूयते स्टिपुरा स्यूसियरा नाम भसातपा मुनि-रिविज्ञभ्यम्बासभूतासभ्रेतासभ्रेतं रक्षाभिधानां श्रमाप सा सुरक्षेत्रसप्दा-यासस्द्ये निवेश्यायानमसस्द्येति विद्याता बड्वा भूला स्निकावत्या ग्रतप्रकार्ग नाम राजानमपरिवसामा सर्चालीके सन्दानं कालस्वास। अने

च महात्मानी मुनिजनशापपरिपीतप्रभावा नानाकारा भूला वश्रमुरिसं लीकम् अमंश्रथमनेनापि महात्मना केनापि शापभाजा भवितव्यम् आवेद्-वयतौ मदनःकरणमस्य दिव्यताम्।

- b. To what story do the words सन्दरेण सन्यता &c. refer?
- c. Parse महाताना and शापभाजा.
- d. What is signified by the last sentence in the above extract धावेद्यतोव &c.
  - 2. a. Translate into English: -
- चक्र। उपस्ता। जयति जयति परममा देश्वरी लक्केश्वरः।
- राव। सुपीवान्चरा भवान्।
- खङ्ग। निहिनिहा
- र व। तिसं कस्य।
- श्वतः । सङ्गेश्वर श्रूयतां ये। इं यद्र्यमागतस्य । हणद्राचमचन्नकाननमञ्चाद्यानस्य। ज्ञूया दूतो दाग्रर्थसदीयवचमा लामागतः ग्रामितुम् । मीतां मुश्व भजावराधनसुद्धदायादपुनान्वतः मौमिनेश्वरणी न चेनदिषुभिः ग्रामिष्यमे दुर्भदः॥
- राव। सञ्चासम्। बलीमुखोऽपि वाचाटः किं वक्तव्यम्।
- खाः। अष्टं यत्कि चित् स्थां तन्तु सिडान्त मेवावधारय। तत्पादाक्षनसं किं वा तत्ती द्रोषु मुखं नता। स्कृष्टारसेऽय मूर्डानस्विधारभिमतं वद्॥
- राव। सक्रोधम्। कः काऽन भोः यत्किश्चिदादिनोऽस्य मृखं संस्कृत्यात्।
- प्रष: देव दूतः किलायं किमच क्रोधेन।
- गव। एतमुखसंस्कारएव तपस्तिमः प्रत्युत्तरीकरणम्।
- चक्र । उद्दोमकूपस्पुरणमिनीय । यथासञ्जोत्र तीस्एक्रकचिषमकूरनखर-प्रगत्मथापारप्रमिथतिशरीवश्वशिष्टितः । प्रिरोभिस्त दिग्धो विसमनुपद्धयैव किमचं निवर्त्तं यत् स्थां चेक्र रष्पितदौर्येन परवान्॥
- b. Is main: the subject or predicate of the sentence? If the former, what is the predicate?
  - c. What is meant by तथा: ?

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- d. Why are regi and regi in the accusative? Cite or refer to the rule in Panini.
  - 3. a. Translate into English: —

॥ ततः प्रविश्वति विसामाधिक्ढिस्विनर्थः ॥

चिव। अयित अयित देवराजः।

वास। गञ्जर्वराज समरदिहज्ञानिभेरं किं चेतः।

चिव। तद्यग्यद्पि।

वास। किसन्यत्।

चिव। चलकेश्वरनिदेशः।

वासः। कीद्रगः।

चित्र। दुर्वाघो जनिद्विसात्मम प्रष्टदः
कोऽणाधिः प्रवलतमेऽणवा निलीक्या।
तस्येदं निधनदिनं विधेविलासात्
कस्याणी परिणतिरस्तु वान्यणा वा॥

. सद्वगन्तुमहं प्रहितः।

वास । संकुल्यानामप्येष मनारयः।

चित्र। किं चित्रं सरजाः किल वे सिथ श्रन्यः क्रतिमतापि निधिपुष्यकादि सरण्हत्ते हुँ तस्य सुप्रियताः

श्राया। यावस्त्रिकोक्यं किल अनुजातं तत् सर्वेमस्रोडत दुश्वरिनेः। कदर्शितं श्रीरधनन्दनस्य ग्रीत्या विधने विजयप्रती चाम्॥

वास। निरुष्य। गत्नवराज यदिद्मधित्यकातः सुनेसादेरकाण्डएव प्रवस्त्रिकिसाके।सादसमुखरितसरिकासंवसीमुखसकामकासमेवे। सस्तिम् तथा मन्ये पतितमेव प्रसर्णेरिति।

चित्र। देवराज प्रश्न प्रश्न

खयं रखोनाथः चितिधरिगरीवन्तुगतरे रथे तिष्ठन् प्रष्ठः प्रधनरस्निन्धातमनसाम् । मुझ्कीवाद्योव विधिर्थति दिक्पान्तिश्वरि-प्रतिध्वानाभातिशैगनविवराभोगमभितः॥

बास। गन्धवैराज म तुलाधनसावद्वयोवं रिसमयाचितः परिकरः।

## सावेगम्। स्त्रतं स्त्रतं सांग्रामिकं में रथमुपद्वरं रामभद्राय-सदमपि गन्धवेराजाधिष्ठितं विमानमेवाधितिष्ठामि।

- b. What is implied by the words निधिप् व्यकादि सर्णहर्नाः?
- c. What is the meaning of चितिधरशिरावन्यरतर ?

## SANSCRIT TRANSLATION, GRAMMAR &c.

Examiner—REV. K. M. BANERJEA, D. L.

1. Translate the following extracts into idiomatic Sauscrit. It

is not necessary to be strictly literal.

"According to Greek Historians, Ninus was the first king who extended his dominion beyond the bounds of Assyria proper. He conquered Babylon, which, up to that time, had been an independent kingdom, and subjected it to his own dominions. He is reported also to have subdued. Media, Armenia, Bactria, Asia Minor, and and even Egypt—the Indians alone maintaining a successful resistance. A magnificent city, called by his own name, is reported to have been founded by him.

"Ninus was succeeded by Semiramis, his widow, a great and magnanimous princess; bold, enterprising, and successful; of whom the most extravagant exploits have been narrated. It appears, however, that there were two queens of this name, who flourished at widely distant periods. The second Semiramis is reported to have lived five generations before Nitocris, the queen-consort of Nebuchadnezzar. The earlier, after a long and martial reign, during which her arms penetrated even to Upper Egypt and Ethiopia, left the Assyrian crown to her son Ninyas, who preferred luxurious ease and indulgence to the excitement of martial glory."

2. a. What sort of Sanscrit verbs corresponds to such verbs in

English as justify, sanctify, legalize, fertilize, equalize &c.

- c. Give three verbs which have three optional forms in parasmaipada, and four verbs which have two optional forms in the same.
- d. Are there any verbs in Sanscrit which in European languages would be called "Defective" verbs—and are there any "Deponent" verbs properly so called?
  - e. Do active verbals in eq ever govern the accusative case?
- f. Mention a few verbs which govern the dative, a few which govern the ablative, a few which govern the genitive, and a few which govern the locative.
  - g. What samasas must be adjectives or attributive nouns—and

which may be nouns substantive?

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- h. Expound the following samasas: दुर्घवनं, समद्रं, अनुविक्ष
- i. Do the following samasas import any other idea than the literal meaning of the words खद्वारूट: दिजवन्द: पानेसीमताः
- j. When do the words सभा and प्रशा shorten their terminal vowels in samasa, and when retain thom?

#### VEDA AND PHILOSOPHY.

Examiner-REV. K. M. BANERJEA, D. L.

- 1. a. Translate the following into English:-
  - १ श्रीमोले पुरोस्तितं यञ्जस्य देवस्टलिजं। श्रोतारं रत्नधातमं॥
  - २ खिग्निः पूर्वेभि ऋ विभिरी यो नूतने रतः। स देवा एच वज्ञति॥
  - उप लाग्ने दिवेदिवे देश्यावस्तिभेश वयं
     नमे भरंत एकसि॥
  - द राजंतमध्यराणां गोपासभस्य दौदिविं। वर्षमानं से दमे॥
  - र स नः पितेव खनवेऽग्ने खपायना भव। सचलनः। सस्वये॥
- २। १ वायवा याचि दर्शते में सामा अरंखताः। तेषां पाचि अधी चवं॥
  - २ वाय उक्यंभिक्षरंते लामच्या ज्रितारः। सत्तरीमा चचर्विदः॥
- b. Is Devam in the first verse substantive or adjective?
- c. Point out the words in the above verses which have, what now would be called, obsolete forms, and say what forms they should have according to modern usage.
- d. Who were the Rishis, that were ancient even to the writer of the first Vedic mantra, as the 2nd verse declares?
- e. What is referred to by the word रूप in the 2nd verse स देवाँ एप (पा + रूप) वस्ति ?

- f. What is the peculiar meaning of Tr
- g. Is an ever used now in the sense it bears in verse 8? Can you compare it with any European word in that sense?
- h. Is save ever found now in the sense it bears in the and verse of the 2nd Hymn? Where is its latest use as far as you can trace it in post Vodic writings in that sense?
  - i. What words would now be used for जरितार : and अइबिंहः ?
  - 2. a. Translate into English:-
- २४ । ७ खबुभे जाजा वरणो वनस्थाध्वं सूपं ददते पूतदचः । नीचीनाः स्युरुपरि बुभ एषामस्रे खंतर्निस्ताः केतवः स्यः॥

  - र ग्रतं ते राजन् भिषजः सदस-मुबी गभीरा सुमतिष्टे श्रस्तु। बाधस्य दूरे निर्म्ह तिं पाराचैः इतं चिदेनः प्रममुख्यसात्॥
  - १० श्वमी य ऋचा निहितास उश्वा

     नम्मं दृष्टमें कुहि चिहि वेथः।

    श्वद्यानि वर्षस्य व्रतानि

    विचाक एश्वंद्रसा नम्ह सेति॥
  - ११ तत्त्वा यामि ब्रह्मणा वंदमान-स्तदा श्रासे यञ्जमानी दिविभिः बहेलमानी वरणेह वेथ्य-दशंस सा न खायुः प्र मोषीः॥
  - १२ तदिश्वकं तदिवा सञ्चासाङ स्वद्यं केती द्वद खावि चष्टे। ग्रानः ग्रेपी यसक्ष तुशीतः सी चस्रान राजा वरणी मुसेक्षु॥

१३ श्रानः शेपा श्राम्म सभीतः सिम्बादित्यं द्रुपदेषु बदः। श्रावेनं राजा वर्षाः सद्ध्याः विद्वां श्रद्धो वि सुमोक्का पाशान्॥ १४ श्रव ते हेली वर्षा नमेशिः। स्वाप्तास्यमसुर प्रचेता राजसेनंसि श्रत्र क्षा तानि॥

5. What appears to have been the original position of Varuna according to the Vedas, what inferences may be drawn from his being called "Asura pracheta" in verse 14?

c. Who was Nir-riti? What appears to have been his position in

relation to Varuna?

3. a. Translate the following lines:-

एष सर्वेषु भूतेषु गूढाता न प्रकाशते।

हश्यते लगाया बुद्धा स्वाया स्वादिशिमः॥ १९॥

यक्षेद्दाद्धानमी प्राज्ञस्यक्षेज्ज्ञान कात्मिन।

जानमातानि महति नियक्षेत्रयक्षेक्षाना चातानि॥ १६॥

जित्रत जायत प्राप्य व रित्रवे। धतः।

जुरस्य धारा निश्चिता दुरत्यया दुर्गम्ययस्त कवरा वद्नि॥ १४॥

खश्च्द्रमस्पर्थमरूपमय्यन्तयारस्तित्यमगन्धवस्य यत्।

खताद्यनन्तम्बद्धतः परं प्रवित्रचाय्य तम्मृत्युमुखात् प्रमुक्षते॥ १४॥

- b. Parse the sentence यक्दाञ्चनसी प्राज्ञः
- c. What is meant by सदतः परं?
- 4. a. By what chain of argument does the author of the Tarkamrita deduce the importance of his subject from the following Vedic text cited by him, viz.:

# " बाह्या वा चरे द्रष्टवः त्रोतवो सन्तवो निद्धािसतवः"

- b. What is understood by bháva and what by abháva?
- c. How many sorts of bhava does the Tarkamrita allow?
- d. How many sorts of zar are again counted?
- e. Give the meaning of समवाधिकारणं अनुमवाधिकारणं and
  - 5. a. Translate the following aphorisms into English:-

खनःकरणं विविधं दश्धा वाद्यं वयस्य विषयास्त्रम् ।
साम्मतकासं वाद्यं विकासमाय्यमरं करणम् ॥ ३३ ॥
दौन्द्रियाणि तषां पश्च विशेषाविशेषविषयाणि ।
वाग्भवित श्रव्यविषया शेषाणि तु पश्च विषयाणि ॥ ३४ ॥
सामःकरणा बुद्धिः सर्व्य विषयमयगाञ्चते यस्तात् ।
तस्मान्तिविधं करणं द्वारि द्वाराणि शेषाणि ॥ ३५ ॥
एते प्रदीपकन्याः परस्मरविख्याणा गुणविशेषाः ।
कत्स्तं पुषपस्मार्थे प्रकाश्य बुद्धा प्रयक्ति ॥ ३६ ॥
सर्व्य प्रत्यप्रभोगं यस्मान्पुषपस्य साध्यति बुद्धिः ।
सैव च विश्विमिष्ट पुनः प्रधानपृषपान्तरं स्त्रस्मम् ॥ ३० ॥
तन्मावास्त्रिशेषास्त्रस्या स्तानि पश्च पश्च पश्चम्यः ।
एते स्तृता विशेषाः श्वाना घोराश्च सूढाश्च ॥ ६८ ॥

#### HISTORY—ENGLAND AND INDIA.

Examiner-Rev. Jas. Robertson, M. A.

N. B .- Of the first five questions only three are to be answered.

1. Give an account of the introduction of Christianity into England, and explain fully its political influence in the country. Name and describe the career of the great ecclesiastical statesmen in English history.

2. State fully the origin and influence of the English Baronage and explain how its power was modified by the Universities and the Wars of the Roses. In what respects did the Barons contribute to the history of constitutional freedom? How far have they been

represented in modern times by the House of Lords?

3. Give a full account of the rise, constitution, and influence of the English boroughs; and give the history of the franchise. Trace the history of the struggle between the Sovereign and the people, and explain the prerogatives of the Crown as determined by it. How did the Tudors and Stuarts attempt to modify the political influence of the House of Commons?

4. Sketch the course of events that led to the Second Peace of Aix-la-Chapelle, and explain the provisions of the treaty. What points were left undecided by the treaty, and how were they finally settled? In what circumstances was the First Treaty of Aix-la-Chapelle made, and what were its results? Describe the social and political condition of England under George II.

5. Give a full account of the circumstances that led to the union of England, Scotland, and Ireland; and explain historically the difference in the results of the union as regards Scotland and Ireland.

6. Explain the origin and character of the East India Company

and trace the history of its transformation into a political body. Explain why it was replaced by the direct government of the Crown, and discuss the merits of the change.

- 7. Explain and illustrate the social and political condition of India under the Moguls; account for their fall; and give a brief account of the various states that rose on the ruins of their empire.
- 8. Give an account of the administrations of Warren Hastings and Lord Dalhousie, with a critical estimate of each as an administrator Summarise the progress of Indian society in the interval, and sketch briefly the relations between the British Government and the Fendatory States.

### HISTORY-GREECE AND ROME.

Examiner-REV. JAS. ROBERTSON, M. A.

N. B.—Only six questions are to be answered.

1. Determine the historical value of the legends of the heroic age in Greece; describe the state of Greek society at that time, and trace the development of the various forms of government that obtained in the historical period. Explain the terms archon, ophors, despot, avora, boule, gerousia.

2. Explain carefully what elements of union and disunion existed in Greece, and trace the influence of these on the development of

Greek history.

3 Describe the rise and development of the Greek colonics, indicate their geographical position, and explain their importance in Hellenic history.

- 4. Describe the struggle that resulted in the transfer of the hegemony from Athens to Sparta, and characterise the subsequent policy of Sparta. How did it prepare the way for the supremacy of Macedon?
- 5. Give an account of Athenian art and literature to the end of the 5th century B. C., and compare them with those of Rome up to the time of Augustus
- 6. Trace the development of the Roman constitution to the close of the Second Punic War, and explain the varying significations of the term *Populus Romanus* Contrast the power and influence of Rome under the Kings and the Patricians, and explain how the union of the Patricians and the Pleboians affected the subsequent history of the state.
- 7. What is an agrarian law? Give an account of the more important instances in Roman history up to the time of the Gracchi. "The blood of the Gracchi was the seed sown, and Marius was the fruit": explain fully the character and object of the reforms proposed by the Gracchi, and show how their overthrow led to the overthrow of the republic. Give a parallel case from the history of reform in any other state.
- 8. Draw a map to show the extent of the Roman Empire under Trajan, and contrast it with the Empire under Augustus. Describe the social and political condition of the Empire in the age of the Antonines, noticing particularly the improvements made during that period in trade and commerce.

### MODERN EUROPE.

### Examiner—REV. JAS. ROBERTSON, M. A.

N. B.—Of the first three questions only two are to be answered.

1. Explain the origin and nature of the institution of royalty, describe the part it has played in the history of European civilisation, and trace its history in the more important countries of Europe.

- 2. Give an account of the development and influence of the democratic spirit in Europe from the 11th to the 16th century, and explain why it ultimately failed to obtain a permanent place during this period.
- 3. Summarise the condition of Europe at the beginning of the 16th century and shew how far this cuables you to account for the Reformation. Explain, after Guizot, the true character of the Reformation, and account for the variation in its results in different countries. Give an account of the origin and objects of "the League" and trace its history.

4. Describe the career of Charles V, and explain historically the

present position of Spain among the nations of Europe.

- 5. Describe the general course of European history in the time of Gustavus Adolphus, the "Lion of the North," and trace the history of Sweden and its influence in Europe to the time of Charles XII.
- 6. Give an account of the Austrian Empire as it now exists, and trace the history of its formation. Show how the Roman Empire of the West was gradually transformed into a confederation of German states, and explain the Germanic element in European civilisation. Describe the attempts of the Turks to conquer Europe.

7. Give an outline of the history of European colonisation. Trace the history of the colonial struggle between Great Britain and France, and give an account of the present colonial possessions of each of the

leading European states.

# POLITICAL ECONOMY.

# Examiner-Rev. Jas. Robertson, M. A.

1. Define capital, and explain fully its relations to production. Analyse the effects of the separation of employments, and compare the advantages of individual management and the joint-stock principle in carrying on production on a large scale.

2. Explain the law of population, and show how the increase of population is practically limited. Discuss the various methods proposed to prevent over-population, with special reference to India.

3. Expound briefly the laws that regulate the distribution of the produce of land. Explain fully the principle of property, and discuss the question of property in land. State and examine Mill's views as to the propriety of limiting the power of bequest.

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4. On what does the value of money depend? Show that the introduction of money does not interfere with the operation of any of the laws of value. Explain the advantages of a circulating medium, and discuss the various methods of utilising gold and silver for this purpose.

5. Explain how industrial progress affects the distribution of produce among the classes that share in it. Explain the causes of

economical progress, and show how it affects values.

6. "To buy things produced at home is a national benefit, and the introduction of foreign commodities is a national loss:" name and examine the theory to which this statement belongs, and expose its defects. Should a government in any circumstances attempt to regulate the price of food, or the rate of interest? If so, how?

### PSYCHOLOGY AND METAPHYSICS.

MENTAL SCIENCE.

Examiner-REV. W. HASTIE, B. D.

[Only 6 questions to be taken.]

1. State what you regard as the leading problems of Mental Science at present; indicate the attitude of the various schools towards them; and shew what processes or methods are being applied for their solution.

Discuss in the light of recent investigations the propositions: "The Brain is the Organ of Mind;" "Mind is a function of the

organism;" "Mental Science must seek data in Sociology."

2. Analyse the Consciousness of Externality, and trace it from its primary form with reference to the various senses to the common representation of an external object so as to clucidate the process of perception. Describe in connection the Systemic Sense, the Sensorimotor nervous system, the Muscular Sense and the Locomotive Faculty and give historical notices of the functions that have been assigned to them by psychologists.

Or

Contrast the theories of the a priori and the empirical origin of the perception of space; give the views of Locke, Berkeley, Kant, Hamilton, Bain and Spencer; and discuss in particular the relations of Sight and Touch to this perception.

3. Give an account of any important attempts to treat the mental phenomena as mathematical quantities; state any formulated results attained in the sphero of sensation; and consider the applicability of the method to the higher mental processes.

4. Write historical and critical notes on

(a.) The primary and secondary qualities of matter, giving the various classifications and their bases;

(b.) The Laws of Mental Association, their ultimate generalization and their function in the Mental Economy;

(c.) The Faculty, Cognitions, and reliability of Self-Consciousness and its relation to Consciousness in general.

### PREMCHAND ROYCHAND STUDENTSHIP EXAMINATION. CLXXXV

5. Explain as clearly as you can the psychological and metaphysical import of the following expressions of Kant:

(1) The Synthetical unity of Apperception;

- (2) The Schematism of the pure Understanding;
- (3) Independently of Sensibility we cannot possibly have any intuition; consequently the Understanding is no faculty of intuition;

(4). The Paralogisms of pure Reason.

Critically estimate their value in the view of subsequent Speculation.

6. Give the various forms in which the theory of the Relativity of human knowledge has been held, and criticise them. Consider the question of the ultimate and universal validity of the conceptions of 'Unity,' 'Substantiality,' and 'Causality;' and state the views of Plato, Aristotle, Schelling, Hegel, Ferrier and Schopenhauer or Trendelenburg with regard to Absolute Cognition.

7. Give Herbert Spencer's Classification of the Feelings, Bain's Analysis of Belief, and Schleiermacher's elucidation of the religious Consciousness. Summarise Kant's treatment of the Untological Argument, and indicate how it has been treated since by Hegel and others.

8. Write a short paper on the Materialism of this century, its causes, its chief expounders, its characteristic principles and its validity. Compare it in these respects with the Hindu and Greek forms of Materialism.

#### LOGIC.

# Examiner-REV. W. HASTIE, B. D.

[Only six questions to be answered.]

- 1. Give an historical and explanatory account of the following terms: Logic; Dialectic; Category; Enthymeme; Epicheirema; Logica docens; Second Intention; Transcendental Logic; Identity of Contradictories; Obversion; Substitution of Similars.
- 2. Distinguish Thought from other modes of Cognition, and describe its functions; shew how far a complete Logic should deal with Thought; and point out the relations of Logic to other Sciences.
- 3. State and Criticise the views advanced regarding the ultimate principle of Inference by Aristotle, Hobbes, Hamilton, Mill and Jevons.
- 4. Give a summary of the logical doctrines of George Bentham, Boole and Jevons. Consider how far their contributions to Logic supplement or supersede the Aristotelian system; and compare their treatment of the quantification of the Predicate with that of Hamilton.
- 5. Give an account of Kant's view of Logic; shew how Fichte's method arose; and criticise the form which the a priori Dialectic assumed in Hegel's system.
- 6. State what you conceive to be the ultimate Laws or Conditions of thinking; consider their evidence and range of application; and account for the various forms of illogical thinking. Give a summary of Aristotle's Treatise on the Sophistical Elenchi, and estimate its value.

#### clxxxvi premchand roychand studentship examination.

7. Analyse the deductive and inductive processes, and discuss the function and value of the Syllogism in connection with both. Refer to the views of Aristotle, Bacon, Whately, Hamilton and Mill.

8. Explain and exemplify the following technical phrases:

Ground of Induction; Empirical Laws; Uniformities of Causation; Colligation of facts; Classification by Type; Joint Method of Agreement and Difference; Method of Means; Experimentum Crucis; Argument from Analogy; Elimination of Chance.

9. "Why is a single Instance, in some cases, sufficient for a complete Induction, while in others, myriads of concurring instances, without a single exception known or presumed, go such a very little

way towards establishing an universal proposition?"

Give an outline of the answer to this question, and consider how

far it solves the question of Induction.

10. Discuss the logical limits of the explicability of the Laws of Nature, and whether the methods of Empirical Science can attain to rational Certainty in their results. Does the present state of reasoned knowledge in the sciences furnish evidence of the ultimate rationality or the ultimate incognitability of the universe? Give reasons for your answers and refer to current speculations.

#### HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY.

Examiner-REV. W. HASTIE, B. D.

[ Only 6 questions to be taken.]

1. Explain the conceptions of the History of Philosophy advanced by Hegel and Lewes, and test their validity by reference to the movement of Greek Philosophy. Discuss the origin of the Greek Philosophy, point out the general influence which determined its development, and compare the chief systems briefly with the Hindu systems as regards their resemblances and differences.

2. Give a careful account of the philosophy of Heraclitus, its relation to previous systems, its special doctrines, and its influence upon subsequent speculation. State what you know of the life of Heraclitus, and refer to his literary remains, quoting any of them.

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Expound the Dialectic of Plato, giving its historical antecedents, the Dialogues in which it is unfolded, its essential relation to his philosophy and Aristotle's Criticisms upon it. Compare it with the method of Hegel's Logic.

3. Give an account of Aristotle's Metaphysics, referring to the parts and the unity of the work, its authenticity and name. Summarise his discussion of the principles of 'Being,' Form,' Matter,' 'Potentiality,' 'Actuality,' 'Causation,' 'First Mover;' and give an analysis of the first Book.

Trace the influence of Aristotle's Metaphysics on the Mediæval

pretations and those of recent Critics.

'Give an expository and critical account of the psychological doctrines of 1. Plato, 2, Aristotle, 3, The Stoics, 4, The Neo-platonists, pointing out in each case the theory held regarding the nature of the Soul and the origin and limits of Cognition.

4. Give an account of the Scholastic philosophies of the 11th and 12th Centuries as regards the questions at issue, the methods of Speculation, and the systems of Roscellinus. William of Champeaux, Auselm and Abelard. Show how the questions at issue were dealt with by William of Oceam, and estimate his influence upon the history of philosophy.

Or

Give an account of the Arabian Philosophy, as regards its origin method, leading expounders and systems, and permanent contributions to Philosophy.

5 Give a summary of the philosophical system of Spinoza, including its sources, method, psychology, ethics and theorogy. Give an account of his life and works, quote any of his principal definitions, refer to the criticisms of Leibnitz and others upon his system and trace its influence upon modern German speculation.

()r

Trace the development of Berkeley's philosophy through his various works, summarising the last of them. Discuss the validity of Reid's rendering of Berkeley's relations to Locke and Hume; and compare his idealism with that of Fichte.

6. Write a short paper on "The development and principles of Greek Scopticism and modern Agnosticism."

#### ETHICS.

# Examiner-Rev. W. HASTIE, B. D.

[5 questions only to be taken.]

- 1. Define or describe Ethics, mention its leading questions and the divisions of a complete system, and distinguish it from Æsthetics, Jurisprudence and Politics. Point out any important differences between the ancient and the modern Ethical systems, and account for these. Discuss briefly the Logic of Ethics, and criticise the methods and principles of Egoistic Hedonism, Intuitionism and Utilitarianism.
- 2. Write concise historical and critical notes on the following expressions: Selfishness; Self-love; Benevolent affections; Moral Sense; Sympathy; Secondary Desires; Principles of action; Casuistry; Determinism; Liberty of Indifference; Heteronomy of the Will; Volitional Characters of feelings; Deontology; Duties of perfect and of imperfect obligation.
- 3. Give a brief sketch of the pre-Aristotelian attempts to form a theory of Virtue. State Aristotle's theory of Virtue, with some of his illustrations as given in his Ethies. Compare Aristotle's theory

with those of the Stoics and Epicureans; and reproduce Kant's Criticism upon it and give your own.

4. Write a summary of the politico-ethical system of Hobbes referring to his works; and consider how far it was influenced by the historical conditions of the time. Trace the controversy which it originated, down to Butler; and point out any new principles which it raised or established in Ethical philosophy.

Or

Contrast carefully the moral systems of Bentham and Kant, in regard to the essential principles of Ethics. Consider the causes of their differences, the validity of their methods, and their influence upon subsequent Ethical speculation.

5. Write a short historico-critical dissertation on any of the

following subjects:

- (1.) The immutability of moral distinctions in the light of empirical variations.
- (2.) Recent applications and the applicability of the theory of Evolution to Ethics.
  - (3.) Free-Will in relation to physical, logical, and historical Law.

### PURE MATHEMATICS, II.

### Examiner-Mr. A. M. NASH, M. A.

- 1. The circle circumscribing the triangle formed by three taugents to a parabola passes through the focus.
- 2. Determine the equation and lengths of the axes of the conic  $ax^2 + 2hxy + by^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ .
- 3. The locus of the poles of a given straight line, L, with respect to a series of confocal conics is a straight line, M, perpendicular to L. If a parabola be described having its focus at one of the given foci and touching L and M, its directrix will pass through the other focus.
- 4. The locus of the centres of all the rectangular hyperboles which can be described about a given triangle is the nine points circle of the triangles.

5. Find the equation of the asymptotes of the conic  $\beta \gamma = ka^2$ , and obtain the condition for a rectangular hyperbola.

6. The product of the perpendiculars from any point of a conic upon the sides of an inscribed triangle ABC bears a constant ratio to the product of the perpendiculars from the same point upon the tangents to the conic at the vertices ABC.

In the circle this ratio is unity: hence obtain a property of the

parabola by reciprocation.

7. What is meant by "inversion?" The inverse of a circle with respect to a point is either a straight line or a circle.

Obtain a property of the circle by inverting the theorem—if A, B, C be three points in order upon a straight line AC = AB + BC.

8. Investigate the loci-

(1)  $x^2 + 2xy + y^2 - 2ax + 6ay + 5a^2 = 0$ .

(2) S - kL = 0, where s = 0 represents a conic, and L = 0, a straight line;

(3)  $3zx - 4xy - ax + 2ay + 11ax = a^2$ .

## PREMCHAND BOYCHAND STUDENTSHIP EXAMINATION. CIXXXIX

9. Determine the locus of a point from which three tangent lines, mutually at right angles, can be drawn to an ellipsoid.

·10. Show that there are only five regular solids.

11. Define the osculating plane, and the binormal of a tortuous curve, and find their equations.

12. If the equation to a surface be z = f(xy), prove that the principal radii of curvature are given by the equation,

$$(rt - s^2) \rho^2 + \left\{ (1 + ) r - 2pqs + (1 + p^2) t \right\}$$

$$\rho \sqrt{1 + p^2 + q} + (1 + p^2 + q)^2 = 0.$$

The points of the surface  $3a^2z = x^3 + y^3 + 3axy$  at which the principal curvatures are equal and opposite lie upon the surface

$$3 xyz - axy + a^2(x + y) = 0.$$

### PURE MATHEMATICS, I.

Examiner-Mr. A. M. Nash, M. A.

1. Find the number of homogeneous products of r dimensions that can be formed out of n letters.

2. Determine whether the following series is convergent or divergent:—

$$\frac{1}{a}+\frac{1}{(a+b)p}+\frac{1}{(a+2b)p}+\ldots$$

3. Find the number of integers which are less than a given number and prime to it.

If n be a prime number 73,  $n^9 + n^7 - n^3 - n$  is divisible by 5040.

4 Prove the following rule for determining the remainder when a very large number is divided by 37:—

Divide the given number into sets of three figures beginning from the right, as in cube root: add together all these sets, and divide the sum by 37: the remainder is the number required.

5. Sum to " terms the series

$$\frac{1}{1, 3.5}$$
  $\frac{3}{2, 4.6}$   $+ \frac{7}{3.5.7}$   $+ \frac{13}{4.6.8}$   $\frac{21}{5.7.9}$   $\cdots$ 

6. ABCD is a quadrilateral inscribed in a circle; AB, BC meet in E, AD, BC in F; show that  $\frac{\sin E}{\sin F} = \frac{AD^2 - BC^2}{AB^2 - CD^2}.$ 

7. Eliminate  $\theta$  and  $\phi$  from the equations

$$\frac{x}{a}\cos\theta + \frac{y}{b}\sin\theta = 1, \frac{x}{a}\cos\phi + \frac{y}{b}\sin\phi = 1,$$

$$(a^2 + b^2)\cos(\theta - \phi) = (a^2 - b^2)\cos(\theta + \phi).$$

Interpret these equations geometrically.

8. Resolve  $x^{2n} - 2x^n \cos \theta + 1$  into factors.

Hence prove that 
$$\cos \frac{\theta}{n} + \cos \frac{2\pi + \theta}{n} + \cos \frac{4\pi + \theta}{n} + \dots$$
to  $n \text{ terms} = 0$ .

9. Sum to n terms the series whose nth term is

$$4 \frac{n-1}{\cos 4} \cdot \frac{\sin 4^{n-1} \theta (2 + 3 \cos 2 \cdot 1^{n-1} \theta)}{\cos 4^{n-1} \theta \cos 2 \cdot 4^{n-1} \theta}$$

10. Explain Newton's method of determining the limits to the roots of an equation.

Apply it to the equation  $x^3 - 4x^4 + 7x^3 - 15x^2 + 20x - 300 = 0$ .

- 11. The equation  $x^4 4x^3 + 8x^2 9x + 3 = 0$  has one root between 1 and 2, find it to two places of decimals.
- 12. Show that the product of two determinants can always be expressed as a determinant. Write down (in the form of a determinant) the product of

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_1, a_2, a_3 \\ b_1, b_2, b_3, \\ c_1, c_2, c_3, \end{vmatrix} \text{ and } \begin{vmatrix} a_1, a_2, \\ \beta_1, \beta_2, \end{vmatrix}$$

13. Any symmetric function of the differences of the roots of the equation

$$x^n - p_1 x^{n-1} + p_2 x^{n-2} - p_3 x^{n-2} + \&c. = 0$$

must satisfy the differential equation

$$n\frac{d\phi}{dp_1} + (n-1)p_1\frac{d\phi}{dp_2} + (n-2)p_2\frac{d\phi}{dp_3} + \dots = 0.$$

Hence find for the cubic  $x^3 - p_1 x^2 + p_2 x - p_3 = 0$ , whose roots are  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  the value of  $\sum (\alpha - \beta)^2 (\alpha - \gamma)^2$  in terms of the coefficients  $p_1$ ,  $p_2$ ,  $p_5$ .

# PURE MATHEMATICS, IV.

Examiner-Mr. A. M. NASH, M. A.

1. If 
$$u_n = x^n + \frac{n(n-1)}{2}x^{n-2} + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2(n-3))}{2.4}$$

$$x^{n-4} + \dots$$
 prove that  $x^n = u_n - \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$ 

$$u_{n-2} + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)(n-3)}{24} u_{n-4} &c.$$

2. Prove that the problem of finding the  $n^{th}$  convergent to a continued fraction in which the quotients recur can always be reduced to the summation of recurring series.

Find the *nth* convergent to  $\frac{1}{1+3}$ ,  $\frac{1}{3+1}$ ,  $\frac{1}{1+3}$ , .....

3. Prove that 
$$\left(2\cos\frac{\theta}{2}\right)^n\cos\frac{n\theta}{2} = 1 + n\cos\theta$$

$$\cos 2\theta + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{\sqrt{3}}\cos 3\theta + \dots$$
 to  $(n+1)$  terms

4. If  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ ,  $\delta$  be the roots of the equation  $x^1 - px^3 + qx^2 - rx + rx = 0$ , prove that

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1, & 1, & 1, & 1 \\ \alpha^2, & \beta^2, & \gamma^2, & \delta^2 \\ \alpha^3, & \beta^3, & \gamma^3, & \delta^3 \\ \alpha^5, & \beta^5, & \gamma^5, & \delta^5 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1, & 1, & 1, & 1 \\ \alpha, & \beta, & \gamma, & \delta \\ \alpha^2, & \beta^2, & \gamma^2, & \delta^2 \\ \alpha^3, & \beta^3, & \gamma^3, & \delta^3 \end{vmatrix} = pr - s.$$

5. The tangents at three points of a parabola make angles  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  with the axis: prove that the area of the triangle formed by these tangents is to the area of the triangle formed by the normals as

1: 
$$(\cot \alpha + \cot \beta + \cot \gamma)^2$$
.

6. Prove that the radical axis of the circles of curvature at the extremities of any ordinate to a given diameter of a parabola passes through a fixed point. If the diameter be variable, the locus of this point is a parabola.

7. The normal to any curve at a point of inflexion is an asymptote of the evolute of the curve.

8. From a point P four normals are drawn to the semi-cubical parabola  $ay^2 = x^3$ , so that the sum of the angles which they make with the axis is constant (=a): prove that the locus of P is a straight line making an angle a with the axis, and passing through the focus of the curve.

9. A hypocycloid is generated by a circle of radius  $\sigma$  rolling inside a circle of radius  $n\sigma$ , n being an integer. Determine the asymptotes of the curve which is the polar reciprocal of the hypocycloid with respect to the fixed circle.

If the given curve have three cusps the equation of the reciprocal is  $4x^3 = 3(x^2 + y^2)(x - 3a)$ . Trace it.

10. A variable plane cuts off a given volume from a given ellipsoid, show that it envelopes one of three ellipsoids similar to the given ellipsoid.

11. Find the locus of the foci of the sections of the surface  $y^2 + z^2 = 4 ax$  made by planes passing through the origin.

12. Find the value of 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos mx - \cos ux}{x^2} dx.$$

13. Find the mean area of sections of the ellipsoid

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1,$$

made by planes parallel to the plane of xy.

### PURE MATHEMATICS, III.

### Examiner-Mr. A. M. NASH, M. A.

1. Prove Taylor's theorem. State the necessary conditions and give an instance of its failure.

Expand sin -1x, and  $\frac{x}{ex-1}$  in powers of x.

2. Evaluate when x = 0,  $\frac{x - \sin x}{(ex - 1)^3}$  and  $(1 + ax)^{\frac{b}{x}}$ .

3. Eliminate the functions from the equation  $z = x f(y) + y \phi(x)$ .

4. Determine the normal chord which cuts off the least area from a parabola.

5. Find the equation of the circle of curvature at any point of the curve y = f(x).

The evolute of the cardioid  $r = 2a (1 - \cos \theta)$  is another cardioid.

6. The circle of curvature at a point P of a parabola meets the curve again in Q: on PQ as diameter is described a circle cutting the parabola again in RR': prove that the envelope of RR' is another parabola.

7. Trace the changes in the form of the curve  $xy^2 + (x - a)(x - b)(x - c) = 0$  as c changes from  $+ \infty$  to  $-\infty$ , a, b being given positive quantities.

8. Show that the points of contact of the tangents which can be drawn from a given point to a curve of the n<sup>th</sup> degree lie upon a curve of the (n--1)<sup>th</sup> degree.

Hence prove that if the given curve have  $\delta$  double points and k cusps, the number of tangents which can be drawn from any point is

$$n(n-1)-2\delta-3k.$$

9. Integrate the differentials  $(\sin x)^n dx$ ,  $\sqrt{a + bx + cx^2}$ .

Prove that  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{-ax}{e} \cos bx, dx = \frac{a}{a^{2} + b^{2}} \text{ and deduce the value}$ of  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{-ax}{e} \frac{n-1}{x} \cos bx dx.$ 

10. Determine the volume of an ellipsoid and the area of the surface of a sphere.

11. Define the pedal of a curve.

The origins of pedals of a given area lie on a conic section and the conic has the same centre whatever be the given area.

12. Integrate the equations

(1) 
$$x \frac{dy}{dx} - y = 2x^3$$
,  
(2)  $x \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2 \frac{dy}{dx} + xy = 0$ .

#### MIXED MATHEMATICS.

Examiner-Mr. W. Booth, B. A.

1. Explain in detail Foucault's method of determining the velocity of light.

2. Explain the formation of the primary and secondary rainbows, prove the formula for the radius of the primary bow

Sin 
$$\frac{\delta}{2} = \frac{(4 - \mu^2)^{\frac{3}{3}}}{3\sqrt{3} |\mu^2|}$$

3. Prove that the general polar differential equation of the path of a ray of light through the earth's atmosphere the centre of the earth being the origin is  $\left(\frac{dn}{d\theta}\right)^2 + v^2 = C\mu^2$  where  $\mu = \text{index of}$ 

refraction and C is a constant, find the equation where  $\mu = \frac{A}{r} + B$ .

4. Find the geometrical focus of a pencil of rays after direct refraction through a sphere.

5. Prove the expression which is used for finding indices of refraction, and explain how the experiments may be made

$$\mu = \frac{\operatorname{Sin} \frac{(D+i)}{2}}{\operatorname{Sin} \frac{1}{2}i}.$$

6. Write an explanatory note on the "level error," "collimation error," "deviation error" of a transit instrument.

7. Prove the formula lat  $= a - \Delta \cos h + \frac{1}{2} \Delta^2 \sin 1'' \tan \alpha$   $\sin^2 h$ , for determining the latitude by an observation of the pole star.

8. Prove Napier's analogies, or Gauss' Theorems.

9. Find the time occupied by the Sun in rising at a given place on a given day, (given apparent diameter).

10. Show that the radius of curvature at any point on the terrestrial meridian supposing the earth an oblate spheroid is

$$a - 2c + 3c \sin^2 l$$

where a and a - c, are the axes equatorial and polar respectively, also that the distance of any point from centre  $= a - c \sin^2 t$ .

# MIXED MATHEMATICS.

Examiner-Mr. W. Booth, B. A.

1 If O be the centre of mean position of a system of points A, B, C, etc. for a system of multiples a, b, c, etc. and P any arbitrary point then

$$\Sigma a \Lambda P^2 = \Sigma a \Lambda O^2 + \Sigma (a) O P^2$$
.

•

- 2. If three forces acting on a rigid body along three given right lines always have a single resultant, determine the locus of the line of action of this resultant.
- 3. Deduce the six equations of equilibrium of a rigid body from the principle of virtual velocities. When a system of forces is reduced to a pair of forces represented in magnitude and lines of action by two right lines, the volume of the tetrahedron formed by these lines is constant however the reduction is made.
- 4. A distribution of matter is made over a spherical surface whose density at any point varies inversely as the cube of its distance from a fixed point, show that the potential of the distribution at any point on the opposite side of the spherical surface is the same as that due to a certain quantity of matter at the given fixed point.

[Force 
$$\propto \frac{1}{d^2}$$
.]

5. How does Newton solve the following; (a) The velocity at any point of an ellipse about a force in the focus is compounded of two

uniform velocities  $\frac{\mu}{h}$  perpendicular to the radius vector, and  $\frac{\mu e}{h}$  per-

pendicular to the major axis, (b) a body moves in an ellipse required the law of centripetal force tending to one of the foci, (c) a body moves in the circumference of a circle, required the law of centripetal force tending to any point in the plane of the circle.

- 6. Determine the general equations of equilibrium of a flexible inextensible string acted on by given forces and show from these equations that the osculating plane at any point passes through the applied force at the point. (a) A flexible uniform inextensible string whose two ends are fixed is acted on by a centre of force, if the string assumes the shape of an elliptic are whose centre is centre of force, determine the law of force and the tension at any point.
- 7. A heavy uniform rough rod rests with its extremities on the interior of a rough vertical circle, determine the limiting position of equilibrium.

### MIXED MATHEMATICS.

# Examiner-MR. W. BOOTH, B. A.

1. A uniform circular plate attracts an external particle in its plane with a force varying inversely as the fifth power of the distance,

shew that the resultant attraction  $=\frac{Mc}{(c^2-a^2)^3}$  where a is the radius

and c is the distance of point from the centre.

- 2. A heavy uniform elastic ring is placed round a smooth vertical cone find how far it will descend.
- 3. If a heavy rough body rest upon two others which themselves rest upon a rough horizontal plane, shew that the three centres of gravity and the four points of contact lie in one plane.

4. Determine the condition of stable equilibrium for a floating body.

CXCV

5. If the motion of a finid in two dimensions be referred to polar co-ordinates r,  $\theta$ , and if u, v, denote the component velocities along and perpendicular to the radius vector find the component accelerations in the same directions.

6. If the depths of the angular points of a triangle below the surface of a fluid be a, b, c, show that the depth of the centre of pressure below the centre of gravity is

$$\frac{(a-b)^2+(b-c)^2+(c-a)^2}{12(a+b+c)}.$$

7. A ray of light passes through a medium bounded by parallel planes the density of which varies in such a manner that the index of refraction at any point = 1 + kv where w is the distance of the point from the plane on which the ray is first incident. The angle of incidence being a and the point of incidence the origin show that the path of the ray is given by the equation

$$\cos^{\frac{2}{2}}\frac{\alpha}{c}\frac{ky}{\sin^{\frac{2}{2}}} + \sin^{\frac{2}{2}}\frac{\alpha}{c} - 1 + kx.$$

8. Rays emanate from the pole of a plane curve whose equation is  $f(r, p_i) = 0$  (1) show that the equation of the calculation will be the result of eliminating r and p between (1) and the equations

$$\sqrt{r^{p_2} - p^{r_2}} + \sqrt{r^2 - p^2} = \frac{rp \frac{dr}{dp}}{2r - p \frac{dr}{dp}}$$

$$p^{p_2} = \frac{4p^2 (r^2 - p^2)}{r^2}$$

9. Find the effect of aberration on the right ascension and declination of a star.

10. When two planets are stationary with respect to each other

prove that  $\cos PSP' = (\tau \tau')^{\frac{1}{3}} \times \left(\frac{\tau^{\frac{1}{3}} + {\tau'}^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\tau + {\tau'}}\right) \tau$  and  $\tau'$  being the periodic times.

11. If the only impressed force be a central one  $=\frac{\mu}{\sqrt{n}}$  and the velocity be that from infinity show that the equation of the brachystochrone is

$$\frac{n+1}{2}\cos\frac{n+1}{2}(\theta+\beta)=a^{\frac{n+1}{2}}$$

#### MIXED MATHEMATICS.

#### Examiner-Mr. W. Booth, B. A.

1. When a particle is in motion in any curve, find its accelerations along, and perpendicular to the tangent, (a) a particle projected with a velocity u is acted on by a force which produces an acceleration f in the plane of motion inclined at an angle a to the direction of motion, find the intrinsic equation of the curve described and show that the particle will be moving in the opposite direction to that of projection at the time

$$\frac{n}{2f\cos\alpha}\begin{pmatrix}\pi\cot\alpha\\e\end{pmatrix}.$$

2. A particle falls to a centre of force  $\propto \frac{1}{d^2}$  determine the time of descent, also when the force  $\propto \frac{1}{d}$ .

3. If v v' v'' be the velocities at three points P, Q, R, of the path of a projectile where the inclinations to the horizon are  $\alpha = \beta$ ,  $\alpha = 2\beta$ , and if t'' be the times of describing PQ, QR respectively,

then 
$$v''t = vt'$$
 and  $\frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{v''} = \frac{2\cos\theta}{v'}$ .

4. A particle being acted on by a central force, determine the polar differential equation of the orbit. If the nth pedal of a rectangular hyperbola be taken with reference to the centre of the curve. Shew that this pedal will be the orbit of a particle moving

under the action of a force  $\propto \frac{6n+1}{2n-1}$  where r is the distance

from the centre of the hyperbola.

5. A particle descends a rough circular tubo from the extremity of a horizontal diameter if it stops at the lowest point then

$$3\mu e^{-\mu\pi} = 1 - 2\mu^2.$$

6. A vertical cylindrical vessel contains four fluids A, B, C, D, which do not mix, when will the pressure on the curved surface (D) be equal to the sum of the pressures on the curved surfaces A, B, C.

7. Prove completely the equation  $p = \lambda p$  (1 +  $\alpha t$ ). If V be the volume in litres, p the pressure in millimetres of mercury, t tempera-

ture cent. Then the weight (for air) =  $k \frac{Vp}{273 + t}$  grams deter-

mine the numerical value of this constant to four places of decimals.

8. Write an explanatory note on the expressions, "steady motion", parallel sections", "equation of continuity" obtain the equation in the form

$$O = \frac{d\rho}{dt} + \frac{d(\rho u)}{dx} + \frac{d(\rho v)}{dy} + \frac{d(\rho w)}{dz}.$$

#### CHEMISTRY.

### Ecaminer-Mr. John Eliot, M. A.

- 1. Give an outline of the methods used in the condensation 10 of the so-called permanent gases and explain why the older attempts were not successful.
- 2. Thosphorus is by some chemists classed as a triad and by others as a pentad element. What are the arguments and to support each assertion, and what is the value of the arguments used?
- 3. Potassum Chloride, Bromide, and Iodide are present in a single solution. How would you recognize the presence of each constituent?
- 4. A solid substance contains the following ingredients. 12 NA CL<sub>1</sub> NA<sub>2</sub> HPO<sub>4</sub>, CA (NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>7</sub>, S1O<sub>2</sub>, AG NO<sub>3</sub>, and BA SO<sub>4</sub>. Explain how you would analyse it qualitatively.
- 5. Give an outline of the metallurgy of iron and steel and 8 explain the chemical actions involved.
- 6. What is meant by the theory of phlogiston and who was 8 its author. How far was the theory consistent with facts?
- 7. Give a short history of the development of the theory of 10 "compound radicals."
- 8. Starting with the elements Carbon and Hydrogen, describe a series of synthetical processes by which you can produce alcohol and acetic acid without the use of any compound of organic nature.
- 9. Give the constitutional formula both symbolic and graphic 10 of the following compounds: Ethyl Lactic Acid, Glycol, Allylic Alcohol, Tartaric Acid, and Benzolo.
- 10. The quantitative analysis of a gas suspected to contain, ethyl hydride, carbon monoxide and hydrogen gave the following data Vol. of combustable gas = 32 Contraction on explosion with excess of 0 = 46 Vol. of  $CO_2$  produced 17. What is the percentage composition of the gas by volume?

#### HEAT.

# Examiner -- MR. JOHN ELIOT, M. A.

- 1. State the two laws of Thermodynamics. Also examine briefly the evidence on which they are based.
- 2. Define a reversible cycle. Sketch briefly the series of operations which occur in a closed reversible cycle in the order adopted by Clerk Maxwell. Deduce Sir William Thomson's general expression for the work done by a reversible engine of finite range

W H 
$$\left\{1-e^{-\int_{t}^{T}\mu\ dt}\right\}$$

where T and t are the extreme temperatures, H the heat taken in, and  $\mu$  Carnot's function of the temperature.

3. Prove that  $\int \frac{d\Pi}{t}$  is zero for any closed reversible cycle.

Thence deduce that  $\int \frac{d\mathbf{H}}{t}$  is a perfect differential for any portion of

a closed reversible cycle.

- 4. Give thermodynamic reasons for the adoption of Thomson's scale of absolute temperature. Also prove that assuming the laws of Boyle and Charles, and that no change of temperature occurs when air expands without doing external work the scale will agree with that of the air thermometer.
  - 5. Prove the following properties of perfect gases:—

1st. The intrinsic energy is a function of the temperature only.

2nd. The ratio of the elasticity of constant entropy to that of constant temperature is a constant.

3rd. The specific heats of constant temperature, and pressure are functions of the temperature only (and independent of pressure and density).

6. Prove Avogadro's law that the number of molecules in unit of volume of gases depends only on the pressure and density and not on the nature of the gas. Prove also the law of the equal dilatation of gases by means of the molecular theory of gases

7. State clearly what is meant by surface or superficial tension and superficial energy of a surface film of liquid.

Explain the rise of liquid in a fine capillary tube, and prove that the height to which the fluid rises is inversely proportional to the radius of the tube.

8. State the chief results of Dulong's and Petit's experiments to determine the law of cooling by radiation of bodies, and thence deduce the mathematical expression for the rate of cooling, viz.,

 $\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{k} \times 1.0077^{\theta} (1.0077^{t} - 1)$  where  $\theta$  is the temperature of the enclosure, and t the excess of temperature of the hot radiating surface, and k a constant depending on the nature of the body.

# MAGNETISM, &c.

# Examiner-Mr. John Eliot, M. A.

1. Define thermal conductivity.

Find the law of permanent distribution of heat in a rectangular prismatic bar (whose length is infinite) immersed in a medium of zero temperature, and the extremity of which is kept at a fixed temperature (T).

2. Investigate the potential and strength of field at any point

along the axis of a circular voltaic circuit.

- 3. Find the potential at any external point of a thin magnetic, shell in which the magnetization is everywhere perpendicular to the surface.
- 4. Sketch the methods usually adopted for determining the dip azimuth and intensity of the action due to terrestrial magnetism at any point on the earth's surface.

5. Find the strength of field at any external point due to a uniterally magnetized sphere.

6. Describe the general effects of charge and discharge in submarine cables.

7. State briefly what you know of the phenomena of Diamagnetism. Adduce some proof that the force of diamagnetism is a polar force.

8. Write a short essay on one of the following subjects:-

1st. The Degradation of Energy.

2nd Measurement of Temperature.

3rd. Atmospheric Electricity.

4th. The value and uses of hypotheses in Physical Sciences.

#### FLECTRICITY.

# Examiner-Mr. John Eliot, M. A.

1. Find the capacity, density at any point, and energy of a very long and thin cylinder (radius a) at potential  $\Lambda$ , enclosed in a coaxial cylinder (radius b) at potential B, and of equal length (l.) What change would be made in the formula if the space enclosed between the cylinders was occupied by a solid dielectric instead of air.

2. Explain what is meant by an electric image. Employ the method of Electric Images to determine the density of the electrical distribution on an infinite conducting plate at zero potential under the influence of an electrified point.

Find the position of the electric image in the case of a sphere at zero potential under the action of an electrified point (internal or external).

3. Prove in any way Poisson's differential relation connecting potential and density, viz.:—

$$\frac{d^2v}{dx^2} + \frac{d^2v}{dy^2} + \frac{d^2v}{dx^2} + 4 \pi \rho = 0$$

Also obtain the general surface relation at any point on the surface of a conductor  $R_1 \cos \epsilon_1 + R_2 \cos \epsilon_2 + 4 \pi \sigma = 0$  where  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are the resultant forces, and  $\epsilon_1 \epsilon_2$  the angles which their directions make with the normals drawn on either side of the surface.

4. Prove that the potential energy of a conductor charged to potential V is \( \frac{1}{2} \) QV, where Q is the quantity of the electrical charge.

5. Prove that there is one and only distribution of electricity over any equipotential surface due to an electrified system which will produce on all external electrified particles the same action as the given electrified system.

- 6. Prove that the surface density at any point of a freely electrified spheroid or ellipsoid varies as the distance of the tangent plane from the centre.
  - 7. State Ohm's Law.

Employ it to obtain Kirchoff's equations for determining the currents in any branch of a net work of linear conductors.

- 8. Describe briefly Wheatstone's bridge. Find the condition which must be satisfied in order that the diagonals may be conjugate to each other.
- 9. Obtain the following expression for the induced current produced by the movement of any conductor in a magnetic field

Current strength = - Number of lines of force added Resistance of circuit

State clearly and illustrate the positive direction of lines of force, and of currents which you adopt in the formula.

# L. H. S. and H. T. First Examination.

### 1831.

# PRACTICAL CHEMISTRY.

#### Evaniner-Dr. C. J. H. Warden.

1. State briefly the chief laws regulating chemical com- 25 bination; and give examples.

2. Calculate the specific gravity of a metal from the rellowing 30 data:

Weight of metal in air—2:33820 grams Loss of weight in water—12235 ...

3. 25 grams of steam are completely decomposed by being 60 passed over 250 grams of red-hot iron trainings. Calculate the volume of H evolved, measured at 10°C, and 742 mm. Barometric pressure; and the weight of ferri oxide produced.

4. Describe by means of equations the changes which occur, 50 when the following substances are reparately and strongly heated in a glass tube: Plumble nitrate: mercuric cyanide: mercuric oxide: potassic chlorate: calcie oxalate and ammonic chloride.

5. What do you understand by the terms "free" and "albumi- 40 noid" ammonia, with reference to potable waters? Give a short account of Wanklyn and Champman's process for their estimation.

6. Account for the presence of nitrates, nitrites, and chlorides 50 in well waters; and mention the tests you would employ for their detection.

7. Describe the physical, and chief chemical properties of 60 Ammoni Carbonate, potassic cyanide and arsenic trioxide.

8. How is White Precipitate prepared, and what is its chemical 4; composition? State how you would discriminate between White Precipitate, Calomel, and Corrosive Sublimate.

9. How can urea be artificially prepared? Give two methods 40 for its quantitative estimation in urine.

Full marks 400, and 200 marks for Practical Chemistry.

#### PHYSIOLOGY.

# Examiner-DR. T. R. LEWIS, M. B.

Total marks = 1000 [Written Examination 600; oval 400.] Value of each question 150 marks: Not more than four to be answered.

- 1. What are the constituents of atmospheric air and their relative proportions? What are the changes effected in it by respiration?
- 2. Describe the nature and uses of the various transparent media of the eye, and mention what changes the crystalline lens undergoes during the act of accommodation.
- 3. Describe the minute structure of the pancreas; give the chemical properties of the pancreatic juice, and its action on the principal constituents of food.
- 4. Describe the development of the temporary teeth and the changes which occur in order to replace them by the permanent set.
- 5. Give a concise description of the structure of the mucous membrane of the Duodeaum, and of the lower part of the Henm.
  - 6. State what are the results of section of the third Cramal Nerve.

#### ANATOMY.

### Examiner-Dr. K. McLeod.

[Maximum Value of Written Examination 600; of oral and practical 400; total 1000.]

- 1. Describe the Component parts of a Vertebra; and show the differences, in the form of a table, between a cervical, dorsal, lumbar, sacral and coccygal vertebral segment. (200 marks)
- 2. Enumerate and describe the avnoval sacs entering into the formation of the hand and foot respectively, including the wrist and ankle joints. (100 marks.)
- 3. State accurately what parts of the intestinal tube, from osophagus to anus, do not possess a peritoneal covering. (200 marks.)
- 4. What are the relations, antero-posterior and lateral, of the artery vein and duct in the case of the right lung, left lung, liver and kidneys. (100 marks.)

#### MATERIA MEDICA.

### Examiner-Dr. R. HARVEY.

- 1. What is Camphor? What its physiological action and therapeutic effects, and into what officinal preparation does it enter? (175 marks.)
- 2 Write a prescription (with directions for use) for a solution of Morphia and Atropine to be employed hypodermically.
  - 3. Mention the doses for an adult of
    - 1. Ammonia Carb.
    - 2. Cambogia,
    - 3. Ext. Caunabis Ind.
    - 4. Iodium
    - 5. Sodii Salicylac.
- 6. Succus Conii
- 7. Tinet. A couiti
- 8. " Nucis Vomica
- 9. ", Opii
- 10. Zinci Sulphas. (175 marks.)

4. Give a list of the hypnotics and state under what circumstances each is to be preferred. (175 marks.)

5. How much of each of the following substances is required to saturate 20 grains of Citrie Acid.

Carbonate of Ammonium. Bicarbonate of Potassium.

Carbonate of Magnesium. Carbonate of Sedium.

Carbonate of Potassium. Bieurbonate of Sodium. (175 marks.)

6. How is Chloral Hydrate prepared? What are the tests of its purity, and what its physical characters? (175 marks.)

N. B.—Only four of these questions are to be succeed.

#### BOTANY.

### Examiner—Dr. D. D. Cunningham

- 1. What is the Phyllotaxy of the specimen given to you? (Value 120.)
  - 2. Describe the minute structure of wood? (Value 40.)
- 3 Describe the fertilization of ovules in flowering plants? (Value 120)
- 4 What do you understand by the terms—inferior fruit—radicle—vernation—discopiment—stoma—protoplasm<sup>2</sup> (Value 10.)
- 5. Enumerate and describe the chief forms of inflorescence? (Value 40.)
- 6. Describe the appearance of starch and chlorophyll. In what parts of plants are they found; how are they formed; what are their uses? (Value 60.)
- 7. Enumerate the chief economic products derived from Indian species of Leguminosu? (Value 40.)
  - 8. Describe the structure of the fruit of Compositæ? (Value 40.) Total value assigned to this paper = 500 marks.

Total value assigned to the oral exam.  $=\frac{100}{600}$ .

Question 1 =120 marks. 2,, 40 3,, 120 40 40 6 ,, 60 40 ,, 8 ,, 40 Total, 500 "

## COMPARATIVE ANATOMY.

# Examiner-Dr. T. R. Lewis, M. B.

Total marks = 600: Value of each question = 500. Not more than four to be answered.

1. Describe the structure of a Parameoium and the modes by which it multiplies.

2. Give a short description of the anatomy of the medicinal leech; and state the 'class' and 'order' to which it belongs.

3. Explain what you understand by 'Ametabolic,' 'Hemimetabolic,' and 'Holometabolic' Insects. Cite examples of each kind

4. Describe briefly the tongue, and the maxillary and dental apparatus in the *Ophidia*: mention the chief peculiarities in their eyes and in their organs of locomotion.

5. Describe the digestive, circulatory, and respiratory apparatus in birds.

6. Give the distinctive characters of the Perissoductyle and Artiodactyle Ungulata. Cite a few examples of each kind.